Reg. No. 1—M.

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 40.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 3, 1916. [Price, 2 as. 6 p.

Part I.—Notifications by Government.

CONTENTS.

	Page
Public Department—	
Public	1193
Marine	1196
Ecclesiastical	1196
Home Department—	
Judicial	1196
Miscellaneous	1198
Financial Department—	
Separate Revenue	1199
Local and Municipal Department—	
Legislative	1202
Revenue Department	1203
Public Works Department	1204
List of Papers placed at the disposal of the Press.	1209
Supplement—	
Proposed exemption of provisions of Madras Hackney Carriage Act, 1911, to the Cuddapah Municipality—(Telugu).	
Ordinance No. V of 1916.—The Enemy Trading Ordinance, 1916.—(Uriya).	
Notification regarding certain instructions in regard to the pay, payment of family allotments and pensions of Indian Troops and followers, etc.—(Uriya).	

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT

(Public)

NOTIFICATION

Cotacamund, September 15, 1916.

No. 331.—All communications intended for the Government of Madras, which cannot reach Cotacamund by the 14th October 1916, should be addressed to Madras.

APPOINTMENTS

Cotacamund, September 29, 1916.

No. 385.—Mr. Eric Alan Davis, I.C.S., to act as Collector and District Magistrate, Guntur.

No. 386.—Mr. Norman Edward Marjoribanks, I.C.S., on relief in Guntur, to act as Secretary to Government, Local and Municipal Department, in relief of the Hon'ble Mr. C. G. Todhunter.

No. 387.—Mr. Malcolm Edward Cowlshaw, I.C.S., to act as Fourth Member, Board of Revenue, and to be Commissioner of Land Revenue, during the absence of the Hon'ble Mr. H. F. W. Gillman, I.C.S., on leave or until further orders.

No. 388.—M.R.Ry. Alampundi S. Balasubrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, Subordinate Judge, Trichinopoly, to act as District and Sessions Judge, Trichinopoly, in relief of Mr. J. G. Burn, I.C.S.

PROMOTIONS AND REVERSIONS

Octacamund, September 25, 1916.

No. 329.—The following acting promotions and reversions of officers of the Indian Civil Service, and of the Provincial Civil Service, holding "listed" posts, during the months of July and August 1916, are notified :—

With effect from the 1*st July* 1916.

Mr. Francis Harry Sennett to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.
Mr. Bengal Rama Rao to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.
Mr. Charles Hilton Brown to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.
Mr. William Ramsay Corson Callander to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.
Mr. William Scott Brown to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.
Mr. George Richard Frederick Tottenham to act as Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.
Mr. John Hunter Davies to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.

With effect from the 2*nd July* 1916.

Mr. Charles Hilton Brown to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.
Mr. James Birch Brown to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.

With effect from the 3*rd July* 1916.

Mr. William Ramsay Corson Callander to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.
Mr. Herbert Rex Uzielli to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.

With effect from the 11*th July* 1916.

Mr. William Ramsay Corson Callander to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.

With effect from the 19*th July* 1916.

Mr. William Ramsay Corson Callander to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.

[*Note.*—This cancels the promotion of Mr. Herbert Rex Uzielli to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade, from this date.]

With effect from the 22*nd July* 1916.

Mr. James Birch Brown to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.
Mr. Robert Lucas McKerrow to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.

With effect from the 23*rd July* 1916.

Mr. James Birch Brown to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.

With effect from the 4*th August* 1916.

M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur William Laughton Venkataramayya Garu to revert as acting District and Sessions Judge, third grade.
Mr. John Reginald Huggins to revert as acting District and Sessions Judge, fourth grade.
Mr. Ram Ganpat Rao Gharpurey to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, first grade.
Mr. William Ramsay Corson Callander to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.

With effect from the 10*th August* 1916.

Mr. John Gunn Burn to act as District and Sessions Judge, second grade.
M.R.Ry. Coimbatore Krishna Rao Srinivasa Rao (on privilege leave) to revert as acting District and Sessions Judge, third grade.
Mr. David Grierson Waller to revert as acting District and Sessions Judge, third grade.
Mr. Jatindra Nath Ray (on privilege leave) to revert as acting District and Sessions Judge, fourth grade.
Mr. Arthur Joseph Cargenven to revert as acting District and Sessions Judge, fourth grade.

With effect from the 22*nd August* 1916.

Mr. Ernest Graham to act as Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, first grade.
Mr. William Ramsay Corson Callander to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.

With effect from the 26*th August* 1916.

Mr. Alfred McGowan Kumaraswami Taupoo to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, first grade.
Mr. Ernest Graham to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.
Mr. William Ramsay Corson Callander to revert as acting Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, third grade.

With effect from the 28*th August* 1916.

Mr. Ernest Graham to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, first grade.
Mr. William Ramsay Corson Callander to act as Sub-Collector and Joint Magistrate, second grade.

NOTIFICATION

Octacamund, October 2, 1916.

No. 330.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished:—

HOME DEPARTMENT

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 14th September 1916.

No. 847.—The following rule which has been made by the Secretary of State for India in Council under section 97 of the Statute 5 and 6, George V, Cap 61, and included in the Regulations for the admission of candidates to the Indian Civil Service Examinations is published for general information:—

Rule.

"2 A.—No person will be eligible for admission to the Indian Civil Service who has made before any Tribunal established under the Military Service Acts, 1916, an application for the issue to him of a certificate of exemption from the provisions of those Acts on the ground of a conscientious objection to the undertaking of combatant service."

INDIA OFFICE,
9th August 1916.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Simla, the 15th September 1916.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

The Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Rifles.

No. 1102.—Lieutenant-Colonel (Honorary Colonel) Alexander Jabez Hogg, V.D., resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated the 1st September 1916.

East Coast Volunteer Rifles.

No. 1103.—Captain Charles Mildred resigns his commission. Dated the 8th August 1916.

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

(Marine)

NOTIFICATION

Octacamund, October 2, 1916.

No. 54.—The following clause shall be substituted for clause 11 (*c*) of the Statement of Services attached to the Port Trust's Schedule of Harbour Dues published in Marine Department notification No. 3 on pages 8–13 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 5th January 1915:—

"11. EXCHANGE OF TRAFFIC WITH RAILWAYS.—(*a*) *Harbour charges on railway traffic.*—For all goods entering or leaving the harbour in railway vehicles, with the exception of the articles noted in Part B of this scale, the Railways, when collecting their freight from owners, will also on behalf of the Trust collect the sum of three pies per maund as 'harbour terminal charges'. In the case of the exceptions just referred to, as well as of all military traffic booked as goods, two pies per maund will be recovered. On export produce railed in from a Railway's local godowns for direct shipment from wagons to steamer or from wagon to boat, the Railway concerned will collect two and-a-half pies per maund for the Port Trust and half a pie per maund for its own shunting charge."

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

(Ecclesiastical)

APPOINTMENTS

Octacamund, September 27, 1916.

No. 104.—The Rev. Henry Cecil Brough Stone, M.A., to be Chaplain of Vellore on return from leave.

No. 105.—Mr. Alexander Fotheringham, I.C.S., to be a Lay Trustee of the Garrison Church, Bellary, *vice* Mr. R. A. Jenkins, I.C.S., who has left the station.

No. 106.—Lieutenant-Commander Augustus Edward Groshole, R.N.R. (retired), to be a Lay Trustee of St. Mary's Church, Calicut, *vice* Mr. G. H. B. Jackson, I.C.S., resigned.

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

HOME DEPARTMENT

(Judicial)

LEAVE

Octacamund, September 25, 1916.

No. 708.—M.R.Ry. Coimbatore Sitarama Ayyar Duraiswami Ayyar Avargal, Deputy Superintendent of Police in charge of Kendukur sub-division, Nellore district, privilege leave for three months from the 9th September 1916 under article 230 of the Civil Service Regulations.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE

Octacamund, September 29, 1916.

No. 757.—M.R Ry. Madura Subrahmanya Ayyar Ramaswami Ayyar Avergal, Deputy Superintendent of Police, an extension of furlough by nine months, under article 838 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations.

POSTINGS

No. 758.—Mr. Edward Joseph Johnson, Assistant Superintendent of Police, on return from leave, to charge of Tiruvannamalai sub-division, North Arcot district.

No. 759.—Pottachilakoth Koshi Ahmed Koya Sahib Bahadur, Deputy Superintendent of Police in charge of Tiruvannamalai sub-division, on relief, to be Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, Chittoor district.

No. 760.—M.R.Ry. S. Ranga Rao Nayudu Garu, Acting Deputy Superintendent of Police and Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, Chittoor district, on relief, to be Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, Godavari district.

No. 761.—Mr. Percival Fitzroy Bingham Ryan, Deputy Superintendent of Police and Acting Superintendent of Police, Vizagapatam district, on relief, to charge of Parvatipur sub-division, Vizagapatam district.

No. 762.—M.R.Ry. Tiruppanankadu Devaraja Mudaliyar Avargal, Deputy Superintendent of Police in charge of Parvatipur sub-division, Vizagapatam district, on relief, to be Personal Assistant to the Superintendent of Police, Kistna district.

INVESTITURE OF POWERS

Octacamund, September 25, 1916.

No. 763.—Under section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned officers are authorized to take down the evidence of witnesses with their own hand in the English language:—

M.R.Ry. Alampandi S. Balasubrahmanya Ayyar Avergal, Acting Sessions Judge of Trichinopoly.

Octacamund, September 25, 1916.

Mr. Richard Arthur Jenkins, I.C.S., Sessions Judge of Kurnool.

M.R.Ry. Appana Rayar Ramachandra Ayyar Avergal, First-class Magistrate, in the district of Madura.

Octacamund, September 29, 1916.

No. 764.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, M.R Ry. Kuppili Bhanmarti Patnaik, Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Mathanagiri, in the district of Vizagapatam Agency, is appointed to be a magistrate of the second class, and under section 37 he is invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a magistrate of that class, except the power to pass orders as to first offenders under section 562.

NOTIFICATIONS

Octacamund, September 26, 1916.

No. 765.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to abolish with effect from the 25th October 1916 the police station at Chavassari in the Kottayam circle of the North Malabar district and to declare Mattanur to be a police station including within its local area the villages which are now attached to the Chavassari police station.

Octacamund, September 28, 1916.

No. 766.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*a*) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to abolish, with effect from the 1st November 1916 the police station named in column 2 of the schedule hereto appended and to declare that, with effect from the said date, the villages named in column 3 shall form part of the local area of the police station specified in column 5.

SCHEDULE

Circle in which at present included. (1)	Police station to which at present attached (2)	Names of villages (3)	Circle in which hereafter included (4)	Police station to which hereafter attached. (5)
Gudalur	Nellakota	Cheramadi	Gudalur	Devala.
Do.	Do.	Padentara	Do.	Do.
Do.	Do.	Nellakota	Do.	Do.
Do.	Do. .. .	Munanad	Do . ..	Do.

No. 767.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that, with effect from the 1st November 1916, the villages noted in column 3 of the schedule hereto appended shall cease to be included in the local area of the police station noted in column 2 and shall form part of the local area of the police station noted in column 5.

SCHEDULE

Circle in which at present included. (1)	Police station to which at present attached. (2)	Names of villages. (3)	Circle in which hereafter included. (4)	Police station to which hereafter attached. (5)
Ootacamund ..	Naduvattam .	1. Glenmorgan estate, belonging to Shaler village.	Ootacamund ..	Ootacamund taluk.
Do. ..	Do. ..	2. Mr. Meechin's estate or Thor Cinchona estate, belonging to Shales village	Do. ..	Do.
Do. ..	Do .	3. Thorpad mund	Do. ..	Do.
Do. ..	Do. ..	Do	Do. ..	Do.
Do. ..	Do. ..	4. Kuli mund	Do. ..	Do.
Do. ..	Do. ..	Do.	Do. ..	Do.
Do. ..	Do. ..	5. Kottapil mund	Do. ..	Do.
Do. ..	Do. ..	Do .. .	Do ..	Do

Ootacamund, October 3, 1916.

No. 768.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

HOME DEPARTMENT

JUDICIAL

Simla, the 21st September 1916.

No. 1128.—In pursuance of sub-section 2 (i) of section 101 of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6, Geo. V, c. 61), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. J. G. Burn, I.C.S., a District and Sessions Judge in the Madras Presidency, to act as an Additional Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, with effect from the 21st September 1916, for a period of three months, or such shorter period as the Hon'ble Mr Justice Kumaraswami Sastri may be absent on special duty.

ACQUISITION OF LAND

Ootacamund, September 28, 1916.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·1 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of police lines and quarters in Chamarajanagar; and, under sections 8 and 7 of the same Act, the Deputy Collector, Arnakur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Deputy Collector, Arnakur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, town or pattambolu, with survey or patnam number	Name of owner or occupier	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Nilgiri District, Udagapeti taluk, Chamarajanagar village.			
Village-site poramboke S. No. 160-1	Gantur Venkatappah, Gantur Lakshmayya and Gantur Subbamani, wife of Gantur Subbabhatla.	North, site acquired recently by Gantur Srirangula ; east, houses (backyard portions of Gantur Venkatappah and Lakshmayya); south, vacant village-site ; west, police parade ground.	acs. 0·1

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Secretary to Government.

(Miscellaneous)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, December 2, 1915.

No. 540.—Under the explanation to section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act (Act XXVI of 1881), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that, in addition to the public holidays expressly defined as such in the said explanation, viz., Sundays, New Year's day (Saturday, the 1st January), Christmas day (Monday, the 25th December) and Good Friday (Friday, the 21st April), the following days shall be public holidays in the year 1916 :—

Thursday,	October 6th,	1916	..	Ayudhapuja.
Wednesday	,, 26th	,,	..	Dipávali.
Tuesday,	November 7th	,,	..	Muharram (last day).
Tuesday,	December 26th	,,	..	Christmas.
Wednesday	,, 27th	,,	..	
Friday	,, 29th	,,	..	
Saturday	,, 30th	,,	..	

2. The Governor in Council further notifies that on the following days, which are not declared to be public holidays under statutory provision, all public offices at the Presidency town and in the mufussal, with the exception of (1) the Sea Customs office, (2) the Reserve Treasury and office of the Commissioner of Paper Currency, (3) the General Stamp office (which will be opened from 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.) will be closed

Saturday .. .. December 23rd, 1916, } Christmas.
Thursday .. .. ,, 28th ,, }

C. G. TODHUNTER,
Acting Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, April 11, 1916.

No. 168.—The following resolution of the Government of India is republished :—

HOME DEPARTMENT.

POLITICAL.

Delhi, the 18*th December* 1914.

Nos. 2951—2964.

RESOLUTION.—In supersession of the orders contained in the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 2831-2842, dated the 8th December 1899, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to issue the following instructions with regard to certificates of identity.

2. Every native of India who contemplates proceeding out of India to foreign countries is strongly urged before leaving, to furnish himself with an authoritative certificate of identity, in the form appended to this Resolution, signed by the head of the district (in a Presidency Town and in the town of Rangoon, the Commissioner of Police) in the case of residents of British India, and by the Political Officer in that of residents of Native States. In the case of a student the certificate should be signed by the head of his last school or college and countersigned by the District Officer (in a Presidency Town and in the town of Rangoon, the Commissioner of Police) or Political Officer as the case may be.

Appeals for assistance by destitute Indians who desire repatriation and by students who, owing to embarrassed circumstances, are unable to complete their course of education cannot be dealt with satisfactorily unless the parties are in a position to produce evidence of identity. The possession of a certificate of identity will be specially useful to young men of good family, as it may enable the Secretary of State to obtain for them social and other attentions.

Those who are desirous, however, of travelling in countries where a passport will be necessary are advised to furnish themselves with such a document also before leaving India, in lieu of, or in addition to, a certificate of identity. It should be remembered that no person is entitled to a passport, as of right, on the ground that he is a British subject, and the production before authorities outside India of a certificate of identity, unless supplemented by documentary evidence of respectability is not sufficient to ensure that a passport will be granted.

Form of Certificate of Identity.

1. Name of applicant_____
2. Father's name and caste_____
3. Residence_____
4. Age of applicant_____
5. * Nationality of applicant_____
6. Social or pecuniary status of father (or guardian)_____
7. Date of probable departure of applicant from India_____
8. Object of applicant's visit to England (Europe)_____

Signature of District Officer (in a Presidency Town, the Commissioner of Police) or Political Officer, or head of school or college †

Dated _____

* I.e., whether a British subject by birth or by naturalization (or a subject of a Native State).

† Countersignature of the District or Political Officer should be obtained on certificates signed by heads of schools or colleges.

NOTE.—Holders of certificates of identity intending to apply subsequently in England or elsewhere for a passport to visit a foreign country are warned that no person is entitled to a passport as of right on the sole ground that he is a British subject. The production of a certificate of identity, therefore, will not ordinarily be sufficient to ensure the grant of a passport, unless it is supplemented by documentary evidence of respectability, endorsed by a Local Government or other authority competent to issue passports in India, certifying that the holder is a fit and proper person to receive a passport.

MARRIAGE LICENCES

Ootacamund, September 18, 1916

No. 769.—Under section 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the licences granted under the said section to the undermentioned persons of the American Evangelical Lutheran Mission in the Guntur district on the dates noted against each are hereby revoked :—

Nulaturi Samuel—23rd October 1885.

Ootacamund, September 27, 1916.

Chikkala Joseph—23rd February 1912.
Gera John—10th February 1914.

Ootacamund, September 23, 1916

No. 770.—Under sections 8 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the licences granted under the said sections to the Rev. D. Downie, D.D., of the American Baptist Telugu Mission, in the Nellore district on the 27th January 1874, are hereby revoked.

Ootacamund, September 26, 1916.

No. 771.—Under sections 9 and 26 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the licence granted under the said section to the Rev. Anirudam Daniel Jnanadhikam of the Church of Sweden Mission in the Pudukkottai State on the 16th May 1916 is hereby revoked.

Ootacamund, September 13, 1916.

No. 774.—Under section 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the Governor in Council sanctions the issue of licences to the undermentioned missionaries to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, within the territories under the administration of the Government of Madras :—

M.R.Ry. Talatoti Gnanananda Garu of the American Evangelical Lutheran Mission, residing at Dhulipalla in the taluk of Sattenapalli in the district of Guntur.

Ootacamund, September 27, 1916.

The Rev. William Michael Zombro of the South India United Church in the American Madura Mission, residing at Madura.
The Rev. Thomas Mathesolak Rajendram of the Church of Sweden Mission, residing at Paramagudi in the district of Ramnad.
The Rev. Kondamori Prakasam of the American Baptist Telugu Mission, residing at Marripadu in the taluk of Kovur in the district of Nellore.

No. 773.—Under section 6 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (as amended by the Indian Christian Marriage Act Amendment Act, 1891), the Governor in Council sanctions the issue of licences to the undermentioned missionaries to solemnize marriages within the territories under the administration of the Government of Madras, in accordance with the provisions of the said Act :—

The Rev. William Michael Zombro of the South India United Church in the American Madura Mission, residing at Madura.
The Rev. Thomas Mathesolak Rajendram of the Church of Sweden Mission, residing at Paramagudi in the district of Ramnad.

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Secretary to Government.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT

(Separate Revenue)

LEAVE

Ootacamund, September 29, 1916.

No. 41.—Under article 350 of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. S. W. B. T. Fleming, Assistant Commissioner (now acting as Deputy Commissioner), Salt, Abkari and Customs department, will be granted privilege leave for two months and twenty days with effect from the date of his relief by Mr. T. R. Barter.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE

No. 42.—The privilege leave for eight weeks granted to Mr. T. R. Barter, Deputy Commissioner, Salt, Abkari and Customs department, will be extended by two days.

NOTIFICATIONS

Octacamund, October 3, 1916.

No. 45.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Customs Establishments.

Simla, the 16th September 1916.

No. 8604.—Mr. S. E. Breese, an Inspector in the Salt, Abkari and Customs department, in Madras, has been appointed to officiate as an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service with effect from the 7th September 1916, during the absence on combined leave of Mr. T. H. Potts.

Customs.

Simla, the 16th September 1916.

No 8609-W.-II.—The following Order in Council is published for general information :—

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL.

THE 15TH DAY OF AUGUST 1916.

By the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

Whereas it is provided by section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation or Order in Council made under section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, as amended by the Act now in recital, may, whilst a state of war exists, be varied or added to by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade :

And whereas it is provided by section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Restriction) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation made under section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, may, whether the Proclamation was made before or after the passing of the Act now in recital, be varied or added to, whilst a state of war exists, by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade :

And whereas by a Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May 1916, and made under section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, and section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, and section 1 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, the exportation from the United Kingdom of certain articles to certain or all destinations was prohibited.

And whereas by subsequent Orders of Council the said Proclamation was amended and added to in certain particulars :

And whereas there was this day read at the Board a recommendation from the Board of Trade to the following effect :—

That the Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May 1916, as amended and added to by subsequent Orders of Council, should be further amended by making the following amendments in and additions to the schedule to the same :—

(1) That the following headings should be deleted :—
- (c) Black plates for tinning exported in boxes ;
- (c) Cork and cork dust and articles wholly manufactured from cork or cork dust or both ;
- (c) Feathers and down ;
- (c) Fibres, vegetable, not otherwise specifically prohibited, and yarns made therefrom ;
- (A) Iron and steel plates and sheets (except black plates for tinning exported in boxes, tin-plates, terne-plates, and lead-coated sheets) ;
- (c) Railway material, both fixed and rolling stock (except railway waggons and their component parts, steel rails, steel sleepers, steel springs wheels, axles, and tyres) ;
- (B) Railway waggons and their component parts (except steel springs, and wheels, axles, and tyres) ;
- (c) Sparking plugs ;
- (c) Terne-plates and receptacles made from terne-plates,
- (c) Tin-plates and receptacles made from tin-plates.

(2) That the following headings should be added :—
- (A) Bearings, ball and roller, and steel balls and rollers suitable for bearing ;
- (B) Cadmium, alloys of cadmium and cadmium ore ;
- (c) Cork and cork dust and articles manufactured from cork or cork dust ;
- (A) Cryolite ;
- (A) Curry combs ;
- (A) Dandy brushes ;
- (c) Feathers and down, except wing and tail feathers of the ostrich.
- (c) Fibres, vegetable, not otherwise specifically prohibited, and cordage, twine, and yarns made therefrom ;
- (A) Iron and steel plates and sheets ;
- (A) Lead coated sheets ;
- (c) Linoleum ;
- (A) Railway carriages, locomotives, and waggons, and their component parts ;
- (c) Railway material (except railway carriages, locomotives, and waggons, and their component parts, steel rails and steel sleepers) ;
- (B) Silicon-spiegel ;
- (A) Sparking plugs ;
- (A) Terne-plates and receptacles made from terne-plates ;
- (A) Tin-plates and receptacles made from tin-plates.

Now, therefore, their Lordships, having taken the said recommendation into consideration, are pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the same be approved.

Whereof the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Excise, the Director of the War Trade Department, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

No. 8677-W-II.—The following notification of the Department of Import Restrictions, London, is published for general information:—

BOARD OF TRADE,
DEPARTMENT OF IMPORT RESTRICTIONS,
32, CARLISLE PLACE, S.W.,
4th August 1916.

NOTIFICATION No. 4.

[*Interpretations.*—P. = Prohibited, N.P. = Not prohibited.]

Description of article.	Decision.
Aluminium Powder	N.P.
Aluminium Tanks, Cylinders, Pipes and parts of Machines made of Aluminium.	P.
Beads—Imitation Pearl	N.P.
Belt Couplings (Steel)	P
Bicycle Forgings	P.
Black Split Soap—Hard Tanners Dubbin (containing Mineral Wax and Saponified Fat).	P.
Boards (Wall) and Tiles made of Wood Fibre	P.
Bolts, Security and Dummy	P.
Bolts and Nuts, Brass	N.P.
Bolt Headed Screws or Coach Screws	P.
Boots and Shoes, Leather used in the manufacture of.	N.P.
Brass Screw Parts for use on Telephones	P.
Button Covering Machines (Hand):—Dies, Cutters, Moulds and Press Tools.	N.P.
Calculating Machine (Patent Wage)	N.P.
Canvas Hemp, Double Japanned	N.P.
Catches, Plated, for Drawers	P.
Caulking Cotton	N.P.
Cloth Tape, Gummed	N.P.
Cloth Woven galvanised iron wire	N.P.
Coach Screws or Bolt Headed Screws	P.
Cotton and Fibre Patent Tube packing	P.
Cotton, Caulking	N.P.
Cotton "Duraduct"—Cotton Woven Conduit, i.e., for protection of Electric Wires.	P.
Double Japanned Canvas Hemp	N.P.
"Duraduct" Cotton Woven Conduit, i.e., for protection of Electric Wires.	P.
Electrical Motors for Sewing Machines	N.P.
Emery Wheel Dressers and Cutters (used for truing up Emery Wheels).	N.P.
Felspar	N.P.
Fibre and Cotton Patent Tube Packing	P.
Flashlight Pencil (Pencil Holder and Flash Lamp combined)	N.P
Forgings for Bicycles	P.
Glass Moistenors with Felt Tongue	N.P.
Gummed Cloth Tape	N.P.
Hand Button Covering Machines, Dies, Cutters and Moulds (Press Tools).	N.P.
Hooks, Tenter	P.
Imitation Pearl Beads	N.P.
Leather Cut Stock:— Heels, Inner-soles, Lifts, Middles, Outsoles, Quarters, Stiffeners, Skivings, Split Lifts, Toe Caps, Toe Pieces, Toe Puffs, Vamps.	P.
Leather Board	N.P.
Machines, Hand Button Covering (Press Tools)	N.P.
Medicinal Preparations, Skins for capping.	N.P.
Metal Photographic Shutters	N.P.
Moistenors-Glass with Felt Tongue	N.P.
Motors-Electrical, for Sewing Machines	N.P.
Osmunda (Root of Fern) used for potting Orchids	P.
Patent Wage Calculating Machines	N.P.
Pearl Beads, Imitation	N.P.
Pen Holders, Metal	N.P.
Pencil Flashlight (Pencil Holder and Flash Lamp combined).	N.P.
Perforated Chaplets, Tin	P.
Photographic Shutters, Metal	N.P.
Plant Sprayer, (Hand) (also used for Distributing Disinfectants).	P.
Plated Catches for Drawers	P.
Powder, Aluminium	N.P.
Push Pins (made principally of Glass)	N.P.
Razor Safety Blades, Steel Blanks for	P.
Rings and Screws for Compasses	P.
Root of Fern (Osmunda) used for potting Orchids.	P.
Screws, Coach or Bolt Headed	P.
Screw Parts, Brass, for use on Telephones	P.
Screws and Rings for Compasses	P.
Security and Dummy Bolts	P.
Skins for Capping Medicinal Preparations.	N.P.
Soap, Black Split, Hard Tanners Dubbin (containing Mineral Wax and Saponified Fat).	P.
Sprayer, Plant (Hand) also used for distributing Disinfectants.	P.
Steel Belt Couplings	P.
Steel Blanks for Safety Razor Blades	P.
Swiss Pleil (Mohair and Imitation Silk)	P.
Tanks (Aluminium) Cylinders, Pipes and Parts of Machines made of Aluminium.	P.
Telephonic Parts and Accessories:— Brackets (Extension and Phone-ette). Fittings. Ratchet Pieces. Receiver Sells for Telephone Receivers. Springs	P.
Tenter Hooks	P.
Tin Chaplets, Perforated	P.
Tube Packing (Patent) Cotton and Fibre.	P.
Wall Boards and Tiles made of Wood Fibre	P.
Woven Galvanised iron wire cloth	N.P.

Ootacamund, September 18, 1916.

No. 44.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 7th September 1916.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

ASSESSED TAXES—INCOME-TAX.

No. 1261-F.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1886 (II of 1886), the Governor General in Council is pleased to exempt from liability to the tax payable under the said Act the salary and allowances for the period of deputation of any probationer belonging to the Hyderabad Civil Service class who has been or who may be deputed by His Highness the Nizam's Government for training in British India.

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT

(Legislative)

NOTIFICATION

No. 31.—The Legislative Council of the Governor of Fort St. George will meet in the Council Chamber, Fort St. George, at 11 a.m. on Tuesday the 21st November 1916.

2. Under rule 31 of the rules for the conduct of business at meetings of the Legislative Council, persons desirous of admission to the Council Chamber during the sitting should apply to the Secretary to the Council through a member of the Council; the application should reach the Secretary by Saturday the 18th November 1916 at latest.

C. G. TODHUNTER,
Secretary to the Council.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

EXTENSION OF LEAVE

Ootacamund, September 25, 1916.

No. 446.—Under article 280 of the Civil Service Regulations, M.R Ry. P. N. Chathapurni Panikkar Avargel, Deputy Collector, sixth grade, is granted extension of privilege leave for twelve days.

NOTIFICATIONS

Ootacamund, September 20, 1916.

No. 445.—It is hereby notified that Mustafa Hussain, late peon, Revenue Secretariat, Madras, has been dismissed from service and that he is ineligible for re-employment in any department under Government.

Ootacamund, September 23, 1916.

No. 447.—It is hereby notified that Shaik Hussain, son of Shaik Muhi-ud-din, late peon, Board's Office, Land Revenue department, has been dismissed and that he is ineligible for re-employment in any department of Government service.

Ootacamund, September 28, 1916.

No. 448.—Under section 2 of the Madras Proprietary Estates Village Service Act of 1894, the operation of the Act was extended to the undermentioned whole inam villages of the Trichinopoly district by Notification 348, dated 5th September 1902, published on pages 918-930 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 9th September 1902, and by Notification 339, dated 10th August 1904, published on page 825 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 17th August 1904. His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that these notifications shall be withdrawn, as far as they concern these villages, and that the provisions of the Act shall cease to apply thereto with effect from 1st November 1916.

Trichinopoly Taluk.

1. Ayyalulayarpattavarti.
2. Kilmarimangalam.
3. Panjappur.
4. Tarkasalikam.
5. Thiruttavatturai Kattalai.
6. Uttamasambi.
7. Shanavalakkarichchi.
8. Vivasayadevur.
9. Periyavadavur.
10. Nattadasapalli.
11. Teanur.
12. Kallikudi.
13. Jambukeswaram.

Musiri Taluk.

14. Kannishuppatti.
15. Vengadanattam.

Kulittalai Taluk.

16. Koppampatti.
17. Idaiyappatti.
18. Karichchampatti.
19. Uttuppatti.
20. Mukkareddippatti.
21. Ponnambalampatti.

Perambalur Taluk.

22. Adadarai.
23. Alangali.
24. Palambadi.
25. Malavarayanallur.

Udaiyarpalaiyam Taluk.

26. Kaliyugarayaperam.
27. Kumaramangalam.

No. 449.—In supersession of Notification No. 402, dated 19th August 1916, published at page 1006 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 22nd August 1916, it is hereby notified for general information that the designation of the officer in charge of the Government cinchona plantations on the Nilgiris is "Deputy Director of Agriculture—Cinchona."

ACQUISITION OF LANDS

Under section 4, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 25·32 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for opening an experimental station on the west coast for the study of problems connected with cocoanuts; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Puttur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Puttur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or peramboke, with survey or puimash number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
South Canara district, Kasaragod taluk, Kudla village.			
Garden S. No. 58	Malpadi Ramachandrangal ..	North, S. No. 51, east, S. Nos. 59, 59 and 60, south, S. No. 60; west, S. Nos. 54, 57 and 61.	acs. 25·32

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 1·40 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for opening a cocoanut plantation by Agricultural Department; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Deputy Tahsildar of Hosdrug is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Deputy Tahsildar of Hosdrug and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or peramboke, with survey or puimash number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
South Canara district, Kasaragod taluk, No. 94, Hithlabar village.			
Dry S. No. 276-4 A	Allukala Iswara Ezhkandri ..	North, S. No. 274; east, S. No. 275-4 E south, S. No. 337, west, S. No. 333.	acs. 1·40

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 4·83 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for storing manure; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Divisional Officer, Dhone, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Divisional Officer, Dhone, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or peramboke, with survey or puimash number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Kurnool district, Dhone taluk, Dhone village.			
Dry S. No. 173 A-3	Dhone Lakshmana Rao ..	South, S. No. 173 A-2 and 174 A-2, east, S. No. 173 D; north, S. No. 112 A, west, S. Nos. 176 and 178	acs. 2·93
Do. No. 1020 ..	Dhone Lakshman Rao	North, S. No. 219 A 1; east, S. No. 220 A, south and west, S. No. 219 A-1.	2·0
		Total ..	4·83

Ootacamund, September 25, 1916

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 2·3 cents, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a cattle-pound at Vettukkolam; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Devakkottai, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Devakkottai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, assessed or permanent, with survey or patta number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Ramnad district, Tirumadurai taluk, Pottalkulam village.			
Inam, house-site ..	Krishna Thevan	North, Vanniyar garden of Krishna Thevan; east and south, vacant site belonging to Krishna Thevan; west, cart-way and the Mariamman platform.	cents. 2.2

J. P. BEDFORD,
Acting Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

LEAVE

Ootacamund, September 22, 1916.

Under articles 233, 271 and 339 of the Civil Service Regulations, M.R Ry. Pagalpaty Venkatesawmi Munickam Nayakar Avargal, Executive Engineer, is granted, with effect from the 22nd July 1919, combined leave for one year, i.e., privilege leave on half pay for one month and five days and leave without allowances for the remaining period.

Under article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, Mr. William John Davis, Executive Engineer, Koraput division, is granted privilege leave from the 12th August 1916 to the date on which he left to join Military duty.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE

The combined leave for one year and four months granted to Austin Gibbs Ronald, Assistant Engineer, in the notifications published in Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 30th March 1915 and 22nd February 1916, is extended by one day.

APPOINTMENT

Mr. Henry Lechler Nicholson, Executive Engineer, Vizagapatam division, held charge of the Koraput division in addition to his own duties in relief of Mr. Davis and until the arrival of Mr. Donald William Gollan.

NOTIFICATIONS

Ootacamund, September 25, 1916.

The following notification of the Government of India, Army Department, is republished:—

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

INDIAN ARMY

ARMY RESERVE.

Simla, the 8th September 1916.

No. 1028.—The following gentlemen are appointed to the Indian Army Reserve of Officers, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Second Lieutenants.

Infantry Branch.

John Dover Way. Dated 1st September 1916.

S. B. MURRAY,
Joint Secretary to Government, P.W.D.

Ootacamund, October 9, 1916.

The following notification of the Government of India is republished:—

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT

(RAILWAY BOARD)

Simla, the 9th September 1916.

No. 536 P.-16.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that the Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the agency of the South Indian Railway Company for a line of railway on the metre gauge from Salem to Samayapuram via Namakkal, a distance of 62.96 miles.

2. The survey will be known as the Salem-Namakkal Samayapuram Railway Survey.

D. MARSHALL,
Deputy Secretary to Government, P.W.D.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS

Ootacamund, September 21, 1916.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council is hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 7·51 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Tondur Project main channel; and, under sections 8 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Tondur Project, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Tittagudi, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, from re-pairashoks with survey or patnash number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
	South Arcot district, Virdhachalam taluk, Pulivalam village.		Acs.
New S. F. No. 341, comprising temporary sub-division dry No. 301-9.	Appavu Konan	North, No. 301-1, east, Nos. 301-7 and 331-12; south No. 301-10, west, No. 301-8.	0·10
Do. No. 301-10.	Chinnan Konan	North, No. 301-9; east, No. 301-12; south and west, No. 331-9.	0·15
Do. No. 301-12.	Konan, Settayan, Kaliyan and Vadivelu.	North, No. 301 A-C; east, No. 342, south, No. 301 B-C; west, No. 301-11.	0·60
New S. F. No. 342, comprising dry No. 302-2.	Kaliyan, Settayan, Vadivelu and Konan.	North, No. 302-A, east, No. 306-3; south, No. 304 B, west, No. 341.	0·25
Do. No. 306-3.	Valayuri and Kolandaivel ..	North, No. 306 A-A, east, No. 304-3; south, No. 306 B, west, No. 301-2.	0·42
Do. No. 304-3.	Para Subrayan, Sabapathi Pandaram and Vanda Mudkkan.	North and east, No. 304 A-A; south, No. 304 B-A and B-B, west, No. 306-3.	0·14
Do. No. 304-6.	Pachaimuthu Nainar and Karuppa Nainkan.	North, Nos. 304-3 and 304 A-A; east, No. 304 A-C; south No. 249; west, No. 306 B-B.	0·23
New S. F. No. 343, comprising dry No. 295-2.	Muthan	North, No. 342, east, No. 295 A-A; south, Nos. 295-6 and 7, west, No. 295 B-A.	0·14
Do. No. 295-5.	Silambon	North, No. 295-2; east, No. 295-6; south and west, No. 295 B-B.	0·01
Do. No. 295-6.	Pachaimuthu Nainar ..	North, No. 295-7; east, No. 295-7; south, No. 295 B-C; west No. 295-5.	0·18
Do. No. 295-7.	Subrayan	North, No. 295 2; east, No. 295 A-B; south, Nos. 295 B-D and 295-14; west, No. 295-6.	0·36
Do. No. 295-15.	Seperumal, Arumugham and Murugan.	North, No. 295-7, east, No. 294-2; south, Nos. 295 B-E and 295-19; west, No. 295 B-E.	0·33
Do. No. 295-18.	Muthan	North and east, No. 294-2, south and west, No. 295 B-F.	0·03
Do. No. 293-4.	Do.	North, No. 293 A-A, east and south, No. 289-11; west, No. 294-2.	0·04
Do. No. 304-7.	Pachaimuthu Nainar and Karuppa Nainkan.	North, No. 304-5, east, No. 305-A; south, No. 295 2; west, No. 295-B.	0·02
Do. No. 283-11.	Narayana Padayachi, Arumuga Padayachi, Seperuma Padayachi and Ramaswami Padayachi.	North, No. 283-A; east, Nos. 283 A-C and 289-8; south, No. 294-B; west, No. 342.	0·01
S. F. No. 344, comprising dry No. 289-3.	Narayana Padayachi, Arumuga Padayachi, Seperuma Padayachi and Ramaswami Padayachi.	North and east, No. 289 A-B; south, Nos. 289-2 and 3; west, No. 289 B.	0·25
Do. No. 289-10.	Muthan	North and east, No. 283 A-C, south, No. 289-8, west, No. 283-12.	0·01
Do. No. 289-2.	P. A. Alaga Padayachi ..	North, No. 289-3; east, No. 283-8; south and west 289 A-A.	0·07
Do. No. 289-3	Do. ..	North, do. 289-3; east, No. 287-2; south, No. 283 A-B, west, No. 289-3.	0·27
Do. No. 287-2.	Subraya Pillai	North, No. 287-A; east, No. 345; south, No 287 B; west Nos. 283-8 and 289 A-B.	0·58
New S. F. No. 345, comprising dry No. 286-2.	Ko. Seena Padayachi ..	North, No. 284-A; east, No. 284-2; south, No. 286-3; west, No. 344.	0·75
Do. No. 284-2.	Govinda Konan and Alamelu ..	North, No. 284 A-A; east, No. 284-5; south, No. 291 B-A; west, No. 284-6.	0·35
Do. No. 284-5	Alagammal ..	North, No. 284 A-E, east, No. 284-8, south, No 284 B-B, west, No. 284-7.	1·31
Do. No. 284-8.	Anjali Ammal and Aiyamperuma Konan.	North, No. 291 A-F; east No. 284-9; south, No. 283-8; west, No. 284-5	1·18
Do. No. 284-9.	Thirumdi Konan	North and east, No. 284 A-F; south, No. 288 2; west, No. 284-8	0·02
Do. No. 282-3.	Govinda Konan and Alamelu ..	North and east, No. 282-2, south, Elamangalam; west, No. 283-2	0·02
New S. F. No. 346, comprising dry No. 249-5	Aiyamperuma Konan and Ranganmal.	North No. 249 A-C; east, No. 249 A-3; south and west, Elamangalam.	0·33
		Total ..	7 51

F. E. MORGAN,
Under Secy. to Govt., P.W.D. (Irrigation Branch).

Octacamund, September 22, 1916.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·04 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Tinnevelly-Tiruchendur Railway; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tuticorin, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tuticorin, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or perumboke, with survey or patnam number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Tinnevelly district, Srivaikuntam taluk, Velur Pudukudi village.			
Wet No. 44-1 ..	M. P. Samy Nadar	North, Nos. 37, 43-5 and 543; east, No. 542; south, No. 43-3, west, No. 44.	ACRE. 0·04

D. MARSHALL,
Deputy Secretary to Government, P. W. D.

Octacamund, September 27, 1916.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·02 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a field channel to irrigate S. No. 361 A and B of Vakaippa, Ramachendrapur taluk; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar, Ramachendrapur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar, Ramachendrapur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or perumboke, with survey or patnam number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Godavari district, Ramachendrapur taluk, Vakaippa village.			
Government wet S. No. 361.	Nemani Subbayya	North, S. No. 357; east, S. No. 360; south, S. No. 363; west, S. No. 365.	ACRE. 0·02

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·47 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a channel in Kila Nedungulam village in Madura taluk, Madura district and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar of Madura is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar of Madura and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or perumboke, with survey or patnam number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Madura district, Madura taluk, Inam Kila Nedungulam village.			
Dry, S. No. 7 ..	S. Mayandi, Ramakrishna Nayachan ..	North, portion of S. No. 7, east, Athalai village; south, portion of S. No. 7; west, S. No. 12.	ACRE. 0·17
Wet, S. No. 13 ..	S. Mayandi, Muthanna Battar, Ganapathi Battar, Ahobega Sundara Battar and S. Manikkasundara Battar.	North and east, portion of S. No. 13; south, portion of S. No. 12; west, portion of S. No. 13.	0·03
Do. No. 12 ..	Veeranakoya, Rakku, Muthanna Battar, Ganapathi Battar, Ahobegha Sundara Battar and Manikkasundara Battar.	North, S. No. 13 and portion of S. No. 12, east, south, and west, portion of S. No. 12.	2·11
Do. No. 14 ..	Kerapanna Asari, Muthanna Battar, Ganapathi Battar, Ahobega Sundara Battar and Manikkasundara Battar.	North, S. No. 13, east, portion of S. No. 11; south, S. No. 9; west, portion of S. No. 11.	2·64
Do. No. 8 ..	Pariya Karuppa Kudumbar, Muthanna Battar, Ganapathi Battar, Ahobega Sundara Battar and Manikkasundra Battar.	North, S. No. 11; east, portion of S. No. 9; south, Kalikudi village; west, portion of S. No. 9.	0·30
		Total ..	0·47

Ootacamund, September 21, 1918.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 6·30 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Telugu Project main channel; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Telugu Project, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Tittagudi, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or poramboke, with survey or patnam number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
	South Arcot district, Vriddhachalam taluk, Tittagudi village		Acs.
New S.F. No. 117, dry, No. 6-2	Pethakutti Padayachi, Arumachala Padayachi and Vellaya Padayachi.	North, No. 6-A, east, No. 7-2; south, No. 6-B, west, T. Elumampalai.	0·65
Do. No. 8-1.	Vellaya Padayachi	North, No. 7-2; east, No. 8-2; south, No. 8-A A; west, No. 7-E.	0·01
Do. No. 8-2.	Peesan Konan, Kandan, Arumachala Padayachi, Venkatachala Padayachi, Vellaya Padayachi and Pethakutti Padayachi	North, No. 7-2; east, Nos. 7-2 and 8-3; south, Nos. 8-A B; west, Nos. 7-2 and 8-1.	1·55
Do. No. 8-3.	Karuppa Padayachi	North, No. 7-2; east, No. 8-4; south, No. 8-A C; west, No. 8-2.	0·10
Do. No. 8-9.	Arumuga Padayachi	North, No. 7-2; east, No. 8-4, south, No. 8-A D, west Nos. 8-4 and 7-2.	0·30
New S.F. No. 119, dry, No. 9-3.	Thotti Padayachi and Varisai Padayachi	North, No. 8 A; east, No. 1-3; south, Nos. 9-4 and 9-6; west, No. 7-3	0·67
Do. No. 9-4.	Arumugha Padayachi	North, No. 9-2, east, No. 9-8, south, No. 9-B A, west, No. 9-3	0·31
Do. No. 9-5.	Ayyakannu Padayachi	North, No. 9-2, east, Nos. 1-3 and 9-6, south, No. 9-B B, west, No. 9-6	0·32
Do. No. 9-6.	Thotti Padayachi and Varisai Padayachi	North, No. 1-3 east Venkatapuram; south, No. 9-B C; west, No. 9-5.	0·27
Do. No. 1-3.	Ramaswami Padayachi .. .	North No. 1-A E, east, No. Venkatapuram, south, No. 9-5, west, Nos. 9-3 and 9-6.	0·65
		Total ..	5·35

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 1·58 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Telugu Project main channel; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Telugu Project, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Tittagudi, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or poramboke, with survey or patnam number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
	South Arcot district, Vriddhachalam taluk, T. Elumampalam village.		Acs.
Fresh, S.F. No. 221 Ryotwari, dry, No. 4-1.	Sadayakonan	North, Pallvalai; east, No. 3-1; south, No. 4-3; west, No. 4-B.	0·5
Do. No. 4-2	Rangammal	North, No. 4-1, east, No. 3-1; south, No. 4-3; west, No. 4-2.	0·4
Do. No. 4-3	Do.	North, No. 4-2; east, No. 4-4; south, Nos. 7-4 and 222; west, No. 5-2.	0·4
Fresh, S.F. No. 222 Ryotwari, dry, No. 4-4.	Do.	North, No. 4-2; east and south, No. 3-2, west, No 4 3	0·1
Do. No. 11-1.	Alagappa Konan and Perumal Konan.	North, No 3-2; east, Nos. 10-1 and 13-1; south, No. 11 B; west, No. 3-2.	0·13
Do. No 12-1.	Muthusami Padayachi and Perumal Padayachi.	North, No 3-2, east No 12-2; south, Nos. 12-1 and 13-2; west, No. 11-1.	0·37
Do. No. 13-1.	Vellaya Padayachi	North, No. 12-1, east, No 13-2; south, No. 13-4; west, No 11-1.	0·32
Do. No. 13-3.	Sengan Padayachi and Vachatachala Padayachi.	North, Nos. 12-1, 12-2 and 13-3; east, No 13-5; south, No. 13-5; west, No. 13-1.	0·50
		Total ..	1·50

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring acres 4·51, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a new connecting channel between the old and new

head sluices of the Vallipuram channel; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chingleput, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chingleput, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or perumboke, with survey or punnah number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
	Chingleput district, Chingleput taluk, No. 393, Anur village.		Acs.
Dry, No. 453-1 ..	K. Muruppa Naick ..	North, No. 492-2; east, No. 488-2; south, No. 484, west, No. 489-1.	0·66
Do. No. 489-7 ..	Krishnappa Naick ..	North, No. 491 3 B; east, No. 489-3; south, No. 488-2, west, No. 489-1	1·9
Do. No. 491-1 B.	Thiruvengada Pillai ..	North, No. 491-3 A and 2-3, east, No. 491-1 C; south No. 489 2; west No. 491-1 A.	0·30
Do. No. 491-3 A.	Pagkara Pillai	North, No. 491-3 E; east, No. 491-3 B, south, No 491-1 B; west, No. 491-2 B	0·12
Do. No. 491-2 B.	Rama Pillai	North, No. 491-3 B; east, No. 491-3 A, south, No. 491-1 B; west No 491 2 A.	0·8
Do. No. 491-5 B.	Thiruvengada Pillai	North, No 491-6 B; east, No. 491-3 C; south, No 489-3 A and 2 E, west, No. 492-5 A.	0·33
Do. No. 491-3 B.	V. Kumaraswami Mudali ..	North, No 128-2 B, east, No 491-3 C; south, No. 491 5 B, west, No 491-6 A.	0·10
Do. No. 493-2 B.	Tiruvallur Mudali	North, No 493 3 B; east, No 493-2 C, south, No 491-6 B; west, No 493 2 A.	0·71
Do. No. 493-1 B.	Nallathambi Mudali ..	North, No. 494-3 B and 4 A; east No. 493-1 C; south, No. 493-2 B; west, No. 493-1 A	0·17
Do. No 494-3 B.	Thiruvengadaswami Mudali ..	North, No 494-2 B and 1 A-1, east, No 494-1 A; south, No. 493-1 B, west, No 494 3 A and 2 A	0·26
Do. No. 494-4 A.	Ranganwami Mudali	North, No 494-1 A-1, east, No. 491-1 B; south, No 493-1 B, west, No 494-3 B	0·6
Do. No. 494-7 B.	Kannappa Mudali	North, No. 495 1 A; east, No 491-1 A 3; south, No. 491-3 B and 2 A; west, No 494-7 A.	0 33
Do. No. 494-1 A 1	Doraiswami Mudali ..	North, No 495-3 A, east, No. 494-1 A 2, south, No. 494-3 B and 4 A; west, No. 494-7 B	0 33
Do. No. 495-1 A.	Varadappa Mudali	North, No 495-2 A; east, No 495-3 B, south, No. 494-7 B and 1 A-1; west, No 553	0·3
Do. No. 195-2 A.	Thanumal	North, No. 195-3 A; east, No. 495-2 B; south, No 195-1 A; west, No 553	0·21
Do. No. 495-3 A.	Vaithelia Mudali	North No 195-4 A; east, No. 195-3 B; south, No 495-3 A, west, No 553.	0·15
Do. No. 495-4 A.	P. Murugesa Mudali	North, No 504-1, east, No 495-4 B; south, No. 495-3 A; west, No. 553.	0·2
Do. No. 494-1 ..	Do.	North and east, No. 504-2; south, No. 493-1 A; west, No. 553.	0·1
Do. No. 504-2 A.	Maharaja Mudali	North, No. 494-7 B, east, No. 494-3 B; south and west, No. 494-2 B	0·1
		Total ..	4·61

F. E. MORGAN,
Under Secy. to Govt., P.W.D. (Irrigation Branch).

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·11 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for fencing the compound and providing an entrance gate to the Public Works Department inspection bungalow at Ganguvarpatti village, Periyakulam taluk, Madura district; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Tahsildar of Periyakulam is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar of Periyakulam, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or perumboke, with survey or punnah number	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
	Madura district, Periyakulam taluk, Ganguvarpatti village.		Acs.
Dry, S. No. 1610 E-2.	Khan Bahadur D. M. Syed Abdul Rasack Sahib.	North, dry, S No. 1610 C-1, east garden dry S No. 1609 and D.P.W. Bungalow, south, dry S. No. 1610 C-3; west, S No. 1610 E, G'mat road.	0 11

W. G. MOLESWORTH,
Under Secretary to Government, P.W.D.

Cuttacumd, September 27, 1916.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·38 acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the improvements to the Sakkandam branch to Buravilli village; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chicacole, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chicacole, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, main or poramboke, with survey or patnam number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
	Ganjam District, Chicacole taluk, Buravilla village.		ACRE.
Garb., wet, S. No. 169-1	Bhavirla Sambamurti of Buravilla.	North, S. No 170; east S. No. 164; south and west, S No. 169-2.	0·04
Do. No. 164-1 B.	Marapa Soorynarayana of Buravilli.	North, S. No 170; east, S No. 164-2 B, south, S. No 164-1 A; west, S No. 163.	0·01
Do. No. 164-2 B.	Bhavirla Ramalingam of Bogalu.	North, S. No 170, east, S. No. 164 2 B; south S. No 164 2 A; west, S No 164-1 A.	0·02
Do. No. 164-2 B.	Malla Appalanarasimhulu being minor, guardian mother Malla Annamma of Parvathipuram (now Kesapuram).	North, S No 170; east, S No 163; south, S No 164-3 A; west, S. No. 164-2 B.	0·02
Do. No. 164-1 B.	Mathrudi: Seetamu, Gurramu, Appalanarasimhulu and Ayyanna of Kothuru Syrigam. Do. do.	North, S. No. 170; east, S. No. 163-2 B; south, S. No. 163-1 A, west, S. No. 164.	0·03
Do. No. 164-1 ..	Chellamma Gurramu of Buravilli	North, S. No. 121, east, S No. 120-1; south, S. No 114-1, west, S No 128-3 B	0·02
Do. No. 165-2 B.	Chellamma Gurramu of Buravilli	North, S No. 170, east S. No. 159; south, S. No. 164-2 A, west, S. No. 158-1 B.	0·01
Do. No. 161-6 B	Bhavirla Veerabhadrayya of Buravilli.	North, S No 170, east, S. No. 161-7 B; south, S. No. 161-6 A, west, S. No. 160-1.	0·06
Do. No. 161-7 B.	Agam Sanyasi of Buravilli ..	North, S. No. 170, east, S. No 160-1, south, S. No. 161-7 A, west, S. No. 161-6 B.	0·04
Do. No. 163-1 ..	Kondu Appadu and Appalaswami of Sikkomuru.	North, S. No. 170, east, S No. 163-1; south, S No. 163-2, west, S. No. 161-7 B	0·02
Do. No. 163-1 ..	Korna Apparna and Jogarna of Buravilli.	North, S No 170, east, S. No. 163 B 2, south, S. No. 163-2; west, S No 159-1.	0·02
Do. No. 126-3 B	Pragada Ammanna of Buravilli.	North, S. No. 121, east, S. No. 114-1; south, S. No. 126-3 A; west, S. No. 163-1	0·04
Do. No. 120-1 ..	Sri Sri Lakshminarasimhaswami Vara of Buravilli. Trustees, Buravilli village officers	South, S No. 121, east, S. No. 114-1, south, S. No. 120-2; west, S. No. 114-1.	0·01
Do. No. 114-1 ..	Mathrudi: Seetamu, Gurramu, Appalanarasimhulu, Ayyanna and Chellamma Gurramu of Kothuru Syrigam	North, S No. 121, east, S. No. 117; south, S. No. 112-2; west, S. No 120-1.	0·05
		Total ..	0·38

F. E. MORGAN,
Under Secy. to Govt., P.W.D. (Irrigation Branch).

LIST OF PAPERS PLACED AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE PRESS

BETWEEN 26TH SEPTEMBER AND 3RD OCTOBER 1916.

BY-LAWS.—The revised — adopted by the Tanjore Municipal Council approved and confirmed with remarks
July 19, G O No. 1246 M. [2 as.]

ADMINISTRATION REPORT.—The — of the Vellore municipality for 1915-16 recorded with remarks.
August 16, G O, No 1450 M. [2 as.]

ADMINISTRATIVE REPORT.—The — of the Periyakulam municipality for 1915-16 recorded with remarks.
August 17, G.O. No. 1456 M [2 as.]

STATISTICS OF CIVIL COURTS FOR 1915.—Reviewing the —. September 14, G.O. No 2311, Home (Judl.) [1 a.]

PETROLEUM LICENCES.—Appointing District Superintendents of Police and the Commissioner of Police, Madras, to grant licences for the possession and transport of dangerous petroleum up to 65 gallons to owners of motor vehicles within the limits of their jurisdiction.
September 16, G O No 2358, Home (Judl.) [1 a.]

ARMS, EXPLOSIVES, ETC.—Reviewing the reports on the working of the Indian Arms and Explosives Acts and the returns of sulphur licences in force during 1914 and 1915
September 2, G.O. No. 2151, Home (Judl.). [4 as.]

HOLIDAYS.—Sanctioning the grant of a half holiday to the European and Eurasian employees of Government on the 7th October 1916 on the 37th Anniversary of the Anglo-Indian Association.
September 25, G O. No 168, Home (Mis.). [1 a.]

EXEMPTIONS.—Empowering the — to the Inspector of European and Training Schools of the power to exempt teachers in European schools from the possession of the qualifications prescribed in article 44 of the Code of Regulations for European Schools
September 13, G.O. No. 694, Home (Education). [1 a.]

UNIVERSITY REGULATIONS.—Sanctioning certain alterations in the — relating to the constitution of the Syndicate.
September 6, G.O. No 949, Home (Education). [1 a.]

(*N.B.*—A copy of any of the foregoing papers can be obtained, on payment of the price noted in brackets against each, on application to the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras.)

L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 40.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 3, 1916. [Price, 2 as. 6 p.

Part I-A.—Local and Municipal.

APPOINTMENTS

Ootacamund, October 6, 1916.

No. 989.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Bantval Rama Baliga Avargal, L.M. & S., to be a member of the District Board of Cuddapah.

No. 990.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Guntur Suryanarayana Pantula Garu, B.A., and Mahrban-i-dostan Sri Viravara Todramal Janardana Thatraru Garu to be members of the District Board of Vizagapatam.

No. 991.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Sankara Ayyar Muttuswami Ayyar Avargal to be a municipal councillor of the municipality of Tuticorin.

No. 992.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 14 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council approves of the appointment, by election, of M.R.Sy. Kolachalam Ramachander Rao Garu as Chairman of the municipality of Bellary.

No. 993.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 14 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council approves of the appointment, by election, of M.R.Ry. Bangarampeta Pasupulati Devarajulu Nayudu Garu as Vice-Chairman of the municipality of Cuddapah.

No. 994.—In exercise of the power vested in him by section 14 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council approves of the appointment, by election, of K. Ala-ud-din Sahib Qadir Muhi-ud-din Sahib Bahadur as Vice-Chairman of the municipality of Erode.

NOTIFICATIONS

No. 995.—It is hereby notified under clause (ii) of sub-section (1) of section 24 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, that the Rev. F. L. Marlar, a member of the Gooty Taluk Board, having, without excuse sufficient in the opinion of the Governor in Council, neglected for more than three consecutive months to be present at the meetings of the Taluk Board, the Governor in Council is pleased to remove him from his membership of the same.

No. 996.—Under sections 6 and 122 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the villages of Manoorghat in the Walavanad taluk of the Malabar district and situated within the boundaries specified in the schedule below shall be constituted into the "Manoorghat union" for the purpose of the Act and directs that the provisions of the said Act regarding panchayats shall come into force in the said union with effect from 1st April 1917 and that the maximum number of members to be appointed to the panchayat shall, for the time being, be nine:—

SCHEDULE.

North.—Puyyanadam desam; S. Nos. 43, 40, 18 and 32/5 of Arakkurissi desam; Tenkara desam.

East.—Nellipuzha and Pukkunna desam.

South.—S. Nos. 15, 14, 17, 19, 19, 33, 27 and 31, of Pukkunna desam; and S. Nos. 1, 103, 56, 66, 67 of Perimbadari desam.

West.—Kuntipuzha.

No. 997.—Under section 63 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to exempt from and after 1st April 1917 all carriages, carts and animals owned by persons in the villages of Paniyur, Sokkanathaperur (alias Sokkalingapuram) and Ayampatti, in the Tirumangalam taluk of the Madura district from payment of tolls at the toll gate at mile 11/5 of road No 46 (Chekkanurani to Pallapatti) in that district.

No. 998.—The following draft order vesting in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments, Madras, the endowment consisting of certain immoveable properties known as "Koppu Vaidyanatha Ayyar's Charities", Trichinopoly taluk, is published. It will be taken into further consideration on or after 1st December 1916.

Draft order.

Whereas an application has been made under section 6 (1) of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, by M.R.Ry. M. Vaidyanatha Ayyar Avargal, a ryot of Koppu village, Trichinopoly taluk, that the items of immoveable property belonging to him and described in the schedule annexed hereto be vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments, Madras, the Governor in Council in exercise of his powers under section 4 (1) of the Act hereby directs that the endowment shall vest in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Madras and be held by him and his successors (subject to the provisions of the Charitable Endowments Act and to any rules which may from time to time be framed thereunder by the Governor-General of India in Council) upon trust for the purposes and subject to the conditions set forth in a scheme under section 5 of the Act for the administration of the endowment.

Schedule.

Number.	Kacji	Survey Number.	Survey Letter.	Extent. Acs.	Extent. Cts.	Assessment. Rs.	Assessment. A.	Assessment. P.	Remarks.
I	3rd Kani 1	53	D 1	1	13	7	12	0	Wet.
	4th " 1		D 2	1	24	8	11	0	"
II	2nd " 1	60	3 K 9	1	14	8	0	0	"
	3rd " 1	55	B 2	1	13	7	14	0	"
	11th and 5th " 2	58	E 2	2	32	16	4	0	"
	1st " 1	62	B 1	1	11	7	13	6	"
III	2nd " 1		B 2	1	10	7	5	0	"
	7th " ½	63	C 5	0	85	5	15	0	"
	8th " 1		C 4	1	18	7	15	0	"
	6th " 1		A 6	1	7	7	6	0	"
IV	4th " ½		C 1	0	45	2	2	0	"
V	" " ½		C 3	0	25	1	11	0	"
	3rd " 1	74	C 2	1	10	8	9	0	"
VI	1st " 1	72	1 A 2	1	24	8	11	0	"
	4th " ½		1 E 1	0	67	4	11	0	"
	" " ½		2 A 3	0	28	1	29	0	"
VII	1st " 1		1 A 1	1	47	8	3	0	"
	3rd " 1	16	C 2	1	5	7	5	0	"
	4th " 1		G 3	0	87	6	13	0	"
	5th " ½		D	0	49	3	0	3	"
VIII	2nd " 1		A 2	0	80	5	3	0	"
	3rd " 1		A 3	1	0	7	7	0	"
IX	West " 2	71	A 2	1	36	8	7	0	"
	East "		G 2	0	74	5	3	0	"
XI	1st " ½		1 A 1	0	84	3	14	0	"
	2nd " ½	79	1 A 2	0	93	4	1	0	"
						57	12	0	Water charge.
						16	2	0	Local cess.
	Total			25	17	230	0	0	

No. 999.—The following draft of a scheme under section 5 (1) of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, for the administration of the endowment referred to in Notification No. 998 supra is published. It will be taken into further consideration on or after 1st December 1916.

Draft scheme.

Whereas an application has been made under section 6 (1) of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, by M.R.Ry. M. Vaidyanatha Ayyar Avargal, a ryot of Koppu village, Trichinopoly taluk, for the settlement of a scheme for the administration of the endowment made by him and known as "Koppu Vaidyanatha Ayyar's Charities" the Governor in Council in exercise of his powers under section 5 (1) of the Act hereby directs that the endowment shall be administered by the Taluk Board of Trichinopoly subject to the following conditions :—

(i) The endowment will be called "Koppu Vaidyanatha Ayyar's Charities."

(ii) The Taluk Board shall lease out the endowed properties or arrange to realise the income thereof in any manner which it may find most suitable.

(iii) The income from the trust property, estimated at Rs. 1,275 per annum shall be applied for the objects mentioned below up to the limits noted against each after the Government dues, etc., on the lands as well as the cost of management of the trust, if any, are paid :—

		Rs.
(1)	Maintenance of a water-shed in Koppu village for three months in each year	150
(2)	Constructing of stone supports (samaitengiru) near the said water-shed and on important roads in all directions to a length of two miles therefrom	15
(3)	Sinking of a temporary well in Koppu village every year	50
(4)	Feeding the poor	270
(5)	Family pension	125
(6)	Festival to Ayyanar temple	35
(7)	Festival to Mathurbuthaswami at Trichinopoly	35
(8)	Abishekam to do. do.	60
(9)	Vedavyasa pujah	50
(10)	Festival to Sri Ranganathaswami at Jiyyapuram	50
	Total	840

(iv) The Taluk Board may, in its discretion, make any rules or issue any instructions in regard to the manner in which the income of the trust shall be utilized for the several purposes thereof and generally for all matters connected with the administration of the trust subject to the following conditions :—

(a) The amount referred to in item No. (5) (in clause (iii) above) is a fixed contribution to be paid to Soundari Ammal, sister of the donor during her lifetime and after her, to her son Subrahmanya Ayyar for his life and then to his eldest son or to the senior surviving son and so on and not to daughters. In the event of failure of any male heir, the amount should be added to the surplus fund referred to in clause (v) infra.

(b) The amount referred to in items Nos. (6) and (7) will be paid to the trustees of the Rock Fort temple on their furnishing a proper receipt with details of expenditure to the Taluk Board. The amounts referred to in items (8) to (10) will be paid to the donor or his heirs on a proper receipt.

(v) The balance, if any, out of the income from the lands after meeting the expenditure referred to in clauses (ii) and (iii) above will be kept as a reserve fund and utilized towards improvements of the lands comprised in the trust and also for such purposes as the Taluk Board may deem fit consistently with the terms of the deed creating the charitable endowment.

No. 1000.—Under sub-section (1) of section 256 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council directs the publication of the following alteration which it is proposed to make in rule 3 of the rules framed under clause (a) of sub section (1) of section 250 of the Act for the conduct of elections in municipalities and published under notification No. 1339, on pages 759 to 801 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 30th November 1915. Objections or suggestions in respect of the draft alteration will be received by the Government on or before the 15th November 1916. None received after that date will be considered.

Draft alteration.

Insert the following as clause (3) of rule 3 :—

"(3) Persons who are not British subjects or subjects of any State in India."

No. 1001.—Under sub-section (1) of section 256 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council directs the publication of the following alteration which it is proposed to make in rule 3 of the rules framed for the conduct of elections of chairmen of municipal councils. Objections or suggestions in respect of the draft alteration will be received by the Government on or before the 15th November 1916. None received after that date will be considered.

Draft alteration.

Add the following words at the end of the first sentence of rule 3 :—

"and shall, in every case, be a British subject or a subject of a State in India."

No. 1002.—Under section 145 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council directs the publication of the following alterations which it is proposed to make in rules 3 and 9 of the rules framed under sub-section (1) of section 141 of the Act for the conduct of elections of members of taluk boards and published under notification No. 1371 on pages 852 to 852 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 30th November 1915. Objections or suggestions in respect of the draft alterations will be received by the Government on or before the 15th November 1916. None received after that date will be considered.

Draft alterations.

(*a*) In rule 3 *insert* the following as clause (3) —

"(3) Persons who are not British subjects or subjects of any State in India."

(*b*) In rule 9, *alter* the fullstop at the end of clause (*g*) into a semicolon and *add* the word "or."

(*c*) *Insert* the following as new clause (*h*):—

"(*h*) is not a British subject or a subject of any State in India."

No. 1003.—In exercise of the power vested in him by sub-section (2) of section 75 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to rescind so much of notification No. 137 published at page 72 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 1st February 1916, as relates to the levy of the water and drainage tax in the localities known as Mettupatti and Mettarajapatti in the town of Dindigul situated within the limits, respectively specified below :—

Mettupatti	.. ..	*North.*—Pallapatti channel. *East.*—Fifth ward limit. *South.*—Municipal limit. *West.*—S. Nos. 836, 884, 885, 890, 1238, 944-1, 957, 957 958, 952, 955, 965, 958, 967, 968, 966, 970 and 1964.
Mettarajapatti	.. ..	*North.*—Municipal limit. *East.*—Municipal limit and S. No. 1676. *South.*—S. Nos. 1643, 1644, 1642, 1618, 1641, 1689, 1694, 1698, 1699, 1700, 1702, 1709, 1711, 1722 and 1493. *West.*—S. Nos. 1475, 1474, 1472, 1471, 1470, 1119, 1120, 1121, 1122, 1123 and 1128.

Octavemand, September 22, 1916

No. 1004.—Under sub-section (2) of section 166 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that vaccination shall be compulsory in the undermentioned villages in the South Canara district from and after 1st October 1916 :—

Name of village.	Taluk.	Name of village.	Taluk.
1. Pavuru ..	Kasaragod.	12. Kudipadi ..	Uppinangadi.
2. Majibailu ..		13. Padnur (near Puttur)	
3. Mudambailu ..		14. Zannaru ..	
4. Shiriya ..		15. Chikmudnuru ..	
5. Ichlampadi ..		16. Kebaka ..	
6. Edamdu ..		17. Ullamogaru ..	
7. Shiriyagila ..		18. Kariya ..	
8. Patla ..		19. Narimogar ..	
9. Kodkat ..		20. Kodumbadi ..	
10. Tiori ..		21. Ballipadi ..	
11. Padukal ..			

ERRATA

Octavemand, October 3, 1916.

In column 1 of the schedule appended to the notification No. 838, published on page 450 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 15th August 1916, relating to the acquisition of land for the formation of a pathway to Vedaga street in the village of Adiramputtam in the Pattukkottai taluk, Tanjore district, *after* the words "wet" and "temple poramboke" *add* "S. No. 154-1" and "S. No. 152" respectively.

In column 2 of the schedule appended to the notification No. 748, published at page 403 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 18th July 1916, relating to the acquisition of land required for the formation of a road in Manikkapangu village, in the Mayavaram taluk, Tanjore district, against Government dry No. 41 B—

For "Rathan Chetti" *substitute* "Kattan Chetti".

ACQUISITION OF LAND.

No. 1005.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring '025 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a latrine at Dharmahkedi; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ramnad, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ramnad, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or pramboke, with survey or paimash number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up	Extent to be taken up.
Ramnad District, Ramnad taluk, Rameswaram (Dhanushkodi) village.			
Zamindari, dry ..	The Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad for both the warrants.	North and east, Ramachandrapuram and sandy waste; south, relinquished land of the South Indian Railway Company in possession of the Revenue department; west, Kamnad mandapam and sandy waste	ACRE. 0 025

No. 1006.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 15 cents, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a Mahammadan School at Tellanara; and, under sections 8 and 7, the Deputy Collector, Gooty, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Deputy Collector, Gooty, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or pramboke, with survey or paimash number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Anantapur district, Tadpatri taluk, Tellanara village.			
Dry, S. No. 419 ..	Allisa, son of Khaja Sahib ..	North, S. No. 420, east, S. No. 414; south, S. No. 418; west, S. No. 412	CENTS 15

No. 1007.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 2 acres and 9,716 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a rubbish depot in Mannargudi town; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mannargudi, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the said officer and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or pramboke, with survey or paimash number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Tanjore district, Mannargudi taluk, No. 135, Kandiam village.			Acs. sq. ft.
Govt., dry, T.S. No. 2841.	T. Ramanuja Ayyangar, S. Ramanuja Ayyangar, V. Tiruvengadaswami Ayyangar, V. Rajagopala Ayyangar, V. Ramanuja Ayyangar and Panchadevi Animal guardian to minor Raghava Ashari.	North, T.S. No. 2818, east, T.S. No. 2841; south, T.S. No. 2808 2; west, T.S. Nos. 2804 and 2802.	0 35,539
Do. No. 2800-2.	Do. do.	North, T.S. No. 2801, east, T.S. No. 2842; south, T.S. Nos. 2800-1, 2799, 3244 and 3240; west, T.S. No. 2809	2 19,533
		Total ..	2 9,716

No. 1008.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 2·05 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a Railway feeder road; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ongole, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ongole, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or patnambu, with survey or paimash number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
		Guntur district, Ongole taluk, Karamadi village	
			Acs.
Enfranchised personal inam, dry, S. No. 82-3.	Enjoyer, Pasupati Venkataryudu ..	North, No. 86 A; east, No. 82-2, south, No. 84 A, west, No. 84-3.	0·02
Govt., dry, S. No. 84 A-2.	Enjoyers, Polavarapu Lingayya, Polavarapu Varayya and Nallapaneni Subbayya.	North, Nos. 86-2 and 82-1; east, Nos. 84 A & B; south, No. 113 A; west, No. 84 A-1 and 84 B.	1·00
Do. No. 86-1.	Patladar and enjoyer, Yaka Nassi Reddi.	North and east, No. 89 A, south, No. 86-2, west, No. 84 B.	0·25
Unenfranchised village service Parchit service inam, S. No. 84 A-3.	Parchit service inam enjoyers in the portion taken up; Nelabhotla Venkata Subbayya, Ramakrishnayya, Subrahmanyam, Adinarayana, Narasimhayya, minor Anganavula and Sivanadu represented by their mat and guardian Subba Lakshmamma, widow of Subrahmanya Ayya.	North and east, No. 84 A-3, south, No. 84-1, west, Nos. 85-1, 85-2 and 85 B.	0·76
		Total ..	2·15

No. 1009.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 2,070 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a sewerage lane in the Brahman street at Gopalasamudram; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Sub-Collector, Sermadevi, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Sermadevi, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or patnambu, with survey or paimash number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
		Tinnevelly district, Ambasamudram taluk, Gopalasamudram village	
			Sq. Ft.
Private, nallam patta bake, S.No. 264-1 and 265-1.	G. S. Tirumalai Ayyangar (plot A).	North, No. 267; east and south, Nos. 264-1 and 264-1; west, plot B.	154
Do.	Alamelu Ammalu (plot B) ..	North, No. 267; east, plot A; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1 west, plot C.	130
Do.	Viswesvara Ayyar (plot C) ..	North, No. 267; east, plot B; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1, west, plot D.	127
Do.	Srinivasa Ayyangar (plot D) .	North, No. 267; east, plot C; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1, west, plot E.	137
Do.	Srinivasaguyala Ayyangar (plot E).	North, No. 267; east, plot D; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1, west, plot F.	103
Do.	Srinivasa Sundaram Ayyangar (plot F).	North, No. 267, east, plot E; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1; west, plot G.	136
Do.	Sankara Ayyar (plot G)	North, No. 267, east, plot F; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1, west, plot H.	46
Do.	Sethammal (plot H)	North, No. 267, east, plot G; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1, west, plot I.	74
Do.	Karuppali Ammal (plot I) ..	North, No. 267, east, plot H; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-2; west, plot J.	46
Do	Krishna Ammal (plot J) ..	North, No. 267 east, plot I; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1, west, plot K.	50
Do.	R. Lakshminarayana Ayyar (plot K).	North, No. 267; east, plot J; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1, west, plot L.	99
Do.	V. Lakshmiparayana Ayyar (plot L).	North, No. 267; east, plot K; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1, west, plot M.	99
Do.	C. K. Chidambaram Ayyar (plot M).	North, No. 267; east, plot L; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1, west, plot N.	133
Do.	Krishna Ayyar (plot N) ..	North, No. 267 east, plot M; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1; west, plot O.	88
Do.	NIlakanta Ayyar (plot O) .	North No. 267; west, plot N; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1, west, plot P.	87
Do.	Lakshmi Ammal (plot P) ..	North, No. 267 east, plot O; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1; west, plot Q.	90
Do.	Umamaheswara Ayyar (plot Q).	North, No. 267; east, plot P; south, Nos. 264-1 and 264-1; west, plot R.	122
Do.	V. Sundaram Ayyar (plot R) ..	North, No. 267, east plot Q, south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1; west, plot S.	143
Do.	P. Srinivasa Ayyangar (plot S) .	North, No. 267, east, plot R; south, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1; west, plot T.	140
Do.	Ponnammal (plot T)	North, No. 267; east, plot S; south and west, Nos. 264-1 and 265-1.	77
		Total ..	2,070

No. 1010.—Under section 3 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·09 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of the site of the Taluk Board School at Karungalakkudi village, Melur taluk, Madura district; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Tahsildar of Melur is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar of Melur and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or pormboke, with survey or puimash number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Madura district, Melur taluk, Karungalakkudi village.			
			ACRE.
Dry, No. 864 A-1 A.	Palanivelu, son of Theodi Manjugatan.	North, No. 864 C; east, No. 686 A-2; south, No. 864 A-1 C, west, No. 864 B.	0 07
Do. No. 864 A-1 B.	Do. do.	North and east, No. 865 A, south and west, No. 864 A-1 C.	0·02
		Total .	0 09

No. 1011.—Under section 3 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 4·03 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the extension of Anaiyampatti village-site and a road leading to it; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Salem, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Salem, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or pormboke, with survey or puimash number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Salem district, Attur taluk, Anaiyampatti village.			
			ACR.
Govt., dry, S. No. 249-3	Arumugam	North, remaining portion of S. No. 249, east, S. No. 249-2, south, S No. 252, west, S No. 251.	0 02
Do. No. 251 ..	Pattadar, Vennilahelum; owner, R Mutterswami Ayyar	North, S No. 250; east, S No. 248, south, S No 253, west, S. No. 252-2.	1 02
Do. No 252-2.	Vaidi Chetti, Mutterswami Ayyar, mortgagee	North, S No. 253, east, S No. 251, south S. No 251, west, S No 252-3.	1 06
Do. No 252-3.	Pattadar Panchait, owner, Muttuswami Chettiar Vytina Chetti and Chidambara Mudaliyar, mortgagee	North, S No. 252-2, east, S. No. 251-2; south, S. No 253; west, S. No. 252-1.	0 04
Do. No. 252-1.	Velayudhan, Rangan and Kandan ..	North, S No. 252-1; east, S. No 252-3; south, S No 251, west, S No. 251-2	0·10
Do. No. 251-2.	Pattadars, Muttuswami, Palani (deceased), Solai, Vayyapuri and Arunachalam, sujayes. Muttuswami, Velayudhan, Solai, Vayyapuri Arunachalam and Marudamuttu	North, S No 252-2, east, S No. 251-2; south, S. No. 252; west, S. No 251-1	0·14
Do. No. 251-1	Pattadars, Muttuswami Chetti (deceased) and Arumuga Chetti (detained): owners, Subrahmanya Chetti and Muttuswami Ayyar, mortgagee	North, S. No. 251-1; east, S. No. 251-2; south, S No 252; west, S No. 252-5.	0 10
Do. No. 252-5	Pattadars, Tirumalaikonan and Konara Nayakan; owner, Tirumalaiconan	North, S. No, 252-5; east, S. No. 251-1, south, S. No. 252, west, S. No 252-4	0·04
Do No 252-4.	Pattadar, Arunachala Asari, owners, Ellamuttu Asari and Saravana Asari.	North, S. No. 252-4; east, S No. 252-5; south, S. No. 252; west, S No. 252-1	0 05
Do. No. 252-1.	Pattadar, Ramakandan Chetti (deceased); owner, Ponnambala Chetti.	North, S. No. 252-1; east, S. No. 252-4; south, S. No. 252, west, S No. 253	0·10
Do. No. 253 ..	Pattadars, Pillai Nayakan Chetti, Arunagiri Chetti, Muttu, Arumuga Nayakan (deceased), Konara Nayakan, Chidambara Nayakan and Vedagiri Chetti; owners, Pillai Nayakan, Chetti, Arunagiri Chetti, Palani Nayakan, Anjaram, Muttu, Ramaswami Nayakan and Palanimuttu.	North, S. No. 252; east, S No. 252-1 and 252; south, S No. 256 and houses; west, remaining portion of S. No. 253.	0 26
		Total ..	4 03

No. 1012.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 7,930·9 square yards be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for improvements to the Municipal hospital, Rajahmundry; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Rajahmundry, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Rajahmundry, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or parumboke, with survey or patnam number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
	Godavari district, Rajahmundry taluk, Rajahmundry village.		Sq. yds.
Village-site, Ary, No. 414-A.	K. V. S. Ramachandra Rao Garu, K. V. S. Venkatrayudu Garu, Mandati Ramayya having died his son Subba Rao, B. Jaggu Rao Garu, K. Ashayamma, Yagnam Viraraju and K. Kanamma.	North, east, south and west, No. 414-A.	673·1
Do.	Door No. 1070 Kandula Venkataraya-yya.	Do. do.	250·3
Do.	Door No. 1069 G. Narasimha Rao ..	Do. do.	114·1
Do.	Do. No. 1068 G. Venkadayya ..	Do. do.	326·5
Do.	Do. No. 1067 G. Narasimha Rao	Do. do.	49·3
Do.	Do. No. 1066 Pavala Subbamma ..	Do. do.	161·4
Do.	Do. No. 1065 A. Balaga Viraswami ..	Do. do.	167·0
Do.	Do. No. 1064 Kandula Abbulu ..	Do. do.	110·4
Do.	Do. No. 988 Namana Krishnamma ..	Do. do.	396·7
Do.	Do. No. 824 Mamu Papamma, wife of Venkatambayya.	Do. do.	105·0
Do.	Door No. 935, Bokka Maridayya ..	Do. do.	42·0
Do.	Do. No. 935 B. Bokka Maridayya and Chilukuri Viraswami	Do. do.	9·6
Do.	Door No. 936 A. Chilakala Viraswami.	Do. do.	82·7
Do.	Do. No. 936 Medapati Nagamma	Do. do.	44·0
Do.	Do. No. 936 A. Mamu Sanyasamma	Do. do.	88·0
Do.	Do. No. 934 Yarramreddi Kanthayya.	Do. do.	80·0
Do.	Do. No. 933 Pilli Krishnamma ..	Do. do.	277·6
Do.	Do. No. 793 (a) Pilli Krishnamma and Gandesi Venkanna.	Do. do.	16·7
Do.	Door No. 874, Gandesi Venkanna ..	Do. do.	207·1
Do.	Do. No. 873 (b) Gandesi Venkanna ..	Do. do.	47·3
Do.	Do. No. 871 Ugadesi Chinna Appala-swami.	Do. do.	49·3
Do.	Do. No. 873 Gandesi Nagamma and G. Ramanna.	Do. do.	90·4
Do.	Door No. 919 Gandesi Venkanna ..	Do. do.	7·0
Do.	Do. No. 873 (c) Gandesi Venkanna ..	Do. do.	92·1
Do.	Do. No. 942 Jami Swami ..	Do. do.	20·3
Do.	Do. No. 941 Pilli Nukalu	Do. do.	45·9
Do.	Do. No. 969 Pilli Krishnamma ..	Do. do.	49·4
Do.	Do. No. 970 Kadam Suramma ..	Do. do.	82·4
Do.	Do. No. 441 V. Venkateswami and V. Maridayya.	Do. do.	281·0
Do.	Door No. 440 V. Maridayya	Do. do.	175·8
Do.	Do. No. 442 Vannesetti Maridayya, purchaser of Bangari Venkateswami's site.	Do. do.	39·3
Do.	Door No. 448 Arsi Bangadu ..	Do. do.	79·0
Do.	Do. Nos. 446, 447, 448 (a), 444, 1227, 1225, 1226, 1224 and 1223, Bangari Swami Bangari Ramaswami having died his wife Naka, Bangari Nagamma having died his son Ramaswami and Bangati Vrigadu.	Do. do.	8,842·7
Do.	Door No. 1229 Bobbili Venkateswami-gadu having died his son Venkateswami-gadu, Bobbili Vrigadu having died his sons Viranaikadu, Vira Appala-swamigadu being minors their mother Appi, Ramanaidugadu and Rangaru, Bobbili Rahu being in Cocanada, his son Balagiri gadu.	Do. do.	198·9
Do.	Door No. 997 Bobbili Vrigadu having died his sons Viranaikadu, Vira Appa-laswamigadu being minors their mother and guardian Appi.	Do. do.	170·3
		Total ..	7,930·9

No. 1013.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·05 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a latrine near the dry fish-stall in the Madura municipality; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Tahsildar of Madura is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar of Madura and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or puramboke, with survey or poramah number	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Madura District, Madura taluk, Sikkampatti-I village.			
Dry, T.S. No. 12(3-1)	Kanniyadi Alagiriswami ..	North and east, remaining portion of T.S. No. 12(3-1; south, path; west, Arappandi channel bund.	acres. 0·01

No. 1014.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 6 cents, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a local fund school at Saitili; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Tahsildar of Parlakimedi is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Tahsildar of Parlakimedi and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or puramboke, with survey or poramah number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Ganjam District, Parlakimedi taluk, Saitili village.			cents.
House-site	Vunna Guramurti, Vaddi Kurmanaya-kulu, Vaddi Narayanamma and Vaddi Vaikuntam.	North, backyard of Guni Kurmayya; east, house-site of Vyda Ashchigadu; south, local fund road, west, house of Vunna Guramurti and vacant site of Vaddi Kurmanayakulu.	2
Do. . .	Mangali Vyda Ashchigadu	North, backyard of Sannapuri Gouru; east, vacant site of Telapudi Chandrigadu; south, local fund road; west, house of Vunna Guramurti and vacant site of said Kurmanayakulu.	2
Do. ..	Mangali Telapudi Chandrigadu ..	North, backyard of Sannapuri Somam; east, vacant site of board school; south, local fund road; west, house-site of Mangali Vyda Ashchigadu.	2
		Total ..	6

No. 1015.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 1,487 square links, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for constructing a wall at Ottanpalam; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Malappuram, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Malappuram, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or puramboke, with survey or poramah number	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Malabar district, Walluvanad taluk, Ottappalam amsam, desom Tekkumuri desom.			sq. links.
Occupied, dry, portion of S. No. 90-5	Jenmi, Vengerinmankkal Vasudevan Namboodiri; occupier, Panikka Vettil-Seva.	North and east S. No. 90-5; south, S. No. 92-3; west, S. No. 90-4.	734
Occupied, dry, portion of S. No. 91-3	Jenmi, Government; pattadar and occupier, Panikka Vettil Seva.	North, S. Nos. 90-5 and 90-4; east, south and west, S. No. 91-3	235
Occupied, dry portion of S. No. 90-4	Jenmi, Otappalam Manakkal Krishnankan Nambudirippad; occupier, Ambala Kudavatti Avidan.	North, S. No. 90-4; east, S. No. 90-5; south S. No. 91-3; west, S. No. 90-4.	169
		Total ..	1,487

No. 1015.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 201 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for widening the main bazaar road in the Vaniyambadi municipality; and, under sections 8 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tirappattur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tirappattur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or poramboke, with survey or pahaish number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
North Arcot district, Tirappattur taluk, Ambur pl, Vaniyambadi Town.			
Village-site, poramboke, T.S. No. 1144 block No. 19, and No. 1.	M. Abdul Sukkur Sahib ..	North, T.S. No. 147; east, T.S. Nos. 747 and 1145; south, T.S. No. 1143; west, T.S. No. 982.	sq. ft. 201

No. 1017.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 78 518 cents, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of a municipal secondary school, Tiruvannamalai; and, under sections 8 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tiruvannamalai, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tiruvannamalai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or poramboke, with survey or pahaish number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
North Arcot district, Tiruvannamalai taluk, Tiruvannamalai village.			
Village-site, S. No 158 A.	P. S. Manuswami Chetti, agent of the Vanya Vaisyas and A. V. Balasubramanya Chetti.	North, Kasi Chetti thalium; east, house of Xandan and others, Kalambai Reddi Naicker, and municipal land; south, house of Arunachala Chetti; west, Car street.	cents. 78·518

No. 1019.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 1 cent, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a latrine in the Tenali municipality; and, under sections 8 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tenali, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tenali, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or poramboke, with survey or pahaish number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
Guntur district, Tenali taluk, Tenali village.			
Govt., wet, No. 872-3 A.	Tamulari Sankara Rao ..	North, No. 811 A-3, east, No. 872 A-1 A, south, No. 872-3 B; west, No. 872 2.	ACRE. R. CS. 0 03
Do. No. 872 A-1 A.	Tamulari Sankara Rao, Yerramsetti Subbayya, Yerramsetti Anjayya and Sankam Rajamma.	North, No. 871, east and south, No. 872 A-1 B; west, No. 872-3 A.	0 97
		Total ..	1

No. 1019.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 3·15 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the formation of a road to Umayavati village; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mayavaram, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2 A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mayavaram, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, town or poramboke, with survey or patnaik number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
			acs.
Tanjore district, Shiyali taluk, No. 20, Umayavati village.			
Wet, No. 59 A-2 ..	Ramaswami Chettiyar ..	North, No. 67, east, No. 59 A-1, south, No. 59 B, west, Nos. 60 and 76.	0·17
Do. No. 59 C-2 ..	Do. ..	North, No. 67 B, east, No. 59 C-1; south, No. 74; west, No. 76.	0·03
Do. No. 74 B ..	Do. ..	North, No. 59, east, No. 74 A, south, No. 95, west, No. 76.	0·34
Do. No. 86 A-2 ..	Do. ..	North, No 59; east, No. 84 A-2; south, No. 87; west, No 88 A-2.	0·28
Do. No. 87 B ..	Do. ..	South, No. 95, easement south, No. 67 A; west, No. 88.	0·03
Do. No. 114 B ..	Do. ..	North, No 117, east, No. 114 A, south, No. 122, west, No. 113.	0·21
Do. No. 122 B ..	Do. ..	North, No. 122; east, No. 122 A; south, No. 121; west, No. 132 C.	0 12
Do. No. 131 B ..	Do. ..	North, No. 132; east, No. 131 A; south, No. 140; west, No 131 C	0·18
Do. No. 148 B ..	Do. ..	North, No. 149; east, No 148 A; south, No. 145; west, No. 149.	0·27
Do. No. 159 A-2 B.	Ratnam Pillai	North, No 148; east, No. 159 C-2, south, No. 177, west, No 159 A-1.	0 33
Do. C-2 ..	Ranganathaswami	North, No. 148; east and south, No. 159 C-1; west, No. 159 A-2 B.	0·01
Do. No. 177 B-2 ..	Nataraja Pillai	North, No 178; east, No. 177 B-1, south, No. 178, west, No. 177 C-1.	0·04
Dry, No 179 B ..	Durkhasami Mudaliyar ..	North, No. 178, east, No. 180; south, No 181; west, No. 178	0·13
Wet, No. 185 A-2 ..	Subbapathi Pillai	North and east, No. 181, south, No. 185 B-2; west, No. 185 A-1.	0 01
Do. No 185 B-2 ..	Do.	North, No. 185 A-2, east, No. 181; south, No. 185 C-2; west, No. 185 B-1	0·02
Do No 185 C-2 ..	Thambuswami Pillai	North, No. 185 B-2, east, No. 181, south, No. 185 D-1, west, No. 185 C-1.	0 02
Do. No. 185 D-2 ..	Singaram Pillai	North, No. 185 C-2, east, No. 181; south, No. 185 E-2; west, No 185 D-1.	0 02
Do. No. 185 E-2 ..	Do.	North, No. 185 D-2; east, No 181, south, No. 186, west No 185 E-1.	0 03
Do. No. 186 B ..	Duraiswami Mudaliyar ..	North, No. 186, east, No. 187, south, No. 188, west, No 185 A.	1·39
Do. No. 188 A-2 ..	Do. ..	North, No. 186, east, No. 181; south, Kuhavasal; west, No. 185 A-1.	0·09
Kuhavasal village.			
Wet, No 230 E-2 ..	Kulla Tevan	North, Umayavati; east and south, No 230, west, No. 230 C-2.	0·01
Do. No. 230 C-2 ..	Do.	North, Umayavati, east, No 230 C-1; south, No. 230 B-1, west No. 230 D-2.	0·01
Do. No. 230-B 2 ..	Vetha Lakshmiammal ..	North, Umayavati; east, No. 230-C 2, south, No. 230-E 2; west, No. 230-D 1.	0 07
Do. No. 230-A 2	Kulla Tevan	North, No. 230-D 2; east, No. 230-E 1; south, No. 207; west, No 230-E 2.	0 06
Do. No 230-E 4 ..	Uthiral Ammal	North, No 230-E 3, east, No. 207, south, Nos. 206 and 207; west, No. 231.	0·13
Do. No. 231-A 2 ..	Do.	North, No 231-A-1, east, No. 206, south, No. 206; west, No 230-C 2.	0 06
Do. No. 231-B 2 ..	Duraiswami Mudaliyar ..	North, No 231 B 1, east, No. 231-A 2; south, No. 205, west, No. 232.	0·06
Do. No. 239-A 2 ..	Ranganatha Ayyar	North, No. 239, east, No 244; south No. 239-B 2; west, No. 239-A 1.	0 01
Do. No. 239-B 2 ..	Do.	North, No 239-A 2, east, No. 244, south, No. 239-C 2, west, No. 239-B 1.	0·01
Do. No 239-C 2 ..	Do.	North No. 239-B 2; east, No 244; south, No. 239-D 2; west, No. 239-C 1.	0 01
Do. No. 239-D 2 ..	Do.	North, No 239-C 2, east, No. 244; south, No. 239-E 2; west, No 239-D 1.	0·01
Do. No. 239-E 2 ..	Do.	North, No. 239-D 2; east, No. 243; south, No. 243, west, No. 239-E 1.	0·24
		Total ..	3·15

No. 1020.—Under section 6, of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 1·85 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a road leading to the quarries at Melasur; and,

under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chingleput, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chingleput, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE

Description of land, wet or dry, tank or poramboke, with survey or puimash number.	Name of owner or occupier	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
	Chingleput District, Conjeevaram taluk, No. 137, Maiwar village.		acre
Dry, No. 274-1 ..	P. Papayya Nayudu ..	North, No. 272; east, No. 273-1; south, No. 274-2; west, No. 271.	0·13
Do. No. 273-1 ..	P. Chinnayya Nayudu ..	North, No. 276; east, No. 279-4 B and 6 A; south, No. 273-2; west, No. 274-1.	0·94
Do. No. 279-6 A ..	Boyanna Nayudu ..	North, No. 279-4 B; east and south, No. 279-6 B; west, No. 273-1.	0·02
Do. No. 279-4 B ..	M. Santhayya Nayudu ..	North, No. 279-1 B and 4 A; east, No. 279-4 C; south, Nos. 279-4 C and 273-6 A; west, Nos. 273-1 and 2-B.	2·49
Do. No. 279-1 B ..	M. Arulayya Nayudu ..	North, No. 324-3 B; east, No. 279-1 C; south, No. 279-1 B; west, No. 279-1 A.	2·12
Do. No. 324-3 B ..	Do. ..	North, No. 313; east, No. 324-3 C; south, No. 279-1 B; west, No. 324-3 A.	0·80
Do. No. 319-2 ..	N. G. Saranyya Nayudu ..	North, No. 313-2; east, No. 319-3; south, No. 320; west, No. 319-1.	0·16
Do. No. 313-2 ..	Do. ..	North, No. 314-2 east, No. 316-3; south, No. 319-2; west, No. 313-1.	0·21
Do. No. 314-2 ..	Papayya Nayudu	North, No. 314-2; east, No. 324-3; south, No. 313-2; west, No. 314-1.	0·17
Do. No. 313-2 ..	Thiruvengada Dasari	North, No. 316; east, No. 316-3; south, No. 314-2; west, No. 313-1.	1·04
		Total ..	7 62

No. 1221.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·39127 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a pathway to the Hindu burial and burning ground at Begalur; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ramnad, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ramnad, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, tank or poramboke, with survey or puimash number.	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
	Ramnad District, Tiruvaigandi taluk, Begalur village.		acre.
I wet, tank ..	Kudiyaranmdar and melvaramdar, Sundari Ammal	North, Parayan thidal, east, remaining portion of Sundari Ammal's field, south, plot II, west, Muttu Ravuttan's field	0·05136
II Do. ..	Do. do.	North, plot I and Sundari Ammal's field remaining portion, east, remaining portion of Sundari Ammal's field and Sankara Ayyar's field, south, Sendamadai Ravuttan's field and plot III; west, Sendamadai Ravuttan's field and Muttu Ravuttan's field.	0·08213
III wet, poramboke.	Kudiyaramdar, Sendamadai Ravuttan; melvaramdar, the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad	North, plot II; east, Sankara Ayyar's field; south, plot IV, west, Sendamadai Ravuttan's field remaining portion.	0·04520
IV Do. ..	Do. do.	North, plot III and Sankara Ayyar's field, east, Sankara Ayyar's field, south, plot V and Sengamalathammal's field, west, Sendamadai Ravuttan's field remaining portion.	0·09765
V wet, tank ..	Kudiyaramdar and melvaramdar, Sengamalathammal.	North, plot IV; east, Sengamalathammal's field remaining portion; south, plot VI; west, Sengamalathammal's field remaining portion	0·09059
VI Do. ..	Kudiyaramdar and melvaramdar, Saghava Ayyangar.	North, plot V; east, Saghava Ayyangar's field remaining portion; south, plot VII, west, Nagamuni's field and Brahman burning-ground.	0·04369
VII Do. ..	Do. do	North, plot VI and Raghava Ayyangar's field remaining portion, east, plot VIII; south, Madar Ravuttan's field, west, Brahman burial ground.	0·02969
VIII wet, poramboke.	Kudiyaramdar, Marimuthu Asari, Kalimuthu, Iruiya and Chamukha Asari; melvaramdar the Hon'ble the Raja of Ramnad.	North, remaining portion of Marimuthu Asari's field, east, remaining portion of Marimuthu Asari's field and non-Brahman burning-ground, south, remaining portion of Marimuthu Asari's field; west, plot VII and remaining portion of Marimuthu Asari's field.	0·09184
		Total ..	0·39127

No. 1022.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned in the following schedule and measuring 0·47 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Chuklers in the Chidambaram municipality to carry on their trade; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chidambaram, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

2. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Chidambaram, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

SCHEDULE.

Description of land, wet or dry, inam or peramboke, with survey or puramah number	Name of owner or occupier.	Boundaries of the land required to be taken up.	Extent to be taken up.
South Arcot District, Chidambaram taluk, Parangaraiyanellur village.			
Dry, inam, S F No. 51 B	Sri Tillai Govindaraja Perumal: Enjoyer—Trustee for the time being Rangayaru Nayakan of Melmangalli.	North, Singarattottamangu village; east, Chidambaram village; south and west, S F No. 51 A (in part sub-division).	ACRE. 0·47

O. G. TODHUNTER,
Acting Secretary to Government.

(Plague)

NOTIFICATIONS

Ootacamund, October 3, 1916.

No. 180-*P.*—In modification of notification No. 156-P., published on pages 436-438 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 22nd September 1916, the following revised lists of plague-infected areas and of notification stations are published:—

A.—PLAGUE-INFECTED AREAS.

I.—In the Madras Presidency.

District.	Taluk.	Village or town.	District.	Taluk.	Village or town.
Anantapur.	Hindupur ..	Parigi.		Dharapuram ..	Dharapuram.
Madakasira ..	Kodigenahalli.		Erode ..	Erode.	
Arcot, North.	Tirupattur ..	Peramapattu.		Gobichettipalaiyam.	Punjai Pallampatti.
	Vellore ..	Ambur town.			Alahalli.
		Adivi Kyadigihalli.			Dasagere.
		Ittiri.			Gundegalam.
		Kudiabalu.			Harale.
	Hadagalli ..	Kannihalli.			Hondarhalu.
		Mahapanadahalli.			Hosamalinge.
		Morigere.			Ikkadahalli.
		Somna.			Kannur.
		Alaburu.			Kollegal.
		Arashikeri.			Kongaralli.
		Chiratahalli.		Kollegal ..	Madavanalli.
Bellary ..		Gajaparam.			Mangalam.
	Harpanahalli.	Hirisegalageri			Mudukundam.
		Kadati.			Palaiyam.
		Kanganahesaru.			Saragur.
		Madduru.	Coimbatore—west.		Singanallur.
		Muravanakallahalli.			Sittaiyanapuram.
		Nandibevaru.			Tagarapuram.
		Ramaghatta.			Teramballi.
		Tilgi.			Timmarajapuram.
	Kudligi ..	Kuditinamaggi.			Andipalayam.
		Alandurai.			Arasur.
		Kalappanayakkanpalaiyam.			Elavandi.
		Kalappatti.			Kandampalaiyam.
		Kalikamayakkanpalaiyam.			Kannampalaiyam.
		Kovendanpalaiyam.			Karuppudur.
	Coimbatore.	Kumarapalaiyam.			Kottanur.
		Paluvapatti.		Palladam ..	Krishnapuram.
Coimbatore.		Telungupalaiyam.			Mangalam.
		Tondamuttur.			Oddarpalaiyam.
		Vadivalli.			Pidampalli.
		Vedapatti.			Semmipalaiyam.
		Vellalur.			Senjeri Puttur.
		Virakeralam.			Sukkampalaiyam.
					Tirappur.

I.—In the Madras Presidency—cont.

District.	Taluk	Village or town	District.	Taluk.	Village or town.
Coimbatore—*cont.*	Palladam—*cont.*	Tottipalaiyam.	Salem ..	Attur ..	Munjani.
		Ugayanur.			Peddanayakkampalaiyam.
		Vavipalaiyam.			Sokkadipatti.
		Arulappampatti.		Dharmapuri.	Lalgam.
		Bodipalaiyam.			Mukkanahalli.
		Devampadi.			Attanadiram.
		Kaniyalampalaiyam.			Bagalur.
		Periya Naganam.			Hallapalli.
		Pallachi.			Hogopalli.
		Pannapuram.			Belattur.
		Rangasamudram.			Bunnamangalam.
	Pallachi ..	Sandirapuram.			Denkanikota.
		Sattiyakkapalaiyam.			Jayavadi.
		Singanallur.			Karandahalli.
		Sinnampalaiyam.			Komarapalli.
		Sinna Naganam.			Kottagondapalli.
		Sotaipalaiyam.			Kottur.
		Saleswarampatti.			Madivalam.
		Talakkarai.		Hosur ..	Nattigiri.
		Unjavelampatti.			Nattigiri Remount.
		Uttukuli.			Morasur.
		Ganapatipalaiyam.			Mukondapalli.
		Kanakkampalaiyam.			Muttugunapalli.
	Udumalpet	Kannamanayakkanur.			Nagondapalli.
		Komaralingam.			Nogenur.
		Pallapalaiyam.			Pithamathagondapalli.
		Udumalpet.			Sattanur.
Madura ..	Palni ..	Kalayamputhur.			Talkottanur.
		Neykkarapatti.		Omalur ..	Nangavalli.
		Periyakalayamputhur.			Vanavasi.
Nilgiris, the	Coonoor .	Coonoor		Salem ..	Rasipuram.
				Tiruchengodu.	Komarapalaiyam.
			South Canara	Mangalore ..	Mangalore

II.—Outside the Madras Presidency.

Presidency or Province.	Infected localities. Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.	Presidency or Province.	Infected localities. Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.
Mysore ..	The whole province.	II. Bombay—*cont.*	(*b*) Towns and parts—
II. Bombay.	1. *Northern Division*—		Bankot.
	(*a*) Districts—		Hubli.
	Surat.		Ratnagiri.
	Thana.		Thal.
	(*b*) Towns and ports—		4. *Sind*—
	Bandra.		Town and port—
	Bhiwndi.		Karachi.
	Bombay.		5. *Political Charge*—
	Surat.		States and Agencies—
	Thana.		Akalkot State.
	2. *Central Division*—		Baroda State.
	(*a*) Districts—		Bijapur Agency.
	Ahmednagar.		Kathiawar Agency.
	Poona.		Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country.
	Satara.		Mangrol Port.
	Sholapur.		Rewa Kantha Agency.
	West Khandesh.		Satara Agency.
	(*b*) Town—		Savanur State.
	Poona.	III. Bihar and Orissa.	Districts—
	3. *Southern Division*—		Darbhanga.
	(*a*) Districts—		Monghyr.
	Belgaum.		Muzaffarpur.
	Bijapur.		Patna.
	Dharwar.		Saran.
	Kanara.		
	Ratnagiri.		

II.—*Outside the Madras Presidency*—*contd.*

Presidency or Province.	Infected localities. Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants	Presidency or Province.	Infected localities. Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.
IV. The Punjab.	(a) Districts— Hoshiarpur. Rawalpindi.	VI. The United Provinces—*contd.*	Districts—*contd.* Rai Bareli. Sitapur. Unao.
V. Burma ..	(a) Districts— Amherst. Bassein. Bhamo. Hanthawaddy. Henzada. Insein. Maubin. Myaungmya. Pegu. Prome. Pyapon. Tharrawaddy. Toungoo (b) Towns and ports— Bassein. Moulmein. Rangoon.	VII. The Central Provinces.	(a) Districts— Akola. Amraoti. Betul. Buldana. Chanda. Nagpur. Nimar. Seoni. Wardha. Yeotmal. (b) Towns— Burhanpur. Nagpur. Raipur.
VI. The United Provinces.	Districts— Azamgarh. Ballia. Basti. Cawnpore. Fyzabad. Ghazipur. Gonda. Gorakhpur. Hardoi Jaunpur. Moradabad.	VIII. Hyderabad State.	Districts— Atrafbalda-sarf-i-khas. Aurangabad. Bidar. Bir. Gulbarga. Madak. Nalgonda. Narder. Parbhani. Raichur. Usmanabad.
		IX. Central India.	(a) Town— Indore. (b) State— Dhar.

B.—NOTIFICATION STATIONS.

South Indian Railway.

Mangalore.	Kulpalayam.	Totiyapalaiyam.
Hosur.	Tirappur.	Chavadipalaiyam.
Pollachi.	Vanjipalaiyam.	
Kovilpalaiyam.	Erode.	

Nilgiri Railway

Karteri Road	Coonoor.	Wellington.

Ootacamund, October 3, 1916.

No. 151-*P.*—Whereas the Governor in Council is satisfied that there is danger of an outbreak of plague at Tiruvannamalai in the Tiruvannamalai taluk of the North Arcot district, if persons from the infected portion of the Anantapur, Bellary, Coimbatore, Madura, North Arcot, Salem and South Canara districts, the Mysore State and other parts declared to be infested with plague are permitted to visit that place on the occasion of the ensuing Kartigai festival and cattle fair:

In exercise of the powers delegated to him under the Epidemic Diseases Act of 1897, the Governor in Council prohibits the attendance at the said festival or fair from the 24th November to 11th December 1916, inclusive, of persons from the said parts and further directs that between the said dates no tickets to travel by railway shall be sold at the stations of Mangalore, Hosur, Pollachi, Kovilpalaiyam, Salur, Singanallur, Kulipalaiyam, Tirappur and Vanjipalaiyam on the South Indian Railway for the station of Tiruvannamalai on the same railway to any person intending or believed to be intending to be present at the said festival or fair.

All persons proceeding to the said festival or fair in contravention of this notification will be turned back.

C. G. TODHUNTER,
Acting Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATIONS BY COLLECTORS AND PRESIDENTS OF DISTRICT BOARDS

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, M.R.Ry. Raja K. Kandappa Chettiyar Ramaswami Chettiyar is declared to have been duly elected as a member of the Taluk Board, Erode, Coimbatore district.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, M.R Ry. Appasayakkampatti Ganga Nayakkan Gounswami Nayakkan is declared to have been duly elected as a member of the Taluk Board, Pollachi, Coimbatore district.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, M.R.Ry. Kuppuswami Ayyar Ramaswami Ayyar is declared to have been duly elected as a member of the Taluk Board, Erode, Coimbatore district.

A. R. CUMMING,
Collector.

Coimbatore Collector's Office.
22nd September 1916.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, Rev. Fr. M. A. Cyrille, Catholic Priest, Surada, has been duly elected as a member of the Goomsur Taluk Board, in the district of Ganjam for Circle No. 9 with effect from 14th October 1916.

N. MACMICHAEL,
Collector.

Ganjam Collector's Office.
23rd September 1916.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, M.R.Ry. Duggirala Venkata Suryaprakasa Rau Garu of Cocanada has been duly elected as a member of the Taluk Board, Cocanada, in the district of Godavari.

C. B. COTTERELL,
Collector.

Godavari Collector's Office.
30th September 1916.

M.R.Ry. Penumatcha Chitti Narasaraju Garu has been appointed a member of the Narsapur Taluk Board in the Kistna district.

Kistna Collector's Office,
23rd September 1916.

Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1884 M.R.Ry. Jaivraji Ghantayya Garu has been duly elected as councillor of the Ellore municipality.

H. H. BURKITT,
Acting Collector

Kistna Collector's Office,
27th September 1916.

Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Nittoor Ramaswami Ayya Garu, B.A., B.L., has been duly elected as a councillor of the Kurnool municipality.

H. G. STOKES,
Collector.

Kurnool Collector's Office,
23rd September 1916.

Under section 16 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, M.R.Ry. Kunda Reddi Venkatasubba Reddiyar Avargal of Japtikuranai has been duly elected as a member of the Cheyar Taluk Board in the district of North Arcot.

F. J. RICHARDS,
Collector.

North Arcot Collector's Office,
22nd September 1916.

M.R.Ry. Trichengode Kuppuswami Ayyar Sethumathava Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., has been elected as a member of the Salem Municipal Council.

Salem Collector's Office,
20th September 1916.

Under rule 23 of the Taluk Board Election Rules, the following persons are elected as members of the Sankari Taluk Board:—

(1) Nallwa Gounder Raja Gounder, Mittadar, Tiruchengode taluk.
(2) Pullikara Arunachala Mudali Arihadra Mudali, Tarammegalam.
(3) Ranapuram Venkataramana Ayyar Lakshminarayana Ayyar, Kottamettipatti.
(4) Edappadi Sesha Ayyar.

Salem Collector's Office,
22nd September 1916.

M.R.Ry. S. Ellappa Chettiyar Avargal has been elected as a member of the Salem Municipal Council.

E. W. LEGH,
Collector.

Salem Collector's Office,
27th September 1916.

Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act IV of 1884, M.R.Ry. Jilladi Badrasawmi Chettiyar Ramaswami Ayyar Avargal is duly elected as a municipal councillor of the Kumbakonam municipality.

J. R. HUGGINS,
Collector.

Tanjore Collector's Office,
28th September 1916.

Under section 10 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Tuticorin Sankarabagam Pillai Pitchan Chettiyar Avargal has been duly elected member of the Tuticorin Municipal Council in the district of Tinnevelly.

H. T. REILLY,
Acting Collector.

Tinnevelly Collector's Office,
22nd September 1916.

Under rule 23 of the rules for the conduct of elections of members of taluk boards, M.R.Ry. Kotireddi Peddayya Nayudu Garu has been declared to have been duly elected as a member of the Narsapatam Taluk Board for the Jalluru circle, Narsapatam taluk.

Under rule 23 of the rules for the conduct of elections of members of taluk boards, M.R.Ry. Kurichati Venkata Jagannadha Rao Pantulu Garu has been declared to have been duly elected as a member of the Narsapatam Taluk Board for the Nalavaram circle, Narsapatam taluk.

H. A. B. VERNON,
Acting Collector.

Vizagapatam Collector's Office,
29th September 1916.

Under section 20 of the Madras Local Boards Act of 1884, M.R.Ry. G. Venka Subba Ayyar Avargal has been appointed by election as Vice-President of the Penukonda Taluk Board.

Anantapur District Board's Office,
28th September 1918.

S. W. G. I. MACIVER,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry Godshal Doddana Gowd Garu has been appointed, by election, as a member of the Bellary District Board by the Bellary Taluk Board

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Y Govinda Rao Garu has been appointed, by election, as a member of the Bellary District Board by the Adoni Taluk Board.

Bellary District Board's Office,
28th September 1918.

J. M. TURING,
President.

The President, District Board, Coimbatore, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 160 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, hereby appoints M.R.Ry. Rai Bahadur Nallathambi Chakkarai Mandradiar Avargal to be a member of the Erode Taluk Board.

Coimbatore District Board's Office,
23nd September 1918.

A. R. CUMMING,
President.

The President of the Nellore District Board, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council, under section 160 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, hereby re-appoints M.R.Ry. Guni Chetti Rosayya Chetti to be a member of the Atmakur Taluk Board

Nellore District Board's Office,
23rd September 1918.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
President.

The President, District Board, North Arcot, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council under section 160 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, hereby accepts the resignation tendered by M.R.Ry. Arunachala Vasantha Krishna Vanadarayn Tirugnanasambanda Pandarlar Avargal, a nominated non-official member of the Tiruvannamalai Taluk Board.

North Arcot District Board's Office,
20th September 1918.

F. J. RICHARDS,
President.

The President, District Board, South Arcot, in exercise of the power delegated to him by the Governor in Council, under section 160 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, hereby appoints Ghulam Muhammad Ghous Sahib alias Sahib Jan Sahib Bahadur, to be a member of the Chidambaram Taluk Board.

South Arcot District Board's Office,
9th September 1918.

M. AZIZ-UD-DIN,
President.

In the exercise of the power conferred on him by G.O. No. 373 L., dated the 30th March 1906, the President of the Tanjore District Board re-appoints the Rev. Fr. Joaquim Jose Lewis, to be a member of the Mannargudi Taluk Board.

Tanjore District Board's Office,
28th August 1918.

R. E. WOOD,
President.

Under section 20 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, M.R.Ry. Sitarama Ayyar Natesa Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L., has been appointed by election to be Vice-President of the Kumbakonam Taluk Board.

Tanjore District Board's Office,
25th September 1918.

In exercise of the powers conferred on him by G.O. No. 373 L., dated the 30th March 1906, the President of the Tanjore District Board appoints M.R.Ry. Rama Ayyar Swaminatha Ayyar Avargal, B.A., to be a member of the Tanjore Taluk Board.

Tanjore District Board's Office,
28th September 1918.

J. R. HUGGINS,
President.

Under section 11 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, M.R.Ry. Polama Mathuranakatachella Reddiyer Avargal has been duly elected as a member of the Trichinopoly District Board by the Ariyalur Taluk Board.

Under section 20 of the Madras Local Boards Act V of 1884, M.R.Ry. Isola Doraiswami Ayyar Subrahmaniya Ayyar Avargal has been appointed by election as Vice-President of the Ariyalur Taluk Board in the district of Trichinopoly.

Trichinopoly District Board's Office,
21st September 1918

E. S. LLOYD,
President.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

Reg. No. 1—M.

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 40.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 3, 1916. [PRICE, 5 annas.

Part I-B.—Educational.

CONTENTS.

	PAGE
HOME DEPARTMENT (EDUCATION)	715
MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS	720
VACANCIES	751

HOME DEPARTMENT

(Education)

PERMITTED TO RETURN

Octacamund, September 29, 1916.

No. 118.—Khan Sahib Khaja Khan Sahib Bahadur, Assistant Inspector of Schools, will be permitted to return to duty within the period of his leave.

NOTIFICATIONS

Octacamund, October 3, 1916.

No. 119.—Authors, publishers and others who may desire to present works to the British Museum are informed that the Registrar of Books, Madras, will arrange to forward presentation copies to the Trustees of the British Museum. Cases or parcels of books intended for despatch should be addressed to the Trustees of the British Museum, care of the Registrar of Books, Madras, accompanied by a letter stating the contents and requesting the Registrar to forward the cases or parcels.

Octacamund, September 28, 1916.

No. 120.—Under the Indian Universities Act, 1904, section 13, the Chancellor of the University of Madras is pleased to re-nominate the following gentleman to be an Ordinary Fellow of the Madras University, with effect from the 7th October 1916:—

Mr. Frederick Samuel Davies, B.A.

Octacamund, September 27, 1916.

No. 121.—In appendices S and SS of the Grant-in-aid Code *for* the words "Director of Public Instruction" occurring below the word "Countersigned", *substitute* the words "Deputy Director of Public Instruction".

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Secretary to Government.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS

APPOINTMENTS

M.R.Ry T. A. Rangaswami Ayyar, B.A., L.T., acting Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Parambalur range, will be considered to be holding his present officiating appointment, sub *pro tem.*, in the Probationary class, with effect from the 1st September 1916.

2. M.R Ry. P. Appalanarasimham, Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Ellamanchilli sub-range, and acting Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Parvatipur range, will be considered to be holding the latter post sub. *pro tem.*, in the Probationary class (Rs. 75), with effect from the 13th September 1916, the date on which M.R.Ry. V. Krishnabrahmam joined duty as sub. *pro tem.* Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Gangavaram range.

J. H. STONE,
Director of Public Instruction.

Madras, 22nd September 1916.

SCHOLARSHIPS

The Director of Public Instruction is pleased to award a Government scholarship of the monthly value of Rs. 9 (nine) to each of the undermentioned students of the First Year University Class tenable in the colleges noted against their names for a period of one year with effect from 1st July 1916 :—

Number.	Name of student.	College where tenable.
1.	N. V. Suryanarayana	Raja's College, Pariakimedi.
2.	Gopinath Behera	Do.
3.	K. Venkata Chenalu	Mrs A.V.N College, Vizagapatam.
4.	J. Seshagiri Rao	Do.
5	Lal Mahammad	P.R. College, Cocanada.
6.	D Subbarayudu	Noble College, Masulipatam.
7.	Mir Zainul Abdeen	Do.
8.	V. Gopappa	Pachaiyappa's College, Madras.
9.	A. Sundaresan	Do.
10.	S. Venkatarangayya	Do.
11.	S. Vengnswami	Do.
12	T. V. Balasubrahmanam	Presidency College, Madras.
13.	P. G. Sathiagramathan	Do.
14.	Mohammad Habibullah	Do.
15.	N. Swaminathan	The Christian College, Madras.
16.	V. K. Bhaskaran	Do.
17.	G. V. Subbaramayya	Do.
18.	Basheer Ahmed Syed	Do
19.	Kamalan Gopala Ayyar	The Women's Christian College, Madras.
20	Mary J. Robert	Do.
21.	Joseph R. Vijiam	Do.
22.	A. Kothandaraman	Government College, Kumbakonam.
23.	L. Kappu Rao	Do.
24.	Bazair Hussain	Do.
25.	T. S. Rajam	Findlay College, Mannargudi.
26.	S. S. Rajagopalan	Do.
27.	M. Subramania Pillai	S.P.G. College, Trichinopoly.
28.	Gnanadurai Hilda	Do
29.	V. Gopalakrishna	Do.
30.	K. Nagarajan	St. Joseph's College, Trichinopoly.
31	M. V Srinivasa	Do.
32	K M Sundaramurti	Do.
33.	H Mohidin Badsha	Madura College.
34.	V. Muthiah	The Hindu College, Tinnevelly.
35.	Lazzis A. Muthiram	Sarah Tucker College, Palamcottah.
36.	H Gnanamany David	Do
37.	V. R. Varadarajan	Victoria College, Palghat
38.	L. H. Venkatachalam	Do.
39.	M. Nazir-ud-din	B M. College, Calicut.
40.	K. Abu Backer Kunhi	Do.
41.	E. A. Kannan	Do.
42.	U Gopal Shanubhogue	St. Aloysius' College, Mangalore
43.	K. Bhavani Sankar Rao	Government College, Mangalore.
44.	K Shanta Bai	Do.
45.	V. Shama Rao	Do.

J. H. STONE,
Director of Public Instruction.

Madras, 29th September 1916

NOTIFICATION

It is hereby notified that, under rule 145 of the Madras Educational Rules, fifth edition, the Trained Teachers' Certificate of the Lower Secondary grade bearing No. 2443, granted to K. S. Krishna Ayyar will be considered as having been cancelled.

Madras, 15th September 1916.

J. H. STONE,
Director of Public Instruction.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS

The Inspector of Schools, Sixth Circle, is pleased to grant privilege leave for one month with effect from or after the 28th September 1916 to M.R.Ry. V. Vijayaraghava Achari, Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Tiruttaraippundi range (temporary), and to appoint S. Sittanatha Ayyar, Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Tiruttaraippundi range, to be in charge of the office and to conduct annual inspection of schools.

The Inspector of Schools, Sixth Circle, is pleased to grant privilege leave for one month with effect from or after the 2nd October 1916 to M.R.Ry. S. Vriddagiri Ayyar, Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Papanasam range, and sub. *pro tem.* Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Pattukkottai range, and to appoint A. Ayyaswami Ayyar, Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Pattukkottai, to be in charge of the office and to conduct annual inspection of schools.

Tanjore, 29th September 1916.

W. C. DOUGLAS,
Inspector of Schools (acting) in Sixth Circle.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS

GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS

SPECIAL EXAMINATION IN VERNACULAR SHORTHAND (TELUGU)—OCTOBER 1916

Notice is hereby given that a *Special* Technical Examination in Vernacular Shorthand (Telugu)—Elementary, Intermediate and Advanced Grades will be held in the last week of October next. The exact date and hour will be notified in due course.

2. Candidates must send in their applications made out in manuscript in the form prescribed in this notice *so that they reach the Commissioner's Office on or before the 7th October next.*

3. Candidates should specify in their applications the place at which they wish to be examined; if arrangements cannot be made for the examination of a candidate at the place mentioned by him, intimation will be given as regards the place at which he should appear.

4. The prescribed fee (Rupees three for the Elementary, Rupees five for the Intermediate and Rupees ten for the Advanced grade) must be paid into a Government Treasury, or, if at Madras, into the Bank of Madras, on or before the 7th October next, and the receipt given by the Treasury Officer or the Bank of Madras attached to the application.

5. Each application should be sent direct to the undersigned, post paid, superscribed and addressed as follows, the receipt for the fee paid *being securely fastened to it* :—

[*Application for admission to the special Government Technical Examination in Vernacular Shorthand (Telugu)*].

To the Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations,
Nungambakam, Madras, S.W.

N.B.—Candidates anxious to assure themselves that their applications have been received should enclose *an addressed post-card in their respective applications.* The post-card should bear the sender's address only, and no other writing. Such post-cards will be returned to them in due course with the "Received" stamp of the office impressed upon them.

6. *The fee paid will, in no case whatever, be refunded, nor will it be counted for a subsequent examination.*

7. For any further information that may be required, candidates are referred to the Government notification regulating the examinations, and to the syllabus for the subject, copies of both of which can be had on payment at the Government Branch Press, Mount Road, Madras. The Telugu Shorthand Manual (by M. Srinivasa Rau) has been issued and copies are now available.

8. *Any candidate who does not behave properly towards the Superintendents of the Examination or is suspected of having had recourse to malpractices of any kind is liable to have his examination invalidated and also to be debarred from appearing again for any of the examinations under the control of the Commissioner for such term of years as the Commissioner may think fit; or, if the Commissioner is not satisfied for any reason whatever, as to the trustworthiness of his results, he may be required to undergo a re-examination at some future date to be fixed by the Commissioner in any one or more of the subjects of the examination for which he appeared, his success or failure being determined on the results of such re-examination.*

9. Government have sanctioned the award in order of merit, as tested at the next examinations, of three prizes of Rs. 40, Rs. 30 and Rs. 25, and three prizes of Rs. 15 each to the best among the successful candidates who are Government servants. The prizes will be available for award only to such candidates as have either passed at least the Intermediate test in English Shorthand or so qualify themselves in English Shorthand up to a minimum of 100 words a minute at a special examination which will be held for Government servants on a day prior to the Telugu Shorthand examinations. The date and hour will be notified in due course.

Form of application for admission to the Special Government Technical Examination in Telugu Shorthand, October 1916.

1	Candidate's name (*in full*).
2	Father's name (*in full*).
3	Class of community to which candidate belongs.
4	Age of the candidate.
5	Place at which candidate desires to be examined.
6	General education qualifications— Examination passed. *Date and page of the Gazette.* If candidate holds a Secondary School-Leaving Certificate— Name of the institution from which candidate completed the Secondary School-Leaving Certificate, the year when the certificate was completed and the serial number of the certificate. School _____ Year _____ Serial Number _____
7	Grade of examination, *i.e.*, Whether Elementary, Intermediate, or Advanced, according to which candidate wishes to be examined. Grade.
8	Occupation or profession of the candidate or appointment held by him.
9	Address (*in full*).
10	Whether candidate has attached the Treasury Officer's receipt for the fees paid by him
11	The grade of the Government Technical Examination in English Shorthand in which candidate may have already passed, with *date and page of the Gazette* notifying his success.
12	If candidate is a Government servant and has not passed the Government Technical Examination in English Shorthand (Intermediate or Advanced grade), whether he will offer himself for the special examination (in English Shorthand) for Government servants mentioned in the notice in connection with prizes.

(By order)

Office of the Comr. for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 15th September 1916.

G. MADDOX,
Secretary.

SPECIAL TEST EXAMINATIONS—OCTOBER 1916

NOTICE TO MADRAS CANDIDATES

Candidates for the ensuing Special Test Examinations are informed that they will have to sit for the examination at the Senate House, Chepauk. A copy of the nominal list will be posted at the entrance to the Senate House on Friday the 13th October 1916, and the candidates are expected to learn their register numbers from this list.

No hall tickets will be issued.

(By order)

Office of the Comr. for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 2nd October 1916.

G. MADDOX,
Secretary.

Notice is hereby given that the Special Test Examinations will be held on Monday the 16th of October 1916 and eight following days. The statement below shows the hour at which each question paper will be given out and consequently the time when each candidate for the respective tests should be present:—

Date	Hour.	Subjects.	Test
1916.			
Monday, 16th October.	10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Manuals of Village and Taluk Accounts and the Special Fusli Code (with books).	Revenue Test, Higher and Lower Grades.
	2 p.m. to 5 p.m. ..	The Stamp, Income-tax and Excise Manuals (with books).	Revenue Test, Higher and Lower Grades.
Tuesday, 17th October.	10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Revenue Acts and Regulations—General Principles.	Revenue Test, Higher and Lower Grades.
	10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	The Civil Procedure Code, the Limitation Act and the Rules of Practice (Civil)—General Principles	Civil Judicial Test
	2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Revenue Acts and Regulations—Detailed application (with books).	Revenue Test, Higher and Lower Grades.
		The Civil Procedure Code, the Limitation Act and the Rules of Practice (Civil)—Detailed application (with books)	Civil Judicial Test
Wednesday, 18th October	10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	The Contract Act and the Negotiable Instruments Act.	Civil Judicial Test.
		Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue—General Principles.	Revenue Test, Higher and Lower Grades.
	2 p.m. to 3-30 p.m. ..	The Transfer of Property Act ..	Civil Judicial Test.
	2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue—Detailed application (with books).	Revenue Test, Higher and Lower Grades.
	3-30 p.m. to 5 p.m. ..	The Provincial Insolvency Act—General Principles.	Civil Judicial Test.
Thursday, 19th October.	10 a.m. to 11 noon ..	The Civil Account Code (with books) ..	Jail Test.
	10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	The Indian Evidence Act	Criminal Judicial Test, Higher and Lower Grades.
		The Indian Evidence Act—General Principles.	Civil Judicial Test.
		Laws, rules, regulations and orders relating to Jails	Jail Test.
	2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	The Indian Evidence Act—Detailed application (with books)	Civil Judicial Test.
	2 p.m. to 5 p.m. ..	Medical Jurisprudence	Criminal Judicial Test, Higher and Lower Grades
Friday, 20th October.	10 a.m. to 11 a.m. ..	The Provincial Insolvency Act—Detailed application (with books)	Civil Judicial Test.
	10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	The Indian Penal Code	Jail Test.
	10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	The Indian Penal Code—General Principles	Criminal Judicial Test, Higher and Lower Grades.
	11 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	The Stamp Act, the Court Fees Act and the Suits Valuation Act—General Principles.	Civil Judicial Test
		The Code of Criminal Procedure ..	Jail Test.
		The Indian Penal Code—Detailed application (with books).	Criminal Judicial Test, Higher and Lower Grades.
	2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	The Stamp Act, the Court Fees Act and the Suits Valuation Act—Detailed application (with books).	Civil Judicial Test
Saturday, 21st October.	10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	The Code of Criminal Procedure—General Principles.	Criminal Judicial Test, Higher and Lower Grades
	2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	The Code of Criminal Procedure—Detailed application (with books).	Criminal Judicial Test, Higher and Lower Grades
Monday, 23rd October.	10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	The Civil Account Code (with books) ..	Account Test.
	2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	The Civil Service Regulations ..	Account Test
Tuesday, 24th October.	10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Translation from English into Vernacular	Translation Test, Lower Grade.
	10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Translation from English into Vernacular	Translation Test, Higher Grade.
	2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Translation from Vernacular into English	Translation Test, Lower Grade.
	2 p.m. to 5 p.m. ..	Translation from Vernacular into English.	Translation Test, Higher Grade.
Thursday, 26th October.	10 a.m. to 2 p.m. ..	Price-writing	Price-writing Test.

2. Attention is drawn to the following rules:—

(1) No candidate will be allowed to enter the examination room unless he wears a clean and decent dress, and, in all cases where good manners require it, a suitable covering for the head, nor will he be allowed to keep his shoes on unless they are shoes of English pattern, and socks and trousers are worn also.

No candidate suffering from any contagious disease will be admitted to the examination room.

(2) No candidate will be allowed to quit the examination room on any day until the expiration of half an hour from the time fixed for the commencement of the examination, and candidates arriving after the expiration of that half hour will not be admitted.

(3) No candidate will be allowed to re-enter the examination room during the hours of examination after once quitting it, nor to leave the room without finally giving up his answer papers.

(4) Any candidate detected in speaking to, or in any way communicating with, any other candidate will be at once removed from the room, and the circumstance reported to the Commissioner.

(5) Any candidate who does not behave properly towards the Chief and Assistant Superintendents of the examination or is suspected of having had recourse to malpractice of any kind is liable to have his examination invalidated and also to be debarred from appearing again for any of the examinations under the control of the Commissioner for such term of years as the Commissioner may think fit, or, *if the Commissioner is not satisfied for any reason whatever as to the trustworthiness of his results*, he may be required to undergo a re-examination at some future date to be fixed by the Commissioner in any one or more of the subjects of the examination for which he appeared, his success or failure being determined on the results of such re-examination.

(6) *No candidate will, on any account, be allowed to take into the examination room slates, books, manuscripts or papers of any kind.* [In the case of candidates, however, coming up for the Account, Jail, Civil Judicial, Criminal Judicial and Revenue Tests, the use of books will be allowed in answering certain question papers.] Any one detected in the violation of this rule, or having recourse to any unfair practice, will be removed from the room, and the occurrence reported to the Commissioner.

(7) Candidates whose names are not in the printed list furnished to the Superintendents must submit a written declaration through the Superintendents, giving full particulars in regard to themselves and furnish such evidence as may be possible of their having applied for admission to the examination at the proper time and paid the prescribed fees. The answer papers of such candidates will not be valued unless it is clear that the omission of their names is due to no fault of theirs.

(8) Candidates choosing to change their place of examination without previous permission, or appearing at any centre other than the one at which they ought to have appeared according to the notice published in the Gazette, must not expect to have their papers valued or their results published. In all cases where permission has been granted, the memorandum or letter permitting the change should be produced for the satisfaction of the Superintendents.

(9) A candidate having completed his paper will rise from his seat and remain standing until the Superintendent takes his answer papers. Any candidate wishing to ask any question of the Superintendent will pursue the same course, but will on no account leave his place.

(10) Any papers sent up without the candidate's name and number affixed will not be valued.

(11) Candidates will not be allowed to take any papers, except their question papers, out of the examination room.

(12) Candidates are forbidden to tear up papers or to throw ink or papers on the floor. All "spoilt copies, etc.," should be left on the desk where the candidate has been writing.

(By order)

Office of the Comr. for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 14th September 1916.

G. MADDOX,
Secretary.

ACCOUNT, JAIL AND REVENUE TESTS AND CIVIL AND CRIMINAL JUDICIAL TESTS.

Notes.

Candidates should bring their own books with them for the purpose of answering those of the question papers for which the use of books is allowed.

In the case of the Account and Jail Tests, the use of the Civil Account Code and its index will be allowed.

In the case of the Revenue Test (Higher and Lower grades), the following books as issued by the Superintendent, Government Press, may be used by candidates in the examination hall:—

(1) Board's Standing Orders,
(2) Revenue Regulations and Acts,
(3) Village and Taluk Manuals,
(4) Stamp Manual,
(5) Income-tax Manual,
(6) Excise Manual, and
(7) Special Fundo Code.

In the case of the Civil Judicial Test, and the Criminal Judicial Test (Higher and Lower grades), the books need not necessarily be Government publications.

NOTE 1.—The use of books containing commentaries will not be permitted, but notes made by candidates in their books will not be objected to, if they consist merely of extracts, amendments or generally any references, made for the purpose of facilitating study.

NOTE 2.—The use of guides, digests, summaries, catechisms, etc., will not be allowed.

(By order)

Office of the Comr. for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 2nd October 1916.

G. MADDOX,
Secretary.

NOTICE TO CANDIDATES FOR THE PRECIS-WRITING TEST

The following instructions are published in order that candidates may know what is expected of them in this test:—

Instructions to Candidates.

The object of a precis is that any one who has not time to read the original correspondence may, by reading the precis, be put in possession of all the leading features of what passed.

2. The candidate should begin by reading the whole of the correspondence carefully through without writing anything, so that he may clearly understand what passed and be in a position to decide what are the main heads under which the important facts should be arranged. He should then read through the paper again marking what is important.

3. The precis should begin with a brief and lucid introduction to the subject under treatment. This should be followed by a narrative in the past tense containing a brief and clear statement of the contents of the correspondence, *not* in the order of the papers nor even necessarily in chronological order, but in *logical* order. An abstract of every paper in the correspondence or an index of its contents is not a precis.

4. The merits of a precis are—

(1) to contain all that is important in the correspondence and nothing that is unimportant;

(2) to present this in a readable and consecutive shape, expressed as intelligibly and distinctly as possible;

(3) to be as brief as is compatible with completeness and clearness;

(4) to present a strictly accurate and logically connected statement of the contents of the correspondence.

No candidate can expect to pass who omits any one of the more important points; marks will be deducted if unimportant points are included or if facts are repeated unnecessarily; *e.g.*, it is not ordinarily necessary to give the date of every paper in the correspondence and the full name and designation of the writer or recipient of every letter; and if a fact is repeated in different papers it need not generally be noted more than once in the precis.

5. Grammar, spelling, style and handwriting will be considered in assigning marks; but it must be remembered that mere excellence in composition will not compensate for inaccuracy or incompleteness in the presentation of the facts of the correspondence.

(By order)

Office of the Comr. for Govt. Examinations, Madras, 2nd October 1916. G. MADDOX, *Secretary.*

SECONDARY SCHOOL-LEAVING CERTIFICATES

PUBLIC EXAMINATION 1917.

TEXT-BOOK IN MALAYALAM.

Notice.

In the list of additional text-books (non-detailed study) prescribed in Malayalam—

For—

Induvyle Mahasmar (the first 101 pages) by T. K. Krishna Menon, B.A. (K. K. Press, Trichur).

Read—

Induvyle Mahasmar—*Book II* (the first 101 pages) by T. K. Krishna Menon, B.A. (Kerala Kalpadruma Press, Trichur).

(By order)

Office of the Comr. for Govt. Examinations, Madras, 28th September 1916. G. MADDOX, *Secretary, School-Leaving Certificate Board.*

SECONDARY SCHOOL-LEAVING CERTIFICATES

Notice

The Secondary School-Leaving Certificates of the undermentioned pupils have been received from the schools in which they were left unclaimed for over two years. Such of the certificates as are

claimed within one month from this date will be sent to the pupils concerned, provided they submit along with their application for the certificate, a certificate of identity (including the finger-prints—left hand) from some respectable person. Other certificates will be destroyed in accordance with the Proceedings of the Director of Public Instruction, Madras, Ref. on Cer. No. 1126/14, dated 28th May 1914, on the subject.

Serial number of the certificate.	Name of pupil.
	RAJA'S HIGH SCHOOL, TUNI (2).
27369	Appalla Jogarao.
8387A	Reddi Sathyanarayana.
	A. E. L. MISSION HIGH SCHOOL, PEDDAPURAM (29).
3495	Sreepada Subba Rao.
3721	Satyanarayanamurti, Yadavilli.
4303	Gottipati Lingayya.
10268	Chilakamarri Gopalacharyulu.
10573	Nagabhotla Kesava Rao.
10577	Dantuluri Jagannadhayya.
10612	Gunnam Subba Rao.
10641	Mahomed Mohiaddeen.
10644	Abel Somarapa Garabampani.
10649	Vinjamuri Bangachary.
10649	Pendyala Narayanamoorty.
10651	Nitala Suryaprakasam.
10657	Sriagaram Viswanadha Rao
12123	Putta Nookaraju.
27286	Reddi Venkataratnam.
27287	Dantu Satyanarayana.
33545	Abdul Khader.
33553	Nallagoode Satyanarayana Ramakrishnayya.
33558	Varghala Satyanarayana Rao.
33562	Thotakura Subba Rao.
33569	Maddirala Ananta Rama Rao.
34003	Sribhashyam Mangachari.
34016	Bellam Sreeramulu.
8501A	Pedamalla Venkata Ramana.
8515A	Yabalam Sitaramayya.
8525A	Bokka Kameswara Rao.
8539A	Mangipudi Venkata Subba Rao.
8543A	Mangipudi Venkata Satyanarayana.
10523A	Vaitamuri Suryanarayana.
	R. Ch. HIGH SCHOOL, PITHAPURAM (8).
4030	Dintyala Venkatasubrahmanya Sastri.
9569	Nandura Venkatanarasimha Charyulu.
34045	Maigala Peda Sathyanarayanamurthy.
34081	Pokala Narayana Rao.
8468A	Row Tirupaty Venkata Surya Row.
8469A	Prayaga Subba Rao
8484A	Mallaraolu Venu Gopalam.
8496A	Pala Appayya.
	TAYLOR HIGH SCHOOL, NARSAPUR (47).
3468	Sunampudy Hanumantha Row.
3520	Jogi Dikshitulu, Maddipatla.
3573	Satyanarayana, Vallari.
3580	Gangaram Gotati.
3604	Sambasiva Rao, Ilapakurti.
3625	Gopalakrishnan, Madras.
3659	Venkataratnam, Yanamy.
3663	Narasimhamurti, Chebole.
3671	Parvatesam, Kappagantula.
3674	Ramamurti, Chivakula.
3692	Viresalingam, Kondapalli.
3715	Subbareyudu, Somanchi, V.
3725	Venkatanarasaiya, Josyula.

Serial number of the certificate.	Name of pupil.
	TAYLOR HIGH SCHOOL, NARSAPUR (47)—*contd.*
3726	Venkataramaiya, Kondepudi.
3734	Narasimham, Yellavajjhala.
3740	Raja Rao, Kastori.
3744	Satyanarayana Saladi.
3746	Venkanna, Kotipalli.
3755	Venkata Rao, Varahagiri.
3760	Venkataratnam, Boyapolu.
3768	Rama Sastri, Sripada.
3769	Krishnamachari, Velamuri.
3770	Prasada Rao, Velvala, S.
3780	Satyanadham, Kuravarapu.
4735	Manamurti Chiranjiva Rao.
5379	Kallakuri Satyanarayanamurti.
10352	Tayi Apparow
28638	Abdul Vajed Muhammad.
28543	Kumaraju, Gogala.
29857	Seetaramayya Achanta.
29858	Subba Rao, Kasinadham.
29868	Venkata Gopala Krishnayya, Gadicherla.
29877	Satturaju, Kalidindi.
29887	Veerabhadraswami, Mandru.
29897	Lakshmi Narasimhamurty, Gedapalli.
29709	Somasundara Rao, Ayyagari.
29714	Venkata Subba Rao, Kamarouth.
29725	Veluri Venkataratnam.
38339	Bollapragada Seshagiri Rao.
38336	Lanka Venkateswarulu.
38348	Eleswarapu Mallikharjuna Rao.
38354	Nandula Venkataramanamoorty.
38360	Bollapragada Surya Rao.
38383	Gunduri Satyanarayana.
38387	Dasarlapudi Veeraswamy.
38371	Tegulu Subrahmanyam
3699A	Ramamurthy, Challa.
	BOARD HIGH SCHOOL, BAPATLA (3).
38133	Annapragada Venkata Rao.
4259A	Ogety Jagannadham.
4263A	Poonuru Raghava Rao.
	LONDON MISSION HIGH SCHOOL, COOTY (1).
9265	Dando Hanimi Reddy.
	MUNICIPAL HIGH SCHOOL, BELLARY (4).
8734	Rangasher Tambraparni.
10581	Vuppalam Madhveswara Rao.
3677A	Kathanki Srinivasa Sastri.
3693A	Mysore Narayana Ramachendra Rao.
	ST. MICHAEL'S HIGH SCHOOL, COIMBATORE (3).
22611	Ponnuswamy Matakrishnan.
22517	Michael Antoniswamy.
	MUNICIPAL HIGH SCHOOL, WALAJAPET (3).
38765	Doraiswami Ramalinga Mudaliyar.
38769	Kanoappan Ponnuswami Mudaliyar.
38776	Rajendar, Kelai Tanikachala Mudaliyar

Serial number of the certificate	Name of pupil.
	CHRISTIAN COLLEGE, MADRAS (125).
6039	Ayula Mangapathi.
6074	Mahmud Ali Enayath Hussain
6088	Tanjore Pir Muhammad Shaik Dawud.
6142	Tekur Srinivasamurti
6148	Narasaparam Babu.
6151	Athadi Chengalvarayan.
6153	David Thomi Raja.
6154	Paranji Devarajulu Chetti.
6156	Manakkal Ramaswami Sastri Jambunadhan.
6162	Subrahmanyam Kanagasabai.
6180	Papinam Madhava Rao.
6187	Annamalai Manavalan.
6189	Ottari Natesan.
6196	Arni Narayanaswami Sachitanandam.
6209	Pallam Parthasarathi.
6219	Salem Krishnaswami Gopalaswami.
6224	Alambedu Kanniapiran.
6228	Tindivanam Ranganathan Ramanujam.
6230	Ekkadu Subbapathi.
6233	Aiya Soundarapandian.
6234	Carchangal Varadarajan.
6245	Vellore Murugesan
6246	Kannam Krishna Rao.
6251	Abdul Matahib.
6255	Gummadipudi Chakravarti.
6257	Hitbulla Bhai.
6277	Ongalpuram Ranganathan.
6280	Chinna Gownawari Varadarajulu.
6281	Raji Vasudeva Chetti.
6283	Pallingaram Seshachallam Venkatachalam.
6285	Mullur Venkatasubbaiya.
6289	Ghulam Abdul Shukur Khan.
6291	Negapatam Chokkalingam.
6295	Vallakavur Abbai Nayudu Govindarajulu.
6296	Saligramam Janakiram.
6321	Agavaram Ratnavelu.
6323	Tirumanam Chakrakaravaya Sonavarayan.
6326	Gokkadu Munuswami Shanmukhasundaram.
6328	Pudukotta Mahanavelu.
6329	Mir Muhammad Kalimullah.
6338	Gokadu Kuppuswami.
6340	Rayappan Augustus Durham Nathan.
6346	Raj Nath Narayan Nath.
6352	Sivaji Rao Keswa Rao.
6361	Isvar Janakiramaiya.
6561	Asad Hassan Khan.
6704	Thruppathirippuliur Vadivain Nataraja.
6712	Iyyamangalam Kylasa Viswanathan.
6719	Hariyapa Raju Sashagiri Rao.
6203	K. Narayanaswami Nayadu
6204	Vallimpakam Ganesa Nayudu.
6207	Tarumishi Devarajulu.
6231	Pondicherry Manickam Natarajan.
6233	Erungoor Venkatarayan.
6256	Mathanapalli Purushotham.
6263	Cuppam Rajagopaul Ethirajulu.
6274	Ponneri Krishnaswami.
6276	Thiruvoteeswaranapettah Jayaganapathi
6291	Syed Ghouse Mohideen.
6302	Ponnamalli Ethirajulu Nayudu
17066	M. R. Venkatachalam.
21236	Virappa Kannappan.
21449	Pasthamberam Kuppuswami.
21471	Vanjirakkam Rajamanar.
21510	Abdul Subhan Khan.
28571	Pagadala Rathnaswami Chetti Bapu Nayadu.
28972	Maniam Bangara Asari.
31896	Duraiswami.

Serial number of the certificate	Name of pupil.
	CHRISTIAN COLLEGE, MADRAS (125)—*contd.*
32425	Ewana Danaghua
32426	Masilamani Achari Thiruvengadam.
32432	Tirunirmalai Sivanandam.
32437	Rayavavangalam Ramanujam.
32446	Kothada Mangapathi.
32448	Myrala Govindarajulu.
32450	Sathanajari Eswara Ganapathi.
32451	Thathavaram Thanakotu.
32454	Pharzulla Abdul Majid.
32460	Valliparam Ethirajan.
32461	Tarugu Venkataratnam.
32465	Pappu Venkataramanya Chetti.
32464	Alagar Ramapathur.
32466	Madras Manikkam.
32469	Ramakrishna Basrur Bhavani Sankar.
32472	Chengalvaraya Devar Delhi Badsha.
32477	Gingram Rajaratnam.
32482	Gorattur Rajaratnam Vijayarangam.
32485	Parungavur Srinivasachari.
32486	Pali Dinadayalu
32488	Arcot Padmanabhan
32496	Vaidyalinga Radhi Sundara Reddi.
32502	Maulana Muhammad Sharif.
32514	Poruppahvil Achyutha Menon.
32532	Chabu Mazan Abdul Khadir.
35703	Kinar Hanumarthi.
35708	Dasarath Talasi Rao.
35709	Jayaram Jarvaji.
35710	Samuel William Joseph.
35717	Sreeramulu Balarath.
35724	M. R. Gopalakrishnan.
35734	Abdullah Dokku.
35735	Abdul Wahid Ismail Sait.
35736	Ali Mohamad Abdullah Sait.
35749	Neerarambham Venkatachallam.
35755	Manthala Mannar Sundaramurthy.
35756	Kasturagar Humber Rao.
35763	Kamnath Sagitra Jayamatkar Davey.
35764	Nalur Rajagopal Kuppuswami.
35773	Maduravasal Callappa Seshadri Ayyangar.
35781	Ramanujam Jarvaji.
35785	Vellore Mohamed Rahmuddeen.
35787	Mohamed Zachariah Mohamed.
35792	Casula Basikthavachala
38070	Apparao Devaraja Mudaliyar.
413a	T. S. Vincent Abboy.
440a	Bangalore Venkatasah Hanumantha Rao
446a	Sorangay Thangavelee Krishnaswami.
447a	Krishnaswami, Trichinopoly.
460a	Jehangir Meerwanjee.
474a	Munuswami Mangayarasa.
475a	Gudavancherry Muthuswami
493a	Ambathur Govindaraja Mudaliyar Natesan.
499a	Tiruballikandram Vadivelu.
514a	Chithulada Sampathi.
526a	Jewharsha Mahamood.
464a	Madurantakam Govindaraja Pillai Selva Rathnam.
	PACHAIYAPPA'S HIGH SCHOOL, MADRAS (72).
6735	Katoa Kuppuswami.
6753	Brahmadesam Venkatasaiyer.
6782	Narayanaswami Muthuswami Ayyar.
7663	Mosur Kamalavinayagam.
7827	Tanjore Sangaswami Natesan.
7855	Bhukanbavali Krishna Dass.
7859	Gundaso Ethirajulu.
7871	Madi Reddi Lakshminarasimha Rao.
7878	Tumulate Veeraraghavulu Krishnaswami.
7875	Kota Ramaswami.

Serial number of the certificate.	Name of pupil.

PACHAIYAPPA'S HIGH SCHOOL, MADRAS (32)—*cont.*

7876	Anamarula Ranganatham.
7911	Candalaio Palaniande.
7924	Tandalam Venkata Rao.
7934	Conjeevaram Subrahmanyam Swaminathan.
7936	Pasupuleti Babu.
8010	Arcot Arumukha Mudaliar.
8104	Kavekshaya Madam.
12849	Dharmavaram Rangachari.
17951	Nataraja Pillai, M.
21444	Thirumalisai Shanmugam.
21656	Conjeevaram Damodaram.
21679	Kallankandan Sesha Ayyangar.
21688	Parambakkam Arumugam Karachaitbi.
21703	Tandalam Rathakrishnan.
21712	Vellore Somasundaram.
26104	Eedati Lakshmanaswamham.
26754	Trichinopoly Somasundaram Kumaraswami.
28788	Varadapuram Govindarajulu.
28792	Nukasani Jayaram.
28817	Cancharla Peramal.
28833	Chellar Sundararajan.
28843	Collapunchari Balaram.
32837	Kavaneor Srinivasaraghavachari.
32844	Narasimangalam Srinivasaraghavan.
32846	Devalla Aranagiri.
32849	Narayana Doss Gnanam Doss.
32855	Hanshankar Kripasankar.
32919	Dasayan Peddakannayya.
35047	Eramsundru Lakanathan.
35648	Valavanur Subrahmanya Marugesan.
35681	Cumathur Thangavelu.
35692	Thiruvallur Kchambadi Viraraghavan.
35670	Nukala Chinnayya Chetti.
35677	Chandragiri Koddayya.
35682	Khagi Mahantappa.
35683	Arumuga Mudiaudumperumal.
38686	Pattar Ramabhadrayya.
38685	Vellur Rangaswami Venugopal.
35689	Thiravattiyar Doraiswami.
35694	Pakkam Chakrapani Kesavalu.
231a	Parivakkam Sivasankara Arumugam.
244a	Doraiswami Balasubrahmanyam.
248a	Malayaperumal Narayanaswami Thangavelu.
256a	P. Muthukumaraswamy.
266a	Thayaya Chinna Canayya.
275a	Adaiyapalam Murgabandha.
281a	Kumbakonam Raghavula Thiruvengada Raju.
283a	Puthur Ayyanna.
303a	Baba Rao Koppaswami Rao.
309a	Pondicherry Palni.
313a	Manjakuppam Somasundaram.
318a	Varadarajulu Naicker Pitrimalai.
331a	Ponayur Ramakrishna Ramanathan.
342a	Pruthavi Chinnaswami.
347a	Nagalapuram Lakshminarasimhulu.
361a	Nagalapuram Narayanaswami.
359a	Nungambakkam Ramaswami.
367a	Sakasundara Jagadisan.
377a	Cellur Shanmugam Sanjeevi.
381a	Kolipakkam Gopalan.
382a	Tanjore Ramantha Mahta.
384a	Merala Sampath.
406a	T Garusamy.

WESLEY COLLEGE, ROYAPETTAH (118).

4037	Gadavalli Kotayya.
6324	Dasu Bhima Rao.
6377	Chinnaiya Manickam.
6381	Padapet Subrahmanyam Neelakantan.
6387	Nagapatam Chockalingam Sambasivam.
6397	Saravaram Venkatavan
6401	Samuel Peter Daniel.
6403	Madras Govindarajulu.
6414	Ambattur Natesan.
6441	Mylapore Parthasarathy.
6450	Pillaipakam Vayalanar Gopalan.
6455	Chakravarthy Kanty
6456	Thanumkalam Narasimhachary.
6464	Bangalore Narayanan Rangiah.
6467	Chinnaswamy Robert.
6469	Albert Thambinayagam Sabapathy.
6470	Kayar Gomathum Soundararajan.
6473	Madura Narayanaswami Sankaran.
6474	Cornelius Beantmat Stephen.
6483	Arasanimangalam Ramaswami Soundararajan.
6484	Adamanpet Amirthalingam.
6485	Tholasingam Balasundaram
6487	Teynampet Manicka Doraswamy.
6489	Vythilingam Gounapragasam.
6491	Shandi Thomas Israel
6495	Arcot Muthukrishnan Ramanbiran.
6497	Peramal Lakshmanan
6498	Elisha Lazarus Paul.
6499	Bangalore Ramappa Madhaa
6500	Chinna Pondicherry Muthavadivelu.
6501	Ramaswamy Pachayappan.
6502	Arcot Gnanasagra Paramasivan.
6504	Daniel John.
6506	Anaeor Varadappa Krishnaswamy.
6508	Ponnah Aiyadorai.
6512	Shanmuga James Robinson.
6513	Conjeevaram Subbani Rao.
6515	William Solomon.
6516	Chingleput Subrahmanyam Somu.
6518	Tinnevelly Murugesa Shanmugham
6520	Tiruvannamalai Naimappa Varadarajulu.
6521	Abdullah Hoosani
6527	Kurichi Thathachary Desikachary.
6528	Enoch Benjamin.
6532	Mark Israel.
6537	Sriperumbadur Rangaswami Madhavarayan.
6539	Nungambakam Sabapathy Mutha.
6549	Bangalore Sambandham.
6550	Caulpet Sampathi
6552	Rathanasamy Vedanayakam Samuel.
6556	Bangalore Govindarajulu Venkatachellam.
6556	Narayanaswami Radhakrishnan.
6559	Saravaram Venkatagopal.
7017	Trichinapoly Madhaveraya Gopala Chetti
7115	Tirumandala B. Sriramalu.
7516	Rettamangalam Veeraswami Chetti Veeraswami.
7980	Tiruvayyadi Ramaswami Baboo.
8165	Tiruvatteswaranpettah Roop Singh.
6193	Tirupati Madhavaprasad.
8220	Abdul Karim Khan.
8237	Abdul Raheem Khan.
8556	Mylapore Srinivasan.
9626	Krishnamoorthi Rao, Kumarapalli.
18744	Ondimetta alias P. Joseph.
19166	Srinivasan N. Subrahmanya Ayyar.
16529	S. Srinivasan.
19738	Subbachar Appanachari.
15087	Mahamed Nizalla.
21042	Annamapalli Tattai Rangaswami Ayyangar.
21102	M. Arumugam.

Serial number of the certificate.	Name of pupil.
	WESLEY COLLEGE, ROYAPETTAH (118)—*cont.*
21349	Conjeevaram Rathna Mudahyar Sivaprakasam
21440	Muhammad Abdulla Khan Elkhorsiah.
21630	Peddapettah Sriramulu.
29254	Guduvancheri Varadarajulu.
29314	T. Arumugam
32490	Matta Sriramulu.
32592	Manickam Ekambaram.
32585	Govindaswami Kuppuswamy.
32589	Penathota Nambichetti Lakshmiah.
02591	Subbu Lal Sadasiva Lal.
32594	Rau Srikrishnayya.
32595	Puthur Srinivasan.
32600	Balasubrahmanya Swaminathan.
32601	Arumugam Kandaswamy.
32605	Madura Subrahmanyam.
32614	D. M. Mahboob Ali Khan.
32626	Ghulam Jaffer Hussain.
32629	Madras Seshadri.
32632	Naladasan Sangu Pillai Narasimhan.
32633	Madhava Rao.
32634	A. V. Vedantachary.
32635	D. Murugesan.
32636	Nangambakam Sundaram.
32641	George D'Silva.
36352	Rashiruddin Ahmad Chedda.
36356	Mahomed Abdul Samad.
36357	Gabriel Daniel.
36359	Sama Mudaliyar Doraiswamy.
36364	Yakub Ali Khan.
36366	Manuswami Jagannathan.
36369	P. Venkatachellam Sarangapani.
36370	Vellikadu Mulhar Rao
36373	Gnaniah Asirvadam.
36380	C. Subrahmanya Reddi.
36381	Nackoya Raju Arumainathan.
36383	Syed Murtuza.
36386	Mir Raza Ali.
36389	Munampada Devarajan.
36390	Madras Ramaswami Nayudu Ranganathan.
1923A	Abdul Shukur.
1927A	Appasankaran, T.
1929A	Balakrishnan, K.
1930A	Alluri Venkata Narayana Rao
1949A	Maung Khan
1965A	Jambunathan, P. S.
1970A	Mir Ahmed Ali.
1974A	Rajarathinam, D.
1981A	Samuel, B. U.
	S.P.G. HIGH SCHOOL, VEPERY (30).
8536	S. Rajaratnam.
8402	Shaik Abdul Razack.
8436	L. James.
8440	Alexander Sampson Jeevandram.
24703	K. Ardhanari Chetti.
32761	S. G. M. Chinnamuthiah.
35778	Tirukovilur N. Srinivasa Rao.
30403	Cauta M. Kothandapani.
38510	G. Kannan.
38523	S. Rangaswamy.
1908A	Mangudi K. Parthasarathy.
6980A	G. Shanmugam.
A551A	J. Henry Thagaraj.
6572A	M. Hla Maung.
6582A	Albert George.
6585A	Cholliah Thomas Santhappan.
6588A	John Edward Paul.
6592A	A. S. Goverohan.
6596A	Maung Mya Pe.
6598A	M. J. Narasingh.
6603A	C. Srinivulu
14124A	G. Jayaram
14131A	Partonero Panchatcharam.
14142A	P. N. Chenchappan.
14156A	Stephen Manickam.

Serial number of the certificate.	Name of pupil.
	SAN THOMÉ HIGH SCHOOL, MYLAPORE (30).
6564	Malayangulam Sreenivasan.
6568	Antonio Augusto Teixeira.
6660	Jorge America Mendes.
6670	R. Kulasagaram.
6675	B. Susai.
6581	Chinglepet Ethirajulu.
6582	S. Jagannathan.
6589	Padala Sashyam.
6591	G. Sundram.
6592	N. Narayana Chari.
6593	Nallavoy A. Subramaniam.
6594	Arumanalur Aiyaswamy.
6596	T. Savarimkutty.
6597	R. Venkatakrishnan.
6600	K. Balakrishnan.
6604	Cotar Marian Joseph.
6609	Travellur S. Jayaram.
6609	A. Gnanapragasam.
6610	Mylapore Govindarajulu.
6613	R. Veeraragavan.
6616	Ebinezer Francis Devanitham.
6619	Cholai V. Theagarayan.
29109	V. Narayanaswami.
29114	P. Thambiah.
29115	T. Chinnasamy.
29116	A. Mariadoss
29120	M. Marimuthu.
36178	C. Govindarajalee
36182	C. Magumanathan.
2174A	Parum Chunchrishnudu.
	TEACHERS' COLLEGE, SAIDAPET (1).
28609	Sayid Azwathullah Sahib Khadri.
	B.B.A.M.M.'S HIGH SCHOOL, BANGALORE (3).
35902	Venkatamma Aswathanarayanan.
35929	Bangalora G. Ranganatha Mudaliar.
	CENTRAL HIGH SCHOOL, MERCARA (6).
2729	Kirumani Krishnappa
29396	Balhatandra M. Chengappa.
37405	Maneyapandra N. Ganapati.
37410	Iyachettira M. Poovayya.
37423	Davangada T. Subbappa
37755	Mattarandra Kalappa Subbaya.
37764	Muthakka Matilda Sahne.
37768	Thruvenugeshwaram Nagarattam Pankaja Ammal.
	THE AMERICAN COLLEGE, MADURA (41).
8730	John Antony Thomas James Thaiah.
14836	Narasimhan, V.
18691	L. K. Narayanan.
18727	Madura Singaravela Somasundaram.
18738	Samuel Srinivasan.
18742	N. Chellachidambaram.
18758	A. B. Ramakrishna Vellaswamy.
18762	Srinivasa Venkatachalam.
18764	M. S. Salar Masud.
18765	T. S. Venkatachalapati
18774	Rakka Pillai Swaminathan.
18776	G. R. Krishnaswami.
18798	Kuppan Chockalingam.
18808	Kumaru Venugopalaswami.
18809	Ramaswami Singaravelu.
18814	Krishna Venkatramana.
18815	Yusuf Umer Sahib
18818	K. Swaminappan.
18907	Ambrose Thagaraj.
20890	M. Maigalingam
20892	V. Irulappan.
23748	O. Thagarajan.
23797	P. V. Krishnaswami.
23879	K. Subbarayan.
23897	C. E. Gopala Rao.

Serial number of the certificate.	Name of pupil.
THE AMERICAN COLLEGE, MADURA (41)—*cont.*	
23906	T. J. Devaraj.
23924	V. Ramakrishnan.
30922	M. Narayanaswami.
30929	K. K. A. Shamsuddin.
30939	S. R. Lakshmiah.
30941	G. Muhammad Jumahoth.
30950	G. P. Rama Rao.
30958	S. Albert Prabakarathan.
30979	Sheik Dawood.
36682	R. Balakrishna Rao.
36683	S. Anandapadmanabhan.
36687	A. K. Sundaram.
40750	K. Nagarathnam.
1081A	I. Devanbu.
1093A	Sankaralingam Muthuswami.
1094A	S. Pitchaimuthu.
RAJA'S HIGH SCHOOL, SIVAGANGA (6).	
17250	K. Sundaram.
16773	V. Krishnaswami.
16974	R Byravan
23778	S. Mayandy
30981	C. Sitaramaa.
23741	K. R Sabbiah.
HINDU HIGH SCHOOL, SRIVILLIPUTTUR (10).	
20409	V. Annappan.
20417	G. S Kylasam
20420	P. Sankaralingam.
20422	A S. Thathachari
20483	P Sampandham
20490	D Gopalathathachari.
20492	D Muthusami
20493	S. Shanmugasundram.
20497	L Krishnan.
35435	Alagappan, K.
63453	Sundarachari, A. S
40685	Alwar, G.
40695	Nallaverappan.
40700	Rangamannar, S.
7491A	V. S. Ramakrishnan.
RAJA'S HIGH SCHOOL, KOLLENGODE (6).	
2648	Kothandath Sivasankara Menon.
34331	Eravunniyath Ramachandra Menon.
3554A	N Ananteraman Aiyar
3558A	Palliyil Raghava Menon.
3561A	Podagramam H. Krishna Aiyar.
3569A	A. S. Rama Aiyar.
CHRISTIAN HIGH SCHOOL, UDIPI (33).	
1667	Lucas Joshua.
1687	Ananda Bhat Kolhanapur

Serial number of the certificate.	Name of pupil.
CHRISTIAN HIGH SCHOOL, UDIPI (33)—*cont.*	
1688	Badanidyur Annaiya.
1690	Jotady Bhavani Shankar.
1693	Elisha Bangera.
1696	Basrur Ganapathi Rao.
1698	David Amanna
1702	Kallianapur Nagappa.
1709	Beiker Rajakrishna Acharya.
1710	Mangalore Ramakrishna.
1711	Magarvalli Sanjeeva Rao.
1721	Kuba Babu Hegde.
1723	Tirkanod Bhavani Shankar Rao.
1725	Govindaraya Pai, Udiyavur.
1727	Jacob Jnanamitra
1731	Tonse Narayana Rao.
1732	Udipi Narasimha Saliga.
1739	Sarvothama Kudva Mulki.
1736	Syed Attas Saheb.
1741	Subba Rao, Pantry
1742	Karkal Subraya Achari.
1746	Kotwalkottu Vittal Rao.
1748	Raghavendra Ballal Nidambur.
1751	Jotady Ananda Rao
1752	Eugene Samapriya.
1754	James Kairnane.
1756	John Roberts.
1766	Joseph Kotten.
1767	Parmanlala Lakshmanarayana.
1768	Moses Amanna.
1769	Kottipadi Narayana Chetty.
1760	Paul Richard.
1761	Kalhanapur Raghunatha Bhat
1765	Ramnath Samaka.
1766	Sarvotham Sundara.
1767	Sesha Settigara.
1786	Udipi Srinivas Shet.
1770	Basrur Sundra Rao.
1771	Victor Wertika.
1772	Wilson Herzi.
0770	Theodore Kunder
1861	Kodialbail Muhammad Azizuddin.
30819	Sanjova Premaya.
30829	Badanidyur Krishna Rao.
30831	Hamel Salina
30834	Gilbert Williams.
37326	Albert Chnar Kanaka.
37328	Arnold Kunder.
37346	Regnel T. Maben.
37348	Sitarem Kamath Kalpadi.
37359	Jagannatha Bandari Udipi.
37362	U. S. Subba Rao,
6082A	Amoda Jeeapriya

(By order)

Office of the Comr. for Govt. Examinations, Madras, 2nd October 1919.

G. MADDOX,
Secretary, School-Leaving Certificate Board.

UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS

NOTIFICATIONS

Under the scheme accepted by the Syndicate for utilizing the income from the endowment of Rs 10,000 made to the University by M.R Ry P. Ramarayaningar Garu, M.A., for the encouragement of the publication of scientific works in Telugu it is hereby notified that the subject of the work for which the next award shall be made, is—

"The influence of environment on body and mind."

All competitors should submit their productions so as to be received by the Registrar not later than 15th February 1918.

2. The following are the conditions under which the award shall be made:—

An award from the income of the fund will be made to the author of the work adjudged by the Board of Studies in Telugu to be the best on the subject. The Board may consult one or more experts in case it thinks it necessary to do so. Ordinarily, the award will consist of the interest accumulated for the two years, as remuneration for the labour involved and as a subsidy towards the cost of publication.

Should, however, the Board of Studies in Telugu consider that no work submitted to it deserves the award, the Syndicate may invite works on the same subject in the very next year giving ten months' notice in advance and make the award subject to the conditions specified.

(By order)

Senate House, 18th September 1916. J. J. HENSMAN, B.A., *Manager-in-charge.*

Candidates for the B.A. (Honours) Degree Final Examination of 1917 are hereby informed that the examination will commence on Monday, the 26th March 1917, *instead of* on Monday, the 2nd April as prescribed by the Regulations.

(By order)

Senate House, 18th September 1916. J. J. HENSMAN, B.A., *Manager-in-charge.*

With reference to the ordinary University lectures under Regulation 393 sanctioned by the Senate for the academic year 1916–17, it is hereby notified that the following courses of lectures will be delivered as given below :—

Name of lecturer.	Subject of lecture.	Duration of courses.	Place of delivery.	Date of commencement of lecture.	Days and hours of delivery.
				1916.	
Mr. E. B. Ross, M.A.	Elements of the Theory of Functions of a Complex Variable.	30 lectures.	Madras Christian College.	11th Oct. ..	Mondays and Wednesdays, commencing at 4-30 p.m.
Mr. T. K. Venkataraman, M.A., L.T.	Celestial Mechanics ..	Do.	Presidency College, Madras.	10th ,, ..	Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays, commencing at 4-30 p.m.
Mr. T. S. Subrahmanya Ayyar, M.A., L.T.	Co-operative movement in India and elsewhere.	Do.	Do.	13th ,, ..	Mondays and Fridays, commencing at 4-30 p.m.
Mr. B. Venkatesachar, M.A.	Physical Optics	Do.	Central College, Bangalore	13th ,, ..	Between 5-30 and 6-30 p.m. on October 13, 20, 21, 24, 25, 28 and 30; November 1, 3, 6, 10, 13, 15, 16, 17, 20, 22, 24, 27 and 29.
		Do.	Presidency College, Madras.	4th Dec ..	Between 4-30 and 5-30 p.m. on December 4, 7, 8, 11, 13, 15 18, 20, 22 and 25.

The lectures will be open to students taking the Honours course in any college affiliated to the University, on the recommendation of the Principal of his college. No fee will be charged for attending the course of lectures, but a student shall not attend the course till he has paid the usual fees to his college for the terms.

The Principals of all colleges affiliated in the Honours courses are requested to forward *in duplicate* at least fourteen days before the commencement of the lectures, lists of students taking the Honours course recommended for admission to the lectures.

Persons other than those mentioned above may also, on the recommendation of the lecturer and at the discretion of the Syndicate, be admitted to the lectures.

(By order)

Senate House, 19th September 1916. J. J. HENSMAN, B.A., *Manager-in-charge.*

RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE MADRAS VETERINARY COLLEGE—SEPTEMBER 1916.

ARTICLE I.—OBJECT.

The college is intended to afford theoretical and practical instruction in subjects appertaining to the veterinary profession with the object of training men for service under Government, municipalities, local boards or private employers. To the college proper is attached a veterinary hospital lent by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals for the use of the students (Raja Venugopala Bahadur's Hospital for Animals) and full clinical and other facilities are afforded to meet the educational requirements of students preparing for the diploma in Veterinary Science.

ARTICLE II.—CONTROL.

The responsibility for the discipline and management of the college and veterinary hospital is vested in its Principal, under the control of the Board of Revenue.

ARTICLE III.—STAFF.

The staff consists of a Principal, Assistant Principal, three lecturers, two assistant lecturers and a subordinate establishment.

ARTICLE IV.—COURSE OF INSTRUCTION.

(i) The course of study for the diploma shall ordinarily extend over at least three years, and shall include both theoretical and practical instruction.

(ii) The following shall be the curriculum :—

First year.

(1) Anatomy (up to Arthrology)—
Text-book—Strangeway's Veterinary Anatomy.

(2) Elementary Chemistry—
Text-book—Roscoe's Chemistry (Primer Series).

(3) Elementary Botany—
Text-book—Bentley's Botany (Primer Series).

(4) Materia Medica—
Text-book—Tuson's Veterinary Pharmacopœia.

(5) Handling of Animals—
Text-book—Dhakmarvala's Handling of Domestic Animals.

(6) Pharmacy (Theoretical and Practical)—
Text-book—Tuson's Veterinary Pharmacopœia.

During this year students will be practically instructed in nursing and dressing, the handling, casting and securing of animals, and the names of the various instruments and appliances used in ordinary practice.

Second year.

(1) Anatomy (the whole including Comparative Anatomy)—
Text-book—Strangeway's Veterinary Anatomy.

(2) Physiology—
Text-book—Ashby's Physiology.

(3) Hygiene (including Breeding and Rearing)—
Text-book—Mayrick's Stable Management.

(4) Principles of Horse-shoeing—
Text-book—Hunting's Horse-shoeing.

(5) Theoretical Veterinary Medicine and Surgery—
Text books—Adam's Diseases of the Horse. Steel's Diseases of the Ox, amplified by the information brought up to date in the Agricultural ledgers, Veterinary series.

(6) General nursing and instructions in the use of instruments and appliances.

During this year students will be required to attend hospital practice and receive clinical instruction. They will also attend at the forge and pharmacy, carry out dissections and perform operations on the dead subject.

Third year.

(1) Equine Medicine and Surgery—
Text-book—Adam's Diseases of the Horse.

(2) Bovine and Ovine Medicine and Surgery (including Obstetrics)—
Text-book—Steel's Diseases of the Ox, amplified by all information brought up to date in the Agricultural ledgers, Veterinary series, Diseases of Dogs.

(3) Operative Surgery—
Text-book—Cadiot's Exercise in Surgery.

(4) Therapeutics (including Toxicology)—
Text book—Wallis Hoare's Veterinary Therapeutics.

(5) Meat and milk inspections—
Text-book—Walley's Meat Inspection. (Edited by Stockman.)

(6) Soundness of horses and ageing of domesticated animals—
Text-book—Moore's Guide to examination of Horses for Soundness and Brown's Primer on Dentition.

During this year students will be required to perform the duties of clinical clerks and dressers to perform operations on dead subjects and afterwards on living animals, and to conduct post-mortem examinations. They will carry out practically all the duties appertaining to their profession.

(iii) Students who hold the diploma in Agriculture need not attend the first year's course of study, but will be examined in the subjects of both first and second year at the end of their first year of attendance at the Veterinary College.

(iv) Students who have passed in Chemistry or Botany in the Intermediate or B.A. Examination need not attend the course in Elementary Chemistry or Botany, as the case may be, at the Veterinary College.

ARTICLE V.—CLASSES.

(i) The students of each year's course shall form a separate class.

(ii) The number of students in each class shall ordinarily be thirty. Government have temporarily raised this number to forty for two years commencing from 1916.

(iii) Promotion from one class to another shall depend on the results of the annual examinations.

ARTICLE VI.—ADMISSION, WITHDRAWAL AND DISMISSAL.

(i) All applications for admission as a student shall be made in writing to the Principal and only those who are selected by him shall be admitted.

(ii) A student when admitted shall be considered to be on probation for the first two months of the course and may be removed if not found to be satisfactory.

(iii) A student who fails in the class examination for two consecutive years shall be dismissed.

ARTICLE VII.—QUALIFICATIONS FOR ADMISSION.

(i) Each candidate for admission shall produce the following certificates—

(*a*) of age (that he is eighteen years of age or over);

(*b*) of physical fitness and good morals;

(*c*) that he has passed the Matriculation Examination of an Indian University under the old regulations or that he has obtained 45 per cent of marks in English and 35 per cent in other subjects in the School Final Examination, except in the case of Europeans and Eurasians whose admission will be subject to selection by the Principal;

(*d*) that he has been permitted by his father or guardian to join the college.

(ii) No distinction of caste or nationality shall be recognised in considering application for admission, but a good colloquial knowledge of English shall be held essential.

ARTICLE VIII. FEES.

The tuition shall be free to all students who execute an agreement binding themselves to serve Government for five years, if required, after completing their course in the college satisfactorily. All others will be required to pay tuition fees in advance of each term at the rate of Rs. 240 per annum. In ordinary circumstances, no person over 22 years of age will be admitted as a *free* student.

ARTICLE IX.—SCHOLARSHIPS.

(i) Government will ordinarily allot thirty scholarships in each class annually, two of the monthly value of Rs. 20 each which will be reserved for graduates of a University, preferably those who have taken a Science degree, and the remaining 28 scholarships each of the value of Rs. 10 per mensem; but they reserve the right to decrease the number or alter their value if necessary. The number of scholarships on Rs. 10 per mensem is now temporarily raised from 28 to 34 for five years commencing from 1916.

(ii) Scholarships shall be held conditionally on the good behaviour of the holders.

(iii) Scholarships shall be awarded by the Principal after such examination or other test of fitness of the candidates as he may think right to prescribe.

(iv) The scholarships to be awarded for the higher classes shall be allotted ordinarily in accordance with the results of the annual examinations.

(v) A student already in the enjoyment of a scholarship from a local body or private person shall not be eligible for a Government scholarship.

(vi) Students who are in the enjoyment of Government scholarships shall refund the amount which they have received as stipend and shall also pay tuition fees at the rate of Rs. 240 per annum if they leave the college without sanction or are expelled for misconduct.

ARTICLE X.—TERMS AND TIME-TABLE.

(i) Each year shall comprise two terms—

Spring session—January to March.

Autumn session—July to December.

(ii) Tables of the times and subjects of lectures, to which both teachers and students shall adhere, shall be posted on the notice boards at the commencement of each term.

ARTICLE XI.—VACATIONS AND HOLIDAYS.

In addition to the miscellaneous holidays, the following shall be the vacations and holidays:—

Midsummer vacation (3 months)

Michaelmas holidays. (1 week).

Christmas and Easter holidays. (Gazetted).

Students will be required to attend hospital cases in turn during vacations.

ARTICLE XII.—LEAVE.

(i) Leave of absence will be granted by the Principal only. Absence in case of sickness shall only be recognised on the production of a certificate from a duly-qualified medical practitioner.

(ii) The Principal may grant casual leave to scholarship-holders for not more than five days at a time or ten days in the year; but no casual leave shall be granted in continuation of other holidays with allowances. Any further leave except such leave for a month shall be leave without scholarship.

ARTICLE XIII.—EXAMINATIONS.

(i) Annual examinations shall be held in December for the students of each class. The examinations shall be conducted by a Board of Examiners which will consist of—

(1) The Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, Madras;

(2) The Principal of the Bombay Veterinary College; and

(3) A Civil Veterinary Officer from another Province.

(ii) For admission to examination, a candidate must have studied at the college for such time as may be prescribed and have attended at least three-fourths of the year's lectures and have done practical work in each of the various classes. He must also have obtained from the Principal a certificate permitting him to appear for examination.

(iii) The following are the subjects for the examinations with the maximum number of marks that shall be awarded for each of them:—

Examination at the end of the first year's study—

	Marks.	Time allotted for examination.
(1) Anatomy up to Arthrology	100	10 minutes.
(2) Elementary Chemistry	100	10 ,,
(3) Elementary Botany including poisonous plants	100	10 ,,
(4) Materia Medica	100	10 ,,
(5) Handling of Animals	100	20 ,,
(6) Pharmacy, Theoretical and Practical	100	10 ,,
Total ..	600	

Examination for those students who have passed the first examination and have gone through the second year course of study—

	Marks.	Time allotted for examination.
(1) Anatomy, whole, including Comparative Anatomy ..	100	15 minutes.
(2) Physiology	100	15 ,,
(3) Hygiene including Breeding and Rearing	100	15 ,,
(4) Principles of Horse-shoeing	100	15 ,,
Total ..	400	

Final or diploma examination for those students who have passed the second examination, and have gone through the third year course of study—

	Marks.	Time allotted for examination.
(1) Equine Medicine and Surgery	200	30 minutes.
(2) Bovine and Ovine Medicine and Surgery	200	30 ,,
(3) Operative Surgery	200	30 ,,
(4) Therapeutics including Toxicology	100	15 ,,
(5) Soundness of horses and ageing of domesticated animals.	200	30 ,,
(6) Meat and Milk inspection	100	15 ,,
Total ..	1,000	

This examination will be of general nature, calculated to test the knowledge acquired by the students during the whole of their three years' course.

(iv) In the first and second year class examinations, 33 per cent in each subject will be required to ensure a "Pass" except in "Botany" in the first year class and in "Horse-shoeing" in the second year class, in which subjects 20 per cent will be required, with an aggregate of 50 per cent. In the final diploma examination 50 per cent in "Equine Medicine and Surgery", "Bovine and Ovine Medicine and Surgery" and "Operative Surgery" and 33 per cent in "Therapeutics" "Soundness of horses and ageing of domesticated animals" and "Meat and milk inspection" will be required for a "Pass," the aggregate of all the subjects being 50 per cent.

(v) Lists of the students who have passed the examination successfully will be published as soon as possible after completion of each examination.

(vi) Any student of the *first* or *second* year class who fails in not more than one subject in the annual examination, but obtains the required aggregate number of marks will be allowed to study in the next higher class; he will however, be required to pass in the subject in which he failed in a supplementary examination to be *held by the Principal or the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, after the expiry of not less than three months* from the date of the annual examination.

(vii) If, at such re-examination, the student fails to pass in the subject in which he failed at the annual examination he will revert to the lower class.

(viii) Any student who fails at the final examination in not more than one of the minor subjects, viz., therapeutics, soundness of horses, and meat and milk inspection but obtains the required aggregate number of marks, will be allowed to present himself at the next annual examination for the re-examination in the subject in which he failed on it being proved to the satisfaction of the

Principal that he has been working with a Veterinary Practitioner or at a Veterinary Institution for a period of not less than six months previous to the date of such next annual examination and upon his passing in the subject in which he is re-examined, he shall be entitled to the diploma.

ARTICLE XIV.—DIPLOMAS AND CERTIFICATES.

A diploma as graduate in Veterinary Science shall be awarded to students who have gone through a full course of three years' study at the college and have passed the final examination. Special certificates shall be awarded to students who have passed the final examination, and who have been elected clinical clerks and prosectors and have performed their duties satisfactorily.

ARTICLE XV.—REPORTS.

(i) The officers engaged in instruction shall make a report each month to the Principal on the attendance of the students at their classes and the individual progress as shown at the monthly oral examinations. They shall record the matter taught by them monthly in the form of a syllabus for the information of the Principal and examiners.

(ii) The Principal shall furnish a monthly report during the terms to each person or body of persons by whom the students are supported as to their regularity of attendance, progress and conduct while on the college premises. The progress of each student will be judged from the monthly examinations.

ARTICLE XVI.—DISCIPLINE.

(i) Strict discipline shall be maintained within the college. Infringement of rules and regulations by students shall be punished by fines, rustication, expulsion or such other punishment as may be considered advisable by the Principal after due enquiry.

(ii) Each student when his name is enrolled on the college books, shall receive a copy of the rules and regulations and on entering the college shall acknowledge by signature his acceptance of such rules and regulations as are in force when he enters and such others as may be introduced from time to time.

(iii) All officials and servants of the college shall be under the control of the Principal. The officers of the college in accepting their appointments will, *ipso facto*, be held to have accepted the rules and regulations then in force and such modifications as may be made from time to time. Each officer shall be held responsible for the exact performance of the duties in his branch of the schoolwork and for the results of his teaching.

(iv) The Principal and Assistant Principal shall exercise general supervision over all departments and be in immediate charge of the hospital wards, pharmacy, library, and other parts of the college.

(v) Clinical clerks shall be selected from the more advanced students and each in turn be placed in charge of the wards of the hospital to superintend the medical treatment, nursing of patients and proper record of cases. Satisfactory performance of the duties of clinical clerk shall be recognized by the bestowal of a certificate on graduation.

(vi) Every student who is not a clinical clerk may be appointed a dresser. He will be responsible for the carrying out of all instructions as to the nursing and medical treatment of the animals under his charge.

(vii) Two students to acts as prosectors may be appointed by the Lecturer on Anatomy every session. To them will be entrusted the preparation of all "subjects" required to illustrate his lectures, the hanging of diagrams, placing of specimens on the lecture table, etc. Satisfactory performance of these duties shall be recognized by a special certificate.

(viii) Damage to property in the college (such as writing on or defacing doors, walls or desks) is strictly prohibited.

ARTICLE XVII.—OUT-DOOR GAMES.

Every student shall interest himself in one of the out-door games provided in the college. A term fee of Rs. 2 will be payable by each student.

ARTICLE XVIII.—MISCELLANEOUS.

(i) *Library.*—A library and reading room will be established in the college to assist students and for professional reference. It will be conducted under special rules which will be posted up in the room and these must be strictly observed.

(ii) *Museum.*—Models, mounted specimens, diagrams and expensive instruments not frequently required will be kept in the museum. They will be on view for the purposes of the study but in no case may they be removed except by the teachers for use in the lecture room or hospital and they must be returned when no longer required. The museum will be in charge of the curator who will be responsible for the maintenance of order and discipline.

(iii) *Students' meetings.*—The class rooms and library of the college will be available for students' meetings at the discretion of the Principal. No students' society bearing the name of the college may be formed without his consent.

(iv) *Dissecting room.*—The dissecting room will be open during day-light to all students, but advanced students only will be allowed to dissect there under the supervision of the Lecturer on Anatomy whose duty it will be to distribute parts and subjects and record attendance and work. No student will be exempt from this important part of his duties.

(v) *Botanical garden.*—When available, a small plot of ground will be arranged on the premises as a botanical garden in such a way as to render it of value to students in obtaining a practical acquaintance with medicinal, dietetic and poisonous plants. It will be at all times open to students, and the gardener will, as far as possible, supply them with plants for the practical study of botany.

(vi) *Post-mortem examinations.*—Post-mortem examinations are to be made in the case of all animals dying in the hospital except in the case where an owner has expressed a wish to the contrary. The result will be recorded in a book kept specially for that purpose.

(vii) *Infectious wards*.—Isolation wards will, when occupied, be placed in charge of a special clinical clerk fully instructed as to the measures necessary for the protection of the attendants and the prevention of contagion.

(viii) *Pharmacy*.—The pharmacy and drug store will be in the immediate charge of the Assistant Principal. No student or attendant will be allowed in this part of the hospital without special permission. The compounder will give a receipt for all drugs received from the store, and all prescriptions to be made up by compounder and student on duty must be written on a slip of paper which will be retained as a voucher.

(ix) *Employment of passed students*.—It will be the duty of the Principal to render all reasonable assistance to passed students in securing suitable employments. Many veterinary dispensaries, of which only graduates will be permitted to be in charge, will gradually be established in the principal towns of the Presidency which will render much needed help to cattle-owners, and in addition it is expected that other appointments may be made for which veterinary graduates will be eminently suited such as Municipal Cattle Inspectors, Port Cattle Inspectors, etc.

FORM OF AGREEMENT.

(*Stipendiary and Non-stipendiary.*)

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT made and entered into this day of 191 BETWEEN of of the first part son of the said of the second part and the Secretary of State for India in Council hereinafter referred to as the Secretary of State of the third part WHEREBY each of the parties hereto so far as the covenants and conditions on his own part are to be observed and performed covenants with the other of them as follows:—

(1) The said hereby of his own free will and consent and with the approbation and consent of the said shall well and faithfully pursue his studies at the Government Veterinary College, Madras, and use his best endeavours to qualify for the Veterinary service of the Government of British India or of any local Government.

(2) The said shall after completing his studies at the said Veterinary College and if required so to do serve the Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns in the Civil Veterinary Department of the Government of Madras for a period of not less than five years and shall during the whole of such period diligently and efficiently do all acts and discharge all duties which may be required to be done by him in his capacity as an officer of the said department.

(3) The Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns hereby engages to educate the said at the Madras Veterinary College in all matters relating to the Veterinary Science that it may be deemed necessary by the Principal of the said college to teach the said

(4) And it is hereby agreed and declared that the Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns shall be at liberty to rescind this agreement on account of the negligence failure to attend to duty idleness or any insubordination or misconduct on the part of the said and to dismiss him from the said college or the service of the Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns and the said shall not be entitled to any of the privileges hereby granted to him AND it is also hereby agreed and declared that in case the said shall give cause for dismissal or shall leave without permission the said college or the service of the Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns within five years after the completion of his studies at the said college or shall fail on being required so to do on completion of his studies at the said college to serve the Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns in the said department for a period of not less than five years the said shall refund to the Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns all sum or sums (if any) paid to the said by way of stipend while at the said college and also all sum or sums in any way expended paid or incurred by the Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns in respect of the education of the said at the said college.

Signed by the abovenamed
in the presence of

Witnesses—
1.
2.

Signed by the abovenamed
in the presence of

Witnesses—
1.
2.

Signed by
Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, acting for and on behalf of the Secretary of State in the presence of

Witnesses—
1.
2

SURETY BOND.

(*Stipendiary.*)

KNOW ALL MEN by these presents that we of and (principal obligor) of (sureties) are jointly and severally bound to the SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL or his successors or assigns in the sum of Rs. of lawful money of British India to be paid to the said Secretary of State or to his certain attorneys successors or assigns for which payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves our heirs executors administrators and representatives and each of us binds himself his heirs executors administrators and representatives firmly by these presents sealed with our seals and dated this day of 19 WHEREAS the Secretary of State for India in Council for himself and his successors in office or assigns has engaged to educate the said at the Madras Veterinary College in all matters relating to Veterinary Science that it may be deemed necessary by the Principal of the said college to teach the said AND WHEREAS in consideration of such education to be given to the said as aforesaid by the said Secretary of State and his successors in office and assigns the said has agreed with the said Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns that he will after completing his studies at the said college and if required to do so serve in the Civil Veterinary Department of the Government of Madras for a period of not less than five years during the whole of which time he will diligently and efficiently do all acts and discharge all duties which may be required of him to be done in his capacity as an officer of the said department AND WHEREAS the said Secretary of State has also on his part agreed that the said shall be paid for such services at the rate of not less than thirty rupees per month and shall be entitled to all rights and privileges in respect of pay pension and promotion accorded to officers of the said department for the time being by the rules and regulations of the said department AND WHEREAS for the purpose of securing and indemnifying the said Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns against all loss damage and expenses which he or they might or may in any way suffer or be put to by reason of the said being dismissed from or leaving without permission the said college or by reason of his failing on being required so to do on completion of his studies at the said college to serve the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns or by reason of his being dismissed from or leaving without permission the service of the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns in less than five years after the completion of his studies at the said college and for the purpose also of securing the refund to the said Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns of the total cost incurred by the said Secretary of State or his successors in office or assigns in respect of the education of the said at the said college and in consideration of the education so as aforesaid to be given to the said at the said college it has also been agreed that the said and the said and as his sureties should execute the above written bond subject to the condition hereinafter contained NOW THE CONDITION of the above written bond or obligation is such that if the said shall well and faithfully and diligently pursue his studies at the said college and qualify for the said Veterinary service and shall also after completing his studies at the said Veterinary College and if so required to do serve the Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns in the Civil Veterinary Department of the Government of Madras for a period of not less than five years and shall during the whole of such period diligently and efficiently do all acts and discharge all duties which may be required to be done by him in his capacity as an officer of the said department or if the said and and or any one or more of them their or any of their heirs executors administrators and representatives shall well and truly indemnify the said Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns against all loss damage and expenses which he or they might or may in any way suffer or be put to by reason of the said giving cause for his dismissal from or leaving without permission the said college or the service of the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns within five years after the completion of his studies at the said college or failing on being required so to do on the completion of his studies at the said college to serve the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns and if the said and and or any one or more of them their or any of their heirs executors administrators or representatives shall also pay the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns all payments made to the said by way of stipend while at the said college and also all sum or sums in any way expended paid or incurred by the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns in respect of the education of the said at the said college than the above-written bond or obligation shall be void otherwise the same shall remain in full force and virtue PROVIDED ALWAYS and it is hereby expressly agreed and declared that these presents and the relative agreement by the said shall be treated and considered as entered into under the orders of the Government of Madras for the performance by the said of a public duty and an act in which the public are interested within meaning of section 74, Act IX of 1872 of the Legislative Council of India.

IN WITNESS whereof the said (1) (2) and (3) have hereunto set their respective hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the abovenamed in the presence of }

Witnesses—

1.

2.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the abovenamed in the presence of }

B-6

Witnesses—

1.
2.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the abovenamed
in the presence of }

Witnesses—

1.
2.

SURETY BOND.

(Non-signatory.)

KNOW ALL MEN by these presents that we
(principal obligor) of of and of
(sureties) are jointly and severally bound to the SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL
or to his certain attorneys successors or assigns in the sum of Rs. of lawful
money of British India to be paid to the said Secretary of State or to his certain attorneys successors or
assigns for which payment well and truly to be made we bind ourselves our heirs executors administrators
and representatives and each of us binds himself his heirs executors administrators and repre-
sentatives firmly by these presents sealed with our seals and dated this day of
19 WHEREAS the Secretary of State for India in Council for himself and his successors
in office or assigns has engaged to educate the said at the
Madras Veterinary College in all matters relating to Veterinary Science that it may be deemed necessary
by the Principal of the said college to teach the said AND WHEREAS
in consideration of such education to be given to the said
as aforesaid by the said Secretary of State and his successors in office and assigns the said
has agreed with the said Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns
that he will after completing his studies at the said college and if required to do so serve in the Civil
Veterinary Department of the Government of Madras for a period of not less than five years during
the whole of which time he will diligently and efficiently do all acts and discharge all duties which
may be required of him to be done in his capacity as an officer of the said department AND WHEREAS
the said Secretary of State has also on his part agreed that the said
shall be paid for such service at the rate of not less than thirty rupees per month
and shall be entitled to all rights and privileges in respect of pay pension and promotion accorded to
officers of the said department for the time being by the rules and regulations of the said department
AND WHEREAS for the purpose of securing and indemnifying the said Secretary of State his successors
in office and assigns against all loss damage and expenses which he or they might or may in any way
suffer or be put to by reason of the said
being dismissed from or leaving without permission the said college (or by reason of his failing on
being required so to do on completion of his studies at the said college to serve the said Secretary of
State his successors in office or assigns) or by reason of his being dismissed from or leaving without
permission the service of the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns within less than five
years after the completion of his studies at the said college and for the purpose also of securing the
refund to the said Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns of the total cost incurred by the
said Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns in respect of the education of the said
at the said college and in consideration of the education so as aforesaid
to be given to the said at the said college it has also been agreed
that the said and the said and
as his sureties should execute the above-written bond subject
to the condition hereinafter contained NOW THE CONDITION of the above-written bond or obligation is
such that if the said shall well and faithfully and diligently pursue his
studies at the said college and qualify for the said Veterinary Service and shall also after completing
his studies at the said Veterinary College and if so required to do serve the Secretary of State his
successors in office and assigns in the Civil Veterinary Department of the Government of Madras for
a period of not less than five years and shall during the whole of such period diligently and efficiently
do all acts and discharge all duties which may be required to be done by him in his capacity as an
officer of the said department or if the said and
said or any one or more of them their
or any of their heirs executors administrators and representatives shall well and truly indemnify the
said Secretary of State his successors in office and assigns against all loss damage and expenses which
he or they might or may in any way suffer or be put to by reason of the said
giving cause for his dismissal from or leaving without permission the said college or the
service of the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns within five years after the
completion of his studies at the said college or failing on being required so to do on the completion
of his studies at the said college to serve the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns
and if the said and and or
any one or more of them their or any of their heirs executors administrators or representatives shall
also pay the Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns all sum or sums in any way
expended paid or incurred by the said Secretary of State his successors in office or assigns in respect
of education of the said at the said college then the above—
written bond or obligation shall be void otherwise the same shall remain in full force and virtue
PROVIDED ALWAYS and it is hereby expressly agreed and declared that these presents and the relative
agreement by the said shall be treated and considered as entered into
under the orders of the Government of Madras for the performance by the said
of a public duty and an act in which the public are interested within the
meaning of section 74 of Act IX of 1872 of the Legislative Council of India.

In witness whereof the said (1) (2) and (3) have hereunto set their respective hands and seals the day and year first above written.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the abovenamed in the presence of }

Witnesses.
1.
2.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the abovenamed in the presence of }

Witnesses.
1.
2.

Signed, sealed and delivered by the abovenamed in the presence of }

Witnesses.
1.
2.

Vepery, Madras, 11th September 1916.

D. A. D. AITCHISON, M.R.C.V.S., I.C.V.D.,
Principal, Madras Veterinary College.

THE MADRAS VETERINARY COLLEGE PROSPECTUS

As there appears reason to believe that intending candidates for employment in Government service are in many cases not aware of the existence of the Madras Veterinary College and of the prospects offered by a veterinary career, the following prospectus of the college is published for general information. The rules of the college and the scale of the provincial and the subordinate veterinary services are liable to be altered if need requires at any time.

1. The college affords theoretical and practical instruction in subjects appertaining to the veterinary profession with the object of training men for service under Government, Municipalities, local board or private employers. The staff of the college consists of a Principal, an Assistant Principal, three lecturers, two assistant lecturers and a subordinate establishment. The responsibility for the discipline and management of the college is vested in the Principal who is subject to the control of the Board of Revenue. Full clinical and other facilities are afforded to meet the education requirements of students preparing for the diploma in Veterinary Science. A veterinary hospital, museum, library, shoeing forge and students' hostel are attached to the college.

2. Candidates are eligible for admission without distinction of caste or nationality. They must not be under 18 years of age at the commencement of the term for which admission to the college is desired. In ordinary circumstances, no person over 23 years of age will be admitted as a free student. Students are admitted in the college by selection which will be made by the Principal. Applications for admission should be made in writing in the prescribed form printed at the end, and they should be submitted so as to reach the Principal not later than the 5th December of each year and should be accompanied by the following certificates:—

(*a*) of age,

(*b*) of physical fitness and moral character,

(*c*) that the applicant has passed the Matriculation Examination of an Indian University under the old regulations or that he has obtained 45 per cent of marks in English and 35 per cent in other subjects in the School Final Examination, except in the case of Europeans and Eurasians who may be admitted, though unpassed, at the discretion of the Principal.

3. In the event of a candidate being selected, he will be served with a special notice informing him of the particular day and hour when and the place at which he should present himself for personal selection. Candidates when admitted will be considered to be on probation for the first two months of the course and may be removed if found to be not satisfactory.

4. *Course and study and curriculum of instruction.*—The course of study for the diploma ordinarily extends over three years. The students of each year's course form a separate class. The number of students in each class is ordinarily limited to 30. Government have temporarily raised this number to 40 for five years commencing from 1916. Promotion from one class to another is made with reference to the results of the annual examinations. A student who fails in the class examination for two consecutive years, shall be removed from the college.

The curriculum of instruction is as follows:—

(i) *First year*—
(1) Anatomy (up to Arthrology).
(2) Elementary Chemistry.
(3) Elementary Botany.
(4) Materia Medica.
(5) Handling of animals.
(6) Pharmacy (Theoretical and Practical).

During this year students are given practical instruction in nursing, dressing, handling, casting and securing animals as well as in the names of the instruments and appliances used in ordinary practice.

(ii) *Second year*—
(1) Anatomy: the whole, including Comparative Anatomy).
(2) Physiology.
(3) Hygiene (including Breeding and Rearing).
(4) Principles of Horse-shoeing.
(5) Theoretical Veterinary Medicine and Surgery.
(6) General nursing and instructions in the use of instruments and appliances.

During this year students are required to attend hospital practice and receive clinical instruction. They are also required to attend at the Forge and Pharmacy, to carry out dissections and to perform operations on the dead subject.

(iii) *Third year*—
(1) Equine Medicine and Surgery.
(2) Bovine and Ovine Medicine and Surgery (including Obstetrics).
(3) Diseases of dogs.
(4) Operative Surgery.
(5) Therapeutics (including Toxicology).
(6) Meat and milk inspection.
(7) Soundness of horses and ageing of domesticated animals.

During this year students are required to perform the duties of clinical clerks and dressers, to perform operations on dead subjects, and afterwards on living animals, to conduct *post mortem* examinations and generally to carry out practically all the duties appertaining to their profession. Students who hold the diploma in Agriculture are not required to attend the first year's course of study, but are examined in the subjects of both the first and second-year courses at the end of their first year of attendance at the Veterinary College.

Students who have passed in Chemistry or Botany in the Intermediate or B.A. Examination need not attend the course in Elementary Chemistry or Botany, as the case may be at the Veterinary College.

All students are required to undergo a course of equitation and gymnastics. A student absenting himself without leave from a lecture or from a practical, gymnastic or riding class is liable to be fined.

5. The tuition shall be free to all students who execute an agreement binding themselves to serve Government for five years, if required, after completing their course in the college satisfactorily. All others will be required to pay tuition fees in advance of each term at the rate of Rs. 240 per annum. A fee of Rs. 2 per term is also payable by each student, whether free or paying, to meet the cost of sports.

6. Government ordinarily allot thirty scholarships in each class annually, two of the monthly value of Rs. 20 each, which will be reserved for graduates of a University preferably those who have taken a Science degree, and the remaining twenty eight of the monthly value of Rs. 10 each, but they reserve the right to decrease the number or alter their value, if necessary. The number of scholarships on Rs. 10 per mensem has been temporarily raised from 28 to 38 for 3 years commencing from 1914. Scholarships in the first year will be awarded by the Principal on the results of the first three monthly examinations. Scholarships tenable in the second and third years are ordinarily allotted on the results of the monthly and annual examinations. A student already in the enjoyment of a scholarship from a local body or a private person is not eligible for a Government scholarship. All scholarships are conditional on the good behaviour of the holders. Students who are in the enjoyment of the Government scholarships are required to refund the amount which they have received as stipends and also to pay tuition fees at the rate of Rs. 240 per annum, if they leave the college without sanction or are expelled for misconduct.

7. *Terms and time-table*.—Each year comprises two terms—a spring session from January to March and an autumn session from July to December. Tables of the times and subjects of lectures to which both teachers and students should adhere will be posted on the notice board at the commencement of each term.

8. *Vacations and holidays*.—(i) In addition to the miscellaneous public holidays, the students are allowed the following vacations and holidays:—

Midsummer vacation (three months),
Michaelmas holidays (one week),
Christmas and Easter holidays (gazetted).

Students are required to attend hospital cases in turn during vacations.

(ii) Leave of absence is granted by the Principal only. Scholarship-holders may, at the discretion of the Principal, be granted casual leave, with allowances, for not more than five days at a time or ten days in the year, but no casual leave will be granted in continuation of other holidays with allowances. Any further leave to scholarship-holders except sick leave for a month will be subject to stoppage of scholarship. Leave of absence in such case of illness will be recognised only on the production of a certificate from a duly qualified medical practitioner.

9. *Examinations*.—Examinations are conducted orally and are held annually in December in all the classes. For admission to the examination candidates must have studied at the college for such time as may be prescribed and have attended at least three-fourths of the year's lectures and have done practical work in their respective classes.

10. *Diplomas and certificates*.—A diploma as graduate in Veterinary Science is awarded to students who have gone through the full course of three years' study at the college and have passed the final examination.

Such of the students as are elected clinical clerks and prosectors and perform their duties satisfactorily are, in addition, awarded special certificates on passing the final examination.

11. *Miscellaneous.*—The hostel attached to the college provides accommodation for 43 students. Students are at liberty to make their own arrangements as to their board and lodging. A monthly rent of Rs. 2 for a single room in the new extensions and Re. 1 for a single room and As. 12 for a double room, (i.e., a room accommodating two students) in the old block will be charged to each student who elects to take up his lodging in the college hostel.

12. *Prospects of students who pass out of the College.*—Graduates of the college are eligible for appointment to the following posts in the provincial and subordinate service of the Civil Veterinary Department in the Madras Presidency.

	Rs.
Deputy Superintendents or Assistant Principal of the College on	200—25—400
Senior Lecturer of the College on	120— 8—200
Veterinary Inspectors (First Grade) on	100— 4—120
Do. (Second Grade) on	85— 2—100
Veterinary Assistants (First Grade) on	75— 2— 85
Do. (Second Grade) on	50— 5— 75
Do (Third Grade) on	30— 4— 50

NOTE.—The intermediate figure in each case represents the amount of annual increment.

Inspectors and Assistants employed in the college as lecturers or assistant lecturers will get a compensatory local allowance of Rs. 20 per mensem.

Veterinary Assistants when holding independant charge of hospitals and dispensaries whether maintained by Government or by Local Boards and Municipalities will be paid a local allowance of Rs. 10 per mensem each. While so employed, they will also be provided with free quarters or granted in lieu thereof a house rent allowance not exceeding Rs. 5 per mensem. Veterinary Assistants in charge of the hospitals and dispensaries at hill stations and of the Minor Veterinary Dispensary at Bhadrachalam are granted a local allowance of Rs. 15 and Rs. 10 according as they belong to the first two grades or to the third grade.

Itinerating Veterinary Assistants are paid a local allowance of Rs. 15 per mensem each. The Itinerating Veterinary Assistants posted to the Bhadrachalam division and to the Nilgiris draw a local allowance of Rs. 25 a month in addition to a pony allowance of Rs. 15.

All the above posts are pensionable. Veterinary graduates have, in addition, fair prospects of employment as Municipal Cattle Inspectors and as Assistants in charge of Veterinary dispensaries established by local bodies, private proprietors and Native States. It will be the duty of the Principal to render all reasonable assistance to passed students in securing suitable employment.

Form of application for admission into the Madras Veterinary College.

(To be so submitted as as to reach the Principal on or before 5th December of each year.)

(1) Name of the candidate in full; (2) His occupation; (3) Name of the parent or guardian; (4) Residence; (5) Occupation of parent; (6) School and class last attended; (7) Highest examination passed and date of passing; (8) Vernaculars spoken; (9) Age; (10) Religion, (11) Whether Hindu (Brahman or Non-Brahman), Muhammadan, Native Christian, Eurasian or European, etc.; (12) Stature and chest girth; and (13) Candidate's present address.

Date of application. *Signature of the candidate.*

N.B.—The application should be accompanied by the certificate (1) of age, (2) of physical fitness from a qualified medical practitioner and moral character from the head of school, college or office and (3) that the applicant has passed the Matriculation Examination of an Indian University under the old regulations or that he has obtained 45 per cent of marks in English and 35 per cent in other subjects in the School Final Examination, except in the case of Europeans and Eurasians who may be admitted, though unpassed, at the discretion of the Principal.

D. A. D. AITCHISON, M.R.C.V.S., I.C.V.D.,
Principal, Madras Veterinary College.

Vepery, Madras, 11th September 1916.

GOVERNMENT TRAINING CLASS FOR MEN TEACHERS IN EUROPEAN SCHOOLS, SANAWAR.

Applications for admission to the Training class will be received by the undersigned up to 1st November 1916. They should not be submitted direct to the Principal. Forms of application may be obtained from the office.

Candidates must be at least sixteen years of age, and must have passed the High School examination for European schools or the Matriculation or any higher examination of a University. Preference is given to older students who have had some teaching experience or have passed the Intermediate examination of a University.

Every candidate must produce a certificate of good moral character and a certificate from a commissioned medical officer that his health is good, and that he is suffering from no infirmity likely to interfere with the profession of a teacher.

The next course begins on 1st March 1917. The course lasts two years.

The Training class is under the immediate direction of Mr. J. R. Firth, M.A., L.T., who is assisted by Mr. T. G. Prince, B.A., B.T. The class is under the general superintendence of the Rev. G. D. Burns, M.A., Principal, Secretary, and Chaplain of the Lawrence Military Asylum, Sanawar.

The syllabus includes English, Geography, History, Urdu, Latin, Mathematics, Elementary Science and Drawing. In subjects specially relating to educational method, etc., the syllabus is founded on that of the London University Teaching diploma.

Advanced students may be given private aid up to the standard of any degree examination in India.

Great attention is given to practical teaching under real school conditions as well as under criticism lesson conditions.

Physical training is carefully attended to, and students are required to pass an examination in the physical drill of a class of boys. There are ample opportunities for games, and there is a volunteer company for students.

Stipends of Rs. 40 per measem are awarded by Government to selected students. This sum is just enough to cover the cost of board, books, clothing, and all ordinary expenses. High School scholarships are tenable in the Training class in addition to stipends. The cost of railway fare, second class, will be paid to each stipendiary student on joining and leaving Sanawar, and for the winter vacation (about two and-a-half months), if enjoyed.

J. H. MELVILLE,
Inspector of European and Training Schools.

Madras, 25th September 1916.

ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, ACCOUNTS BRANCH, PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

List of candidates who passed the Entrance Examination, Accounts Branch, Public Works Department, in accordance with Government of India Resolution No. $\frac{19}{147}$-A.E., dated $\frac{25\text{th June}}{13\text{th September}}$ 1916.

	Name	Age	Occupation.	Address.	Date of examination.
1.	P. S. Ganam Sastri	Yrs. M. 17 5	Teacher	Mudaliar Store, Anaar Street, Triplicane, Triplicane	Monday, 4th September 1916.
2.	O. Subba Rao	21	Do.	Hindu High School, Masulipatam	Do.
3.	B. R. Subramaniam	27	Clerk ..	No. 4, Nara Varadaswami Ayyar Street, Nungambakkam, Madras	Do.
4.	A. V. Ramachiban	26 11	Do.	Public Works Secretariat, Irrigation Branch, Madras.	Do.
5.	A. Roopathy Nayakar ..	22	Do.	No. 9, Rajagopal Naik Street, Chintadrepet, Madras	Do.
6.	R. V. Virvendhan	24	Do.	Accountant-General's Office, Public Works Branch, Madras.	Do.
7.	C. Gopal Rao	21	Do.	W. A. Section, Accountant-General's Office, Madras.	Do.
8.	V. S. Swamidhan	21	Do.	2/81, Bells Road, Triplicane, Madras.	Do.
9.	R. Ramachandra Ayyar ..	18	Clerk ..	No. 27, Peariammall High Road, Kilpauk, Madras	Do.
10.	P. Subramanyachar	18	Do.	No. 37, Third Road, Chamarajapet, Bangalore City.	Do.
11.	S. Varadachari	18	Do.	W. A. Section Accountant-General's Office, Madras	Do.
12.	K. Subba Rao	19	Do.	Comptroller's Office, Public Works & Railway Branch, Bangalore.	Do.
13.	N. K. Ramiah	26	Do.	Superintendent's Office, Cauvery Reservoir Works, Mysore.	Do.
14.	Cos. F. A. Rego	19	Student	Near Post office Perambur, Madras.	Do.
15.	K. Sesantha Ayyangar ..	23	Clerk	No. 31, 4th Main Road, Chamarajapet, Bangalore City.	Do.
	K. Srikantaswami Ayyangar ..	20	Do.	No. 18 Venkatrama Ayyar street, Georgetown, Madras	Do.
17.	K. S. Venkatanarayana Ayyar.	23	Do.	No. 32, Somayyar's New street, Coimbatore.	Do.
18.	P. N. Krishna Ayyangar ..	22	Do.	Executive Engineer's office, Shimoga Division, Mysore	Do.
	R. Sankara Ayyar	23	Do.	No. 5173, Governor's pet, Bezwada.	Do.

College of Engineering, Madras,
16th September 1916.

W. H. JAMES,
Principal

SCHOLARSHIPS

The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, sanctions the following scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 2 each tenable till the end of June 1917 with effect from 1st July 1916:—

Number.	Name of pupil.	Name of institution in which tenable.	Name of Correspondent.
1	V. Sundaram ..	A.A.M. Girls' School Chinnamandy street, Vellore.	Rev Thomas Harris.
2	A. Rathi Bai ..	Government Hindu Girls' School, Vellore ..	Headteacher, Government Hindu Girls' School, Vellore.
3	Nagammal	Do. Salem ..	Headteacher, Government Hindu Girls' School, Salem.
4	Kanakam	U.F.C.M. Town Girls' School, Chingleput	Miss A. M. Cassie.
5	Kadir Bi ..	Government Muhammadan Girls' School, Vellore	Headteacher, Government Muhammadan Girls' School, Vellore.
6	Fatima Khatoo ..	Do. do.	Do do.
7	A. Sundaram ..	Government Girls' School, Tiruvannamalai ..	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Tiruvannamalai.
8	Rajambal ..	Do. do.	Do do.
9	T. Pushpavathi Ammal.	U.F.C.M. Rajagopal Chettie' Girls' School, Georgetown.	Mrs. Hogg.
10	Ponnammal ..	S.P.G. Lady Napier's High Caste Girls' School, Tanjore.	Rev W. H. Blake.
11	Janaki	Do. do.	Do.
12	M. Muniamma ..	Government Girls' School, Mulapet ..	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Mulapet.
13	K. Mangathayi Ammal.	Do. ..	Do. do
14	M. Kotamma ..	Government Hindu Girls' School, Nellore Town.	Headteacher, Government Hindu Girls' School, Nellore Town.
15	C. Andiakshmi ..	Do. do	Do do.
16	Maikamah ..	Government Girls' School, Ranganayakapet.	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Ranganayakapet.
17	K. Rukmani Ammal	Do. do. ..	Do. do.
18	V. Radha Bai ..	U.F.C.M. Girls' School, Mint Street, Georgetown.	Miss E. F. Greenfield.
19	A. Antony Ammal ..	A. V. Panchama Charity Girls' School, Perimal, Madras.	Rev. Z. Chadwick
20	S. Zuab Bi ..	Government Muhammadan Girls' School, Nellore Town.	Headteacher, Government Muhammadan Girls' School, Nellore Town.
21	Hosa Bi	Do. do.	Do. do
22	A. Kanamma ..	Sri Ramakrishna National Girls' School, Georgetown	Dr. J. V. Ramaswami Naydu.
23	Kunjaram	Government Girls' School, Chidambaram ..	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Chidambaram
24	S. Sellammal ..	Government Girls' School, Kumbakonam ..	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Kumbakonam.
25	B. Alamelu ..	Do. do. ..	Do do.
26	D. Ganavan ..	Government Girls' School, Mayaveram ..	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Mayaveram.
27	S. Seethammal ..	Do. Villupuram ..	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Villupuram.
28	G. Ranganayaki ..	Do do ..	Do. do.
29	Iruvathamma ..	Hindu Girls' School, Cuddalore, C.T. ..	M.R.Ry. S. P. Abraham Pillai
30	Bai Bi Jan ..	Government Hubert Training School, Madras	Headmistress Government Hubert Training School, Madras.
31	Ameena Bi ..	Do do	Do. do.
32	Fatima Bi	Do. do.	Do. do
33	Kanta Bhoom ..	Do. do	Do do
34	S. Samathal ..	Sri Saraswati Patasala, Kumbakonam .	M.R.Ry. S. Raja Rao Ayyar.

2. The above scholarships should be drawn in advance for each month.

3. The scholarships will be renewed and increased next year, if the progress and conduct of the pupils are reported to be satisfactory.

C. M. LYSCH,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

Madras, 20th September 1916.

The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, sanctions the following renewed scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 3 tenable till the end of June 1917 with effect from 1st July 1916:—

Serial number.	Name of pupil.	Name of institution in which tenable.	Name of correspondent.
	FORM III.		
1	Thiruvalu Perumalsami	St. Ebba's Girls' High School, Royapettah.	Miss A. W. Jennett.
2	M. V. Soundiam	C.S.M. Girls' High School, Kilpauk ..	Miss L. M. Bain.

2. The above scholarships should be drawn in advance for each month.

C. M. LYSCH,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

Madras, 21th September 1916.

Under Government Scholarship notification for the year 1916–17 the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, sanctions the following scholarships for Hindu and Muhammadan widows tenable till the end of June 1917 with effect from 1st July 1916 :—

Serial number	Name of pupil.	Institution in which tenable.	Name of correspondent.	Amount of	
				Scholarship.	Guardian allowance.
				Rs.	Rs.
1	S. Kanthamma ..	Government Girls' School, Mylapet.	Headmaster, Government Girls' School, Mylapet.	4	..
2	S. Rangammma ..	U.F.C.M. Rajagopal Chetti Girls' School, Georgetown.	Mrs. M. Hogg, Correspondent, U.F.C.M. Rajagopal Chetti Girls' School, Georgetown.	5	..
3	Mukbu Bi	Government Robert Training School, Madras.	Headmistress, Government Robert Training School, Madras.	7	6
4	Kulsum B. ..	Government Muhammadan Girls' School, Fort Nove.	Headmistress, Government Muhammadan Girls' School, Fort Nove	6	..
5	Fazl Bi	Government Robert Training School, Madras.	Headmistress, Government Robert Training School, Madras.	4	..
6	Khatoom Bi ..	Do. do.	Do. do	6	..
7	Lakshmi Ammal ..	Government Girls' School, Kumbakonam.	Headmistress, Government Girls' School, Kumbakonam.	4	5
8	P. Kamatchi ..	Government Hindu Girls' School, Nellore.	Head teacher, Government Hindu Girls School, Nellore.	6	5
9	V. Kannammal ..	Government Girls' School, Kalahasti.	Head teacher, Government Girls' School, Kalahasti	4	5
10	Kamatchi Bai ..	Government Training School, Kamatchiamgudi.	Headmistress, Government Training School, Kamatchiamgudi	4	5
11	Zinab Bi	Government Robert Training School, Madras.	Headmistress, Government Robert Training School, Madras	7	5

N.B.—The scholarship of No. 8 P. Kamatchi will be tenable with effect from 21st August 1916.

2. The above scholarships which should be drawn in advance for each month are debitable to the head "Government Scholarships—Secondary or Elementary Schools for Girls".

Madras, 23rd September 1916.

C. M. LYNCH,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

Under section I of the Government Scholarship notification for 1916–17, the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, sanctions the following scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 2 tenable till the end of June 1917 with effect from 1st July 1916 :—

Serial number	Name of pupil.	School in which the scholarship is tenable.	Name of correspondent.
1	Padmavathi	Government Hindu Girls' School, Salem.	Headmistress, Government Hindu Girls' School, Salem.
2	Rangammal	Do. do.	Do. do.
3	Ammukannu	Government Girls' School, Tiruvannamalai	Headmaster, Government Girls' School, Tiruvannamalai
4	Kamatchi	C.S.M. Girls' School, Tamala street, Purasawalkam.	Miss I. Forbes.
5	C. Rukmani Ammal ..	Kalavala Tiruvengadathan Chetti's Girls' School, Georgetown.	M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur P. Rajaratna Mudaliyar, C.I.E.
6	C. Kanthamathi	U.F.C.M. Rajagopal's Girls' School, Royapuram.	Miss Mary M. Stephen.
7	Krishnamma	Government Girls' School, Chidambaram.	Headmaster, Government Girls' School, Chidambaram.
8	Nagarathnam	Chatram Girls' School, Nidamangalam ..	Headmaster, Chatram Girls' School, Nidamangalam.

2. The above scholarships which should be drawn in advance for each month are debitable to the head "Government Scholarships—General—Elementary Schools for Girls".

3. The scholarships will be renewed and increased next year if the progress and conduct of the pupils are reported to be satisfactory.

Madras, 21st September 1916.

C. M. LYNCH,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, sanctions the following renewed scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 3 tenable in Form III till the end of June 1917 with effect from 1st July 1918 :—

Number.	Name of pupil.	Name of institution in which tenable.	Name of correspondent.
	FORM III.		
1	Mallela Esther	A.E.M. Girls' High School, Nellore ..	Miss E. J. Draper.
2	Grace Gnanam Paramanand ..	St. Ebba's Girls' High School, Royapettah.	Miss A. W. Jennett
3	Seethalakshmi	D.F.L.M. Boarding Girls' High School, Royapuram.	Miss M. Stephen.
4	E. Kamalam	C.S.M. Girls' High School, Kilpauk	Miss F. M. Bare.
5	Alli Grace	Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.	Rev. J. E. Scott.
6	G. Rakkam	London Mission Bentinck Girls' High School, Vepery	Miss A. M. Varley.

2. The above scholarships are to be drawn in advance for each month.

3. The scholarships will be renewed and increased next year if the progress and conduct of the pupils are reported to be satisfactory.

C. M. LYNCH,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

Madras, 11th September 1918.

Under section 1 of the Government Scholarship notification for 1916–17, the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, sanctions the following renewed and increased scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 5 each tenable till the end of June 1917 with effect from 1st July 1918 :—

Serial number.	Name of pupil.	Institution in which tenable.	Name of correspondent.	Remarks.
	STANDARD VII.			
1	Batella B.	Government Hobart Training School, Madras	Headmistress, Government Hobart Training School, Madras.	.. ..
2	Shabana Begum ..	Do.	Do.	In lieu of the scholarship sanctioned on behalf of Abedun-nisa Begum in C. No. 3230 dated 7th October 1916.
3	Loyal	Government Girls' School, Tiruvannamalai.	Headmaster, Government Girls' School, Tiruvannamalai.	....
4	Mary Nesamani ..	Hindu Girls' School, Cuddalore O.T.	M.R.Ry. S. P. Abraham Pillai.	..
5	R. Thayanayagi ..	Do.	Do.	....
6	V. Ayyamma ..	Government Girls' School, Mulapet.	Head teacher, Government Girls' School, Mulapet.	....
7	Pushpakanti ..	Government Girls' School, Cuddalore.	Headmistress, Government Girls' School, Cuddalore.	....
8	Annand Bai ..	Government Girls' School, Salem (Hindu)	Headmistress, Government Girls' School, Salem (Hindu).	.. ..

2. The above scholarships should be drawn in advance for each month.

C. M. LYNCH,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

Madras, 11th September 1918.

The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, sanctions the following renewed scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 3 tenable till the end of June 1917 with effect from 1st July 1918 :—

Serial number.	Name of pupil.	Name of institution in which tenable.	Name of correspondent.
	FORM II.		
1	D. Gnanamma	A.A.M. Girls' Secondary School, Madurapalle.	Miss H. W. Drury.
2	Devasikhamani Silas	Do. do.	Do.
3	I. Nesamani	C.S.M. Girls' High School, Kilpauk	Miss F. M. Bare.
4	Rosalin Solomon	London Mission Bentinck Girls' High School, Vepery.	Miss A. M. Varley.
5	D. Johanna	Do. do.	Do.

2. The above scholarships should be drawn in advance for each month.

3. The scholarships which are tenable only up to the end of the Third form will be renewed next year if the progress and conduct of the pupils are reported to be satisfactory.

C. M. LYNCH,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

Madras, 11th September 1918.

The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, sanctions the following renewed scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 6 tenable till the end of June 1917 with effect from 1st July 1916:—

Serial number.	Name of pupil.	Institution in which tenable	Name of correspondent.	Remarks.
		(i) FORM VI.		
1	Ellen Jeevamani ..	U.F.C.M. Girls' Boarding High School, Royapuram.	Miss M. Stephen ..	....
2	Alice Devamani ..	Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah	Rev. J. E. Neill ..	....
3	Rajammal Savlé ..	Do. do.	Do. ..	....
4	Annie Vedam ..	London Mission Pentrook Girls' High School, Vepery.	Miss A. M. Varley ..	....
5	Vedvanayakam ..	Presidency Training School for Mistresses, Egmore.	Superintendent, Presidency Training School, Egmore.	In lieu of the scholarship of Karuppammal mentioned in R. C. No. 1240/16, dated 7th September 1916.
		(ii) FORM V.		
1	Annie Cholian ..	U.F.C.M. Boarding Girls' High School, Royapuram.	Miss M. Stephen ..	In lieu of the scholarship of Devasiteam mentioned in R. C. No. 1240/16, dated 7th September 1916
2	Mabel Arthur ..	Do. do.	Do.	In lieu of the scholarship of Rajam Rai mentioned in R. C. No. 1240/16, dated 7th September 1916.
3	Manoranmani Nathan.	Do. do.	Do. ..	....
4	Saguntam Peter ..	Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah	Rev. J. E. Neill ..	....
5	Prema Rai John ..	London Mission Pentrook Girls' High School, Vepery.	Miss A. M. Varley ..	....
6	Mollie Stephen ..	Do. do.	Do. ..	....
		(iii) FORM IV.		
1	C. Muthammal ..	Presidency Training School for Mistresses, Egmore	Superintendent, Presidency Training School for Mistresses, Egmore.	....
2	C. Mahadevi Chellam.	Do. do.	Do.	....
3	Chellammal Devarajanaicol.	U.F.C.M. Boarding Girls' High School, Royapuram.	Miss M. Stephen ..	....
4	Lily Gidson ..	C.S.M. Girls' High School, Kilpauk.	Miss E. M. Fuss ..	In lieu of the scholarship of V. Joyce mentioned in R. C. No. 1241/16, dated 7th September 1916
5	Sophia Rayalam ..	Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah	Rev. J. E. Neill ..	....
6	B Padmavathi .	London Mission Pentrook Girls' High School, Vepery	Miss A. M. Varley ..	....

2. The above scholarships are to be drawn in advance for each month.

3. Scholarships (ii) and (iii) will be renewed next year if the progress and conduct of the pupils are reported to be satisfactory.

Madras, 11th September 1916.

C. M. LYNCH,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

Under section I of the Government Scholarship notification for 1916–17 the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, sanctions the following renewed and increased scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 2-8-0 tenable till the end of June 1917 with effect from 1st July 1916:—

Serial number.	Name of pupil.	Name of school.	Name of correspondent.
		STANDARD VI.	
1	P. Angayarkkanniammal	U.F.C.M. Rajagopal Chetti's Girls' School, Georgetown.	Mrs. M. Higgs.
2	C. Rathnakrishnammal	Do do.	Do.
3	M. Thirukkanna Ammal	U.F.C.M. Bethe Fatsala, Georgetown.	Do.
4	R. Narayanammal	Do. do.	Do.
5	Jayalakshmi	U.F.C.M. Rajagopal Hindu Girls' School, Royapuram.	Miss M. Stephen.
6	Nathiram	Do. do.	Do.
7	M. Pattammal	U.F.C.M. Rajagopal Mint Girls' School, Georgetown.	Miss H. J. Greenfield.
8	G. Ammani Ammal	Do. do.	Do.

2. The above scholarships which should be drawn in advance for each month are debitable to the head "Government Scholarships—General—Elementary Schools for Girls".

3. The scholarships will be increased and renewed next year if the progress and conduct of the pupils are reported to be satisfactory.

Madras, 13th September 1916.

C. M. LYNCH,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle

The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, sanctions the following renewal and increased scholarships of the monthly value of Rs 2-8-0, tenable in the Sixth standard, till the end of June 1917 with effect from 1st July 1916 :—

Serial number.	Name of pupil	Name of school.	Name of correspondent.
1	T. S. Lakshmiammal.	Government Girls' School, Tiruvannamalai	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Tiruvannamalai.
2	R. Rajammal ..	Do ..	Do. do.
3	Muthulakshmiammal ..	Do ..	Do. do.
4	Mangalam	Do. ..	Do. do.
5	C. Kalamma ..	Government Girls' School, Malapet ..	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Malapet.
6	Y. Rajamma ..	Do. ..	Do. do.
7	J. Sundarayamma ..	Do ..	Do. do.
8	K. Mangathayee ..	Government Girls' School, Stonehouspet ..	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Stonehouspet.
9	M. Seshamma ..	Government Girls' School, Gudur	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Gudur.
10	Ghulam Bee ..	Government Hubert Training School, Madras.	Headmistress, Government Hubert Training School, Madras.
11	Kasim Unissa ..	Do.	Do. do.
12	Mahboob Unissa ..	Do.	Do. do.
13	Devaki Ammal ..	U.F.C.M. Town Girls' School, Chingleput ..	Miss A. M. Cassil.
14	Thulsi Ammal ..	Do. ..	Do.
15	Kuppammal ..	Do. ..	Do.
16	S. V. Ranganayaga ..	Hindu Girls' School, Cuddalore, O.T. ..	M.R.Ry. S. P. Abraham Pillai.
17	R. Thulsi ..	Do ..	Do.
18	K. Thangammal ..	Do. ..	Do.
19	Mary Harriet ..	A.A.M. Higher Elementary Girls' School, Chittoor.	Mrs. M. Peathi.
20	K. Minambal ..	Sri Ramakrishna National Girls' School, Georgetown.	Dr. J. T. Ramaswami Naynlu.
21	Angayarkan ..	Do. do.	Do.
22	K. Amirthamma ..	U.F.C.M. Rajagopal Mani Girls' School, Georgetown	Miss M. Hogg.
23	Tanubai	Government Hindu Girls' School, Salem ..	Headmistress, Government Hindu Girls' School, Salem.
24	Hutima Bi	Government Muhammadan Girls' School, Porto Novo.	Headmistress, Government Muhammadan Girls' School, Porto Novo.
25	Govindammal ..	Government Girls' School, Chidambaram	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Chidambaram
26	K. Alamelu ..	Government Girls' School, Mayavaram ..	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Mayavaram.
27	S. Kamalamma ..	Hindu Girls' School, Big Conjeeveram ..	M.R.Ry. M. K. Ramanatha Sarma.
28	Thilagavathi ..	Government Training School, Karaikattangudi.	Headmistress, Government Training School, Karaikattangudi.
29	Saralambal ..	Do. do.	Do. do.
30	Janaki	Do. do.	Do. do.
31	Kunjammal ..	Government Hindu Girls' School, Salem ..	Headmistress, Government Hindu Girls' School, Salem.
32	K. Jumna Bai ..	Government Girls' School, Kumbakonam ..	Headmistress, Government Girls' School, Kumbakonam.
33	R. Jeerubatti ..	Do. do. ..	Do. do.
34	Devayana	Government Girls' School, Kallakurichi ..	Headmistress, Government Girls' School, Kallakurichi.
35	Pannabai ..	G.M.S. Girls' School, New Town	Rev. W. D. Clarke.
36	M. Saradambal (a) ..	Kalavala Dravyagadathan Chetti's Girls' School, Georgetown	Diwan Bahadur P. Rajendra Mudaliyar, C.I.E.
37	N. Hemavathiammal (b).	Do. do.	Do. do.
38	P. Mohammbal (c) ..	Do. do.	Do. do.
39	M. Thetha Bai ..	C.F.S. Mission Hindu Girls' School, Napier Park.	The Rev. W. D Clarke.
40	J. Rathamma ..	Do do.	Do.
41	V. Thavamani ..	A.V. Parshana Charity Girls' School, Perumet.	The Rev. Z. Shadrak.
42	M. Kanagavalli ..	Do. do.	Do.
43	Khodi Bi	Government Muhammadan Girls' School, Nellore.	Headmistress, Government Muhammadan Girls' School, Nellore.
44	A. Seshamma ..	Government Hindu Girls' School, Nellore ..	Headmistress, Government Hindu Girls' School, Nellore.
45	A. Kamathamma ..	Do.	Do. do.
46	K. Rangamma ..	Do. ..	Do. do.
47	C. Parandevamma ..	Government Girls' School, Bangalore Cantonment ..	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Bangalore Cantonment.
48	K. Kamakamma ..	Do. ..	Do. do.
49	Antiparam ..	S.P.G. Lady Napier's High Caste Girls' School, Tanjore.	The Rev. W. E. Blahn.
50	Kuppathayi ..	Do. do.	Do.
51	S. Thanammal ..	Government Girls' School, Villupuram ..	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Villupuram
52	S. Janakiammal ..	Do. ..	Do. do.
53	Rukmani	Government Girls' School, Cuddalore ..	Headteacher, Government Girls' School, Cuddalore

Remarks—
(a) In lieu of the scholarship of C. Krishnamma sanctioned in Memorandum R.C. No. 2228, dated 7th October 1916.
(b) In lieu of the scholarship of G. Krishnamma mentioned in G. No. 1291 dated 13th October 1916.
(c) In lieu of the scholarship of Lakshmiammal mentioned in G. No. 1291, dated 13th October 1916.

2. The above scholarships should be drawn in advance for each month.
3. The scholarships will be increased and renewed next year if the progress and conduct of the pupils are reported to be satisfactory.

C. M. LYNCH,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

Madras, 11th September 1916.

The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, sanctions the following renewed scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 3 tenable in Form II up to the end of June 1917 with effect from 1st July 1916 :—

Serial number.	Name of pupil.	Name of school.	Name of correspondent.	Remarks.
		FORM II.		
1	J. Krishnaveni ..	Government Secondary and Training School, Trivandrum	Superintendent, Government Secondary and Training School, Trivandrum	....
2	Ruby David ..	C.S.M. Girls' High School, Kilpauk.	Miss E. M. Bain ..	....
3	G. Ratna Bai ..	Do. do.	Do ..	In lieu of the scholarship of G. Saraswathi sanctioned in G. No. 2726, dated 7th October 1916.
4	M. M. Sivaprakasam Ammal.	U.F.C.M. Girls' Day School, Georgetown.	Miss E. M. Davey ..	....
5	Elizabeth Kanakam ..	Wesleyan Mission Girls' High School, Royapettah.	Rev. J. E. Neill ..	....
6	E. Sivamani ..	London Mission Pentrich Girls' High School, Vepery.	Miss A. M. Valley ..	In lieu of the scholarship of Saraswati sanctioned in G.O. No. 2910, dated 21st October 1916.

2. The above scholarships are to be drawn in advance for each month.

C. M. LYNCH,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

Madras, 11th September 1916.

The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, is pleased to sanction a renewed and increased scholarship of the monthly value of Rs. 3 on behalf of P. Venkatasubbamma, a pupil of the Government Girls' School, Gudur, tenable till the end of June 1917 with effect from 1st July 1916.

2. The scholarship should be drawn in advance for each month by the Headmistress of the school.

3. The above scholarship will be renewed and increased next year if the progress and conduct of the pupil are reported to be satisfactory.

C. M. LYNCH,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

Madras, 12th September 1916.

The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle, sanctions the following renewed and increased scholarships of the monthly value of Rs. 3 tenable in the Seventh standard till the end of June 1917 with effect from 1st July 1916 :—

Serial number.	Name of pupil.	Name of school.	Name of correspondent.
1	G. Mahalakshamma	Government Girls' School, Malapet,	Headmother, Government Girls' School, Malapet.
2	V. Sivakami	Government Girls' School, Chidambaram.	Ex-Rosetter, Government Girls' School, Chidambaram.
3	Kamala Bai	Government Training School, Kancheepuram.	Headmistress, Government Training School, Kancheepuram.
4	C. Rajammal	Government Hindu Girls' School, Salem.	Headmistress, Government Hindu Girls' School, Salem.
5	M. Rukmani	Government Hindu Girls' School, Nellore.	Headmistress, Government Hindu Girls' School, Nellore.
6	E. Rajarajeswari Ammal ..	Kalavala Tiruvengadathan Chetti Girls' School, Georgetown.	M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur P. Rajaratna Mudaliyar, M.L.C.
7	Chinnakanna Ammal ..	U.F.C.M. Rajagopal Mint Girls' School, Georgetown.	Miss K. F. Greenfield.
8	P. Poovan	A.V. Pachaiya Chetty Girls' School, Periamet.	Rev. Z. Shadrach.
9	S. Thavam	Do. do.	Do.
10	Chan Bi	Government Muhammadan Girls' School, Nellore Town.	Headmistress, Government Muhammadan Girls' School, Nellore Town.
11	K. Nanayammal	Government Girls' School, Kangayanallur.	Headmother, Government Girls' School, Kangayanallur.

2. The above scholarships should be drawn in advance for each month.

C. M. LYNCH,
Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Central Circle.

Madras, 15th September 1916.

Under the Government Scholarship notification for 1916–17, the Inspector of Schools, Fourth Circle, is pleased to sanction on behalf of the pupils mentioned in the appended list renewal and increased scholarships tenable from 1st July 1916 to 30th June 1917.

2. The scholarships are debitable to the detailed head—"Government Scholarships—Secondary Schools for Boys."

3. The instructions contained in the above notification regarding the grant of casual and other leave to scholarship holders and the maintenance of the acquittance roll for the amount of Government scholarships drawn and disbursed should be strictly adhered to.

4. The scholarships are payable monthly and in advance.

List of pupils on behalf of whom renewal of scholarships have been sanctioned.

Serial number.	Name of pupil.	Form in which pupil will be when scholarship is tenable.	Institution in which tenable.	Monthly value of scholarship.	Name of correspondent.	Number and date of original sanction.
				Rs.		
			FORM II.			
1	C. N. Parmasivan	II	Teachers' College Model School, Saidapet.	3	H. S. Duncan, Esq., M.A.	R.C. No. 281-Gl., dated 11th September 1916.
2	Pamula Varagarpala Chetti Narasimhulu.	II	Mathirpet High School, Madras.	3	M.R.Ry. P. Subrahmanya Chetti Avargal	Do.
3	Abdul Wahab ..	II	Harris High School, Royapettah, Madras.	3	Rev. Can M. G. Goldsmith.	R.C. No. 281-Gl., dated 18th November 1916.
4	M. Krishnamachari ..	II	Wesleyan Mission High School, Tiruvallur.	2	Rev. C. H. Monahan, B.A.	R.C. No. 281-Gl., dated 11th September 1916.
5	J. Selvaraj ..	II	St. Gabriel's High School Madras.	3	Rev. J. J. Heubner ..	Do.
6	Nanachel Robert ..	II	S.P.G. High School, Vepery, Madras.	3	Rev. H. J. Edmunds.	Do.
7	D. Ananda Nayaka ..	II	Hindu High School, Triplicane, Madras.	3	M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur M. O. Parthasarathi Ayyangar Avargal, B.A., B.L.	Do.
	N. Krishnamurthi ..	II	P.R. High School, Mylapore, Madras.	3	M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur L. A. Govindaraghava Ayyar Avargal B.A., B.L.	Do.
9	R. Jayanadarayan ..	II	San Thome High School, Mylapore, Madras.	3	Rev. A. J. M. Heyligers.	Do.
10	V. G. Ramachandran.	II	Kalbit High School, Triplicane, Madras.	3	Rev. D. G. M. Leith, B.A.	Do.
11	C. Rajagopal ..	II	C.F.C.M. High School, Conjeveram.	3	Rev. J. H. Maclean M.A., B.D.	Do.
12	A. Viraraghavachari.	II	Progressive Union Secondary School, Madras.	3	M.R.Ry. V. Raghunatha Sastryar Avargal, B.A., B.L.	Do.
13	Narayanaswami Mudaliyar Dandhasena	II	Chintadripet Secondary School, Madras.	3	M.R.Ry. C. Duraisvela Mudaliyar Avargal.	Do.
14	M. Rosaiah ..	II	Wesleyan Mission Secondary School, St. Thomas' Mount.	3	Rev. W. A. Richman.	Do.
15	Srinivasachari ..	II	U.F.C.M. Secondary School, Wallajabad.	3	Dr. G. W. Hardie ..	Do.
			FORM III.			
1	Muhidin Musa Jaha..	III	Madras Christian College School, Madras.	2	James Angus, Esq ..	H.C. No. 284-01, dated 14th September 1914.
2	Muhammad Abdullah Sheriff.	III	Do.	3	Do	Do
3	S. R. Gopalan ..	III	Do	3	Do	Do.
4	Krishnaswami, C. ..	III	Native High School, Chingleput.	3	M.R.Ry. V. E. Svaminathaiar Avargal, B.A., B.L.	Do.
5	Rangachari, M. P. ..	III	Do ..	3	Do	Do.
6	Muhammad Assadullah.	III	Harris High School, Royapettah, Madras.	3	Rev. Can M. G. Goldsmith.	Do.
7	James Gnanapthasan.	III	S.P.G. High School, Vepery, Madras.	3	Rev. H. J. Edmunds.	Do.
8	Abdul Hamid Khan, ..	III	Government Madrasa-i-Azam, Madras.	3	C. W. Mees, Esq., M.A.	Do.
9	P. Pennish ..	III	San Thome High School, Mylapore, Madras.	3	Rev. A. J. M. Heyligers.	Do.
10	Srinivasachari, B. S	III	Hindu Theological High School, Madras.	3	M.R.Ry. Govindaraja Govardhandas Avargal.	Do.
11	Kannan, G. ..	III	Wesley College, Royapettah.	3	Rev. J. E. Neill, B.A.	Do.

Serial number.	Name of pupil.	Form in which scholarship is tenable.	Institution in which tenable	Monthly value of scholarship.	Name of correspondent.	Number and date of original sanction.
				Rs.		
			FORM III—cont.			
12	Ramakrishnayya, D.	III	U.F.C.M. High School, Conjeevaram.	2	Rev J H Maclean, M.A., B.D.	R.C. No. 281-G1., dated 14th September 1915.
14	Venkataramana Ayyar V. C.	III	Pachaiyappa's High School, Conjeevaram.	2	M.R.Ry. S. Kalyanasundara Pattar Avargal.	Do.
14	Venugopal, P. ..	III	U.F.C.M. High School, Chingleput.	2	Rev. W. S. Sutherland	Do
15	Velu, M. S. ..	III	T.P.V. Secondary School, Madras	4	M.R.Ry. M Saravana Mudaliyar Avargal.	Do.
16	Govindarajulu, S. ..	III	Wesleyan Mission Secondary School, Madanantakam.	2	Rev. G. H. Findlay.	Do.
17	Srinivasan, M. V. ..	III	Pachaiyappa's Branch Secondary School, Little Conjeevaram	2	M.R.Ry S. Kalyanasundara Pattar Avargal.	Do.
			FORM IV			
1	Cyril Peters ..	IV	Madras Christian College, School, Madras.	3	James Angus, Esq. ...	R.C. No. 281-G1., dated 14th September 1915.
2	Raghava Rao, T. ..	IV	Teachers' College Model School, Saidapet	2	H. S. Duncan, Esq., M.A.	Do.
3	K. V. Subrahmanyan.	IV	Do	2	Do.	Do.
4	Kalyanasundaram, K	IV	Do.	2	Do	Do.
5	Narasimhan, M. S. ..	IV	Mylapore High School, Madras.	4	M.R.Ry. P Subrahmanya Chetti Avargal,	Do
6	Hanna Hussain ..	IV	Harris High School, Royapettah, Madras.	4	Rev Can, M.G. Goldsmith.	Do.
7	Muhammad Ibrahim.	IV	Government Madrasa-i-Azam, Madras	4	C. W. Mees, Esq., M.A.	Do.
8	Ramaswami, R. ..	IV	Hindu High School, Triplicane, Madras.	2	M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur M. O Parthasarathi Ayyangar Avargal, M.A., M.L.	Do
9	A. S. Ramachandran.	IV	P.S. High School, Mylapore, Madras.	2	M.R.Ry Diwan Bahadur L. A. Govindarajachava Ayyar Avargal, M.A., B.L.	Do.
10	R. Gopala Rao ..	IV	New Theosophical High School, Mylapore, Madras	2	Rev. A. J. M. Heyligers.	R.C. No. 284-G1., dated 2nd November 1915.
11	Vasudevan, K. R ..	IV	Kolli-it High School Triplicane, Madras	2	Rev. D. G. M. Leith, M.A.	R.C. No. 284-G1., dated 14th September 1915.
12	Kandaswamayan, K.	IV	Hindu Theological High School, Madras.	3	M.R.Ry. Gobindass Govardhandass Avargal.	Do.
13	Subrahmanyam, R. ..	IV	Wesley College, Royapettah.	4	Rev J. E. Neill, M.A.	Do.
14	Venkatasubrahmanyan, S	IV	C.R.C. High School, Pazanthur	2	M.R.Ry Rao Sahib C. Ramanujam Chetti Garu.	Do.
15	Desikachari, K. ..	IV	U.F.C.M. High School, Conjeeveram	2	Rev. J. H. Maclean, M.A., B.D.	Do.
16	Venkatesa Ayyar, M. R.	IV	Pachaiyappa's High School, Conjeevaram	2	M.R.Ry. S. Kalyanasundara Pattar Avargal.	Do.
17	Venkatappayya, V.	IV	Pachaiyappa's College School Madras.	2	Do.	Do.
18	Gopal T.	IV	Do	2	Do	Do.
19	Kuppuswami, S. ..	IV	Hindu High School, Madanantakam.	2	M.R.Ry K. Muthu venkatapathi Reddiyar Avargal	Do.
20	Duraiswami Pillai, V.	IV	Wesleyan Mission High School, Tiruvallur.	2	Rev. C. H. Moonhan, M.A.	Do.
			FORM V.			
1	Subbir Padmanabhan.	V	Madras Christian College School, Madras.	2	James Angus, Esq. ..	R.C. No. 284-G1., dated 14th September 1915.
2	A. M. Krishna Rao.	V	Do.	2	Do.	Do
3	V. K. Viswanathan...	V	Do.	2	Do.	H.C. No. 631 M., dated 1st October 1915
4	S. Sivalakshmanaram,	V	Teachers' College Model School, Saidapet.	2	H. S. Duncan, Esq., M.A.	R.C. No. 284-G1., dated 8th September 1915.
5	T. Lakshmana Rao ..	V	Native High School, Chingleput.	2	M.R.Ry. M. S. Srirangachariyar Avargal, B.A., B.L.	Do.

Serial number.	Name of pupil.	Form in which renewed scholarship is tenable.	Institution in which tenable.	Monthly value of scholarship.	Name of correspondent.	Number and date of original sanction.
			FORM V—*contd.*			
				Rs.		
6	Ramakrishna Ayyar Sankaran.	V	Mathilpet High School, Madras	6	M.R.Ry. P. Subrahmanya Chetti Avargal.	R.C. No. 284-31, dated 8th September 1916
7	Swaminathan, T. S.	V	Do.	6	Do.	R.C. No. 284-31, dated 14th September 1916.
8	Abdullah Khan	V	Hattis High School, Royapettah, Madras.	6	Rev Can. M. G. Goldsmith.	Do.
9	Mohammed Jyat ..	V.	Do	6	Do.	Do.
10	G Edward Kali Pillai	V	S.P.G. High School, Vepery, Madras.	6	Rev. H. J. Edmunds.	R.C No. 284-31, dated 13th September 1916.
11	Ahmed Ali	V	Government Madrassa-i-Azam, Madras	6	C W. Mees, Esq., M.A.,	Do.
12	Gopathur Parthasarathi.	V	Hindu High School, Triplicane, Madras.	6	M.R.Ry Diwan Bahadur, M O Parthasarathi Ayyangar Avargal, M.A., M.L.	R.C. No. 284-31. dated 13th and 24th September 1915.
13	Narayanaswami, R.	V	Do	6	Do.	Do.
14	Vellur Mangalbhandu.	V	P. S High School, Mylapore, Madras.	6	M.R.Ry Diwan Bahadur L. A. Govindarajulu Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L.	R.C No 284-31, dated 14th September 1916
15	Parthasarathi Ayyangar, P. A.	V	Hindu Theological High School, Madras.	6	M.R.Ry GokulDas Gyardhandas Avargal,	Do.
16	Muhammad Kasim ..	V	Wesley College, Royapettah, Madras	6	Rev. J. E. Neill, B.A.	Do.
17	Selvaraj P. R. ..	V	Do.	6	Do.	Do.
18	Girdhara Rao, P. ..	V	Pachaiyappa's College School, Madras.	6	M.R.Ry. S. Kalyanasundara Pattar Avargal	Do.
19	S. Yegnaswara ..	V	Do.	6	Do.	R.C No.284-31/16, dated 17th February 1916.
20	Krishnan, C. ..	V	U.F.C.M. High School Conjeevaram	6	Rev J. B. Maclean, M.A., B.D.	R.C. No 284-31, dated 14th September 1916.
21	Parthasarathi, C. ..	V	Do	6	Do.	Do
22	Nataca Mudali, C. ..	V	Pachaiyappa's High School, Conjeeveram.	6	M.R.Ry. S. Kalyanasundara Pattar Avargal	Do.
23	Nagaj Rao, S. ..	V	Do.	6	Do.	Do.
24	Nathamuni, N. ..	V	U.F.C.M. High School, Chingleput.	6	Rev W. S. Sutherland.	Do.
			FORM VI.			
1	S. M. Kalyanasundaram.	VI	Madras Christian College School, Madras	6	James Angus, Esq.	R.C. No 284-31, dated 14th September 1916
2	Parthasarathi, P ..	VI	Native High School, Chingleput.	6	M.R.Ry M. E. Srirangachariar Avargal, B.A., B.L.	Do.
3	Ummachari, S ..	VI	Mathilpet High School, Madras.	6	M.R.Ry P Subrahmanya Chettiyar Avargal,	Do.
4	Abdul Khadir ..	VI	Harris High School, Royapettah, Madras.	6	Rev. Can. M G Goldsmith	Do.
5	Sayed Ahmed Hossain	VI	Do	6	Do.	Do.
6	Muhammad Abdul Karim.	VI	Do.	6	Do.	Do.
7	L Manuel	VI	St Gabriel's High School, Georgetown, Madras.	6	Rev. J. J. Kember ..	R.C No 284-31, dated 10th September 1915
8	S. Rangaswami ..	VI	Hindu High School, Triplicane, Madras	6	M.R.Ry Diwan Bahadur M. O. Parthasarathi Ayyangar Avargal, M.A., M.L.	R.C. No 284-31, dated 14th September 1915
9	C. V. Krishnamurthi.	VI	Do.	6	Do	Do.
10	N. Subrahmanyam ..	VI	Do.	6	Do	Do.
11	Kalyanam, S. ..	VI	Do.	6	Do	Do.
12	F. S. Gnanam ..	VI	P. S High School, Mylapore, Madras	6	M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur L. A Govindarajulu Ayyar Avargal, B.A., B.L.	Do.
13	M. Sundaram ..	VI	Do	6	Do.	Do
14	S. Gnanaprakasam ..	VI	San Thome High School, Mylapore, Madras.	6	Rev A. J. M. Heyliger.	Do.
15	Ramaiswamyana Chavier.	VI	Kellett High School, Triplicane, Madras.	6	Rev D. G. M Leith, M.A.	Do.
16	Paramaswami, R. ..	VI	Hindu Theological High School, Madras.	6	M.R.Ry Gokuldas Gavardhandas Avargal,	Do.

Serial number.	Name of pupil.	Form in which received scholarship at present.	Institution in which taught.	Monthly value of scholarship.	Name of correspondent.	Number and date of original sanction.
			FORM VI—*cont.*			
17	Gopala Singh, M. B.	VI	Wesley College, Royapettah, Madras.	8	Rev. J. E. Neill, M.A.	R.C. No. 984-Ol., dated 14th September 1916.
18	Srinivasa Rao, C. ..	VI	U.F.C.M. High School, Conjeeveram.	8	Rev. J. H. Maclean, M.A., B.D.	Do.
19	Kashyapswami Ayyar, C.	VI	Pathaiyappa's High School, Conjeeveram.	8	M.R.Ry. P. Kalyanasundara Pattar Avargal.	Do.
20	Srinivasan, T. R. ..	VI	U.F.C.M. High School, Chingleput	6	Rev. W. S. Sutherland.	Do.
21	Devarajulu Ayyar, K.	VI	Do.	8	Do.	Do.

Madras, 26th September 1916.

H. A. HAIT,
Inspector of Schools, Fourth Circle.

THE GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOL, VIZAGAPATAM.

Managers and heads of institutions and of other offices, public and private, in which the under mentioned ex-students of the Government Training School, Vizagapatam, are employed are requested to be good enough to intimate the fact to the undersigned so as to enable him to take steps to see that conditions of the bonds executed by them, while under training are fulfilled.

Serial number	History number	Name.	Name of parent or guardian.	Occupation of parent or guardian.	Native town or village.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1	770	Akula Satya Narayana ..	Venkanna	Merchant ..	Vizagapatam.
2	846	Chakrapani Jane Santhu ..	Ramapathi Jane Santhu ..	Landholder.	Allipuram, Vizagapatam.
3	872	Kodiganti Krishnamurti ..	Ramjoga Rao	Teacher ..	Vizagapatam.
4	909	Sirasa Appalanarasi ..	Venkatanarasu	Dufadar ..	Scitapatam, Vizianagram.

	Age when under training.	Year or years of training.	Grade for which trained.	School in which last employed.	Period of service yet to be completed.	Amount of stipend received during the training course
	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
						Rs. A. P.
1	18 years ..	February 1910 to December 1911.	Elementary Lower.	Temple day school, Vizagapatam.	One year and twenty-seven days	101 11 8
2	20 " ..	April 1913 to March 1915	Do.	Dabagardens School, Allipuram, Vizagapatam.	Three years.	104 15 0
3	19 " ..	Do.	Elementary Higher.	Mandakantivedu School, Vizagapatam	Do.	214 15 0
4	18 " ..	July 1913 to March 1915.	Elementary Lower.	Salipeta School, Vizianagram.	Do.	109 0 0

Vizagapatam, 6th September 1916.

C. RANSFORD,
Inspector of Schools, First Circle

LIST OF CANDIDATES DECLARED TO HAVE PASSED THE DEPUTY SURVEYOR'S TEST HELD IN JULY 1916.

No. I SURVEY PARTY

VIZAGAPATAM CENTRE

1. Acharyulu Nayudu, Arabolu.
2. Bapiraju, Iviti.
3. Krishna Rao, Thulhadi.
4. Kunhiraman, Odakayi.
5. Mohamed Murthaza Alikhan.
6. Narayana Menon, Pudyadathu.
7. Rajangam Ayyar, Pirvor Vengu Ayyar.

TENALI CENTRE

8. Kanta Rao, Raghupatruni.
9. Kelan, Padiganankundi
10. Kelu Pankar, Padinjarevettil
11. Krishnan, Parapurath.
12. Kunhikannan, Odakayi.
13. Narasimhulu, Raghupatruni.
14. Ramamurthi, Manjajiram.
15. Raman Nair, Padur Parath.
16. Subramaniam, Bulusu.
17. Venkataramiah, Chalamchala.

No. II SURVEY PARTY

NELLORE CENTRE

18. Ashuthan, Cheruniniam.
19. Balaramiah, Soorapparaju.
20. Chandu Nair, Pathuvettil.
21. Chathu Nambiar, Pilangadam.
22. Chinnakottiah, Thatiparti
23. Chirukandan, Palangatath.
24. Doraiswami Nayudu, Pudhuru.
25. Gopalan Nair, Mangatha Thayazathinil.
26. Gurumurthy Ayyar, Subramanian Ayyar.
27. Kunhiraman Nair, Meprambatti.
28. Mohamed Karimullah Khan.
29. Pancholiah, Griddalore.
30. Raghava Ayyangar, Sesha Ayyangar.
31. Ramachandra Ayyar, Lakshmana Ayyar
32. Ramamurthi, Emani.
33. Rangaswami Nayudu, Arumbakam Balakrishna Nayudu.
34. Sambamurthi Ayyar, Annaswami Ayyar
35. Sekheran, Kanoly.
36. Sivasubramaniam, Bondhu
37. Srinivasa Ayyar, Tammonur Ramaswami Ayyar.
38. Syed Abdul Jalil.
39. Venkatappiah, Marella.
40. Venkatarayudu, Kesavadi.

No. III SURVEY PARTY

MADURA CENTRE

41. Abraham, John.
42. Aruvadami, Joseph
43. Chathukutti Nambiar, Chericheri Chathothu
44. Doraiswami Ayyangar, Udumalpet.
45. Govindakatha, Sriyapatni Krishna Kartha
46. Govindaswami Nayadu, Doraiswami Nayudu.
47. Hussan Beg.
48. Kannan Nair, Pulunkodan Karavanparan bathu.
49. Koran Mullaparathu Kurudipurathu.
50. Ponnah Thevar, Kalkurai Madaswami
51. Ramapodaval, Nambothiripad Pulupudathil.
52. Ramapodaval, Perianheri
53. Sankunni Nambiar, Ayhath Kuttysery
54. Sundaram Ayyar, Sivaramatha Ayyar.
55. Vedamuthu, Jacob

No. IV SURVEY PARTY

MELUR CENTRE

56. Achutha Marar, Malayyil.
57. Appu Nayudu, Attur.

No. IV SURVEY PARTY—*contd.*

MELUR CENTRE—*contd.*

58. Doraiswami Ayyar, Subba Ayyar
59. Gnanaprakasa Nadar, Veyagappa Nadar.
60. Kelappan Nambiar, Cumaravettil.
61. Krishna Karup, Kavankugil.
62. Krishnaswami Nayudu, Nedunkandalavaru Perumal Nayudu
63. Kunjamba, Vannatan.
64. Kunjuraman Nair, Ravari Veettil.
65. Kuttan, Koyoli Subbathu.
66. Meenakshisundaram Pillai, Dharmalingam Pillai.
67. Narayana Ayyar, Kadayam Venkateswara Ayyar.
68. Narayana Menon, Perumpalavil.
69. Narayana Nambiar, Kalathil
70. Narayana Nair, Kannamadathil.
71. Narayana Pisharodi, Thekke Veettil.
72. Othayanan Nambiyar, Nooranamana.
73. Padmanabha Menon, Kuppathil Kulathur.
74. Pitchumayagam Pillai, Prula Pillai
75. Ramantha Ayyar, Vembu Ayyar
76. Sekharan Nayir, Vakkivil.
77. Thegiratha Ayyar, Adambu Senathipathi Ayyar
78. Thiruvengadam Pillai, Sriverkuntam Vaikantam Pillai
79. Venkatarama Ayyar, Sectarama Ayyar.
80. Venkateswara Ayyar, Tiruvai Krishna Ayyar.

No. V SURVEY PARTY

VELLUPURAM CENTRE

81. Chakrapani Rau, Tanjore Singachar
82. Chidambara Odayar, Nandampakkam.
83. Gopala Karup, Kolora
84. Govinda Menon, Pullat.
85. Hanumanta Rao, Nandayanam.
86. Kannaran Nair, Tekkumbadan Pudiyavettil.
87. Kunnaran Nambiar, Palakil Kaliyath.
88. Kelappan Nambiar, Pappinisseri pathinjari, Veetil
89. Kelu Nambiar, Thalakkadan.
90. Kesava Menon, Pullat
91. Krishna Ayyar, Pathamadai Sundararaja Sastrial.
92. Krishnan Nair, Padur Parath.
93. Krishnan Nair, Pudiya Veettil.
94. Kunhiraman Nair, Tharathu Valiaveettil.
95. Narayana Nambiar, Alora
96. Narayanan Nair, Puliyankadan Kezhakkai Pudiyaveettil.
97. Pachuppa Mudaliar, Gudimailur.
98. Pangunni Menon, Channankunnarathur
99. Perumma Pillai, Trichinopoly Govinda Pillai.
100. Rajagopalachari Tirumangalam Varadachari
101. Rajam Ayyangar, Srinivasa Ayyangar
102. Rajanatham Mudaliar, Arcot Varadaja Mudaliar.
103. Raman Nambiyar, Palathil Illathuvidu
104. Rau a Sastri, Kodumiyur Parasurama Sastri.
105. Saldanha, John Gregory.
106. Sankaranarayana Ayyar, Sathanur Vythianatha Ayyar.
107. Setha Ayyar, Manamathi Swami Ayyar.
108. Srinivasa Rao, Kalambur
109. Subbarama Ayyar, Chengalchetti Ranganatha Ayyar.
110. Subrahmania Ayyar, Sundaraja Ayyar.
111. Subrahmania Ayyar, Vengalathur Thottai.
112. Sundaram Nayudu, Sarangapani Nayudu

No. V SURVEY PARTY—*cont.*

VILLUPURAM CENTRE—*cont.*

113. Sundaresa Ayyar, Gopalakrishna Ayyar.
114. Swami Rao, Conjeeveram Sastri.
115. Varada Desikachari, Kilathur Ahobalacharlu.
116. Venkataramana Ayyar, Sekaripuram Ramaswami Ayyar.
117. Venkataramana Ayyar, Veeraswami.

No. VI SURVEY PARTY

NILAMANGALAM CENTRE

118. Arthanari Ayyar, Panchanatha Ayyar.
119. Ganapathi Ayyar, Newkalpathi Krishna Ayyar.
120. Govindaswami Pillai, Muthukrishna Pillai.
121. Harihariahna Ayyar, Pattabhiraina Ayyar.
122. Kannan Nambiar, Telikkadu.
123. Kesavan Nair, Panavalli.
124. Krishna Menon, Kannath Padmanavasettil.
125. Krishnan Nair, Kolangode Mahayil Veettil.
126. Kuppu Rao, Krishna Ayyar.
127. Narayana Menon, Pottumlli Maniyil.
128. Narayana Nambiar, Vayukkara Puthenna kottah.
129. Narayana Nair, Mangattu.
130. Puthumathu Pillai, Chinnaswami Pillai.
131. Rajagopala Ayyar, Natesier.
132. Rajago,alachari, Adoothur Ramanuja Ayyangar
133. Rama Rao Udcmulpet Bhima Rao
134. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Vadivala Mudaliar

No. VI SURVEY PARTY—*cont.*

NED MANGALAM CENTRE—*cont.*

135. Varadarajulu Nayudu, Mylapore Parasuramu Nayudu.
136. Venkatanarasu Ayyar, Srirangam Srinivasachari
137. Venkatasubba Ayyar, Salem Subbarama Ayyar.
138. Vythinatha Ayyar, Srinivasa Ayyar.

MISCELLANEOUS CENTRE

TRICHINOPOLY CENTRE

139. Doraswami Mudaliar, Ramaswami.
140. Krishna Ayyar, Kolathu Ayyar.
141. Narasinga Rao, Rama Rau.

TINNEVELLY CENTRE

142. Meenakshisundaram Ayyar, Lakshmana Ayyar.
143. Vasudeva Menon, Thazhathilathu.
144. Venkataramu Ayyar, Ammapettai Ramaswami Ayyar.
145. Venkataswara Ayyar, Ahobilamier.

COIMBATORE CENTRE.

146. Basaviah, Mathuh.
147. Krishna Rao, Coimbatore Ramachandra.

MADRAS CENTRE.

148. Madhava Rao, Ramachandra Rao
149. Parthasarathi Nayudu, Mannarayanipalli.

D. G. HATCHELL,
Director of Survey

Madras, 29th September 1926.

THE MADRAS STUDENTS' ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

President :

The Vice-Chancellor of the University of Madras (*Ex-officio*).

Vice-Presidents :

The Director of Public Instruction, Madras (*Ex-officio*).

Members :

The Resident at Hyderabad (*Ex-officio*).
The Resident in Mysore (*Ex-officio*).
The Raja of Kollengode.
The Rev. G. Pittendrigh, B.A.
Mr. L. C. Hodgson, Travancore
Mr. F. S. Dawes, B.A., Cochin.
Mr. K. Sarvotama Menon, M.A.
Mr. S. E. Ranganatham, M.A.
Mr. K. Narayana Rao, B.A., B.L.
Mr. A. Latif, Hyderabad.
Mr. E. F. Nicholls, B.Sc., Bangalore.
Mr. K. Ramanuja Acharyar, Vizianagram.
The Rev. W. W. Watkin, Madura.
The Rev. Allen Gardiner, Trichinopoly.
Mr. Young Necker, Madras.
Mr. Yakub Hasan
Mr. Krishnan Pandalai, M.R.A. (*Bar.-at-Law*).

Secretary :

Mr. Arthur Davies, M.A.

The main functions of the Committee are—

(1) To furnish information and advice to Indians who contemplate going to England.

(2) To circulate in India to colleges and other institutions the Educational, Financial, and Social information, collected by the Bureau in London.

(3) To communicate with the Central Bureau on behalf of students before they start, or on behalf of their parents when they are in England.

Students of the Madras Presidency and of Native States whose colleges are affiliated to the Madras University, who contemplate going to England, and the relatives and friends of those who are going or are already gone, are invited to correspond with Mr. Arthur Davies, Secretary to the Madras Committee at the Law College, Madras, from whom all necessary information can be obtained.

Letters from Madras students to the Educational Advisor in London or to other Educational authorities in Great Britain are forwarded to the Madras Secretary for disposal and much delay will therefore be saved by *direct* correspondence with the latter.

There is a library attached to the Secretary's office at the Law College consisting of the prospectuses, syllabuses and calendars of the various educational institutions and universities in Great Britain and students and other enquirers will be allowed the use of the library on all week days except Saturdays and holidays between 12 noon and 5 p.m.

Law College, Madras,
15th March 1918.

A. DAVIES,
Secretary, Madras Students' Advisory Committee.

VACANCIES

Applications are invited from teachers who hold at least trained teachers' certificates of the secondary grade for the appointment of Supervisor of Elementary Schools, Mudiky sub-range, South Canara district, on a salary of Rs. 30 per mensem. The applicants should furnish the following particulars and submit copies of testimonials, if any. The selected candidate will be expected to join duty forthwith.

(1) Age; (2) Appointment held at present with salary; (3) Caste; (4) Highest general education test passed with class and year; (5) Where trained and date of Teachers' Certificate; and (6) Vernacular.

Bangalore, 21st September 1916. J. A. YATES,
Acting Inspector of Schools, Ninth Circle.

Wanted for the Government English School—Virajpet (Coorg)—a Muhammadan Assistant on a salary of Rs. 30—2—40. The teacher besides helping the staff with the usual school subjects will have to teach Urdu to such of the Muhammadan boys as take it up as their first language.

Applications with copies of testimonials should be sent to the undersigned by the 15th October next. None but Muhammadans who are either Matriculates or Secondary School-Leaving Certificate-holders need apply.

Bangalore, 23rd September 1916. J. A. YATES,
Acting Inspector of Schools, Ninth Circle.

Applications are invited from persons holding Trained Teachers' Certificate of Higher Elementary Grade with previous service in the Municipal, Board or Aided schools for the post of First Assistant in the Municipal Muhammadan School, Dharampuri, Gudiyattam, North Arcot district, on Rs. 15 per mensem.

Vellore, 29th September 1916. SAIYID ABDUL GHAFFUR SHAH SAHIB,
Sub-Assistant Inspector of Schools, Vellore Muhammadan Range.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

The Foote Collection of Indian Prehistoric and Protohistoric Antiquities. Notes on their Ages and Distribution, 1916. Royal 8vo, cloth Rs. 2-12. (7 as.)

Manual of Elementary Botany for India, 1916, by Rai Bahadur K. Ranga Achari, M.A., L.T. Demy 8vo, cloth. Re. 2. (6 as.)

Descriptive Catalogue of the Tamil Manuscripts in the Government Oriental Manuscripts Library, Madras, Vol. II Itihasa and Purana and Religious and Philosophy (Vaishnavism), 1916 Royal 8vo, boards Rs. 2-2. (3 as. 6 p.)

Engineering College Calendar for 1916-17. Royal 8vo, board As. 12 (2 as. 6 p.)

Public Service Notification. Revised up to the 31st March 1916. Foolscap folio, stitched As. 2-6. (5 p.)

Special Test Examination Notification. Revised up to the 31st March 1916. Foolscap folio, stitched. As. 2. (5 p.)

Department of Industries—

Bulletin No. 1.—On the assistance rendered by the Department of Industries. Royal 8vo. Pies 8. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 2.—Lift irrigation. Pies 6 (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 3.—Power from sunlight 'Anna 1. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 4.—The fly shuttle. Pies 6 (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 5.—Boring. Pies 6. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 6.—The influence of the war on Indian Industry and Trade. Anna 1. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 7.—Indian Cottage Industries. Royal 8vo Anna 1 (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 8.—Cotton seed pressing Royal 8vo. Pies 6. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 9.—Cost calculation. Pies 6. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 10.—Brick manufacture. Royal 8vo. Pies 6 (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 11.—Development of industries. Pies 6 (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 12.—Oil Pressing, Royal 8vo. Pies 6. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 13.—Refining graphite Royal 8vo. Pies 6 (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 14.—Formula for glass. Royal 8vo. Anna 1. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 15.—Timber for pencil manufacture. Royal 8vo. Anna 1. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 17.—Pattern weaving. Anna 1. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 18.—On the use of indigenous dye stuffs Royal 8vo. Anna 1. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 20.—Solid border shuttle. Royal 8vo. Pies 6. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 21.—Pencil lead manufacture. Royal 8vo 1 Anna. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 22.—Dyeing with indigenous materials. Royal 8vo. Pies 6. (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 23.—Pencil manufacture. Pies 6 (5 p.)

Bulletin No. 24.—Glass manufacture Anna 1. (5 p.)

Supplemental List of Books approved during 1915-16 as suitable for School-reading. Foolscap folio, stitched. As. 2. (5 p.)

Madras Educational Rules, 5th edition. Twelfth list of corrections. Pies 6. (5 p.)

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED AT THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

Published by Authority

No. 40.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 3, 1916 [Price, 5 annas.

Part II.—Miscellaneous Notifications

CONTENTS.

	PAGE
Appointments, Leave of Absence, &c.—	
Registration, Judicial, Board of Revenue, Forest, Public Works and Medical	1836-1838
Notifications :—	
General	1838
Judicial	1843
Educational	1859
Public Works	1860
Marine	1860
Revenue	1861
Military	1862
Official Advertisements	1863
Vaccine	1871
Private Advertisements	1872
Supplement :—	
Abstract of season reports for the week ending 20th September 1916.	
Madras Port Trust.	
Meteorological results.	

APPOINTMENTS, LEAVE OF ABSENCE, &c.

Registration

Postings.—The following postings of Sub-Registrars are ordered :—

M.R.Ry. Varadayya Subbarayar, on return from leave, from Narasipatam (Godavari-Visagapatam district) to Periyanayakanpalayam (Coimbatore-Nilgiris district).

M.R.Ry. Salem Sundaramanikka Mudaliyar, on leave, from Periyanayakanpalayam (Coimbatore-Nilgiris district) to Narasipatam (Godavari-Visagapatam district).

Madras, 28th September 1916.

Appointment.—M.R.Ry. Polur Nott Seshagiri Rao, Head Clerk, Registrar's office, Guntur-Nellore, is appointed to be Sub-Registrar, eighth grade, sub. *pro tem.*

Posting.—M.R.Ry. Polur Nott Seshagiri Rao, Sub-Registrar, eighth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, to Undi (Kistna district).

Extension of Leave.—M.R.Ry. Vadala Suryanarayana Avargal, District Registrar, Ganjam district, extension of privilege leave for three weeks under article 240 of the Civil Service Regulations.

Postings.—The following postings of Sub-Registrars are ordered :—

I. M.R.Ry. Ramaswami Venkatarama Ayyar, on return from leave, from Nattam (Madura district) to Sivagiri (Tinnevelly district).

*M.R.Ry. Agaram Subrahmanya Ramachandra Ayyar from Kroor (Guntur-Nellore district) to Nattam (Madura district).

M.R.Ry. Kanchi Varada Ranga Achari, on relief at Joint Sub-Registry Office III, Trichinopoly, from Chitvel (Cuddapah-Kurnool district) to Attur Kasba (Tinnevelly district).

M.R.Ry. Pinnevelly Muttayya Pillai Sankaralingam Pillai, on leave, from Sivagiri (Tinnevelly district) to Chitvel (Cuddapah-Kurnool district).

II. †M.R.Ry. Sarmadevi Venkatasubba Lakshmanarasimha Ayyar from Vilutthulam to Ottapidaram (Tinnevelly district).

M.R.Ry. Aaron Ratnaswami Thomas from Ottapidaram (Tinnevelly district) to Nilakottai (Madura district).

*This cancels the posting of M.R.Ry. Agaram Subrahmanya Ramachandra Ayyar to Attur Kasba, notified on page 1492 of Part II of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 29th August 1916.

†This cancels the posting of M.R.Ry. Sarmadevi Venkatasubba Lakshmanarasimha Ayyar to Nilakottai notified on page 1621 of Part II of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 29th August 1916.

III. M.R Ry. Appaji Rai Manikshinandaram Ayyar, on return from leave, from Kottapeta (Godavari-Vizagapatam district) to Macherla (Guntur-Nellore district).

M.R Ry. Muruganti Hanumantha Rao Nayudu from Macherla (Guntur-Nellore district) to Kottapeta (Godavari-Vizagapatam district).

IV. * M.R.Ry. Kilukaravalmukulam Srinivasamurthia Pillai Chokkalingam Pillai from Valur (Trichinopoly district) to Melur (Madura district).

*M.R.Ry. Thattai Srinivasa Raghava Acharyar from Melur (Madura district) to Valur (Trichinopoly district).

* At request.

G. M. SCHMIDT,
Inspector-General of Registration.

Madras, 2nd October 1916.

JUDICIAL

Appointment.—The following appointment of a District Munsif has been ordered by the High Court:—

M.R.Ry. Sekharapuram Ananthakrishna Sastri Sesha Sastri, Deputy Tahsildar of Anjengo, to be District Munsif of Anjengo.

C. G. MACKAY,
Registrar.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
30th September 1916.

BOARD OF REVENUE

LAND REVENUE

Promotions.—Consequent on the retirement of first-grade Ranger Mr. M. S. Noronha, second-grade Ranger M.R Ry. S. Thumbu Nayudu and fourth-grade Rangers Mr. B. D'Sa and K. Syed Ishaq Sahib, the following promotions are made to the class of Rangers with effect from the dates shown against each:—

M.R.Ry. S. Vasudeva Reddi, from first grade, sub. *pro tem.*, to first grade, permanent, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M.R.Ry. V. N. Seshagiri Rao, from second grade to first grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M.R Ry. T. N. Seshagiri Rao, from second grade, sub. *pro tem.*, to second grade, permanent, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M.R.Ry. K. L. Muniswami Ayyar, from second grade, sub *pro tem.*, to second grade, permanent, with effect from 14th September 1916.

Sajid-ed-din Ahmad Sahib, from third grade to second grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from 1st September 1916.

Mr. E. Dawson, from third grade to second grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from 15th September 1916.

M.R.Ry. S. Chinnadurai, from third grade, sub. *pro tem.*, to third grade, permanent, with effect from 1st September 1916.

Mr. R. E. Lamos, from third grade, sub. *pro tem.*, to third grade, permanent, with effect from 15th September 1916.

M.R.Ry. M. Kuppuswami Nayudu, from fourth grade to third grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from 1st September 1916.

Mr. B. R. Salisbury, from fourth grade to third grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from 15th September 1916.

Mr. L. J. Taylor, from fourth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, to fourth grade, permanent, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M.R.Ry. P. Lakshmana Chetti, from fourth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, to fourth grade, permanent, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M.R.Ry. V. P. Narayana Menon, from fourth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, to fourth grade, permanent, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M.R.Ry. P. Gopalasankara, from fourth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, to fourth grade, permanent, with effect from 15th September 1916.

M.R Ry. A. Ranganayakulu, from fifth grade to fourth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M.R Ry. N. Sundaresa Ayyar, from fifth grade to fourth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M.R Ry. N. C. Mahadevan, from fifth grade to fourth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M.R Ry G. Rama Rao, from fifth grade to fourth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from 15th September 1916.

M.R.Ry. M. Ambu, from fifth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, to fifth grade, permanent, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M.R Ry. R. Ponniah, from fifth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, to fifth grade, permanent, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M R Ry. P. Miranda, from fifth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, to fifth grade, permanent, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M.R.Ry. A. Sadan Pillai, from fifth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, to fifth grade, permanent, with effect from 15th September 1916.

Mr. E. W. Fernandez, from sixth grade to fifth grade, sub *pro tem.*, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M R.Ry. N. Vijiarangam, from sixth grade to fifth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from 1st September 1916.

M.R Ry. S. Jotinayakum Pillai, from sixth grade to fifth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from 1st September 1916.

Mr. R. Myers, from sixth grade to fifth grade, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from 15th September 1916.

Board of Revenue (Land Revenue—Forest),
Madras, 27th September 1916.

H. R. PATE,
Secretary.

Salt, Abkari and Customs Department

Appointments and Postings.—M.R.Ry. Muthuswamiaiyar Krishnaswamy Ayyangar Srinivasa Ayyangar, Sub-Inspector, first grade, is appointed to act as Assistant Inspector and posted to the Vellaoor Circle, *vice* M.R.Ry. Mutaru Govindan Vydiar, Assistant Inspector, granted leave.

R.Ry. Kumbakonam Ramanuja Achari Srinivasa Achari, Head Clerk on Rs 70, office of the Assistant Commissioner, Tinnevelly sub-division, is appointed to act as Assistant Inspector and posted as Supervisor, Messrs. Spencer & Co's Cigar Factory, Dindigul, *vice* M.R.Ry Mayuvaram Ramaswami Ayyar Natesa Ayyar, Assistant Inspector, granted leave.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 21st September 1916.

Posting.—The lien of Assistant Inspector Mr. Victor Edward Conner will be borne in the Naupada Circle, *vice* M.R.Ry. Ambati Venkanna, acting Assistant Inspector, reverted from 2nd October 1916.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 23rd September 1916.

Re-posting. Mr. Harry Clifford Roze, sub. *pro tem.* Assistant Inspector, on return from leave, is re-posted to the Gahngapatam Circle, *vice* M.R.Ry. Pasumarti Subramaswami, acting Assistant Inspector, reverted.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 27th September 1916.

Leave.—Under article 336 of the Civil Service Regulations Mr. Harry Clifford Roze, sub. *pro tem.* third-grade Assistant Inspector, is granted leave on medical certificate for two months from 1st August 1916.

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 28th September 1916.

E. F. THOMAS,
Secretary

Forest

Leave and Postings.—(1) M.R.Ry. C. Venkataramana Ayyar, sub. *pro tem.* Ranger, first grade in charge of Udayagiri range, Nellore district, is granted privilege leave for two months and fifteen days from date of relief.

(2) M.R.Ry. T. N. Sashagiri Rao, sub. *pro tem.* Ranger, second grade, on return from leave, is posted to the charge of Udayagiri range, *vice* No. (1).

(3) Mr. E. W. Fernandez, Supernumerary Ranger, sixth grade, on return from leave, is posted to the charge of Kanigiri range, Nellore district.

(4) M.R.Ry. N. E. Kanakiah, Deputy Ranger, second grade, and acting Ranger, sixth grade, in charge of Bellary range, will continue to act as Ranger, sixth grade, *vice* Ranger Thambe Nayuda, retired, and will continue to be in charge of Bellary range.

Madras, 25th September 1916.

H. B. BRYANT,
Conservator of Forests, Central Circle

Transfer.—M.R.Ry. N. Vizirangam, Supernumerary Ranger, sixth grade, Kurnool West, is transferred to the regular cadre of Rangers with effect from 1st September 1916, *vice* B. A. Duraiswami, deceased.

Waltair, 22nd September 1916.

F. L. C. COWLEY-BROWN,
Conservator of Forests, Northern Circle.

Leave.—The extension of leave for one and-a-half months granted to Ranger C. Rajanpaul Nayudu in this office S. O. No. 127/16, dated 3rd September 1916, will be treated as leave on medical certificate for seventeen days under article 336, Civil Service Regulations, and leave without allowances for the remaining period in continuation thereof under article 338, Civil Service Regulations.

Trichinopoly, 24th September 1916.

P. M. LUSHINGTON,
Conservator of Forests, Southern Circle.

Appointments, etc.—(1) E. C. Joseph, Ranger, sixth grade, temporary, the Nilgiris, is appointed to be Ranger, sixth grade, on the permanent establishment on probation for one year and posted to charge of Pattur range, South Mangalore. To join.

( ) K. S. Ramiah, Ranger, sixth grade, temporary, the Nilgiris, is appointed to be Ranger, sixth grade, on the permanent establishment on probation for one year and posted to Udumalpet range, South Coimbatore, of which he will take charge on 13th October 1916.

(3) K. P. Krishnan Nayar, Ranger, fourth grade, South Coimbatore, on relief by No. (2), is transferred to Mudumalai range, the Nilgiris. To join about 18th October 1916.

Coimbatore, 29th September 1916.

H. A. LATHAM,
Acting Conservator of Forests, Western Circle.

Public Works

Extension of leave.—The privilege leave for two months granted with effect from date of relief to M.R.Ry. T. N. Viswanatha Sastri, temporary Upper Subordinate, Kurnool division, in this office notification No. 4872, dated 20th June 1916, is extended by twenty days.

Leave and posting.—Under article 260, Civil Service Regulations, M.R.Ry. M. A. Venkatarama Ayyar, temporary Sub Engineer, Kurnool division, is granted privilege leave for six weeks from the 9th of October 1916 or date of relief.

M.R.Ry. K. R. Subrahmanya Ayyar, Supervisor, first grade, temporary rank, Kurnool division, will be in charge of the Nandyal Sub-division during the absence of M.R.Ry. M. A. Venkatarama Ayyar on leave or until further orders.

L. D. VENKATARAMA AYYAR,
Superintending Engineer, III Circle.

Bellary, 2nd October 1916.

Re-posting.—M.R.Ry. K. Narayana Haldar Avargal, Sub-Engineer, fifth grade, posted to the V Circle, in Public Works Department notification No. 719-D., dated 22nd September 1916, is re-posted to the North Presidency division for charge of No. 1 sub-division, as a temporary measure.

J. M. LACEY,
Superintending Engineer, V Circle.

Madras, 27th September 1916.

Extension of Leave.—M.R.Ry. Kumaralingam Ramaswami Ayyar Krishnaswami Ayyar, Supervisor second grade, temporary, Madura Special division, is granted under article 260, Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for fifteen days in continuation of the two months' leave sanctioned to him in this office Memorandum No. 3847, dated 10th July 1916.

C. T. MULLINGS,
Superintending Engineer, VI Circle.

Trichinopoly, 27th September 1916.

Extension of Leave.—M.R.Ry. R. Narasimhachari, temporary Upper Subordinate, Cauvery division, is granted under article 264 of the Civil Service Regulations, an extension of privilege leave for one month and six days in continuation of the privilege leave for fifteen days granted to him from 22nd August 1916 and published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 12th September 1916.

A. V. RAMALINGA AYYAR,
Superintending Engineer, VII Circle.

Madras, 27th September 1916.

MEDICAL

Leave.—In modification of the notification published on page 1377, Part II of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Civil Assistant Surgeon E. R. Subrahmanya Pattali, L.M. & S., is hereby granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 11th August 1916.

Civil Assistant Surgeon F. S. Thiruvoorthi Ayyar Avargal, B.A., M.B. & C.M., is hereby granted privilege leave for another month from the 2nd September 1916.

Services placed.—M.R.Ry. G. S. Narayanaswami Ayyar, L.M. & S., is retained as a temporary Civil Assistant Surgeon in the department on Rs. 100 plus allowances attached to the appointment, is placed at the disposal of the Collector of Bellary for plague inoculation duty, Hospet.

(By order)

C. A. F. HINGSTON, Major, I.M.S.,
Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General.

Madras, 27th September 1916.

GENERAL NOTIFICATIONS

PATENTS

The following printed specifications of applications for patents, which have been accepted under section 5 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act of 1911, have been published and can be inspected free of charge at the Madras Record Office, Egmore. Copies of these specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, at the price of eight annas per copy.

Directions as the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price 12 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller of Patents and Designs.

2614. W. C. Edman. An improved coupling and vacuum train hose pipe.
2621. C. F. Graves. An improved vacuum train hose pipe.
2635. Vickers, Limited. Improvements in or relating to folding collapsible masts.
2651. C. F. Berry. A process for the manufacture of magnesium sulphate from bitterns.
2656. Les Fils de Peu...ot Freres and J. ...ubiet. Improvements in and relating to motor ploughs, agricultural motor vehicles and the like.
2668. W. A. Praymouth. A new or improved process for the extraction of tannin.
2670. W. H. Biddis. Improvements in apparatus for actuating signals on trains and for stopping trains independently of drivers.
2675. Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate, Ld. Improvements in or relating to repeat signal mechanism for typographical composing machines.
2678. J. O. Nygaard. Improvements in press studs.
2643. D. Muir and H. Buchanan. Improvements in or relating to the manufacture centrifugally, of pipes, columns and other hollow articles.
2650. S. K. Roy. Improvements for paddy huller.
2660. E. O. Gammeter. An improved means of securing a pocket watch to the wrist of the wearer.

2663. R. D. Smither. Improved reversible parallel jaw oval pot sleeper fitted with reversible self locking avoid spring chair key.
2664. General Electric Co. Improvements in electric discharge apparatus.
2665. J. W. Rooney. Improved protector for motor tyre covers.
2666. S. A. Kapadia. An improved process and apparatus for preserving fruits, vegetables, grain and other organic substances.

Ootacamund, 3rd October 1916. I. DAVIDSON, *Acting Chief Secretary.*

NOTICES OF THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, together with current regulations and instructions. These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Advice.*—The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room, (3) to recommend any particular Agent; or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India application should be made to the patent offices in the countries concerned.

4. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

5. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

6. *Printed specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy; and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places —

Ahmedabad—S. C. Technical Institute.
Allahabad—Public Library.
Bangalore—Indian Institute of Science.
Bombay—Record Office.
" Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
" The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.
Calcutta—Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.
" Office of the Director General of Commercial Intelligence.
" Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.
Chinsurah—Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.
Chittagong—Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.
Dacca—Office of the District Board, Dacca.
Delhi—Office of the Deputy Commissioner.
Hyderabad—Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
Jalpaiguri—Office of the Commissioner, Rajshahi Division.
Karachi—Office of City Deputy Collector.
Lahore—Punjab Public Library.
London—The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
Madras—Record Office, Egmore.
" College of Engineering.
Mysore—Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
Nagpur—Victoria Technical Institute.
Poona—College of Engineering.
Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary, Government of Burma.
Roorkee—Thomason College.
Shahapur—Office of the Collector.

7. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta; the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay, the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon, and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, and in the Record Offices, Madras and Bombay.

5. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

	Price. Rs. A. P.
(*a*) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules, and instructions)	1 0 0
(*b*) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	0 10 0
(*c*) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi) each	0 2 0
(*d*) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 ..	0 2 0
(*e*) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the *Gazette of India*) ..	0 1 0
Annual subscription with postage	3 0 0
(*f*) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index 1900—1908 and chronological lists 1900—1904)	2 0 0
(*g*) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index 1900—1911 and Chronological list, 1905—1911) .. .. each	3 0 0
(*h*) Patent Office Journal (issued quarterly)	0 2 0
(*i*) Patent Office Journals, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914	1 0 0
(*j*) Specifications of inventions	0 3 0

H. P. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

(CORNER OF HARE STREET AND STRAND ROAD, CALCUTTA).

Open on { WEEK-DAYS AND SATURDAYS, FROM 10 A.M. TO 7 P.M. / SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS, FROM 2 P.M. TO 6 P.M.

The Imperial Library is also a LENDING LIBRARY. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

Outcamund, 11th August 1915. L. DAVIDSON,
Acting Chief secretary.

TREASURE TROVE

It is hereby notified under section 6 of the Indian Treasure Trove, Act VI of 1878 that treasure consisting of the undermentioned articles of the value of Rs. 50-2-0 was found buried in the house of Chinna Bayapa Reddi and Pedda Bayapa Reddi in the village-site limits of Nemillapalli, Dharmavaram taluk, Anantapur district, Madras Presidency.—

Description of articles.	Weight. TOLAS.	Estimated value. Rs. A. P.
Coins produced by Chinna Bayapa Reddi.		
Thirty-three silver coins with some inscription in Persian languages on both sides	32½	20 8 0
One silver coin with some inscription in Persian language on both sides	1	0 10 0
Two old silver rupees with some Persian inscription on both sides	2	1 4 0
Two old half rupees with some Persian inscription on both sides	1	0 12 0
Coins produced by Pedda Bayapa Reddi.		
Twenty-eight old rupees with some Persian inscription on both sides	28	17 8 0
One half pagoda	2½	1 4 0
Four old half rupees with some Persian inscription on both sides	2	1 0 0
Eleven silver coins with some Persian inscription on both sides	11	6 14 0
One quarter pagoda	¼	0 9 0
Total ..		50 2 0

All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Anantapur at his office at Anantapur on the 16th November 1916 in view to the matter being enquired into or determined according to law.

Anantapur Collector's Office,
22nd June 1916. S. W. G. I. MACIVER,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 6 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, that treasure consisting of the undermentioned articles of the value of Rs. 16 was found about 30th December 1915 in the dry land of Mukkila Lingam Nayudu of Tulagam in Pavakimedi taluk of Ganjam district :—

Description of article.	Weight.	Estimated value. Rs. A. P.
Three gold pies and an ear-ring	½ tola	12 0 0
Two silver anklets	4½ tolas and 15 annas.	4 0 0
Total ..		16 0 0.

All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Ganjam at his office at Chatrapur on 15th December 1916 in view of the matter being enquired into or determined according to law.

Ganjam Collector's Office,
14th June 1916.

N. MACMICHAEL,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 3 of Act VI of 1878 that on 1st June 1916, a brass case containing 31 gold coins worth about Rs. 175 was found in the bazaar of Netakki village of Guntur taluk, near the houses of Nunnu Sahib and Ghanne Sahib. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the undersigned at his office at Guntur on the 18th December 1916 at 11 a.m in order that the matter may be enquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the said Act.

Guntur Collector's Office,
8th July 1916.

N. E. MARJORIBANKS,
Collector.

Notice is hereby given under section 3 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878 that on or about 14th July 1916 the undermentioned treasure of the value of Rs. 14 was found by Challa Appalaswami in the village of Sakalakottappali Agraharam, Ellore taluk, in the field known by the local name of Lakshmidevichetipampu and belonging to Vemu Lakshmanarayana :—

Description of treasure.	Weight.	Estimated value.
Five gold plates.	About ½ tola.	Rs 14.

2 All persons claiming the said treasure or any portion thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by a duly authorised agent before the Collector of Kistna at his office in Masulipatam on 10th February 1917 with a view to the claims being enquired into and determined according to law.

Kistna Collector's Office,
28th September 1916.

H. H. BURKITT,
Acting Collector.

Notice is hereby given under section 3 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878 that on or about 10 a.m. of the 8th August 1915 the undermentioned treasure is said to have been found in survey No. 340 unoccupied village site of Krishnagiri village, Dhone taluk, by (1) Giddigadu, (2) Gollu Linganna, (3) Telugu Narasimhadu, (4) Boya Yellamma, (5) Subbayya.

Description.	Weight.	Estimated value.
	tolas.	Rs. A. P.
One coin	¼	4 5 4
Two coins	½	4 5 4
One coin	¼	2 8 4
Two coins	½	4 5 4
Ring	½	3 15 0
Gold kattu	½	5 0 0
Total ..		27 4 4

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any portion thereof are requested to appear in person or by a duly authorized agent before the Collector of Kurnool at his office at Kurnool on the 16th October 1916 in view of their claim being inquired into and disposed of according to law.

Kurnool Collector's Office,
16th May 1916.

H. G. STOKES,
Collector.

REMOVAL OF OFFICE

It is hereby notified that the office of the Director of Industries has been removed from No 1, Poonamallee Road, to premises No. 44 on the Poonamallee Road next to the Y.W.C.A. Buildings. Communications intended for this office should therefore be sent in future to the address, Vepery P.O., Madras.

Madras, 29th September 1916.

M. E. COUCHMAN,
Director of Industries.

NOTICE

It is notified for the information of persons intending to deposit sealed covers containing wills in the office of the Registrar that special covers made of strong paper will, as an experimental measure, be supplied free of charge for the deposit of wills and superior sealing wax will be available in Registrars' offices for sealing such covers. The flap of the cover should be gummed down and dried before the sealing wax is applied.

Registrar's Office, Madras Chingleput,
28th September 1916.

V. SUBBA RAO,
Registrar.

EXAMINATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY FOR WATER WORKS FITTERS.

Notice is hereby given that, under G.O. No. 1436 M., dated 6th August 1912, an examination for Certificate of Competency for Water Works Fitters will be held at the Public Works Workshops near Seven Wells, Madras, on the 4th and 5th December 1916 commencing at 9 a.m.

2. Candidates must send in their applications on printed forms so that they may reach the Sanitary Engineer's office on or before the 20th October 1916, after which date no application will be considered. Applications for admission to the Examination for Certificates of Competency must be drawn up in accordance with rule 9 of the Rules for grant of Certificates of Competency for Water Works Fitters published in Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 27th August 1912, pages 443 and 445, and must be supported by the accompaniments referred to in that rule.

3. The prescribed fee must be paid into a Government Treasury or, if at Madras, into the Bank of Madras on or before the 20th October 1916, and the receipt given by the Treasury Officer or the Bank of Madras must be securely fastened to the application together with other enclosures.

4. Each application should be sent direct to the undersigned post paid, superscribed and addressed as follows:—

[*Application for admission to the Examination for Water Works Fitters.*]

The Sanitary Engineer to Government of Madras and President, Board of Examiners,
Chepauk, Madras.

Insufficiently stamped covers will be rejected.

5. Candidates should fill in their applications legibly and write their names and address distinctly and in full and fill in the application form correctly to the best of their knowledge and belief. Any candidate who makes any false representation for the purpose of seeking admission to the examination will be prosecuted. Applications defective in any particular will be returned.

6. For any information that may be required candidates are referred to the rules published in Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 27th August 1912, pages 444 and 445.

7. Application forms and copies of the rules for the examination may be had on application to the undersigned.

H. NOWROJI,
Acting Sanitary Engineer to Government, and President, Board of Examiners.

Office of the Sanitary Engineer to Government,
Chepauk, Madras, 25th September 1916

EXAMINATION FOR CERTIFICATES OF COMPETENCY AND SERVICE FOR ENGINE DRIVERS.

Notice is hereby given that, under G.O. No. 1420 M., dated 11th August 1904, the next Examination for Certificates of Competency and Service for Engine Drivers qualifying candidates for employment under Government will be held at the Public Works Workshops near Seven Wells, Madras, on the 20th and 21st November 1916 commencing at 8 a.m.

2. Candidates must send in their applications made out in English on printed forms so that they may reach the Sanitary Engineer's office on or before the 20th October 1916, after which date no application will be considered. Applications for admission to the Examination for Certificates of Competency must be drawn up in accordance with rule 9 of the Rules for grant of Certificates of Competency and Service for Engine Drivers published in Part I A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 18th October 1904, pages 536 to 541, and must be supported by the accompaniments referred to in that rule, and those for admission to the Examination for Certificates of Service in accordance with rule 22.

3. The prescribed fee must be paid into a Government Treasury or, if at Madras, into the Bank of Madras on or before the 20th October 1916, and the receipt given by the Treasury Officer or the Bank of Madras must be securely fastened to the application together with other enclosures.

4. Each application should be sent direct to the undersigned post-paid, superscribed and addressed as follows:—

[*Application for admission to the Examination for Engine Drivers.*]

The Sanitary Engineer to Government of Madras and President, Board of Examiners.
Chepauk, Madras.

Insufficiently stamped covers will be rejected.

5. Candidates should fill in their applications legibly and write their names and address distinctly and in full and fill in the application form correctly to the best of their knowledge and belief. Any candidate who makes any false representation for the purpose of seeking admission to the examination will be criminally prosecuted. Applications defective in any particular will be returned.

6. For any information that may be required, candidates are referred to the rules published in Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 18th October 1904, pages 535 to 541.

7. Application forms and copies of the rules for the examination may be had on application to the undersigned.

H. NOWROJI,
Acting Sanitary Engineer to Government, and President, Board of Examiners.

Office of the Sanitary Engineer to Government,
Chepauk, Madras, 25th September 1916.

SANITARY COMMISSIONER.

Return showing the Births and Deaths registered in the Municipalities of the Madras Presidency containing 25,000 inhabitants and upwards and in the Ootacamund Municipality for the week ending 8th September 1914.

Municipalities.	Population according to the Census of 1911	BIRTHS. Class. Christians.	Hindus	Mahammadans	Other Classes.	Total Births. M.	F.	Total.	DEATHS. Class. Christians.	Hindus	Mahammadans.	Other Classes	Total Deaths. M.	F.	Total.	Causes of Death. Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague	Fevers.	Diseases of the Respiratory Organs.	Bowel complaints	Injuries.	All other causes.	Rate per 1,000 of population per annum. Total Births.	Total Deaths.
Madura	134,730	7	88	7	..	58	44	102	1	82	6	..	51	38	89	..	..	..	25	11	3	..	37	38·8	25·7
Trichinopoly	123,512	14	53	8	11	42	31	86	12	52	3	4	37	40	77	..	..	..	..	8	..	..	85	33·4	32·5
Calicut	74,417	2	19	3	..	32	17	28	..	17	9	..	16	12	28	..	..	..	2	4	4	..	16	18·3	17·9
Kumbakonam	64,347	1	30	3	..	14	20	34	..	26	1	..	14	13	27	..	2	..	8	2	3	..	17	27·5	21·8
Tanjore	60,341	3	33	4	..	34	27	61	2	29	1	..	22	27	49	..	..	..	8	8	..	..	33	52·3	42·5
Negapatam	60,143	3	34	11	..	25	28	53	2	28	9	..	21	18	39	..	..	..	1	2	3	2	31	46·1	33·3
Salem	56,153	3	55	6	..	39	25	64	3	32	3	..	36	31	68	..	..	..	2	7	1	2	47	56·6	68·3
Cuddalore	53,573	..	33	4	..	31	26	57	..	27	2	..	15	14	29	..	..	..	3	1	3	1	21	52·7	29·8
Coonada	54,110	..	44	4	..	18	30	48	1	58	2	..	21	38	59	..	..	..	11	3	4	1	38	46·1	59·5
Conjeevaram	53,864	..	64	..	..	26	28	54	..	46	..	..	21	19	40	..	1	..	..	3	3	1	27	52·4	38·8
Vellore	48,748	1	37	13	..	24	27	51	..	25	9	..	20	14	34	..	..	..	2	2	3	..	27	53·8	35·7
Rajahmundry	48,417	..	32	..	..	18	14	32	..	33	1	..	18	16	33	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	23	33·8	35·6
Mangalore	48,412	5	5	..	..	8	7	15	6	19	5	..	16	12	30	..	..	4	6	3	4	..	11	13·2	32·4
Coimbatore	47,007	1	45	1	..	30	17	47	5	35	..	..	23	17	40	..	..	..	2	5	2	3	27	32·3	44·5
Palamcottah	44,203	5	17	8	..	17	13	30	..	13	4	..	10	7	17	..	..	..	3	3	1	1	5	21·3	13·3
Tinnevelly	44,805	..	28	10	..	16	17	33	..	27	1	..	12	16	28	..	..	..	1	2	1	..	24	38·5	32·7
Palghat	44,319	..	18	6	..	9	15	24	..	20	2	..	8	7	15	..	..	..	3	2	..	..	7	28·3	14·2
Guntur	43,812	2	32	3	..	23	22	45	3	24	11	..	14	23	38	..	..	..	11	6	1	..	26	53·9	45·8
Vizagapatam	43,413	..	21	2	..	11	12	23	..	21	2	..	10	13	23	..	..	..	7	4	1	..	11	27·7	27·7
Ellore ..	42,531	1	37	3	..	20	21	41	1	24	1	..	12	14	26	..	..	..	11	2	..	..	13	50·4	32·0
Masulipatam	42,128	..	26	4	..	15	18	33	..	38	2	..	17	23	40	..	1	..	11	5	..	..	23	41·3	49·7
Tuticorin	40,185	4	21	2	..	21	7	27	11	18	3	..	10	28	30	..	..	..	4	6	3	..	17	35·2	39·8
Vizianagram	37,550	2	23	..	..	12	12	24	..	28	..	..	14	14	28	..	..	..	5	11	1	..	11	33·4	38·0
Bellary	34,956	1	11	5	..	11	6	17	..	14	10	..	25	8	24	..	..	..	8	5	3	..	11	25·4	35·8
Nellore	33,246	4	13	3	..	13	10	26	2	15	3	..	5	13	20	1	..	..	..	1	..	..	18	40·9	31·5
Bezwada	32,337	2	11	2	..	5	10	15	1	22	2	..	9	16	25	..	..	..	5	9	..	..	11	23·9	39·3
Adoni ..	31,953	..	13	13	..	15	9	24	..	7	9	..	11	5	16	1	..	..	1	3	..	..	9	39·7	29·4
Bezhampur	31,453	..	11	..	..	4	7	11	..	15	..	..	8	7	15	1	..	..	4	3	2	..	7	18·3	24·9
Tellicherry	29,258	..	7	14	..	13	8	21	2	6	5	..	5	7	12	..	1	..	3	..	2	..	6	37·6	21·4
Srivilliputtur	28,036	3	30	..	..	16	17	33	..	20	..	..	8	12	20	..	..	..	4	2	..	2	6	62·4	35·9
Cuddapah	28,007	1	14	3	..	11	10	21	1	5	7	..	8	5	13	..	1	..	1	2	3	..	5	37·3	23·3
Mayaveram	27,121	..	20	2	..	9	13	22	1	19	1	..	13	8	21	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	17	42·4	40·8
Karnool	26,010	..	10	11	..	13	8	21	..	6	10	..	7	12	19	..	..	..	8	2	3	1	6	42·2	38·2
Dindigul	25,052	4	17	2	..	12	11	23	3	15	2	..	8	12	20	..	..	..	3	3	..	..	14	48·0	41·7
Ootacamund	14,320	3	2	1	2	4	3	10	..	3	2	2	7	4	11	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	8	27·8	38·4
Total ..	1,370,438	82	998	171	13	583	611	1,264	82	883	134	11	630	588	1,076	3	22	4	156	140	61	13	270	38·4	33·7

Office of the Sanitary Commissioner for Madras,
21st September 1914.

N. ANNAJI RAO,
Manager and Assistant.

RETURN showing the BIRTHS and DEATHS registered in the MUNICIPALITIES of the MADRAS PRESIDENCY containing 25,000 inhabitants and upwards and in the Cottacamund Municipality for the week ending 15th September 1914.

Municipalities	Population according to the Census of 1911.	BIRTHS. Class. Christians	Hindus	Muhammadans	Other classes.	Total Births M.	F.	Total	DEATHS. Class. Christians	Hindus	Muhammadans	Other classes.	Total Deaths M.	F.	Total	Causes of Death. Cholera	Small-pox	Plague	Fevers	Bowel complaints (Diarrhœa and Dysentery)	Bronchitis, Pneumonia and other lung diseases	Injuries	All other causes	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum. Total Births.	Total Deaths.
Madura ..	134,180	4	97	8	..	63	46	109	2	50	1	..	33	30	53	..	..	1	12	6	6	2	32	41·5	24·6
Trichinopoly ..	123,512	12	54	18	4	50	38	88	7	40	6	4	37	27	64	..	2	..	..	5	5	1	36	37·0	27·1
Calicut ..	76,417	1	40	36	1	37	41	78	3	16	23	..	26	25	51	..	..	..	8	5	3	..	22	53·5	31·5
Kumbakonam ..	54,647	1	32	4	..	18	19	37	..	35	3	..	19	20	39	..	1	..	8	4	4	..	22	35·5	27·7
Tanjore ..	50,841	7	50	4	..	37	24	61	2	29	1	..	14	18	32	..	1	..	5	7	3	..	13	62·8	27·7
Negapatam ..	80,168	3	20	7	..	16	14	23	3	18	8	..	13	8	21	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	17	25·2	18·2
Salem ..	56,183	1	63	4	..	29	38	68	..	60	1	..	28	33	61	..	10	..	2	4	..	2	45	60·1	53·9
Cuddalore ..	58,674	3	43	1	..	27	20	47	..	24	2	..	16	10	26	..	..	..	4	8	1	..	13	49·4	24·0
Cocanada ..	84,110	2	36	1	..	17	22	39	..	37	4	..	20	21	41	..	..	..	8	8	2	1	21	37·7	39·6
Conjeeveram ..	53,864	..	65	3	..	40	28	68	..	34	1	..	18	20	38	..	2	..	..	3	3	1	21	66·0	34·0
Vellore ..	49,748	..	38	11	..	24	25	50	..	20	6	..	14	14	28	..	1	..	..	5	..	..	22	52·6	27·3
Rajahmundry ..	48,417	2	28	..	..	17	13	30	..	28	..	..	13	13	26	..	..	..	10	3	..	..	13	32·4	30·2
Mangalore ..	46,412	8	20	4	..	14	18	32	9	18	3	..	13	15	28	..	..	1	2	4	10	..	11	35·6	30·3
Coimbatore ..	47,007	11	41	..	..	24	28	52	3	27	4	..	18	14	32	..	2	..	1	10	..	1	13	57·8	35·6
Palamcottah ..	44,908	3	15	6	..	11	14	25	1	6	7	..	8	8	16	..	..	..	2	6	1	..	5	29·1	18·6
Tinnevelly ..	44,805	1	20	6	..	13	22	35	..	20	8	..	14	10	28	..	3	..	2	1	1	1	17	40·8	33·7
Palghat ..	41,319	..	20	4	..	13	20	33	..	20	5	..	10	10	25	..	..	..	7	..	1	..	8	38·8	41·3
Guntur ..	65,312	1	26	13	..	21	22	43	..	23	8	..	16	13	31	..	..	..	5	4	1	..	13	34·8	31·9
Vizagapatam ..	46,418	..	27	2	..	17	12	29	..	28	1	..	16	13	29	..	..	..	8	4	..	..	17	32·6	40·7
Ellore ..	42,531	1	46	2	..	22	27	49	2	33	8	..	23	15	38	..	1	..	8	4	..	2	27	38·5	48·4
Masulipatam ..	42,128	..	29	2	..	13	18	31	..	37	2	..	15	23	39	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	8	36·4	15·6
Tuticorin ..	40,180	12	14	4	..	16	12	28	2	9	1	..	7	5	12	..	..	..	2	15	2	1	8	41·8	24·8
Vizianagram ..	37,559	..	30	..	..	15	15	30	1	25	1	..	13	13	26	..	..	..	4	8	6	..	13	52·8	46·4
Bellary ..	34,859	1	10	6	..	13	9	22	..	23	6	..	10	10	31	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17	34·8	28·8
Nellore ..	33,240	2	14	6	..	10	12	22	..	14	4	..	8	8	18	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	60·8	27·0
Bezwada ..	32,807	1	28	8	..	18	18	36	1	12	1	..	11	6	17	..	..	..	5	8	1	1	10	38·0	31·4
Adoni ..	31,845	..	13	11	..	16	7	23	..	12	7	..	13	6	19	..	..	..	1	1	..	1	11	31·6	28·5
Bezhampur ..	31,456	..	12	1	..	9	4	13	..	17	..	..	10	7	17	..	..	..	8	2	1	..	11	31·6	28·5
Tellicherry ..	29,258	..	9	12	..	14	7	21	3	14	7	..	13	11	24	..	1	..	..	1	3	..	18	37·5	42·8
Srivilliputtur ..	29,088	..	22	..	..	14	8	22	..	11	..	..	4	7	11	..	..	..	4	..	1	..	8	36·6	18·3
Cannanore ..	28,987	6	11	6	..	14	9	23	2	18	5	..	5	7	13	..	..	..	2	1	1	..	11	41·8	27·1
Mayavaram ..	27,121	..	20	3	..	11	12	23	1	25	..	..	10	16	26	..	6	..	4	..	..	..	19	44·6	50·1
Karnool ..	28,080	1	14	15	..	18	15	30	6	6	..	..	7	8	15	..	..	..	2	2	5	..	8	60·2	30·1
Dindigul ..	28,052	7	16	1	..	7	19	26	4	8	1	..	8	9	13	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	7	54·5	27·1
Ootacamund ..	16,820	7	8	1	4	6	11	17	1	3	..	1	3	3	5	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	3	47·2	18·9
Total ..	1,670,438	98	1,055	209	9	706	664	1,369	53	817	138	3	514	494	1,008	1	28	2	128	122	65	18	846	42·6	31·8

Office of the Sanitary Commissioner for Madras,
28th September 1914.

N. ANNAJI RAO,
Manager and Assistant.

STATE CENTRAL LIBRARY, THIRUVANANTHAPURAM

STATEMENT showing Plague Seizures and Deaths in each district of the Madras Presidency from August 1896 to 30th September 1918.

District.	First period (August 1896 to June 1897).		Second period (July 1897 to June 1898).		Third period (July 1898 to June 1899).		Fourth period (July 1899 to June 1900).		Fifth period (July 1900 to June 1901).		Sixth period (July 1901 to June 1902).		Seventh period (July 1902 to June 1903).		Eighth period (July 1903 to June 1904).		Ninth period (July 1904 to June 1905).		Tenth period (July 1905 to June 1906).		Eleventh period (July 1906 to June 1907).		12 months period (July 1907 to June 1908).		Thirteenth period (July 1908 to June 1909).		Fourteenth period (July 1909 to June 1910).		Fifteenth period (July 1910 to June 1911).		Sixteenth period (July 1911 to June 1912).		Seventeenth period (July 1912 to June 1913).		Eighteenth period (July 1913 to June 1914).		Nineteenth period (1st July to 30th Sept. 1914).		Grand Total.	
	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.
Anantapur	251	204	2	2	0	1	61	49	318	193	1 999	1 309	1 771	1 081	7	4	11	7	218	170	34	26	1	1	10	10	685	464	307	264	69	46	435	302	794	154	11	8	6,909	5,040
Bellary	348	227	10	8	1	1	2 133	1 548	2 295	1 508	9,901	7 024	10 321	7 198	2 999	2 179	308	227	2 764	2 301	218	167	2	0	1,166	913	12 499	10 130	450	360	697	391	2 138	1	1,804	1,178	202	139	68,791	47,990
Chingleput	9	1	4	4	2	2	7	3	11	6	16	10	6	4	2	1	1	0	16	10	4	3	0	0	0	0	—	—	8	8	0	0	24	17	1	1	—	—	136	85
Chittoor	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	0	131	113	374	264	22	14	3	2	7	0	0	0	661	394
Coimbatore	4	1	40	26	—	—	373	260	726	509	4 827	3,175	8 079	5,317	337	244	0	0	200	140	2	1	0	0	2 001	1 399	6,999	4 796	1 794	1,214	6,152	2 561	227	195	3,402	1,849	1000	1000	38,524	20,143
Cuddapah	0	0	—	—	24	1	3	2	8	3	264	171	78	70	0	0	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	1	314	2.0	—	—	3	—	2	0	0	0	720	250
Ganjam	1	—	3	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	4	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	33	9
Godavari	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	3	—	—	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	32	16
Guntur	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
Kistna	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	4	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	7	4
Kurnool	110	105	—	—	11	7	10	8	310	214	901	618	243	173	3	3	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	4	4	—	—	4	4	—	—	3	2	—	—	—	—	1,643	991
Madras City	17	11	3	—	11	7	4	4	14	10	13	10	26	19	13	12	4	3	4	3	4	4	1	1	3	3	1	1	4	4	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	168	136
Madura	1	—	—	—	0	0	1	1	—	—	6	3	17	10	5	4	—	—	4	3	18	11	3	3	1,006	1,006	2	2	2	2	18	9	1	1	201	120	18	13	1,275	1,173
Malabar	1	—	—	—	0	0	1	1	3	3	7	7	11	9	47	41	10	10	200	162	21	14	511	339	100	100	1	1	0	0	15	10	0	0	3	3	1	1	1 846	1 231
Nellore	2	0	—	—	0	1	0	0	2	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	0	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	10	6
Nilgiris, Tbe.	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	91	54	200	133	11	9	30	20	146	91	273	146	175	110	42	33	1	1	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,797	1 708
North Arcot	600	431	14	11	66	36	1, 38	1,250	1 130	850	2 000	1 497	778	619	39	30	30	20	146	81	77	33	10	0	146	124	1 407	943	1 010	765	2,000	1 500	300	240	1.1	0	478	35	30	14,993	11,220
Ramnad	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	31	0
Salem	521	454	110	107	1 646	1 113	900	1	1 703	1	1,000	992	2 534	1	160	66	207	122	1 000	975	630	782	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,000	6,199
South Arcot	—	—	6	4	2	1	1	—	6	4	3	3	2	1	51	40	—	—	4	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	60	70	1	1	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	140	104
South Canara	1	1	1	1	2	1	46	42	1 119	801	636	474	710	488	248	172	130	113	134	104	214	164	183	103	103	103	1	1	0	0	374	275	24	24	0	0	0	0	4,870	3,073
Tanjore	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	3	—	6	1	6	1	1	—	4	3	4	3	9	9	—	—	1	4	2	1	0	0	1	1	201	201	—	—	1	1	1	1	230	220
Timevelly	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	3	—	6	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	20	10
Trichinopoly	7	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	103	101	17	11	0	0	0	0	304	250
Vizagapatam	—	—	1	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	21	8	3	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	9
Cochin State	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	3	1	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	3	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	5
Travancore State	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	130	113	—	—	11	11	1	1	0	0	0	0	155	125
Miscellaneous	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Foreign Vessels	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total	2,700	2,001	1 124	804	1 140	1 172	3 904	3 118	17 201	11 201	20 411	14 015	35 076	24,046	3 499	2,901	702	570	4 676	4 441	3 433	2,400	2 000	1 640	3 401	2 907	10 201	7,300	3 870	2 701	9 761	4 203	2 817	1,977	9,261	6,314	2 230	1742	191,739	116,110

STATEMENT showing Plague Seizures and Deaths in each infected place in the Madras Presidency for three weeks ending 30th September 1916.

Districts and places.	Reported during the week ending 16th September 1916.						Reported during the week ending 23rd September 1916.						Reported during the week ending 30th September 1916.					
	Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.		Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.		Imported.		Indigenous.		Total.	
	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.	Seizures.	Deaths.
Anantapur district			38	23	38	23	1	1	17	7	18	8	8	8	56	36	64	44
Bellary district																		
Chingleput district																		
Chittoor district			279	164	279	164	6	6	284	200	290	206	8	8	276	196	284	204
Coimbatore district																		
Cuddapah district																		
Guntur district																		
Godavari district																		
Kistna district																		
Kurnool district																		
Madras Town																		
Madura district																		
Nellore district																		
Salem district																		
Tanjore district																		
The Nilgiris																		
North Arcot district																		
Ramnad district																		
Tinnevelly district																		
Trichinopoly district																		
Vizagapatam district																		
Vizagapatam Town and Port																		
Total																		

Madras, 2nd October 1916.

W. A. JUSTICE, Major, I.M.S.,
Sanitary Commissioner.

JUDICIAL NOTIFICATIONS

PROCLAMATION

Madras to wit.

By virtue of a Precept to me directed by His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Madras I hereby proclaim and give notice that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery in and for Fort Saint George the Town of Madras and the local limits thereof and the places and factories subordinate thereto will be holden at the Court House of the Court at Madras aforesaid on Monday the 6th day of November earning the date hereof at eleven o'clock in the forenoon for the trial of all crimes and offences done or committed within Fort Saint George or the Town of Madras at the local limits thereof and places and factories subordinate thereto and dependent thereon.

And also that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty for the trial of all crimes and offences done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby require and enjoin all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions or in anywise concerned therein to attend at the time and place abovementioned and not to depart without leave.

Dated this 20th day of September 1916.

T. ZAIN-UL-ABIDIN SAHIB,
Sheriff of Madras.

INVESTITURE OF POWERS

Under section 138 (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act V of 1908), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), the High Court is pleased to direct that the undermentioned officer shall, in cases in which an appeal is allowed, take down the evidence with his own hand in the English language :—

M.R.Ry. Alampundi S. Balasubrahmanya Ayyar Avergal, Acting District Judge, Trichinopoly.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
25th September 1916.

C. S. RAMACHANDRA AYYAR,
Assistant Registrar.

Under section 192 of the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908 (I of 1908), and section 138 (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act V of 1908), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), the High Court is pleased to direct that the undermentioned officer shall, in cases in which an appeal

is allowed under the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908 (I of 1908), take down the evidence with his own hand in the English language :—

M. R. by. Appanna Rayar Ramachandra Ayyar, B.A., B.L., Revenue Divisional Officer, Dindigul, Madura district.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
28th September 1916.

C. S. RAMACHANDRA AYYAR,
Assistant Registrar.

Under section 138 (1) of the Code of Civil Procedure (Act V of 1908), as amended by the Decentralization Act, 1914 (IV of 1914), the High Court is pleased to direct that the undermentioned officer shall, in cases in which no appeal is allowed, take down the evidence with his own hand in the English language :—

Mr. Richard Arthur Jenkins, District Judge, Kurnool.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
28th September 1916.

C. S. RAMACHANDRA AYYAR,
Assistant Registrar.

NOTIFICATIONS

Under section 3 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1873, the High Court hereby directs that, on account of the prevalence of plague at Tirupur, the Court of the District Munsif of Tirupur shall be held at Coimbatore temporarily from the 2nd October to the 22nd December 1916 both days included.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
25th September 1916.

C. G. MACKAY,
Registrar.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 28 of the Madras Civil Courts Act III of 1873, as amended by the Decentralization Act IV of 1914, the High Court hereby directs that, as partial modification of the Government Notification No. 408, dated the 9th June 1910, published at page 824, Part I, of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 13th June 1916, the Temporary Subordinate Judge of Bellary shall neither have nor exercise the jurisdiction of a Court of Small Causes over the Hayadrug taluk, notwithstanding anything contained in the notification of the 18th March 1873, published at page 556 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 18th March 1873.

High Court of Judicature at Madras,
26th September 1916.

C. G. MACKAY,
Registrar.

INSOLVENCY PETITIONS

No. 1 of 1916 in the Court of the District Munsif, Aska.

Chinnari Bhartha Patro and Chinnari Yagadhu Patro .. .. *Petitioners.*
Kottakota Ignesu Patro and fourteen others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 14 (7) of the Act III of 1907, that (1) Chinnari Bhartha Patro and Chinnari Yagadhu Patro, sons of Chinnati Boisinu Patro, residing at Boyirani in Boridasbandi mutta of Atgada taluk, the petitioners above named, were adjudged insolvents by this Court on the 5th day of September 1916 and the creditors are called upon to prove their debts on or before the 16th day of October 1916 at 10 a.m. by delivering or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, to this Court.

District Munsif's Court, Aska,
12th September 1916.

T. C. PATRO,
District Munsif.

No. 38 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Chingleput.

M. Durasami Sastri, son of M. Narasimha Sastri, residing at Lingappier street, Conjeeveram town .. .. *Petitioner.*
Subrahmanya Ayyar and others .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that, under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907, the abovenamed petitioner has applied for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 11th November 1916.

Official Receiver's Court, Chingleput,
23rd September 1916.

P. RAJAGOPALA ACHARIYAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 3 of 1916 in the Court of the Subordinate Judge, Cochin.

Mullasheriagath Kunhu Moidin residing in Calvathy, British Cochin. *Petitioner.*
Chathanat Moidin's son Kutti and others .. .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (7) of section 10 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner has been adjudged an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 6th September 1916, and that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering or by sending by post in a registered letter an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, to the Official Receiver at Calicut to whom the petition has been transferred.

Subordinate Judge's Court, Cochin,
19th September 1916.

A. UPENDRA PAI,
Subordinate Judge.

No. 22 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Cuddapah.

Chetthirala Venkata Subbayya, son of Nagayya, and Singamsetti Chinna Sanjiva Kondayya, son of Salayya, of Proddatur .. .. *Petitioners (Creditors).*

Monaga Venkatramayya, son of Seshayya, of Duvvur, Proddatur taluk and another .. .. .. *Respondents (1st respondent, debtor).*

Notice is hereby given that, under sections 6 and 8 of Act III of 1907, the abovenamed petitioners have applied to this Court to declare the 1st respondent insolvent, and that the application is posted to the 6th November 1916 for hearing.

District Court, Cuddapah,
27th September 1916.

J. W. HUGHES,
District Judge.

No. 2 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Ganjam.

Yerukula Chendrayya and another .. .. *Petitioners.*
Pasua Jogulu and eleven others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioners aforesaid have applied to this Court to be declared insolvents and that the 16th day of October 1916 has been fixed for the hearing of the application. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

District Court, Ganjam,
27th September 1916.

N. NARASIMHASWAMI,
Serishtadar.

No. 39 of 1915 (No. 1 of 1916 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Cocanada) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Godavari.

Gollapudi Venkateswami .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*
Bachu Venkatarayanamurthy, etc. .. .. .. *Counter-petitioners (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given that by an order of this Court dated 19th September 1916, the abovenamed petitioner, was adjudicated an insolvent.

Creditors of the abovenamed insolvent should prove their debts on or before 30th day of October 1916 by delivery or sending by registered post an affidavit in Form No. 5 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908.

Official Receiver's Court, Godavari, Rajahmundry,
21st September 1916.

A. KANAKA RAJU,
Official Receiver.

No. 43 of 1916 (No. 19 of 1916 on the file of the District Court, Godavari) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Godavari.

Vaga Ramamurti, son of Jaggayya of Tuni .. .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*
Nalam Bhimaraju and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to declare him an insolvent and that the application is posted to 1st day of November 1916.

Official Receiver's Court, Godavari, Rajahmundry,
15th September 1916.

A. KANAKA RAJU,
Official Receiver.

No. 6 of 1913 in the Court of the District Judge, Guntur.

Creditors in Insolvency Petition No. 6 of 1913 on the file of this Court filed by Pollatti Lakshminarasu of Mootukhi, Guntur taluk, Guntur district, whose claims have been notified but not proved, are hereby given notice under section 39 (4) of Act III of 1907 that if they do not prove their claims before this Court on or before 16th October 1916, the Receiver appointed in the case will proceed to make the case and the final dividend without regard to their claims.

District Court, Guntur,
15th September 1916.

K. SRINIVASA RAO,
District Judge.

No. 19 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Guntur.

Janjanam Pennayya Padmasale, weaver of Mangalagiri, Guntur taluk. *Petitioner.*
Mattepalli Rattayya and five others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner named above has applied to this Court for being adjudged insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 16th October 1916.

2. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said petition may do so either in person or by a pleader on the said date.

District Court, Guntur,
22nd September 1916.

K. SRINIVASA RAO,
District Judge.

No. 13 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Guntur.

Dasta Subbayya, Brahman, of Chintalapudi, Tenali taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Palagarthi Sriramulu and twenty-three others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner named above has applied to this Court for being adjudged insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 16th October 1916.

2. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said petition may do so either in person or by a pleader on the said date.

District Court, Guntur,
29th September 1916.

K. SRINIVASA RAO,
District Judge.

No. 5 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Kurnool.

Jovli Krishnayya of Pattikonda, Kurnool district .. .. .. *Petitioner.*

Under section 16 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1907, notice is hereby given that the petitioner named above was adjudged an insolvent by this Court by order, dated the 6th day of September 1916, that his creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible, and that a claim may be proved by delivering, or sending by post in a registered cover to this Court, an affidavit in Form No. 8 of the Insolvency Rules.

District Court, Kurnool,
21st September 1916.

H. R. BARDSWELL,
District Judge.

No. 7 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Kurnool.

Chatakonda Maddayya, Vysya, trader, residing at Yeldurti, Dhone taluk (by Mr. P. Ramaswami Ayya) .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907 that the above petitioner has applied to this Court for being adjudged an insolvent, and that his application is posted to 15th November 1916 for hearing.

District Court, Karnool,
29th September 1916.

R. A. JENKINS,
District Judge.

No 31 of 1914 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Marimuthu Nadan .. .. *Petitioner,*
Muthia Nadar and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 39 (4) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in the said matter and that if the creditors do not prove their claims to the satisfaction of this Court on or before 27th October 1916, their claims will be expunged and a dividend will be distributed without regard to such claims.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
26th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 82 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Varada Ayyar .. .. *Petitioner.*
Naina alias Govindaswami Ayyan and others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 39 (4) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in the said matter and that if the creditors do not establish their claims to the satisfaction of this Court on or before 18th October 1916, their claims will be expunged and a dividend will be distributed without regard to such claims.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
26th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 95 of 1915 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Nachimuthu Mudali .. .. *Petitioner.*
Arunmoorti Asari and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Nachimuthu Mudali, son of Arumuga Mudali, at Kottoor, Periyakulam taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 10th August 1916 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
26th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 110 of 1915 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

In the matter of insolvency of Velusami Ayyah

Notice, under section 39 (4) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in the said matter and that, if the creditors do not establish their claims to the satisfaction of this Court on or before 11th October 1916, their claims will be expunged and a dividend will be distributed without regard to such claims.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 118 of 1915 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

In the matter of insolvency of M. M. Pichaypya Ravuthan.

Notice, under section 39 (3) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in the said matter and that if the creditors do not prove their claims to the satisfaction of this Court on or before 9th October 1916, their claims will be expunged and a dividend will be distributed without regard to such claims.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 126 of 1915 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Kadirbasha Rowthan .. .. *Petitioner.*
Issac Ismal Sait and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Kadirbatcha Rowthan, son of Sarkeer Rowthan, at Veganboor, Dindigul taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent on 24th July 1916 by this Court and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 146 of 1915 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Arulappan Servai .. .. *Petitioner*
A. Subrahmanya Pillai and others .. .. *Creditors*

Notice, under section 39 (4) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that a dividend is intended to be declared in the said matter and that if the creditors do not establish their claims to the satisfaction of this Court on or before 10th November 1916, their claims will be expunged and a dividend will be distributed without regard to such claims.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 104 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Muhamad Usain Sahib.. .. .. *Petitioner.*
Seshammal and others .. .. *Creditors*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Muhamad Usain Sahib, son of Kadir Usain Sahib, at Palnyakaswarpalayam, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent on 21st July 1916 by this Court and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 103 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Govindasami Nayudu .. .. *Petitioner.*
Thiraviya n Pillai and others .. .. *Creditors*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Govindasami Nayudu, son of Subba Nayudu, at south Perumal Maistri street Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent on 19th August 1916 by this Court and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 78 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

S. Narasimha Ayyar .. .. *Petitioner.*
Ramaswami Ayyar and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Narasimha Ayyar, son of Venkateswara Ayyar, at Naick Naw street, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent on 11th August 1916 by this Court and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 19 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Velayuda Velan .. .. *Petitioner.*
Malayandi Ambalam and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Velayuda Velan, son of Ramavelan, at Jariyavidai, Mazuthoor, Nilakottai taluk, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent on 2nd September 1916 by this Court and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 20 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Subbayya Nayudu .. .. *Petitioner.*
Balayya Nayudu and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Subbayya Nayudu, son Veikunda Nayudu, at South Vali veedhi, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 8th September 1916, and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura.
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 25 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Balaguru Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Angamuthu Pillai and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Balaguru Pillai, son of Muthirulappa Pillai, at Sattampillai s treet, Dindigal, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent on 15th September 1916 by this Court and that the creditors are required to prove their claims by sending by registered post or delivering to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 29 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Thiraviyam Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
M. Kuthavarayan Pillai and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Thiraviyam Pillai, son of Arumugam Pillai, at South Vali veedi, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent on 14th September 1916 by this Court and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR.
Official Receiver.

No. 39 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Thathaji Rao .. .. *Petitioner.*
S. P. K. Krishnaswami Chetti and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Thathaji Rao, son of Annaji Rao, at Chockalingam street, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 10th August 1916 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 42 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Muthandi Poosari .. .. *Petitioner.*
V. Krishnamoorthi Sastrial and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Muthandi Poosari, son of Kalimuthu Poosari at North Line, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 12th August 1916 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 42 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Kuppuswami Chetti .. .. *Petitioner.*
S. P. Suppayagoundan and others.. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Kuppuswami Chetti, son of Narayanan Chetti, North Market street, Madura, has applied for being declared insolvent and his petition is posted to 16th October 1916. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 43 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura

Venkatrama Ayyangar .. .. *Petitioner.*
Collector of Madura and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Venkatrama Ayyangar, son of Sri Sangaraja Ayyangar, at Lakshminarayanapuram Agraharam, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent on 16th August 1916 by this Court and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 47 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Somasundaram Pillai . .. . *Petitioner.*
Manika Sankaranarayana Ayyar and others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Somasundaram Pillai, son of Sivagnanam Pillai, at West Masi street, Madura, has applied for being declared insolvent and his petition is posted to 14th October 1916. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 48 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Aiyangar .. .. *Petitioner.*
N. P. V. Veerappa Chetti and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Aiyangar, son of Krishnaiengar, at Thaluvoi Agraharam, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 21st August 1916 and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 54 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Arunachellam Chetti .. .. *Petitioner.*
Duraisami Ayyar alias Meenakshisundaram Ayyar and others .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Arunachellam Chetti, son of Annamuthu Chetti, at Chetlur street, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent on 5th September 1916 by this Court and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 55 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Muruvathi V. Nagendra Ayyar .. .. *Petitioner.*
Kasthuri Ramaswami Ayyar and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 16 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Muruvathi Nagendra Ayyar, son of Venkatachellapathi Ayyar, at Mel Vadumpokki street, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent on 16th August 1916 by this Court and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 3.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 58 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

M. K. Ramaswami Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
P. R. Venkatesalu Naynlu and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 18 (7) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that M. K. Ramaswami Pillai, son of Kalyanasundaram Pillai, at Adamedam Pillaichavadi, Madura, the petitioner above named, was adjudged insolvent on 17th September 1916 by this Court and that the creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, an affidavit in Form No. 9

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 59 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Palaniandia Pillai .. .. *Petitioner*
Per. Chettyappa Chetti and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Palaniandia Pillai, son of Sakkana Pillai of Keelakoodaloor, Periyakulam taluk, has applied for being declared insolvent and his petition is posted to 16th October 1916. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 60 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Kottaimuniia Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Shanmugam Pillai and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Kottaimuniia Pillai, son of Kandaswami Pillai, of South Market street, Madura, has applied for being declared insolvent and his petition is posted to 7th October 1916. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 61 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Mahalingam Pillai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Chettyappan Chetty and others .. .. *Creditors*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Mahalingam Pillai son of Tellaina Nagam Pillai, residing at Keelakudalur, Periyakulam taluk, has applied for being declared insolvent and his petition is posted to 16th October 1916. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 67 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

N. K. Ramaswami Ayyar .. .. *Petitioner.*
Lakshuva Nagaswami Ayyar and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that N. K. Ramaswami Ayyar, son of Kumaraswami Ayyar, at Lakshmipuram, 1st street, Madura, has applied for being declared insolvent and his petition is posted to 18th October 1916. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver

No. 68 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Jambu @ Subbier and another .. .. *Petitioners.*
s. Gnr. @. Vasudeva Bagavather and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that (1) Jambu @ Subbier, son of Jambu Muni Ayyar, (2) Jamba Annamathier, son of first petitioner, both residing at Lakshmipuram 1st street, Madura, have applied for being declared insolvents and the petition is posted to 14th October 1916. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura
20th September 1916

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 71 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Anthoni Moopanar .. .. *Petitioner.*
Ohula Venkawama Ayyar and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Anthoni Moopanar, son of Ismani Moopanar of Palayakaruppalayam, Madura, has applied for being declared insolvent and his petition is posted to 16th October 1916. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 72 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Narayanaswami Pathan .. .. *Petitioner.*
Vaikundam Pillai and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Narayanaswami Pathan, son of Guruswami Pathan, residing at North Masi street, Madura, has applied for being declared insolvent and his petition is posted to 17th October 1916. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 75 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Kumaraswami Ayyar .. .. *Petitioner.*
Kandaswami Pillai and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Kumaraswami Ayyar, son of Rangalinga Ayyar at Kasavanampatti, Dindigul taluk, has applied for being declared insolvent and his petition is posted to 17th October 1916. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 76 of 1916 in the Court of the Official Receiver, Madura.

Mohammad Ibrahim and another .. .. *Petitioners.*
Duraisu Subbier and others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of the Insolvency Act, is hereby given that Mohammad Ibrahim and Ahmad Saferdin Sahb, sons of vakil Gulam Hussain Sahib, at Kajamar street, Madura, have applied for being declared insolvents and the petition is posted to 18th October 1916. Any creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear on that date either in person or by vakil.

Official Receiver's Court, Madura,
20th September 1916.

T. S. RAMASWAMI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 6 of 1916 in the Court of the District Munsif, Markapur.

Ammalanti Nagayya and Ammalanti Rama Subbayya .. .. *Petitioners.*
Perumi Balayya and twenty-eight others .. .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 13 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioners have applied to be declared as insolvents and that their application is posted to 20th October 1916. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear either in person or by pleader on the said date.

District Munsif's Court, Markapur,
19th September 1916.

N. GOPALAKRISHNA RAO,
District Munsif.

No. 1 of 1916 in the Court of the District Munsif, Nandyal.

Kunnili Pedda Chantenna of Rudravaram, Sirvel taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 13 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907, that the petitioner named above was adjudged an insolvent on the 27th day of June 1916 and that the creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible and that claim may be proved by delivering or sending by registered post to this Court an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Insolvency Rules, 1908.

District Munsif's Court, Nandyal,
22nd September 1916.

S. NARASINGA RAO PANTULU,
District Munsif.

No. 6 of 1916 in the Court of the District Munsif, Nandyal.

Yakkalur Sahib, son of Sahiah of Mettapalli in Koilkuntla taluk .. *Petitioner.*
Miriyala Nagiah and nine other creditors .. .. .. *Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied for being adjudged an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to 16th day of October 1916. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

District Munsif's Court, Nandyal,
22nd September 1916.

S. NARASINGA RAO PANTULU,
District Munsif.

No. 7 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Nellore.

(1) Madana Venkatayya, (2) Madana Gurappa, son of first petitioner, (3) Madana Venkatamma, (4) Madana Venkatasubbayya, (5) and (6) sons of Pedda Venkatayya, Devangas and weavers of Manolalapeta, Venkatagiri taluk .. .. *Petitioners.*

Chandalur Subbayya Chetti, son of Cheegayya Chetti, being minor by natural father and guardian Chandalur Gurumoorthum Chetti and eight others .. .. *Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given that the aforesaid petitioners have applied to this Court to be adjudged insolvents and that the petition is posted to 16th October 1916 for hearing.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 25th day of September 1916.

District Court, Nellore,
25th September 1916.

C. KRISHNASWAMI RAO,
District Judge.

No. 3 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, North Malabar.

Vattakkoli Sade Abdal Quadir Sahib, trading at Quilandi .. *Petitioner (Debtor).*

Nagaji Purushotham Company by its managing partner, Krishnaji Purushotham Sait .. .. *Counter-petitioner (Creditor).*

Notice is given hereby that the aforesaid petitioner has applied to be adjudged an insolvent and that his petition is posted for hearing to 27th October 1916.

District Court, North Malabar, Tellicherry,
22nd September 1916.

H. D. C. REILLY,
Acting District Judge.

No. 6 of 1916 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Rajahmundry.

Kommi Reddi Venkataramanayya, son of Subbarayudu of Rajahmundry, Godavari district .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause 2, section 12 of Act III of 1907, that Kommi Reddi Venkataramanayya, the abovenamed petitioner, residing at Rajahmundry, has applied to this Court to be declared insolvent and that the said insolvency petition stands posted to 15th November 1916

Principal District Munsif's Court, Rajahmundry,
29th September 1916.

B. VENKATESWARA RAO,
Principal District Munsif.

No. 14 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Ramnad.

R. Narayana Ayyar .. .. *Petitioner (Creditor).*

A. V. Bairavasubramania Ayyar, son of Venkatramana Ayyar, residing at Byravangoor, Tiruppuvanam taluk .. .. .. *Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice, under section 12 (2) of Act III of 1907, is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has filed an application in this Court praying that the respondent may be adjudged an insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 20th October 1916 for hearing. Any person wishing to oppose the said application may appear before this Court on the said date either in person or by pleader and state his objections.

District Court, Ramnad at Madura,
25th September 1916.

W. L. VENKATARAMAYYA,
District Judge.

No. 4 of 1916 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Salem.

Notice, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907 (the Provincial Insolvency Act), is hereby given that an insolvency petition has been filed in this Court by me, Ka. Duraiswami Chetti, son of Mechari Kulappa Chetti, at Shevapet, Salem town, Salem district, praying for the benefit of the Act and that the same has been posted to 18th October 1916 for trial.

Principal District Munsif's Court, Salem,
22nd September 1916.

K. S. KOTHANDARAMA AYYAR.
Principal District Munsif.

No. 5 of 1916 in the Court of the Principal District Munsif, Salem.

Notice, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907 (the Provincial Insolvency Act), is hereby given that an insolvency petition has been filed in this Court by Nagaraja Ayyar, son of Krishna Ayyar, at Kumarasampatti, Salem town, Salem district, praying for the benefit of the Act and that the same has been posted to 18th October 1916 for trial.

Principal District Munsif's Court, Salem,
22nd September 1916.

K. S. KOTHANDARAMA AYYAR,
Principal District Munsif.

No. 48 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, South Arcot.

Devarayaga Reddi, and Lakshmana Reddi sons of S. Muthumarayana Reddi of Nellupattu, Cuddalore taluk .. .. .. *Petitioners (Debtors).*
Ramaswami Chetti, by agent Raman Chetti, and thirty others .. *Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioners have applied to this Court under section 11 of the Provincial Insolvency Act (Act III of 1907) for being adjudicated insolvents and that their petition is posted to 23rd October 1916 for hearing the objections of the creditors, if any, in the matter.

District Court, South Arcot,
27th September 1916.

S. G. ROBERTS,
District Judge.

No. 4 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, South Canara.

P. Lakshmi Narain Mallya .. .. *Petitioner (Creditor).*
(1) A. Balakrishna Pai, son of A. Subba Rau, residing in the town of Mangalore, (2) M. Venkata Bhatta and (3) A. Shrinidas Pai .. *Respondents*

Notice is hereby given that the first respondent named above has been adjudged an insolvent under section 16 of Act III of 1907 and that the Official Receiver has been directed to take charge of his properties.

District Court, South Canara,
21st September 1916.

A. J. CURGENVEN,
Acting District Judge.

No. 16 of 1916 in the Court of the District Munsif, Srirangam.

K. R. Venkatarama Ayyar, son of Rangaswami Ayyar, Thiruvanaikaval, Trichinopoly taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Vest & Co., Madras, and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Whereas the abovenamed petitioner has applied to the District Munsif's Court of Srirangam to be adjudged an insolvent and the said Court has transferred the said application to me for disposal, notice is hereby given that the said application will be heard by me on 19th October 1916.

Official Receiver's Court, Trichinopoly,
29th September 1916.

C. KUMARACHAKRAVARTHI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 12 of 1916 (No. 9 of 1916 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Ambasamudram) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Tinnevelly.

In the matter of Theekkanuthu Kone, son of Sudalayandi Kone, Inam Pottalpudur, Ambasamudram taluk .. .. *Debtor.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovementioned debtor has been adjudged by me an insolvent on 12th September 1916. His public examination is fixed to 12th October 1916, 4 p.m. or adjourned day thereof. Persons alleging themselves to be creditors are hereby required to prove their claims on or before 12th November 1916 by delivering or sending by registered post affidavit of proof as per Form No. 3 attached to Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, accompanied with books, accounts, vouchers and other documents to substantiate their claims, after which date I shall proceed to frame schedule for proved debts.

2. Claimants wishing to have the decision on their claims communicated to them should deliver or send postage labels to the value of As. 4-6 along with their proofs

3. Secured creditors may declare their security on oath as in Form No. 3 above mentioned by producing their document accompanied with books, accounts, vouchers, etc., in proof of their reality and validity, if they wish to be entered in the schedule to rank for dividend vide section 31 (3) of Act III of 1907,.

Official Receiver's Court, Tinnevelly,
25th September 1916.

A. SUBRAHMANYA AYYAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 25 of 1916 (No. 5 of 1916 on the file of the Subordinate Judge's Court, Tinnevelly) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Tinnevelly.

In the matter of Thavamanintha Pillai, son of Naltaivan Pillai, Aladiyur, Ambasamudram taluk .. .. *Debtor.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovementioned debtor has been adjudged by me an insolvent on 2nd September 1916. His public examination is fixed to 30th September 1916, 4 p.m. or adjourned day thereof. Persons alleging themselves to be creditors are hereby required to prove their claims on or before 2nd November 1916 by delivering or sending by registered post affidavit of proof as per Form No. 3 attached to Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1908, accompanied with books, accounts, vouchers and other documents to substantiate their claims, after which date I shall proceed to frame schedule for proved debts.

2. Claimants wishing to have the decision on their claims communicated to them should deliver or send postage labels to the value of As. 3-6 along with their proofs.

3. Secured creditors may declare their security on oath as in Form No 3 above mentioned by producing their document accompanied with books, accounts, vouchers, etc., in proof of their reality and validity, if they wish to be entered in the schedule to rank for dividend (vide section 31(3) of Act III of 1907).

Official Receiver's Court, Tinnevelly,
25th September 1916.

A. SUBRAHMANYA AYYAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 25 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Tinnevelly.

In the matter of Sennivarisai.

Sennivarisai .. .. *Petitioner.*
Ayyanao Chetti and four others .. .. *Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that Sennivarisai, son of Syed Ibrahim Sowther, residing at No. 43, Layards Broadway, Colombo, has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to the 27th day of October 1916.

Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before this Court either in person or by vakil on the said date.

District Court, Tinnevelly,
25th September 1916.

S. MAHADEVA SASTRI,
Acting District Judge.

No. 28 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Tinnevelly.

In the matter of Muthurakku Managaran.

Sappani Moopanar .. .. *Petitioner (Creditor).*
Muthurakku Managaran .. .. *Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of Act III of 1907, that Sappani Moopanar, son of Pichumuthu Moopanar, residing at Naduvapatti village, Ettayapuram zamin, Koilpatti taluk, has applied to this Court for declaring Muthurakku Managaran, son of Muthupeya Managaran, residing at Ramanathu village, Ettayapuram zamin, above taluk, an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to the 24th day of October 1916.

Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before this Court either in person or by vakil on the said date.

District Court, Tinnevelly,
23rd September 1916.

S. MAHADEVA SASTRI,
Acting District Judge.

No. 31 of 1916 (No. 9 of 1916 on the file of the Subordinate Judge's Court, Tinnevelly), in the Court of the Official Receiver, Tinnevelly.

In the matter of K. Viswanatha Ayyar, son of Sitarama Ayyar,
Vadakku Korukkurichi, Ambasamudram taluk .. .. .. *Debtor.*

The abovenamed debtor has presented a petition on 24th July 1916 for the benefit of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907.

The same is fixed for hearing before me on 18th October 1916, 4 p.m., or adjourned day thereof. Creditors' objections against the application should be filed on or before the said date.

Official Receiver's Court, Tinnevelly,
25th September 1916.

A. SUBRAHMANYA AYYAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 32 of 1916 (No. 6 of 1916 on the file of the Additional District Munsif's Court, Tinnevelly) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Tinnevelly.

In the matter of Perumal Asari, son of Vanniaperumal Asari,
Mathavankoil street, Vadakku Veeravanallur, Ambasamudram taluk. *Debtor.*

The abovenamed debtor has presented a petition on 27th July 1916 for the benefits of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907.

The same is fixed for hearing before me on 16th October 1916, 4 p.m., or adjourned day thereof. Creditors' objections against the application should be filed on or before the said date.

Official Receiver's Court, Tinnevelly,
25th September 1916.

A. SUBRAHMANYA AYYAR,
Official Receiver.

No. 33 of 1916 (No 21 of 1916 on the file of the District Court, Tinnevelly) in the Court of the Official Receiver, Tinnevelly.

In the matter of M. Ramaswami Nayuda, son of Muthuswamy Nayuda,
Koilpatti, attached to Kalakad, Nanguneri taluk .. .. *Debtor.*

The abovenamed debtor has presented a petition on 11th August 1916 for the benefits of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907.

The same is fixed for hearing before me on 16th October 1916, 4 p.m., or adjourned day thereof. Creditors' objections against the application should be filed on or before the said date.

A. SUBRAHMANYA AYYAR,
Official Receiver.

Official Receiver's Court, Tinnevelly,
25th September 1916.

No. 38 of 1916 (No. 3 of 1914 on the file of the District Munsif's Court, Koilpatti)
IN THE COURT OF THE OFFICIAL RECEIVER, TINNEVELLY.

In the matter of Suddayandia Pillai and three others, residing at Arasankulam Kayathar Maiara, Koilpatti taluk .. .. .. *Debtor.*

The abovenamed debtor has presented a petition on 28th July 1916 for the benefits of the Provincial Insolvency Act III of 1907.

The same is fixed for hearing before me on 16th October 1916, 4 p.m., or adjourned day thereof. Creditors' objections against the application should be filed on or before the said date.

A. SUBRAHMANYA AYYAR,
Official Receiver.

Official Receiver's Court, Tinnevelly,
26th September 1916.

No. 17 of 1916 in the Court of the District Munsif, Trichinopoly.

Maria Pillai, son of Govindan Pillai, Hirudayapuram, Palakarai, Trichinopoly taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Govindasamy and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged an insolvent on 21th September 1916 and his further examination takes place on 18th October 1916. All his creditors are required to prove their claims, as soon as possible, by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Trichinopoly, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909.

C. KUMARACHAKRAVARTHI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

Official Receiver's Court, Trichinopoly,
28th September 1916.

No. 10 of 1916 in the Court of the Subordinate Judge, Trichinopoly.

R. S. Kadir Ibrahim Rawuthar, son of Sultan Ibrahim Rawuthar, Ilupoor, Trichinopoly taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
M. P. M. V. L. Sokkalingam Chettiyar and others .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Whereas the above-named petitioner has applied to the Subordinate Judge's Court of Trichinopoly to be adjudged an insolvent and the said Court has transferred the said application to me for disposal, notice is hereby given that the said application will be heard by me on 17th October 1916.

C. KUMARACHAKRAVARTHI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

Official Receiver's Court, Trichinopoly,
28th September 1916.

No. 22 of 1916 in the Court of the District Judge, Trichinopoly.

Sangupersumal Pillai, son of Ramaswami Pillai, Nanjundapuram, Namakkal taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*
Mitta Zamindar Sankaranarayya and others .. .. .. *Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged an insolvent on 21st September 1916. All his creditors are required to prove their claims, as soon as possible, by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Trichinopoly, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules, 1909.

C. KUMARACHAKRAVARTHI AYYANGAR,
Official Receiver.

Official Receiver's Court, Trichinopoly.
22nd September 1916.

No. 7 of 1915 in the Court of the District Judge, Vizagapatam.

Dasa Ramamurti, son of Narasimhulu, aged 48 years, Vysya, residing at Alliparu .. .. *Petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given, under section 16 (1) of Act III of 1907 that the abovenamed petitioner has been adjudged an insolvent by this Court on 19th September 1916. All the creditors are required to prove their debts on or before 20th November 1916.

A. T. FORBES,
District Judge.

District Court, Vizagapatam,
22nd September 1916.

No. 8 of 1916 in the Court of the District Munsif, Vriddhachalam.

Muthu Pillai, son of Mahalingam Pillai of Nadchoppam, hamlet of Manakollai, Vriddhachalam taluk .. .. *Petitioner.*

Under section 12 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, notice is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to be adjudged an insolvent and that his application is posted to the 11th day of November 1916 for hearing the objections of the creditors, if any, to the matter.

District Munsif's Court, Vriddhachalam, 27th September 1916. A. SESHAGIRI RAO, *District Munsif.*

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

[Code of Civil Procedure, Order V, Rules 1 and 9.]

IN THE SMALL CAUSE COURT OF MONLMEIN (R.A.I.)

Suit No. 384 of 1915

Mahomed Raza .. .. *Plaintiff*
Tharuna Pakiri Mustan .. .. *Defendant*

To

Tharuna Pakiri Mustan, residing in Mosque street, Madkursaindhapetan village, Pattikota taluk, Tanjore district.

Whereas plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for Rs. 101-11-0 on a pro-note you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person, or by a duly authorized pleader of the Court duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions, on Monday, the 23rd day of October 1916, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the above-named plaintiff, and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce all your witnesses on that day, and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

And you will bring with you, or send by your pleader any documents on which you intend to rely in support of your defence

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 16th day of September 1916.

NOTICE.—1. Should you apprehend your witnesses will not attend of their own accord, you can have summons from this Court to compel the attendance of any witness, and the production of any document that you have a right to call upon the witness to produce, on applying to the Court at any time before the trial on your depositing their necessary subsistence-money.

2. If you admit the claim, you should pay the money into Court with the costs of the suit to avoid the execution of the decree which may be against your person or property, or both, if necessary.

3. If you wish for permission to pay the money due by instalments, you should come to Court on day fixed and ask for permission. After decree has been passed, permission cannot be given without the consent of decree-holder.

M. MAUNG, *Additional Judge.*

Monlmein, 16th September 1916.

FINANCIAL NOTIFICATION

STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIRS OF THE BANK OF MADRAS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1916.

Liabilities.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Capital paid up				74,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund				25,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office ..	55,30,311	8	7			
Public Deposits at Branches ..	42 71,618	8	9	97,41,930	1	4
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches,				8,21,79,164	2	7
Bank Post Bills, etc.				1,50,105	2	4
Sundries				11,50,095	14	8
Rupees ..				11,32,20,366	4	6

Assets	Rs	A.	P.
Government Securities	3,71,65,672	3	3
Other authorized Investments ..	9,63,007	6	6
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities . .	2,11,47,496	13	6
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities .	2,32 14 778	0	11
Bills discounted and purchased ..	67,90,169	12	6
Balances with other Banks	42,98,085	7	6
Bullion	17,744	13	7
Head Stock *	6,69,142	13	6
Stamps	20,818	10	0
Sundries	1,13,998	1	10
	8,68,97,728	14	10
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office and Branches "	3,16,30,661	5	6
Rupees ..	12,85,28,397	4	4

* Includes 45,393½ ounces, = Rs. 2,80,052-8-3.

(By Order of the Directors)

S. E. HOLMES, *Chief Accountant.*

W. B. HUNTER, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

Rate for Demand Loans—3 per cent.

Percentage of Cash to Liabilities payable on demand 80 60

Bank of Madras, Madras, 2nd October 1916.

PUBLIC WORKS NOTIFICATIONS

UNCLAIMED SUMS

A sum of Rs. 8-8-0 being wages due for the period 1st to 31st May 1916 to one Nallappa Gavundan, son of Koppanan Gavundan of Pannaikadu village, Kodaikanal taluk, Madura district, has been outstanding in the accounts of this office for the last over three months and the same will be credited to Government if not claimed within three months from the date of this notification.

M. O'BRIEN,
Executive Engineer, Madura Division.

Madura, 26th September 1916.

The following amounts are outstanding in the accounts of this office since 1914 and will, if not claimed by the parties noted against each, within the time specified, be credited to Government:—

Rupees 12-8-7 due to Kannuswami Pillai for work done in repairs to the inspection bungalow at Koradacheri. To be claimed before 31st January 1917.

Rupees 25-4-10 due to piecoworker Venkatachala Nayudu for work done in urgent repairs to the weak and overwashed places on the left bank of Sarayattanar from bridge on road No. 67 to the infall of North Kattar. To be claimed before 31st May 1917.

V. GOPALAYYA,
Executive Engineer, Vanur Division.

Vanur, 26th September 1916.

MARINE NOTIFICATIONS

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

No. 42 of 1916.

INDIA—WEST COAST—TALAVI.

It is hereby notified, for the information of the mariners, that the small conical buoy marking the pinnacle rock off Talavi referred to in this office Notice to Mariners No 22 of 1915 was replaced in position on the 23rd September 1916, and that vessels should pass southwards of the buoy as before.

Presidency Port Office, Madras,
26th September 1916.

F. G. SMITH,
for *Presidency Port Officer.*

LIST OF SHIPPING in the MADRAS HARBOUR with DESTINATION, etc., on the 30th September 1916, as reported at this office.

Ship's name.	Tonnage.	Master	Destination.	When to sail.	Agents.
				1916.	
S S "Holywell" ..	2051	G Sharpe ..	Calcutta ..	30th September.	Messrs G. W. & Co.
S S. "Sinda" ..	321	M. G. Woodgat ..	Pamban ..	Unknown ..	Government.

REPORT OF VESSELS arrived at and departed from the PORT OF MADRAS from the 23rd September to the 30th September 1916.

ARRIVALS.

Date arrived.	Vessel's name.	Tons.	Nation.	Master's name.	Where from.	Berths occupied.
1916.						
24th Sep. ..	S.S. "Karam" ..	505	H.	E Prince ..	Calcutta ..	No. 4.
25th do. ..	S.S. "Nawa"	574	N.	P. N. Green ..	Do. ..	No. 3.
26th do. ..	S.S. "Male"	4908	B	C Davidson ..	Do. ..	No. 2
28th do. ..	S.S. "Cheeb"	3157	B	H. Findlay ..	Fiji ..	No. 1.
28th do. ..	S.S. "Holywell"	2050	B	G. Sharpe ..	London ..	No 2.
28th do. ..	S.S. "Khargwa" ..	3468	B.	G. H. A. Dunn ..	Singapore ..	South Quay.

DEPARTURES.

Date sailed.	Vessel's name.	Tons.	Nation.	Master's name.	Where bound.	Berths occupied.
1916						
22nd Sep ..	S.S. "Haryalee" ..	2309	B.	S N Rowe ..	Rangoon ..	South Quay.
24th do ..	S.S. "Colaba" ..	3399	B.	O L Neilan ..	Calcutta ..	No 3.
25th do. ..	S.S. "Kistna"	536	B.	P N Green ..	Do. ..	No 3.
27th do. ..	S.S. "Kaisar"	505	B.	E Prince ..	Do ..	No 4
28th do. ..	S.S. "Malda"	4993	B	C. Davidson ..	London ..	No. 3
28th do. ..	S.S. "Chin Mangaram" ..	4483	B	W. O. Young ..	Do. ..	West Quay No. 1.
28th do. ..	S.S. "Chenab"	3167	B.	H. Findlay ..	Calcutta ..	No 2
29th do. ..	S.S. "Thongwa" ..	3428	B.	G H A Dorne ..	Singapore ..	South Quay.

Harbour Office, Madras,
30th September 1916.

A. S. BALFOUR, Commander, R.I.M.,
Deputy Conservator of the Port.

REVENUE NOTIFICATIONS

NOTIFICATIONS

Under the provisions of section 1 of the Madras Cattle Diseases Act II of 1866, the Board of Revenue hereby directs that the provisions of the aforesaid Act shall be put in force at Kulganda in the village of Subrahmanya in the Uppinangadi taluk, South Canara district, from the 5th to the 28th November 1916, both days inclusive.

Board of Revenue (Rev. Sett., Sur., L. Rds. and Agri.),
Madras, 28th September 1916.

T. RAGHAVIAH,
Secretary.

No. 10.—In virtue of the power delegated to him in Government Notification No. 485, dated 13th July 1886, and in modification of Board's Notification No. 1, dated 3rd January 1905, as amended subsequently, the Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue, hereby prescribes under sections 10 and 13 of the Madras Abkari Act I of 1886, 24 drams of toddy as the quantity in excess of which permit for transport and license for possession shall be required in the following twenty six villages and hamlets near the Nallamalais in Nandikotkur taluk, Kurnool district.—

Names.		Names.	
(1) Gavvalakunta.		(15) Nallakalava.	
(2) Kurukunda.		(16) Yempenta.	
(3) Ramapuram.		(17) Guntakandala.	
(4) Indreswaram		(18) Abdullapuram.	
(5) Krishnapuram.		(19) Velapanura.	
(6) Pinnapuram.		(20) Velugodu.	
(7) Amalapuram, hamlet of Pinnapuram.		(21) Boyarevula.	
(8) Atmakuru.		(22) Modakuru	
(9) Sripathinapeta	hamlets of Atmakur.	(23) Thimmarupalli	hamlets of Modakuru.
(10) Bapana Ananthapuram		(24) Ayyaveripalli	
(11) Kotharamapuram		(25) Madhavapuram	
(12) Siddapalli.		(26) Sitharamapuram, hamlet of Bhanumakkala.	
(13) Podda Ananthapuram	hamlets of Siddapalli.		
(14) Mushtepalli			

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 29th September 1916.

ERRATUM

No. 11.—In condition 3 of the General Conditions applicable to all abkari and opium licenses in Board's Telugu Notification No. 1, dated 24th January 1916, published as Supplement to Part II of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 25th January 1916,

For—

"20,000 రూ మరియూ అంతకు ఎక్కువ ఉన్నప్పుడే రూ ఇంత చొప్పున"

Read—

"ఉన్నపక్షములో, 20,000 రూ మరియూ అంతకు ఎక్కువ ఉన్నయెడల ఇంత చొప్పున"

Board of Revenue (Separate Revenue),
Madras, 25th September 1916.

E. F. THOMAS,
Secretary.

JANMAM REGISTRATIONS

Under section 4 of the Malabar Land Registration Act, 1908, it is notified hereby that an enquiry into the janmam title to S. No. 16/4 B of Kumarampottur desom No. 21 of Walluvanad taluk which was treated as unregistered and unassessed at the time of settlement but a portion of which is now found to be occupied will be held by the Malapparam Divisional officer in order that the name of the janmi may be registered.

All persons claiming to be proprietors or joint proprietors of the land are required hereby to apply to the Divisional Officer in person or by duly authorised agent under section 3 of the aforesaid Act on or before 5th January 1917 to have their names registered as such

Malabar Collector's Office,
24th September 1916.

Under section 4 of the Malabar Land Registration Act, 1908, it is notified hereby that an enquiry into the janmam title to S. Nos 23/4 and 73/3 of Elamkulam, desom No. 272 of Waluvanad taluk, which were treated as unregistered and unassessed at the time of settlement but portions of which are now found to be occupied, will be held by the Malapparam Divisional Officer in order that the name of the janmi may be registered.

All persons claiming to be proprietors or joint proprietors of the land are required hereby to apply to the Divisional Officer in person or by duly authorized agent under section 3 of the aforesaid Act on or before 25th December 1916 to have their names registered as such.

Malabar Collector's Office,
21st September 1916.

F. B. EVANS,
Collector.

MILITARY NOTIFICATION

REPORT OF DESERTION

Report of a *deserter or absentee* without leave from the 1st Battalion, Duke of Wellington's Regiment, dated at Sialkot, this 26th day of September 1916.

Number, rank and name, 20728, Private Arthur George West; age, 31 years 6 months; height, 5 feet 10 inches; colour of complexion, sallow; hair, dark brown; eyes, gray; trade, mechanic; date of enlistment, 23rd May 1914; place of enlistment, Lahore Cantonment; date of desertion or absence, 24th September 1916; place of desertion or absence, Sialkot; marks, mermaid tattooed right arm; under six months' service.

W. G. OFFICER, Capt. & Adjt.,
for Lieut.-Col, Commanding 1st Duke of Wellington's Regiment.

OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS

AUCTION SALE

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the old building at the site required for constructing police lines at Negore will be sold by public auction by the undersigned at 4 p.m. on the 11th October 1916 at Negore, near the buildings.

2. The buildings and all its fixtures exclusive of the site on which it stands will be auctioned.

3. Intending bidders should deposit before the sale begins, Rs. 30, in currency notes, in advance.

4. The successful bidder should be prepared to pay the balance amount of the sale immediately after the sale closes.

5. The deposits of the unsuccessful bidders will be returned to them after the sale ends.

6. The purchaser should demolish the building at his own cost and remove the materials within a fortnight from the date of auction.

7. In case a reselection of the building is found necessary owing to the failure of successful bidder not paying the full amount at the close of the auction sale, the loss, if any, incurred thereby will be recovered from his deposit amount.

8. The undersigned reserves to himself, without assigning any reasons, the right to accept or reject the highest bid.

Tanjore, 11th September 1916.

V. GOPALAYYA,
Executive Engineer, Fourth Division.

SALE OF THE OCCUPANCY RIGHT IN WASTE LANDS.

NOTICE No. 3 OF 1916-17 OF THE DISTRICT OF THE NILGIRIS.

Notice is hereby given that the occupancy right in lands hereunder specified will be disposed of by auction at Ootacamund by the Deputy Collector (under the rules for the disposal of waste lands

published by notification at page 767 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 22nd May 1890, and embodied as Part I of Standing Order No. 20), subject to annual payment of assessment as specified below to the highest bidder above the upset price or prices enumerated in the following schedule at 12 o'clock on Friday the 8th day of December 1926 or on such other date to which the sale may be duly adjourned :—

Schedule of lands to be sold.

Number of lot.	Name, if any, and boundaries.	Approximate extent.	Initial annual assessment (state jamabandi year) in the Wynaad.	Upset price.
	The Nilgiri district, Coonoor taluk Kotagiri village.	Acs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	Part of S. No. D, 285—North and east S. Nos D-78-B/1 and D. 78-A; south and west, stream and S. No. D 78-B-2.	About 0·16	0 0 10	1 12 0
2	S. No. E. 344—North, S. No. E 95-A, E., road, S Nos E 96-A to E, and C 227; south, S No. E. 97; west, S. No. E 99.	2·18	0 11 10	2 0 0
3	S. No. E. 93—North S. Nos B 82 and B 83, east, S No. E 93-A to C; south, S. Nos E 95-E, A. E. 93 and E. 99-A, B; west, S No. E. 92-A to C	0·43	3 3 5	4 0 0
	Kemparai village.			
4	S No 74—North, S. No. 69; east and south, S. No. 70, west, S. No. 73.	0·44	0 3 8	4 8 0
	S. No 70 part—North, S. No 74, east, S. No. 70; south, S. No. 70; west, S. Nos. 72 and 71.	1·00	0 12 0	
	Hullkal village.			
5	S. No. 109-B—North S Nos 103 B. (2 part) and 43-A; east, S Nos 107-A and 120-C; south, S No. 109, west, S No. 103-B part.	15·00	7 8 0	8 0 0
	Adigaratti village			
6	S. No 978-1—North, S. No. 978-C; east S. No. 986 south, S. No 978-3 and 4; west, S No. 978-2 and 978-C	0·74	0 8 11	1 8 0
	Ootacamund taluk, Muthigai village.			
7	S No. 89-A part (new No. 210)—North, S. No 89-A, east, S. No 90; south, S. No. 89-A, west, S. No 90-A.	5·00	2 0 0	2 0 0
	Kokkal village.			
8	S. No. 32—North S. No. 100; east, S. No 100, south, S. No 31-A, west, S No. 33.	0·35	0 14 11	1 8 0
	Ithlakh village			
9	S No. 90-A part—North, east, south and west, portion of 90-A.	2·00	1 0 0	1 0 0
10	S. No. 90-A (part)—North, S. No. 90-A/16; east, south and west, S No 90-A.	2·00	1 0 0	1 0 0
	Ittalar village.			
11	S. No. 216-C/7—North, east, south and west, portions of S No. 214 C.	18·46	7 11 8	24 0 0
	S. No. 287—North and east, S. No. 241-D; south, S No 288, west, S. No. 286-A, B	2·74	1 0 11	
	S. No. 301—North, S No 304, east, S. Nos. 302 and 299, south, S. No. 300; west, S. No. 304.	1·59	0 12 0	
	S No 302—North, S. Nos. 306 and 281, east, S Nos. 283 and 281, south, S No. 299; west, S. Nos. 301 and 303—305.	14·00	7 0 0	
	S No. 211—North, S. No. 106; east, south and west, S. No. 214.	2·00	1 4 0	
		38·11	18 8 0	
12	S. No. 298-F—North, S. Nos. 348 and 357, east, S. No 298-E, south, S. No. 370; west, S. No. 362	0·97	2 0 7	4 0 0
	Bikkatti village.			
13	S. No. 90-A part (new No. 210)—North, S. Nos. 90-A and 10; east, S No. 8-3/3, south, S Nos. 8-E 3, 11, 90-A and 90-A/12, west, S. No 90-A/3-A	6·45	3 3 7	4 4 0
	Gudalur taluk, Nellyalam village.			
14	S No. 470—North, S. Nos. 469 and 472; east S. Nos. 471, 531 and 530, south, S. Nos 532-A and 465; west, S. Nos 467 and 468.	93·04	73 : 8 19 0 0 Jamabhogam	20 0 0

2 The assessment on the said land shall be liable to periodical revision in the same manner as that on ordinary ryotwari land, but no portion of the land will, at any time, be assessed at a rate higher than the appropriate dry, wet or garden rate for such land under the general scheme of settlement for the taluk in which the land is situated.

3. Government reserves to itself all gold and other minerals, coal and stone or rock containing or supposed to contain gold or other minerals, and coal known to exist or which may, at any time hereafter, be discovered on, in or under the said lands or any part thereof, together with full and free liberty and right of ingress, egress and regress by nearest way at all times for Government servants, agents and workmen, and all persons duly authorized by Government in and upon the said lands, and either with or without horses and other cattle, carts, wagons, and other carriages and to erect on the said lands and use any engines and machinery for the purpose of searching for, working, getting and carrying away such gold and other minerals and coal and also to sink, drive, make and use upon the said lands, mines, pits, shafts, drifts, adits, air-courses and water-courses, and to use all water which may be lifted or raised from the same; also to appropriate and use any part of the surface of the said lands for placing thereon the minerals, waste, rubbish and other substances got from such mines, and generally to do all acts and things necessary or proper for working and getting such gold and other minerals and coal and rendering same merchantable, Government paying or rendering compensation to the purchaser, his heirs, representatives and assigns for all damage he or they shall sustain by reason of the exercise of such right of way or by the erection and use of any such engines, machinery, or works or the exercise of all or any of such rights.

3-A. The Government also reserve to themselves the right to control and regulate at their absolute discretion, the collection, retention, and distribution of the water in or under the said lands or any part thereof, of all rivers and streams flowing in natural channels and of natural lakes and ponds or of the water flowing, collected, retained or distributed, in, or by any channel or other work constructed at the public expense and in particular to intercept or make material alteration in the quantity, quality, direction, force or temperature of the said water and to cut off, stop and hinder the whole or any portion of the supply of the said water without being liable in any case to pay compensation for so doing.

4. All existing and customary rights of Government and of the public in all existing roads and paths and in streams of water in the land shall be reserved.

5. All parties having claims on the said lands incompatible with the sale as herein notified are hereby required to prefer their claims on or before the day aforesaid to the undersigned.

The sale will be stopped or postponed as the case may require—

(1) If the applicant fails to deposit the charges for survey and demarcation of the lands where such survey or demarcation is necessary.

(2) If the application has been withdrawn by the applicant and the Collector decides in the public interests not to proceed with the sale.

(3) If the survey and demarcation of the lands have not been completed

(4) If the sale has been ascertained to be objectionable on public grounds.

(5) If any claim of private ownership or exclusive occupancy or of any other right incompatible with the disposal of the lands under these rules has been preferred and is pending or is established.

The sale will be made subject to the following conditions :—

Conditions of Sale.

1. That the highest bidder above the upset price shall be the purchaser of the lot, and if any dispute arise between two or more bidders at the same price, the lot shall be immediately put up again at the last preceding undisputed bidding and re-sold

2. That immediately after the lot is knocked down the purchaser thereof shall pay to the Collector or the officer authorized by him to conduct the sale a deposit of Rs. 10 per centum in part payment of his purchase-money and shall, at the same time, sign an acknowledgment in Form Y.

3. That the purchaser shall, within 30 days from the day of sale, pay to the Collector the residue of his purchase-money, and shall thereupon receive a patta for the premises in Form Z.

4. That every person desirous of becoming a purchaser is to satisfy himself as to the identity and correct description of the property and the measurement and boundaries of the premises previous to the sale, as, by having the lot knocked down to him, the purchaser thereof shall be held to have waived all objections to any mistakes that may afterwards appear to have been made in the description of the premises, as well as to any other error whatever in the particulars of the property

5. That if from any cause whatever the purchase shall not be completed by the 30th day from the day of sale, then the purchaser shall pay to the Collector interest at the rate of Rs. 12 per cent per annum on the remainder of his purchase-money from the day of sale until the purchase shall be completed, without prejudice nevertheless to the right of re-sale reserved by the following condition, provided, however, that the whole of the purchase-money with interest shall be paid within one year from the date of sale.

6. That if the purchaser shall neglect or refuse to comply with the above conditions or any of them, his deposit money shall be forfeited, and retained by Government, and the Government shall be at liberty to re-sell the lot either by public auction or private contract without the necessity of previously granting a patta to the purchaser; and the deficiency, if any, arising from such re-sale, together with all expenses attending it, shall be made good by the purchaser at the present sale who shall so neglect or refuse as and for liquidated damages

7. That the assessment on the land will be paid from fasli 1327, i.e., from 1st July 1917.

8 That the land shall not be sold to any one other than a British subject except with the sanction of the Board of Revenue.

Nilgiri Collector's Office, Ootacamund,
15th August 1918.

A. R. KNAPP,
Collector.

RECOVERY OF WRECKS

NOTICE is hereby given, under section 70 of Act VII of 1880, that the undermentioned property has been salvaged within the limits of the port of Madras, and claimants should submit their claim within a week's time from the date of the circular and remove the articles claimed within the close

of the month on payment of the salvage charge. Should they fail, the articles will be sold in the following month by the order of the Engineer, Port Trust, Madras :—

Description of articles.	Mark.	Date of recovery	Place of recovery
		1916.	
Four redwood pieces	Nil	23rd September	
One pig iron piece	"	23rd "	
One flat iron bar	"	23rd "	
One flat iron bar	"	26th "	
One redwood piece	"	15th "	
One flat iron bar	"	27th "	
One junglewood square 18" × 7" × 7"	"	27th "	
One junglewood scantling	"	27th "	
Two bundles of junglewood scantlings	"	27th "	
One iron pipe old piece	"	27th "	
One iron chain	"	27th "	
One galvanized iron telegraph post	"	27th "	
Thirty-five brass taps of sizes	Lockwood Brothers, Sheffield.	28th "	Within Madras harbour.
One case (contents not known)	A diamond with "WKV" in the centre, "W" on the left "M" on the right below and "28 Madras" on the right corner.	28th "	
Four iron brackets	Nil	28th "	
One flat iron bar	"	24th "	
Two square iron bars	"	24th "	
One round iron bar	"	28th "	
One square iron axle	"	24th "	
One iron chain sling	"	27th "	
Four galvanized corrugated iron sheets 7' × 2' 6"	"	28th "	

இதனை 1880-ம்வருஷத்திய 7-வது ஆக்ட 18-வது செக்ஷன்படிக்கு விளம்பரமிதனை மாகேளில், மதராஸ் போர்ட் ஸ்வேஸ்ஸுப்பட்ட டயிலும் டிதைகளிலும் கண்டெடுக்கப்பட்ட இத னடியில் விவரித் சாதனங்கள் ஏப். கன்னேடன் ஆபிஸில் பாதுகாக்கப்பட்டிருக்கின்றன. சொத் தனுபவமுள்ள தகுதியுடைய பார்ட்டிகளை இந்த விளம்பரதிலிருந்து ஒருமாதத்திற்குள்ளாக சொல்லி சாமான்களை எடுத்துப் போய் பெறவேண்டுமென்று சொல்லி அனுப்பி வைக்கப்படுகிறது. அப்படி செய்யாதபோது மதராஸ் போர்ட் ட்ரஸ்ட் இஞ்சினீர் உத்தர விட்டபடி அந்தச் சாமான்களை விற்கப் போவதாகவும் :—

சாமான்களின் விவரம்.	குறி.	கண்டெடுத்த தேதி.	கண்டெடுத்த இடம்.
		1916-ம்வரு	
4 செம்மரத் தல்லைகள்	நிஸ்மை	ஸெப்டம்பர் 23-ந்	
1 தகரமான பெட்டி	ஒன்றுமில்லை	ஒன்று 23-ந்	
1 தட்டை இரும்புக் கம்பி	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 23-ந்	
1 தட்டை இரும்புக் கம்பி	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 26-ந்	
1 செம்மரத் தூண்	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 15-ந்	
1 தட்டை இரும்புக் கம்பி	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 27-ந்	
1 காட்டுமரச் சதுரம், 18' × 7" × 7" ..	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 27-ந்	
1 காட்டுமரச் சல்லாம்	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 27-ந்	
2 கட்டுகள் காட்டுமரச் சல்லாம் ..	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 27-ந்	
1 பழைய இரும்புக் குழாய்	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 27-ந்	
1 இரும்புச் சங்கிலி	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 27-ந்	
1 மரம்நட்டு இரும்புத் தூண்	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 27-ந்	
35 பலவகைப் பித்தளை குழாய் ..	லாக்வுட் பிரதர்ஸ் ஷெஃபீல்ட்.	ஒன்று 28-ந்	மதராஸ் துறைமுகத் தில்.
1 சேல் பெட்டி	மத்தியில் WKV க் கீழே இடதுபுறம் W க் வலது புறம் M க் வரை மத்தி 28 Madras க் வலது பக்க மூலை.	ஒன்று 28-ந்	
4 இரும்பு சீரான்கள்	நிஸ்மை	ஒன்று 28-ந்	
1 தட்டை இரும்புக் கம்பி	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 24-ந்	
2 சதுர இரும்புக் கம்பிகள்	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 24-ந்	
1 உருண்ட இரும்புக் கம்பி	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 28-ந்	
1 சதுர இரும்பு இருசு	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 24-ந்	
1 இரும்புச் சங்கிலி	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 27-ந்	
4 கரும்புள்ள மடிவுள்ள இரும்புத் தகடுகள், 7' × 2'—6".	ஒன்று	ஒன்று 28-ந்	

Port Office, Madras,
30th September 1916.

A. S. BALFOUR, Commander, R.I.M.,
Deputy Conservator of the Port,
for Engineer of Works for the Port of Madras.

H-6

FOR SALE IN THE OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INSPECTOR OF EXPLOSIVES WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

THE INDIAN EXPLOSIVES RULES, 1914, which include the rules for the manufacture, possession, sale, transport and importation of explosives issued by the Government of India. Re. 1 per copy.

RULES FOR THE TRANSPORT AND IMPORTATION OF EXPLOSIVES AT THE PORT OF MADRAS. As. 4 per copy.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

AT THE GOVERNMENT BRANCH PRESS, 166, MOUNT ROAD, MADRAS, S.C.

AGENTS IN INDIA.

Messrs R. Cambray & Co., Calcutta.
Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta.
The Superintendent, Famer Kanun Hind Press, Allahabad.
Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala Sons & Co., Bombay.
Messrs Thacker & Co., Ltd., Bombay.
Messrs. A. G. Barrand & Co. (late A. J. Combridge & Co., Madras).
Messrs. Higginbotham, Ltd., Mount Road, Madras.
Messrs. V. Kalyanarama Iyer & Co., Esplanade, Madras.
Messrs. G. C. Loganathan Brothers, Madras.
Messrs. S. Murthy & Co., Madras.
Messrs. G. A. Natesan & Co., Madras.
Messrs P. R. Rama Iyer & Co., Madras.
Messrs S. Vas & Co., Madras.
S.P.C.K. Society, Madras.
M.R.Ry. E. M. Gopalakrishna Kone, Padamatapuram, Madura.

AGENTS IN EUROPE.

Messrs. Constable & Co., 10, Orange Street, Leicester Square, London, W.C.
Messrs. Grindlay & Co., 54, Parliament Street, London, S.W.
Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., 65, Cornhill, London, E.C.
Messrs. P. S. King and Son, 2 & 4, Great Smith Street, Westminster, London, S.W.
Messrs. Regan Paul, Trench Trübner & Co., Ltd., 68–74, Carter Lane, London, E.C.; 25, Museum Street, London, W.C.
B. Quaritch, 11, Grafton Street, New, Bond Street, London, W.
Messrs. W. Thacker & Co., 2, Creed Lane, London, E.C.
Mr. B. H. Blackwell, 50 & 51, Broad Street, Oxford.
Messrs Deighton, Bell & Co., Ltd., Cambridge.
Mr. Ernest Leroux, 28, Rue Bonaparte, Paris.
Mr. Martinus Nijhoff, the Hague, Holland.
Messrs. Luzac & Co., 46, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.
Mr T. Fisher Unwin, No. 1, Adelphi Terrace, London, W.C.
Messrs. Oliver and Boyd, Tweeddale Court, Edinburgh.
Messrs E. Ponsonby, Ltd., 116, Grafton Street, Dublin.

[A Catalogue of all Madras Government Publications available for sale may be obtained gratis from the Government Press, Mint Buildings, or at Mount Road, Madras.]

[The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.]

The following publications, damaged but complete, are for sale at half price at the Government Branch Press, Mount Road, S.C.—

ELEPHANTIASIS AND ALLIED DISORDERS (by John Maitland, M.D.). Royal 8vo, cloth, lettered, As. 3. (2 as.)

MATERIA MEDICA OF MADRAS (by Mohideen Sheriff Khan Bahadur). Royal 8vo, cloth, lettered As. 12. (2 as.)

MANUAL OF LAND SYSTEMS OF BRITISH INDIA, Vol. III (by B. H. Baden-Powell, I.C.S.). Demy 8vo, half bound leather and calico. Re. 1. (8 as.) (For sale to Government officials only.)

List of Books published from 1st April to 30th September 1916.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT

MEMORIAL RULES, Four kinds—A, B, C and D. Published in 1916. Foolscap folio. Each Pies 6. (6 p.).

MARRIAGE REGISTRAR'S MANUAL, compiled by F. A. D'Cruz, 1916. Royal 8vo, board. As. 8. (1 a. 6 p.)

PRIVATE DIARY OF ANANDA RANGA PILLAI, from March 1747 to March 1748, volume IV, Demy 8vo, cloth, 1916. Re. 1. (7 as.)

LIST OF MARRIAGES REGISTERED IN THE PRESIDENCY OF FORT ST. GEORGE, 1650—1800, BY H. DODWELL, 1916. Foolscap folio, board. Re. 1-2 (4 as.).

ESTABLISHMENT LIST OF THE CHIEF SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS, corrected up to 1st May 1916. Royal 8vo, paper cover. Re. 1-8 (3 as.)

RECORDS OF FORT ST. GEORGE—PUBLIC DESPATCHES TO ENGLAND, 1741–42, VOL. XIII. Foolscap folio, board. 1916. Re. 1. (4 as.); wrapper Re. 1. (3 as. 6 p.)

RECORDS OF FORT ST GEORGE—SELECTIONS FROM PUBLIC CONSULTATIONS, LETTERS FROM FORT ST. GEORGE AND FORT ST. DAVID CONSULTATIONS, 1740. Foolscap folio, board 1916. Re. 1-2. (4 as.); wrapper Re. 1-2. (3 as. 6 p.)

RECORDS OF FORT ST. GEORGE—SELECTIONS FROM FORT ST. DAVID CONSULTATIONS, 1741. Foolscap folio, board As. 5 (1 a. 6 p.); wrapper As. 3 (1 a.)

ESTABLISHMENT LIST OF THE GOVERNMENT PRESSES, MADRAS, corrected up to 1st April 1916. Royal 8vo. Wrapper. As. 12. (3 p.).

STATISTICAL RETURNS OF THE LUNATIC ASYLUMS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY FOR THE YEAR 1915. Foolscap folio, paper cover. As. 6. (1 a.).

RECORDS OF FORT ST. GEORGE Despatches from England 1681—1686. Foolscap folio, board. Re. 3 (6 as.); wrapper Re. 3. (3 as. 6 p.)

RECORDS OF FORT ST. GEORGE. PUBLIC CONSULTATIONS, 1741, Volume 71. Foolscap folio, board. Re. 2. (5 as. 6 p.). Wrapper. Re. 2 (4 as. 6 p.).

ANNUAL REPORT AND STATISTICS OF THE GOVERNMENT OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL, MADRAS, FOR 1915. Foolscap folio, paper cover. Re. 1-6. (2 as. 6 p.)

Quarterly Civil List for Madras, corrected up to 1st July 1916. Royal 8vo, wrapper. Re. 1. (4 as.)

Quarterly Civil Medical List, corrected up to 30th June 1916. Royal 8vo, wrapper. As. 12. (2 as.)

Monthly List of Civil Servants in the Madras Presidency. Corrected up to 1st September 1916. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. As. 9. (1 a.)

Report on the Madras Records by H. Dodwell, M.A. Foolscap quarto, board. Rs. 1-14. (4 as.)

Civil Medical Code, 3rd edition, 1913.—Fourth list of corrections. As. 2-6. (1 a.)

Records of Fort St. George—Letters to Fort St. George, 1742, Volume 25. Foolscap folio, board. Re. 1-8 (4 as. 6 p.); wrapper Re. 1-9. (4 as.)

Annual Returns of the Civil Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Madras Presidency for 1916. Foolscap folio, wrapper. Rs. 2-8. (4 as.)

Annual Report of the Archæological Department, Southern Circle, Madras, for 1915-16. Foolscap folio. Wrapper. Re. 1-4. (4 as.)

Establishment List of the Home Department of the Government of Madras. Corrected up to 31st August 1916. Royal 8vo, paper cover. Re. 2-8-0. (8 p.)

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT

Form G. Textile and Non-textile Factories Abstract of Act and Rules. Hindustani. Broad sheet. Each Anna 1. (2 p.)

Half-yearly List of Subordinate Officers of the Madras Police, corrected up to 1st April 1916. Royal 8vo, paper cover. Re. 1. (2 as.).

Madras Subsidiary Jail Manual. (Reprint in 1914), Third and Fourth lists of corrections. Each. Pies 6 (3 p.).

Madras Jail Manual, 1915 edition. Third list of corrections. Pies 6 (3 p.).

List of Officers of the Registration Department. Corrected up to 1st May 1916. Royal 8vo, paper cover. As. 6. (1 a.)

Note on the Statistics of the Registration Department, in the Madras Presidency for 1916 Foolscap folio, paper cover. As. 3. (6 p.)

Report on the Administration of the Jails of the Madras Presidency for 1915. Foolscap folio. Board. Re. 1-6. (4 as.).

The Madras Motor-vehicle Rules, 1916. Foolscap folio, stitched. As. 1-6. (6 p.)

Registration Manual, Part II. Second list of corrections. As. 2. (3 p.); Third list of corrections. As. 2-6 (6 p.)

Madras Jail Manual. 1915 edition. Fourth list of corrections. Pies 6. (3 p.) Fifth list of corrections. Pies 6. (3 p.)

List of Gazetted Officers in the Madras Police Department, 1st September 1916. Royal 8vo, paper cover. As. 6. (6 p.)

List showing the names of the towns and villages constituting the several Registration sub-districts in the Registration District. Correction slip Nos. 7 and 8 to Cuddapah district, Nos. 35 and 36 to Tanjore district. Nos. 12 to 17 to Kurnool district. Nos. 12 to 38 to Bellary. Anantapur district, 1 to 20 to North Malabar district. Each Pies 6. (3 p.) No. 1 to Vizagapatam district. Pies 9 (6 p.)

Quarterly List of Officers of the Jail Department, corrected up to 30th June 1916 Royal 8vo, paper cover. As. 3. (1 a.)

The Madras Motor Vehicles Rules, 1916. English. Demy 8vo. Paper cover. Anna 1 (3 p.) Foolscap folio. Telugu, Canarese and Malayalam, each As. 2-6 (6 p.); Tamil and Hindustani, each As. 2. (6 p.)

Report on the Administration of the Police of the Madras Presidency for 1915. Foolscap folio, board. As. 12 (2 as.)

Madras Subsidiary Jail Manual (Reprint 1914). Fifth list of corrections. Pies 6. (3 p.)

Statistics of the Criminal Courts in the Madras Presidency for the year 1915. Foolscap folio. Wrapper. As. 6. (1 a.)

Registration Manual, Part I. Second list of corrections. Pies 6. (3 p.)

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT

Madras Treasury Manual. Fifty-third and fifty-fourth lists of corrections. Each. Anna 1 (3 p.) Fifty-fifth list of corrections. Pies 9 (3 p.)

Municipal Account Code. Twenty-first list of corrections. Anna 1-6. (3 p.)

Civil Account Code, Vol. I. Twelfth List of Corrections. As. 3 (3 p.)

Madras Supplement to the Civil Service Regulations, 4th edition. 1911 Addenda and Corrigenda Nos. LX, LXI and LXII. Each. Pies 6. (3 p.)

Madras Treasury Manual, Volumes I and II. Fifty-sixth list of corrections Pies 9. (3 p.) Fifty-seventh list of corrections. As. 2. (6 p.) Fifty-eighth list of corrections. Fifty-ninth list of corrections and Sixtieth list of corrections Each. Anna 1. (3 p.)

Madras Supplement to the Civil Service Regulations. 4th edition. 1911. Addenda and Corrigenda Nos. LXIII, LXIV and LXV. Each Pies 6. (3 p.)

Municipal Account Code. Twenty-second list of corrections. Anna 1. (3 p.)

Civil Account Code, Vol. I. Thirteenth list of corrections and Fourteenth list of corrections each. As. 2 (6 p.)

History of Services of Gazetted and other officers in the Civil Department serving in the Madras Presidency, corrected up to 1st July 1916. Royal 8vo., board. Re. 3. (8 as.)

REVENUE DEPARTMENT

Revised Tariff Schedule of the Indian Tariff Act VIII of 1894 for 1916. (Gazette, dated 16th April 1916.) Foolscap folio, stitched. Anna 1-6. (3 p.)

District Gazetteer of Bellary, Vol. I. (Reprinted 1916.) Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 2-4 (8 as. 6 p.)

District Gazetteer of Cuddapah, Vol. I, 1915. Royal 8vo Cloth. Re. 1-12-0 (5 as. 6 p.)

MADRAS CUSTOMS HEAVY RECKONER. Imperial 8vo, paper cover. As 8. (1 r.)

FISHERIES BULLETIN No. 6. STATISTICS AND INFORMATION. WEST AND EAST COASTS, MADRAS PRESIDENCY. Royal 8vo., cloth Re. 1-12-0. (5 as.)

ANNUAL VOLUME OF THE SEA-BORNE TRADE AND NAVIGATION OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY FOR 1915-16. Foolscap folio, board Re 6. (11 as.)

BOARD OF REVENUE (REVENUE SETTLEMENT, SURVEY, LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE)

MANUAL OF TALUK ACCOUNTS (SPECIAL) issued with Board's Proceedings R.S. No. 47, dated 19th February 1914. Third list of corrections (February 1916). Pies 6. (3 p.)

AGRICULTURAL CALENDAR FOR 1916-17. Royal 8vo, paper cover. English, Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam and Canarese. Each Anna 1 (6 p.)

BULLETIN No. 70 OF THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, MADRAS. A soil survey of the Guntur Delta, 1915. Royal 8vo. Rs. 1-8 (2 rs. 6 p.)

BOARD'S STANDING ORDERS. Ninth list of corrections to Vol. I. Anna 1-6. (6 p.); to Vol. II. Pies 6. (3 p.)

ESTABLISHMENT LIST OF THE MADRAS CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT AT THE OUTPORTS AND LAND CUSTOMS STATIONS AS IT STOOD ON THE 1st APRIL 1916. Royal 8vo, paper cover. As. 10. (9 p.)

NOTE-BOOK OF AGRICULTURAL FACTS AND FIGURES, 2nd edition 1916, (by R. Cecil Wood, Principal, Agricultural College, Coimbatore). Demy 8vo, cloth. Re. 1. (4 as.)

REVIEW OF THE SEA BORNE TRADE OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY FOR THE YEAR 1915-16. Foolscap folio, paper cover. As 8. (1 r.)

FISHERIES BULLETIN No. 8, MARINE INVESTIGATIONS, 1914-15. Royal 8vo, cloth. Re 1-12. (4 as. 6 p.)

REPORT OF THE WORK OF THE TALIPARAMBA AGRICULTURAL STATION FOR 1915-16. Royal 8vo, wrapper. Anna 1. (6 p.)

REPORT ON THE WORK OF AGRICULTURAL STATION FOR 1916-16. Royal 8vo, paper cover. Nandyal. Anna 1. (6 p.); Hagari. As. 2. (6 p.). Anakapalli As. 1-6. (3 p.); Coimbatore and Mungamuttar. Each As. 2. (6 p.); Samalkota. As. 2-6. (3 p.); Siruvel. Anna 1. (6 p.). Koilpatti. As. 1-6. (3 p.); Palur As. 2-6. (3 p.)

VILLAGE OFFICERS' MANUAL, ENGLISH 1913. Correction slip Nos 14 and 15 for pages 16, 20 and 26. Pies 6 (3 p.) Tamil, Telugu, Canarese and Malayalam 1915 Edition. Each Pies 6 (3 p.).

MANUAL OF INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONDUCTING RE-SETTLEMENTS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY. Correction slips Nos. 1 to 3 of 1916. Each Pies 3. (3 p.)

LIST OF TRAVELLERS' BUNGALOWS AND REST-HOUSES IN THE DISTRICTS OF NORTH ARCOT, SOUTH ARCOT, TRICHINOPOLY, TANJORE, TINNEVELLY, RAMNAD, MADURA, SALEM, NILGIRIS AND COIMBATORE. Royal 8vo. 1916. Each As. 2. (6 p.)

REVISED FORMS OF VILLAGE ACCOUNTS FOR THE MALABAR DISTRICT (issued with Board's Proceedings No. 265 R.S., dated 4th August 1911.—Ninth list of corrections Pies 6 (6 p.)

REVISED FORMS OF VILLAGE ACCOUNTS FOR THE SOUTH CANARA DISTRICT (issued with Board's Proceedings No. 237 R.S., dated 4th August 1911). Seventh list of corrections Pies 6. (6 p.)

REVISED FORMS OF VILLAGE ACCOUNTS FOR THE NILGIRI DISTRICT (issued with Board's Proceedings No 57 R.S., dated 9th January 1910). Tenth list of corrections. Pies 6. (6 p.)

REVISED FORMS OF VILLAGE ACCOUNTS (GENERAL) issued with Board's Proceedings No. 61, dated 4th February 1910. Eleventh list of corrections Pies 6. (6 p.)

BOARD'S STANDING ORDERS. Tenth list of corrections to Volume I. Pies 6. (3 p.), to Volume II. Pies 6 (3 p.)

REVISED MANUAL OF TALUK ACCOUNTS (GENERAL issued with B.P. No. 21, R.S., dated 2nd February 1914 Fourth list of corrections. Pies 6. (3 p.)

MANUAL OF TALUK ACCOUNTS (SPECIAL) issued with B.P. No. 47, R.S., dated 19th February 1914. Fourth list of corrections. Pies 6. (3 p.)

BOARD OF REVENUE (LAND REVENUE—FOREST)

REPORTS ON THE SETTLEMENT OF THE LAND REVENUE OF THE DISTRICTS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY FOR FASLI 1324 (1914-15). Foolscap folio, wrapper. As. 13. (1 r. 4 p.)

GENERAL LIST OF RANGERS AND DEPUTY RANGERS OF THE FOREST DEPARTMENT IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY, corrected up to 1st April 1916. Imperial 8vo, paper cover. As 8. (1 r. 3 p.)

COURT OF WARDS ADMINISTRATION REPORT IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY FOR FASLI 1324 (1914-15). Foolscap folio, paper cover. As. 8. (1 r.)

CLASSIFIED LIST OF FOREST OFFICERS IN MADRAS PRESIDENCY (WITH COORG), corrected up to 1st September 1916. Imperial 8vo, paper cover. Anna 1. (6 p.)

GENERAL LIST OF RANGERS AND DEPUTY RANGERS OF THE FOREST DEPARTMENT IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY. Corrected up to 1st July 1916 Imperial 8vo. Paper cover. As. 8. (1 r.)

FOREST CODE OF INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CONDUCT OF BEECH AND OTHER BUSINESS AND FOR THE REGULATIONS OF ACCOUNTS WITH PRESCRIBED FORMS. 3rd edition (Reprint) embodying corrections up to 1st June 1916. Imperial 8vo, board. Re. 2. (3 rs.)

BOARD OF REVENUE (SEPARATE REVENUE)

QUARTERLY LIST OF ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE MADRAS SALT, ABKARI AND SEPARATE REVENUE DEPARTMENT, corrected up to 1st July 1916. Royal 8vo, paper cover. As. 12. (2 r.)

INCOME TAX MANUAL. 2nd edition (Reprinted 1916). Fourteenth list of corrections. Anna 1. (6 p.)

STAMP MANUAL. Fifteenth list of corrections. Anna 1. (6 p.)

LOCAL AND MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT

LOCAL FUND CODE, 2nd edition. (Reprint 1914) Third and Fourth lists of corrections. Each Anna 1. (6 p.)

QUARTERLY LIST OF QUALIFIED SANITARY INSPECTORS. Corrected up to 1st April 1916. Royal 8vo, paper cover. As. 12. (1 r.)

Local Fund Code. 2nd edition. (Reprint 1914). Fifth list of corrections. As. 3. (6 p.).
Rules for the conduct of elections of members of taluk boards in force from 1st January 1916. Foolscap folio. Tamil. As. 3 (6 p.).

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT

The South Collection of Indian Prehistoric and Protohistoric Antiquities. Notes on their Ages and Distribution, 1916. Royal 8vo, cloth. Rs. 9-12. (7 as.)
Manual of Elementary Botany for India, 1916, by Rai Bahadur K. Ranga Achari, M.A., L.T. Demy 8vo, cloth. Rs. 2 (3 as.).
Descriptive catalogue of the Tamil Manuscripts in the Government Oriental Manuscripts Library, Madras, Vol. II Itihasa and Purana and Religion and Philosophy (Vaishnavism), 1916. Royal 8vo. Board Rs. 2-4. (6 as. 6 p.)
Engineering College Calendar for 1916-17. Royal 8vo, board As. 12 (2 as. 6 p.)
Public Service Notification. Revised up to the 31st March 1916. Foolscap folio, stitched. As. 2-6. (3 p.)
Special Test Examination Notification, Revised up to the 31st March 1916. Foolscap folio, stitched. As. 2. (3 p.)
Department of Industries—
Bulletin No. 1.—On the assistance rendered by the Department of Industries. Royal 8vo, Pica 8. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 2.—Lift Irrigation. Pica 6. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 3.—Power from sunlight. Anna 1. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 4.—The fly shuttle. Pica 8. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 5.—Boring Pica 8. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 6.—The influence of the war on Indian Industry and Trade. Anna 1. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 7.—Indian Cottage Industries. Royal 8vo. Anna 1. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 8.—Cotton seed pressing. Royal 8vo. Pica 6. (6 p.)
Bulletin No 9.—Cost calculation Pica 6. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 10.—Brick manufacture. Royal 8vo. Pica 6. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 11.—Development of Industries. Pica 6. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 12.—Oil-Pressing. Royal 8vo. Pica 6. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 13.—Refining Graphite. Royal 8vo, Pica 6. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 14.—Formulæ for glass. Royal 8vo. Anna 1. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 15.—Timber for panel manufacture. Royal 8vo. Anna 1. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 17.—Pattern weaving. Anna 1. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 18.—On the use of indigenous dye-stuffs. Royal 8vo. Anna 1. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 20.—Solid border slays. Royal 8vo. Pica 6. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 21.—Pencil Lead Manufacture Royal 8vo, 1 Anna. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 22.—Dyeing with Indigenous materials. Royal 8vo, Pica 6. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 23.—Pencil manufacture. Pica 6. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 25.—Glass manufacture. Anna 1. (6 p.)
Supplemental List of Books approved during 1915-16 as suitable for School-reading. Foolscap folio, stitched. As. 2. (3 p.)
Madras Educational Rules, 5th edition. Twelfth list of corrections. Pica 6. (6 p.)
Department of Industries—
Bulletin No. 18. Power supply for small towns. Anna 1. (6 p.)
Bulletin No. 24 Glass furnaces. Anna 1. (6 p.).
Presidency College, Madras, Calendar for 1916-17. Demy 8vo, paper cover As. 12. (2 as.,
Teachers' College, Saidapet, Calendar for 1916-17. Royal 8vo, board As. 12. (2 as.)
Madras Inspection Code. (Reprinted 1915.) Royal 8vo. Paper cover, As. 3-6 (1 a.)
Rajahmundry College Calendar for 1916-17. Demy 8vo. Paper cover As. 12. (1 a.)
Teachers' College Bulletin No. 5. Elementary Mathematics. Royal 8vo. 1916. Paper cover. As. 1-6 (6 p.)
Abstract of the Rules Relating to Public service Examinations in the Madras Presidency. Corrected up to 31st March 1916. Royal 8vo, paper cover. Annas 4. (1 a.)
Kumbakonam College. Calendar for 1916-17. Demy 8vo, paper cover. Annas 12. (2 a.)
Madras Law College. Calendar for 1916-17. Royal 8vo., paper cover. As. 12 (1 a. 6 p.).
Rules for the Education and Discipline of Sanitary Inspectors in the Madras Presidency, Corrected up to 1st July 1916. Royal 8vo., stitched. As. 3-6. (6 as.)

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

Final Electoral Rolls for Elections to the Imperial and Madras Legislative Councils (28th March 1916). Foolscap folio stitched. Rs 2-8-6. (3 as.)
Revised Tamil Translation of Section 188 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1884, in substitution for the existing translation of that section. Tamil. Foolscap folio. Pica 8. (6 p.)
Madras Code, 4th edition, Vol. I (1913) and Vol. II (1916). Super Royal 8vo, cloth. Each Rs 8 (8 as. 6 p.)
Appendix of Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. List No. II of 1915. Pica 8, (6 p.)
Table Showing Effect of Legislation in the Governor-General's Council during 1915. Royal 8vo, stitched. As. 5-6. (3 p.)
General Statutory Rules and Orders. 2nd Edition, 1915. Super Royal 8vo. Cloth. Vol I. Rs. 8 (8 as.); Vol. II. Rs. 4-8. (3 as. 6 p.); Vol. III. Rs. 3. (7 as. 6 p.); Vol. IV. Rs. 2. (6 as).
Collection of Acts passed by the Governor-General of India in Council in the year of 1915. Royal 8vo. English As. 3-6. (6 p.)
Local Rules and orders made under enactment applying to the Madras Presidency. 1913 Edition. Seventh supplement to Volume I. As. 2. (3 p.) Seventh supplement to Volume II, As. 2-6. (3 a.)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACTS

ACT I OF 1916. INDIAN TRUSTS (AMENDMENT). Foolscap folio. Canarese and Uriya. Each Pies 8. (2 p.) English. Royal 8vo. Annas 1-3. (6 p.)

ACT II OF 1916. DEFENCE OF INDIA (AMENDMENT). Foolscap folio Canarese and Uriya. Each Pies 3. (2 p.). English. Royal 8vo. Annas 1-3. (6 p.)

ACT III OF 1916 FOREIGNERS (TRIAL BY COURT-MARTIAL). Foolscap folio English, Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam and Hindustani. Each. Pies 3. (2 p.) English. Royal 8vo. Annas 1-3, (6 p.)

ACT IV OF 1916 INDIAN TARIFF (AMENDMENT). Foolscap folio. English. Pies 9. (6 p.). Telugu Annas 1-3 (6 p.), Malayalam and Canarese. Each. Annas 1-3 (6 p.).

ACT V OF 1916. INDIAN INCOME-TAX (AMENDMENT). Foolscap folio. English Pies 3. (2 p.) Tamil Pies 9. (6 p.). Telugu, Canarese and Malayalam. Each. Pies 3. (2 p.).

ACT VI OF 1916. INDIAN PORTS ACT (AMENDMENT). Foolscap folio. English, Tamil, Telugu, Hindustani, Canarese and Malayalam. Each. Pies 3. (2 p.)

ACT VII OF 1916. INDIAN MEDICAL DEGREES ACT Foolscap folio. English, Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam and Uriya. Each Pies 3. (2 p.)

ACT VIII OF 1916 PRESIDENCY CAPES (AMENDMENT) Foolscap folio. English, Tamil, Telugu, Canarese and Malayalam Each. Pies 1 (2 p.).

ACT IX OF 1916. INDIAN PAPER CURRENCY (TEMPORARY AMENDMENT). Foolscap folio English, Tamil, Telugu, Canarese and Malayalam Each. Pies 3 (2 p.)

ACT IX OF 1916. INDIAN PAPER CURRENCY (TEMPORARY AMENDMENT). Foolscap folio. Uriya. Pies 3 (2 p.)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ACT, 1915 (5 and 6 Geo. 5, ch. 61) Royal 8vo. Re 1. (3 as. 6 p.)

ACT No. II OF 1886. INCOME TAX. MODIFIED UP TO 1ST APRIL 1916. Royal 8vo. English As. 2. (1 a.).

ACT No VIII OF 1894. TARIFF. MODIFIED UP TO 1ST APRIL 1916. Royal 8vo. English. As. 9. (4 a.).

ACT IV OF 1916. TARIFF (AMENDMENT). Royal 8vo. English. As. 3. (2 p.) and foolscap folio Tamil. As. 1-3. (2 p.)

ACT V OF 1916. INCOME-TAX (AMENDMENT). Royal 8vo. English. As. 2-3. (2 p.)

ACT VI OF 1916. PORTS (AMENDMENT). Royal 8vo. English As 2-3. (2 p.)

ACT VII OF 1916. MEDICAL DEGREES. Royal 8vo. English. As. 1-3. (2 p.)

ACT VIII OF 1916. PRESIDENCY BANKS. (AMENDMENT). Royal 8vo. English As. 1-3. (2 p.)

ACT IX OF 1916. PAPER CURRENCY (TEMPORARY AMENDMENT). Royal 8vo. English. As. 1-3. (2 p.)

ORDINANCE No. IV OF 1916. TO PROVIDE FURTHER POWER TO PROHIBIT OR RESTRICT THE IMPORT AND EXPORT OF GOODS TO AND FROM BRITISH INDIA. English Royal 8vo As 1-3. (2 p.) Foolscap folio. Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam and Uriya Each Pies 6. (2 p.)

ORDINANCE No. V OF 1916. ENEMY TRADERS, English, Royal 8vo. As. 2-3. (2 p.). Foolscap folio. Tamil, Telugu, Canarese and Malayalam. Each annas 1. (2 p.).

ACT X OF 1915. ENEMY TRADING. Foolscap folio. English. Pies 3. (2 p.)

ACT XI OF 1916. IMPORT AND EXPORT OF GOODS. Foolscap folio. English. Pies 3. (2 p.)

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS ACTS

ACT I OF 1916. MADRAS OUTPORTS LANDING AND SHIPPING FEES (AMENDMENT). Foolscap folio. Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam and Hindustani. Each Pies 3 (2 p.) Royal 8vo, English. Annas 1. (2 p.)

ACT II OF 1916. MADRAS IRRIGATION CESS (AMENDMENT). Foolscap folio. English, Tamil, Telugu and Hindustani Each Pies 3. (2 p.)

ACT II OF 1916. MADRAS IRRIGATION CESS (AMENDMENT). English, Royal 8vo, Annas 1. (2 p.) Uriya. Foolscap folio Pies 1 (2 p.).

ACT III OF 1916. MADRAS CIVIL COURTS. (AMENDMENT) Royal 8vo. English. Annas 1. (2 p.) Foolscap folio. English, Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam, Hindustani and Uriya. Each Pies 3. (2 p.).

ACT IV OF 1916. MADRAS DISTRICT MUNICIPALITIES (AMENDMENT). 8vo. English. As. 1-3. (2 p.) Foolscap folio. English, Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam, Hindustani and Uriya. Each Pies 3. (2 p.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

CLASSIFIED LIST AND DISTRIBUTION RETURN OF ESTABLISHMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, corrected up to 30th June 1916. Royal 8vo, paper cover. Rs. 1-8. (3 as.)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, 8, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

[A General Catalogue of all Government Publications may be obtained gratis from the Government Central Press, Calcutta.]

List of New Books published during the current quarter

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

THE PUNJAB AND NORTH-WEST FRONTIER CODE, 4th Edition, 1916. Super-royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 2 or 2s (15 as.)

A DIGEST OF INDIAN LAW CASES FOR 1915, COMPILED UNDER THE ORDERS OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, BY B. D. BOSE, ESQ., *Bar.-at-Law*. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 4 or 6s. (5 as.)

List of Books published from January to June 1916

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

The Official Secrets Act, 1911. (1 and 2 Geo. 5, ch. 28.) As. 2–3 (1 a.)
The Baluchistan Code, 3rd edition, 1914. Royal 8vo, cloth. Rs. 2–4 or 3s. (3 as.)
Legislation and orders relating to the War (2nd edition), 1915. Royal 8vo, board. As. 6 or 8d. (2 as.)
The Assam Code, Vol. I, Edition 1915. Super-Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 3 or 4s. 3d. (3 as.)
The Assam Code, Vol. II, Edition 1915. Super-Royal 8vo Cloth. Re. 1 or 2s. (3 as.)
A Digest of Indian Law Cases for 1914. Compiled under the orders of the Government of India by B. D. Bose, Esq., Bar.-at-Law. Super-Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 4–4 or 6s. 3d. (4 as.)
General Statutory Rules and Orders, Vol. I, 2nd Edition, 1916. Super-Royal 8vo. Cloth, Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (5 as.)
General Statutory Rules and Orders, Vol. II, 2nd Edition, 1915. Super-Royal 8vo. Cloth, Rs. 6–8 or 9s 6d. (9 as.)
General Statutory Rules and Orders, Vol. III, 2nd Edition, 1916. Super-Royal 8vo. Cloth, Re. 1 or 2s (3 as.)
Act No XIII of 1899 (Glanders and Farcy) as modified up to 1st August 1916. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2 as. 6 p. (1 a.)
Act No XV of 1903 (Indian Extradition) as modified up to 1st August 1915. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 5 as. 6 p. (1 a.)
List No. 1 of 1916, dated 30th June 1915, of Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. Royal 8vo. Taped. 3 as. 3 p. (1 a.)
Legislation and Orders relating to the War, 3rd Edition. Royal 8vo. Board. 8 as. or 9d. (2 a.)
Act I of 1915. Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)
Act III of 1915. Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)
Act IV of 1915. Urdu. 6 p. (1 a.)
Act V of 1915. Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)
Act VI of 1915. Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)
Act VII of 1915 Urdu. 3 p. (1 a.)
Act VIII of 1915. Urdu and Hindi. 6 p. (1 a.)
Act XII of 1915. Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)
Act XIII of 1915. Urdu and Hindi 6 p. (1 a.)
Act XIV of 1915. Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)
Act XV of 1915. Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)
Ordinance No. 1 of 1915 Urdu and Hindi 3 p. (1 a.)
Ordinance No II of 1915 Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)
Ordinance No. III of 1915. Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)
Regulations No. 1 of 1915. Urdu and Hindi. 1 a. 6 p (1 a.)
The Madras Code. Vol. I, 4th Edition, 1916. Super-Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 3 or 3s. (3 as.)
Government of India Act, 1915. (5 and 6 Geo. 5, ch. 61.) Re. 1. (1 a.)
Rules and Orders—
General Statutory Rules and Orders, Vol. IV, Edition 1916. Re. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2 as.)
List No. II of 1915, dated 31st December 1915, of Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. 6 p. (1 a.)
Code—
Kachar Code, Vol. II, 4th Edition, 1916. Super-Royal 8vo. Cloth. Re. 1 or 2s. (2 as.)
Table showing Effect of Legislation in the Governor General's Council during 1915. Royal 8vo, stitched. 3 as. or 4 d. (1 a.)
Act I of 1916. Urdu and Hindi. 6 p. (1 a.)
Act II of 1916. Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)
Act IV of 1916. Urdu and Hindi. 1 a. (1 a.)
Act V of 1916. Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)
Act VII of 1916. Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)
Act VIII of 1916. Urdu and Hindi 3 p. (1 a.)
Act IX of 1916. Urdu and Hindi 3 p (1 a.)
Act 13 of 1899 as modified up to 1st August 1915. Urdu and Hindi. 6 p. (1 a.)
Ordinance No. 1 of 1916. Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)
Ordinance No. 2 of 1916. Urdu and Hindi. 3 p. (1 a.)

VACANCIES

Applications are invited for the post now vacant of Sawmill Engineer for the Chatham Sawmill Port Blair, on a salary of Rs. 400—25—450 per mensem on the temporary establishment of the Forest department for a period of three years. The question of further employment, if desired, after this period will rest with Government.

2. Certificates of qualifications should be sent.

3. Previous sawmill experience is desirable.

4. A knowledge of Hindustani or Burmese is essential.

5. The selected applicant will be required to enter into an agreement for a period of three years. The option of terminating the agreement may be exercised by giving three months' notice on either side.

6. Free quarters will be provided.

7. A free passage to join the appointment will be given.

F. H. CAVENDISH,
Deputy Conservator of Forests, Andamans.

Port Blair, 9th September 1916.

APPLICATIONS are invited from duly qualified candidates for the post of a temporary Forest Surveyor on Rs 85 without travelling allowance in this district. Preference will be given to those who have had sufficient experience in the Forest department.

The appointment is likely to continue every year.

H. J. McLAUGHLIN,
District Forest Officer.

Kistna, 20th September 1916.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of a Probationary Revenue Inspector in the district of the Nilgiris. Salary Rs. 35 plus Rs. 15 local allowance. The applicant should state (1) the highest University Degree examination passed, (2) date of birth, (3) caste, (4) his relations in public service and (5) languages known.

A. R. KNAPP,
Collector.

Nilgiri Collector's Office, Ootacamund,
22nd September 1916.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Sub-Inspector (temporary establishment) on Rupees 70—4—110 per mensem in the office of the Electric Inspector to Government, Public Works Department, Madras. Applicants should be conversant with both the A.C and D.C. systems of electric supply and should have undergone at least two years' practical training with a large electric supply company. A man possessing the A.I.E.E. qualification of the Victoria Technical Institute, Bombay, or other equivalent qualification, will be preferred.

Apply in own handwriting with copies of testimonials to

F. J. B. GREENWOOD,
Electric Inspector to the Government of Madras.

Madras, 26th September 1916.

APPLICATIONS are invited from Graduates and F.A.'s for a few permanent and acting clerks' posts on Rs 30 and Rs. 25 in this office.

A knowledge of Telugu is essential.

H. H. BURKITT,
Acting Collector.

Kistna Collector's Office,
20th September 1916.

WANTED a Shorthand Writer for the Collector's Office, Ganjam. Pay according to qualifications with an extra allowance of Rs 10 per mensem for shorthand writing. None but those who are qualified under the examination rules need apply.

Applications with copies of testimonials, giving full particulars as to age, examination qualifications, past service, etc., should reach the Collector before 15th November 1916.

N. MACMICHAEL,
Collector.

Ganjam Collector's Office,
26th September 1916.

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS

On or after the 29th October 1916, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

Tripicane, 7th September 1916. P. J. KUPPANNA RAO.

On or after 22nd October 1916, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

Mylapore, 7th September 1916. R. KRISHNAMURTI AYYAR.

On or after 1st November 1916, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

Madras, 16th September 1916. S. SAMBANDAMURTI AYYAR.

On or about 1st November 1916, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as a Vakil thereof.

Mylapore, 20th September 1916. N. RASTURI RANGA AYYANGÁR.

On or after 15th November 1916, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me a Vakil thereof.

Madras, 25th September 1916. P. R. RANGANATHA PUNJA.

I, KUCHIBHOTLA SUBRAMANYAM, intend changing my name into KUCHIBHOTLA KAMALAKAR from this date.

Trichinopoly, 29th September 1916. K. KAMALAKAR.

ESTATE OF CHARLES STEWART CROLE (DECEASED).

The Administrator of the estate and effects limited to the Presidency of Madras of Charles Stewart Crole, late of 28, Queen's Mansions, Victoria Street, in the County of Middlesex, a retired member of the Indian Civil Service, C.I.E., but now deceased, who died at 28 Queen's Mansions aforesaid, on or about the 4th day of May 1916 being about to close the accounts of the deceased's estate, Notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims or demands against the said estate are required to send particulars in writing of their claims or demands to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of October 1916 at the undermentioned address after which date the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice and the said Administrator will not be liable for the assets of the said Charles Stewart Crole deceased or any part thereof so distributed to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not then have had notice.

High Court House, Madras,
9th September 1916.

H. BRIGHTWELL,
Administrator of the estate.

NOTICE

Whereas application has been made to me by Subba Lakshmi Ammal, widow of the late Mr. V. Swaminatha Sarma, Assistant Sanitary Officer, Nagercoil Circle, Travancore, for a succession certificate under Act VII of 1889 to enable her to collect a sum of Rs. 2,000 from the Empire of India Life Assurance Company, Limited, Bombay, due on Policy No. 2514 issued on the life of the deceased, notice is hereby given that any parties who may desire to show cause why such certificate should not issue to the applicant should appear before me at Trivandrum on 27th October 1916 when or as soon after as may be practicable the application will be heard and disposed of.

Resident's Office, Trivandrum,
23rd September 1916

R. A. GRAHAM,
Resident.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 40.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 3, 1916. [Price, 6 *pies*.

MADRAS PORT TRUST

MINUTES OF A BOARD MEETING, No. 12 OF 1916–17, HELD ON THE 15TH SEPTEMBER 1916.

PRESENT:

Mr. H. H. G. Mitchell, M.I.C.E., *Ag. Chairman*

Commander C. W. Shearme, R.I.M.
Mr. J. M. Lacey, A.M.I.C.E.
Mr. A. Muirhead, C.I.E.
Mr. R. Todd.
The Hon'ble Mr. G. Fraser.
Mr. J. F. Simpson.
Mr. A. P. Symonds.
Mr. H. P. R. Rae.
Mr. J. H. Thonger.
Khan Bahadur Muhammad Abdul Kuddus Badsha Sahib.
M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib C. Ramanujam Chetti Garu.
M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur P. Thegaraya Chetti Garu, B.A.
M.R.Ry. C. Gopal Menon Avargal.

165. Read, approved and recorded the minutes of the proceedings of the previous meeting held on Thursday the 31st August 1916.

166. Read and recorded letter No. G. 1047, dated 11th September 1916, from the Acting Chairman to the Chief Secretary to Government, Public (Marine) Department, submitting a letter from Mr. C. W. E. Cotton, I.C.S., resigning his seat on the Port Trust Board.

167. Read note by the Trust's Acting Chief Engineer recommending for acceptance the offer of the Oriental Telephone and Electric Company of Rs. 248-12-0 for the old and unserviceable telephone apparatus.

Resolved that the offer of the Oriental Telephone and Electric Company be accepted.

168. Read and adopted the draft Administration Report of the Madras Port Fund for the year 1915–1916.

169. Read Public Department Endorsement No. 1117-1, dated 16th August 1916, referring for remarks letter from the Chamber of Commerce raising the question of what amount should be charged on export goods definitely handed into the Trust's custody under sections 40 and 41 of the Madras Port Trust Act.

Read also draft reply by the Acting Chairman to the Chief Secretary to Government.

Resolved that the draft reply be adopted.

170. Read the Chairman's letter No. 1956 G., dated the 16th February 1916, giving six months' notice to the Madras and Southern Mahratta and the South Indian Railways of the termination of their existing agreements with the Port Trust for the working of rail-borne traffic.

Read again Port Trust Board Resolution No. 4, dated the 14th April 1916, authorising the Chairman to settle details with the Railways with a view to the Board taking over from them the booking and delivery of rail-borne traffic in the harbour, subject to its approval before the new arrangement is brought into force.

Read Port Trust Board Resolution No. 124, dated the 4th August 1916, and the Agents', Madras and Southern Mahratta and South Indian Railways, letters numbered respectively 2074 T and A.T. 277/3/4/123, both dated the 9th August 1916, regarding the temporary extension of the above six months' notice.

Read a note by the Chairman, on leave, reporting that, under the authority of Board Resolution No. 4, dated the 14th April 1916, he had settled with the Agents of the two Railway Companies the

terms of a new agreement which he offers for acceptance by the Board as superseding all previous agreements relating to the interchange of rail borne traffic between the Trust and the Railways.

Resolved that, subject to the sanction of Government, to the substitution of 3 pie and 2-pie rates in lieu of the 2 and 1 pie rates per maund authorised by clause 11 of the Trust's current sanctioned scale of rates, the new draft agreement put forward by the Chairman be accepted for execution with the two Railways in supersession of all existing agreements and arrangements.

171. Read note by the Acting Chairman submitting the scale of the staff which it is proposed to engage in connection with the new arrangements for railway working sanctioned in Resolution No. 170, dated the 15th September 1916.

Resolved that the scale be approved and that a re-appropriation statement for the expenditure to be incurred this year be submitted to Government for sanction as required by section 46 of the Port Trust Act.

172. Read notes on the subject of the terminal charges on rail-borne traffic, and a draft of a letter on the subject by the Chairman to Government.

Resolved that, subject to the sanction of Government under section 44 (1) of the Madras Port Trust Act II of 1905, clause 11 (a) of the scale of rates be amended to read as follows:—

11. *Exchange of Traffic with Railways*—(a) *Harbour charges on railway traffic.*—For all goods entering or leaving the harbour in railway vehicles, with the exception of the articles noted in part B of this scale, the Railways, while collecting their freight from owners, will also on behalf of the Trust collect the sum of 3 pies per maund as "harbour terminal charges". In the case of the exceptions just referred to, as well as of all military traffic booked as goods, 2 pies per maund will be recovered. On export produce railed in from a Railway's local godowns for direct shipment from wagons to steamer or from wagon to boat, the Railway concerned will collect 2½ pies per maund for the Port Trust and ½ pie per maund for its own shunting charge.

173. Read a note by the Chairman (on leave), dated the 11th September 1916, recommending compliance with a request from Mr. H. H. G. Mitchell, M.I.C.E., Lieutenant-Colonel of the Madras Artillery Volunteers and Honorary A.D.C. to His Excellency the Governor of Madras, at present acting as Chairman, that on the return of the Chairman from the leave granted to him by Government in accordance with Resolution No. 348, dated the 17th March 1916 or as soon after as he can conveniently be spared, he be granted three months' privilege leave combined with nine months' furlough, with permission to offer himself for military duty and that if on the expiry of the year's leave, war conditions still prevail, and he is on service, the leave be extended on such terms as the Board and Government may then decide.

Resolved that Mr. Mitchell's request be recommended to Government for sanction, under section 30 of the Madras Port Trust Act.

174. Read letter, dated 1st September 1916, from Mr. H. Garland, Harbour Master, applying for an extension of his privilege leave up to the 20th September 1916

Read also the Acting Chairman's reply to Mr Garland that the extension of leave applied for is granted subject to confirmation by the Board.

Resolved that the Acting Chairman's action be confirmed.

175. Recorded a *nil* statement of estimates sanctioned since the 31st August 1916.

176. Recorded the Administration Report of the Commissioners for the port of Calcutta for the year 1915–1916.

177. Recorded the Administration Report of the Ceylon Immigration and Quarantine for 1915.

178. Recorded G.O. No. 256, Public (Marine), dated 11th September 1916, approving, with the sanction of the Government of India, the entertainment, with effect from the 12th January 1915, of Mr. A. L. Ross as Navigating Master for the steam tug "Thruster"—*vide* Board's Resolution No. 82, dated 22nd January 1916.

179. Recorded G.O. No. 258, Public (Marine), dated 11th September 1916, sanctioning the remission of the Trust's transit dues to the extent of Rs. 4-13-0 on certain goods proposed by the Chairman during the fortnight ending 31st August 1916. *Vide* Board's Resolution No. 157, dated 31st August 1916.

180. Securities and cash held by the Bank of Madras, for the Madras Port Trust on the 14th September 1916, were ordered to be recorded as follows:—

	Government securities.	Cash balances.
	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Revenue Account	*Nil*	2,32,489 13 10
Provident Fund Account	2,38,500	21,156 0 6
Deposit Account	17,700	1,269 0 0
Eden Sailors' Home Charity Account .. .	47,500	1,546 8 8
Disabled Boatmen's Fund Account	35,500	736 1 8
Pilotage Fund Account	15,400	1,135 4 7
Harbour Dues Advance Account . ..	*Nil.*	36,476 9 7

Port Trust Office, Madras,
20th September 1916.

H. H. G. MITCHELL,
Acting Chairman, Madras Port Trust.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 40.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 3, 1916. [PRICE, 6 *pies.*

METEOROLOGICAL RESULTS.

FROM THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY REGISTER.

1916.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Thermometers. Corrected Daily Means. Dry.	Wet.	Observed Extremes. Max.	Min.	Solar Heat in Vacuo. Maximum	Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Daily velocity.	Depth of rain.	Cloudy sky.	Bright sunshine.	General weather.
September.	Inches.	°	°	°	°		Cts.		Miles	Inches	Cts	Hrs.	
26th Mon.	29·749	86·0	73·3	97·2	70·9	159·7	57	S.W.	167	..	13	7·9	Fine with passing clouds.
27th Tues. ..	·765	86·7	77·6	97·3	73·6	152·3	65	N.W. by W.	174	..	40	7·6	Do.
28th Wed. ..	·763	84·8	75·7	96·7	73·0	157·6	63	E.S.E.	124	..	13	8·2	Fine.
29th Thurs. ..	·737	84·4	75·9	95·6	69·6	150·3	67	E. by E.	140	..	15	8·6	Do
29th Fri.	·723	85·0	77·6	93·2	73·2	146·5	66	W. by N.	96	..	62	1·2	Passing clouds.
30th Sat.	·736	87·0	76·7	96·3	69·2	153·6	71	W.N.W.	126	..	39	2·5	Do.
October. 1st Sun. ..	·711	87·6	79·5	97·5	73·6	157·4	70	W.	141	..	32	6·0	Fine with passing clouds.

The Standard Barometer and Thermometers are read at 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 4 p.m. and 8 p.m., and the daily means are obtained by the application of hourly corrections, deduced from twenty years' observations. The cistern of the Barometer is twenty-two feet above the level of the sea, and the receiver of the Rain Gauge is two feet from the ground. The wind, rain and general weather registered are for the current Civil Day—from midnight to midnight.

The total quantity of rain collected since January 1st is 13·09 inches, the average due for the same period being 19·60 inches.

Madras Observatory, 2nd October 1916

R. LL. JONES,
Deputy Director.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.
II—Sup.-2

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

No. 40.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 3, 1916 [PRICE, 6 *pies*.

ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORTS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 30TH SEPTEMBER 1916.

DISTRICT REPORTS

GANJAM

Water-supply sufficient except in seven taluks. Russelkonda 35·7 feet and Surada 27·2 feet deep. Ploughing; sowing of horsegram proceeding; transplantation of paddy proceeding or concluding but delayed in parts for want of water. Weeding of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested ragi and gingelly; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder scarce in three taluks. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

VIZAGAPATAM

Water-supply generally sufficient. Sowing of horsegram commencing, proceeding or concluding; of tobacco and cholam commencing or proceeding and of greengram and blackgram concluding. Transplantation of tobacco commencing or proceeding; of ragi and cholam commencing, and of paddy concluding. Standing crops thriving. Harvested ragi, jute, groundnut, cumbu and gingelly; outturn generally fair. Pasture generally sufficient; fodder generally available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

GODAVARI

Water-supply sufficient. Godavari 8 feet above anikat. Ploughing; sowing pulses; preparing tobacco seed-beds and transplantation of chillies and weeding proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested korra; outturn poor; gingelly and samai, poor to fair; paddy, hemp and maize, fair, and ragi normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available except in one taluk. Condition of cattle good but anthrax continues in one taluk and disease (not specified) in another. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

KISTNA

Water-supply sufficient. Kistna 6·2 feet above anikat. Preparing land for onions, chillies, cholam and cotton commencing; weeding of paddy concluding and of chillies and tobacco commencing. Standing crops fair. Harvested gingelly, cumbu, indigo, maize and greengram; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but disease (not specified) prevails in two taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

GUNTUR

Water-supply sufficient. Preparing land for variga, tobacco and other late crops and transplantation of chillies and weeding proceeding. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested cumbu; outturn fair and indigo fair to normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but diseases (not specified) prevail in parts of six taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects good.

KURNOOL

Water-supply sufficient. Tungabhadra 1·7 feet above anikat. Sowing of paddy, cotton and horsegram and weeding proceeding in parts. Standing crops good. Harvested cumbu, indigo and korra; outturn fair to normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good; but disease (not specified) prevails in parts of three taluks. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

BANGANAPALLE

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing; sowing of cholam and cotton proceeding. Standing crops good. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

BELLARY

Water-supply sufficient. Sowing of cotton, korra, horsegram, cholam, wheat and bengalgram proceeding and transplantation of paddy, tobacco and chillies and weeding of early crops proceeding. Standing crops fair. But grasshoppers still exist in parts of two talukas. Harvested gingelly, cutturn fair to normal; indigo, korra and cumbu, normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good, but rinderpest prevails in parts of three talukas. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

SANDUR

Water-supply sufficient. Weeding of betel, cholam, cumbu and korra proceeding. Standing crops good. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

ANANTAPUR

Water supply sufficient except in parts. Ploughing; sowing of cholam and horsegram proceeding, of paddy proceeding or concluding; of cotton concluding. Weeding of paddy and transplantation of ragi proceeding. Standing crops generally fair. Harvested ragi, cholam and indigo; cutturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

CUDDAPAH

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, ragi, cholam, cotton, horsegram and groundnut and transplantation of paddy and weeding of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, cholam, cumbu, korra and indigo; cutturn fair to normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest is sporadic in four talukas. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

NELLORE

Water-supply sufficient except in one taluk and in parts of three others. Slight freshes in one river. The maximum depth of water over the Nellore and Sangam anaikats during the week was 2·5 feet and 1·6 feet respectively. The supply in the Kanigiri reservoir adequate. Ploughing, sowing, transplantation and weeding of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested cumbu, cutturn normal; of indigo, ragi, gingelly and cholam, fair to normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good; but blackquarter, rinderpest, spinosus aphtha and malignant sorethroat prevail in parts. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects good.

CHINGLEPUT

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing; sowing and transplantation of paddy and weeding of paddy, ragi and groundnut proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested ragi, gingelly, paddy, cumbu and indigo; cutturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good, but rinderpest, malignant sorethroat and anthrax prevail in parts of three talukas. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

MADRAS

Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient.

SOUTH ARCOT

Water supply sufficient except in two talukas. Ploughing; sowing and transplantation of paddy and weeding of paddy, groundnut and varagu proceeding. Standing crops fair except in Tindivanam taluk where food and the industrial crops are reported to be fading for want of rain. Harvested ragi, cumbu, gingelly and indigo, cutturn poor to fair; varagu, groundnut and millet, fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available but scanty in one taluk. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

CHITTOOR

Water-supply sufficient except in parts. Ploughing; sowing of paddy commencing, proceeding or concluding; of horsegram proceeding or concluding; of groundnut proceeding and of cholam concluding; transplantation of paddy and ragi proceeding; and weeding of paddy commencing or proceeding. Standing crops generally fair. Harvested ragi, paddy, cumbu, groundnut, indigo and castor; cutturn fair to normal. Pasture generally sufficient; fodder available except in one taluk. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

NORTH ARCOT

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of two talukas. Ploughing; sowing of paddy, ragi, cumbu, redgram and groundnut; transplantation of paddy and weeding of paddy, groundnut and varagu proceeding. Standing crops generally good. Harvested cumbu, ragi, paddy, gingelly, cholam, and indigo; cutturn fair. Pasture generally sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

SALEM

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of two talukas. Sowing of paddy, ragi and horsegram and transplantation of paddy and ragi commencing, proceeding or concluding. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested paddy, ragi, samai and groundnut, cutturn fair to normal; cumbu, poor to normal; gingelly, poor to fair; indigo, poor. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects good.

COIMBATORE

Water-supply sufficient except under some tanks. Eleven feet of water in the Canvery at Erode. Ploughing; sowing of cholam, cumbu, samai, cotton and horsegram concluding; transplantation of paddy, ragi, sugarcane, tobacco and chillies; and weeding proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, cutturn normal; ragi and cumbu, fair to normal; cholam, poor. Pasture generally sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TRICHINOPOLY

Water-supply sufficient. Flow over the Grand Anaikat 2·6 feet. Sowing of paddy, cholam and cumbu and transplantation of paddy proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, cumbu and groundnut; outturn fair to normal. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TANJORE

Water-supply generally sufficient. Height of water over the crest of the northern and southern branches of the Lower Anaikat 8·1 feet. Transplantation of paddy proceeding or concluding. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, maize and ragi, outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects generally fair.

PUDUKKOTTAI

Water-supply sufficient. Transplantation of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available except in parts. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects good.

MADURA

Water-supply insufficient except in parts. Average discharge from the Periyar main canal 1,166 cusecs. Ploughing; sowing of dry crops; sowing and transplantation of paddy and weeding proceeding in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvested paddy, ragi, and cumbu; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks generally sufficient. Prospects good.

RAMNAD

Water-supply insufficient except in parts. Ploughing; sowing and weeding proceeding; transplantation commencing or proceeding. Standing crops fair to good. Harvested ragi, outturn fair. Pasture sufficient but scanty in one taluk; fodder available. Condition of cattle good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TINNEVELLY

Water-supply sufficient except in two taluks. No flow over the Srivaikuntam anaikat but discharge adequate. Ploughing and manuring; sowing of dry crops and transplantation of paddy proceeding. Standing crops good. Harvested paddy, outturn poor to fair; cholam and cumbu, fair; ragi, poor. Pasture sufficient except in parts; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

MALABAR

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops good. Harvested first crop, outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

SOUTH CANARA

Water-supply sufficient. Ploughing and sowing for second rice crop commenced in parts. Standing crops fair. Harvesting first rice crop; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle generally good. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

TRAVANCORE

Water-supply and pasturage sufficient. Harvest completed. Condition of cattle good.

COCHIN

Water-supply sufficient. Harvest completed; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle good.

THE NILGIRIS

Water-supply sufficient. Pruning, weeding and transplantation of main crops and sowing concluding. Standing crops fair. Harvested tea and coffee; outturn fair. Pasture sufficient; fodder available. Condition of cattle fair. Employment available. Grain-stocks sufficient. Prospects fair.

SEASON TELEGRAM TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, REVENUE AND AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, SIMLA.

Week ending 30th September 1916.—Rainfall good in Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Kistna and west coast; fair Guntur; light or nil elsewhere. Standing crops fair to good generally but withering in a small part of one district for want of rain. Harvests of paddy and dry crops proceeding normally; outturn fair to normal generally. Sowings of paddy and dry crops proceeding normally. Condition of cattle generally good. Water-supply insufficient in parts of Ganjam, Anantapur, Nellore, South Arcot, central except Trichinopoly and south except Tanjore; sufficient elsewhere. Pasture generally sufficient. Fodder generally available. Prices steady.

DEPT. OF REV. SETT., SUR., LAND RDS. & AGRI., BOARD OF REVENUE, MADRAS, *3rd October* 1916.

T. RAGHAVIAH, *Secretary.*

RAINFALL AND PRICES OF THE STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 30th SEPTEMBER 1916.

Districts		Rainfall in inches.				Price in Seers (or 80 tolas) per Rupee											
		In the week		Up to the end of the week from 1st April.		Rice.			Ragi.			Cholam.			Cumbu.		
		1916	Average of 25 years ending 1915	1916	Average of 25 years ending 1915	Average for Sept.	Last week.	This week.	Average for Sept.	Last week.	This week.	Average for Sept.	Last week.	This week.	Average for Sept.	Last week.	This week.
Circars	Ganjam	1·4	2·1	32·5	34·7	8·5	8·0	8·0	18·9	14·0	14·5	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Vizagapatam (A.)	1·3	2·2	48·8	52·4	8·5	8·0	8·0	18·7	14·7	14·9	..	14·8	14·6	20·6	18·1	16·9
	Vizagapatam (L.)	1·3	0·6	28·9	30·1												
	Godavari	0·4	2·7	33·6	28·7	8·8	8·6	8·2	16·7	14·8	14·8	17·0	15·6	14·6	..	18·1	21·7
	Kistna	1·3	1·3	38·5	25·8	8·4	7·7	7·7	18·1	13·5	13·6	14·8	12·8	12·8	..	19·7	13·7
	Guntur	0·8	1·5	29·6	21·8	19·2	7·6	7·8	..	15·7	15·5	14·8	13·6	13·6	15·4	12·6	12·6
Deccan	Kurnool	Nil	1·6	30·0	18·4	8·3	7·8	7·8	..	16·5	16·5	16·6	17·0	17·0	14·6	14·7	14·7
	Penganapalle	Nil	† 3·1	28·0	† 16·9	..	7·0	7·0	..	..	..	..	14·8	14·8	..	13·0	13·0
	Bellary	0·4	1·5	22·7	17·6	8·5	7·6	7·6	..	18·8	18·6	18·0	16·0	15·8	..	..	..
	Sandur	0·2	† 1·2	31·2	† 21·9	..	8·1	8·1	..	..	..	..	22·8	24·7	..	..	..
	Anantapur	Nil	1·6	33·8	15·3	9·4	8·2	8·2	14·3	16·7	16·2	16·0	14·2	15·0	16·5	16·3	16·3
	Cuddapah	0·1	1·4	28·0	19·7	8·0	7·7	7·6	17·4	16·1	15·8	17·5	10·7	13·7	15·0	12·5	12·6
Carnatic	Nellore	0·1	1·1	16·6	13·5	10·5	8·9	8·9	14·2	14·4	14·2	15·0	12·6	12·6	15·1	13·0	12·8
	Chingleput	0·1	1·3	17·3	16·7	8·1	8·1	8·0	13·6	12·6	13·3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madras	Nil	0·8	14·0	..	7·8	6·8	6·9	14·3	12·0	12·1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	South Arcot	0·1	1·7	15·6	19·8	9·3	7·3	7·3	14·6	13·0	13·8	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Chittoor	Nil	1·4	19·8	17·2	8·9	8·3	8·7	16·6	14·8	14·4	..	..	..	18·7	12·1	12·3
	North Arcot	0·1	1·8	24·1	24·4	9·6	7·9	7·9	15·7	13·8	13·6	..	..	..	14·4	13·5	13·1
Central	Salem	0·1	1·7	28·5	22·5	8·7	7·7	7·7	16·6	13·2	13·3	..	..	..	15·2	13·5	13·7
	Coimbatore	0·1	1·0	17·6	13·9	8·5	7·2	7·3	13·8	13·0	14·8	13·4	13·2	13·2	15·4	12·1	12·4
	Trichinopoly	Nil	1·7	21·3	16·1	8·3	7·0	7·1	13·4	13·6	13·9	15·4	13·4	13·4	16·2	14·1	13·7
	Tanjore	0·2	1·2	18·7	16·8	8·6	7·3	7·3	15·2	15·9	13·6	16·6	13·1	13·2	16·7	11·7	11·8
	Pudukkottai	0·4	1·6	16·2	19·1	..	6·7	6·8	..	14·3	14·3	..	..	..	..	11·8	11·9
South	Madura	0·6	2·1	19·7	13·6	8·8	7·2	7·2	16·1	14·3	14·6	14·8	14·7	14·1	18·7	13·4	13·9
	Ramnad	0·1	0·8	15·8	10·1	8·6	7·6	7·6	15·7	14·0	14·0	15·2	13·7	13·7	12·4	11·8	12·1
	Tinnevelly	Nil	0·2	8·8	6·0	8·6	7·3	7·6	16·7	14·4	16·5	16·8	14·0	14·0	12·4	11·9	13·6
	Malabar	1·5	1·6	104·2	96·8	9·1	7·8	7·6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
West Coast	South Canara	1·4	1·8	122·1	120·4	9·7	8·4	8·6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Travancore	1·4	2·1	51·6	41·3	..	7·4	7·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Cochin	1·6	† 2·7	67·7	† 67·8	..	7·1	7·0	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hills	The Nilgiris	0·2	1·9	51·4	50·4	8·0	6·8	8·8	13·8	12·8	12·8	..	..	..	..	..	..

A = Agency. L = Littoral. * Average of the 15 years ending 1914-15. † Average of 10 years.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

Published by Authority.

No. 10.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 3, 1916. [Price, 1 a. 6 p.

Part III.—Proceedings of the Imperial Legislature.

CONTENTS.

Page.

Proceedings of the Indian Legislative Council assembled at Viceregal Lodge, Simla, on Tuesday the 5th September 1916 611

Supplement—
Act No. X of 1916.—An Act to prohibit or restrict trading by hostile foreigners and hostile firms and for other purposes—(Tamil), (Telugu), (Canarese) and (Malayalam).
Act No. XI of 1916.—An Act to provide further power to prohibit or restrict the import and export of goods to and from British India—(Tamil), (Telugu), (Canarese) and (Malayalam).

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT

Proceedings of the Indian Legislative Council assembled under the provisions of the Government of India Act, 1915 (5 & 6, Geo. V, Ch. 61).

The Council met at the Council Chamber at Viceregal Lodge, Simla, on Tuesday, the 5th September 1916.

PRESENT:

His Excellency BARON CHELMSFORD, P.C., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., G.C.M.G., Viceroy and Governor-General, *presiding*, and 57 Members, of whom 49 were Additional Members.

OATH OF OFFICE.

The following Additional Members made the prescribed oath or affirmation of allegiance to the Crown:—

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. Narasimheswara Sarma Garu.
" Mr. V. S. Srinivasa Sastri Avargal.
" Mr. John Sydney Wardlaw Milne.
" Mir Asad Ali, Khan Bahadur.
" Mr. K. Vasudeva Rangaswami Ayyangar Avargal.
" Mr. Mahomed Ali Jinnah.
" Khan Bahadur Saiyed Allahando Shah.
" Rai Sitanath Ray Bahadur.
" Maharaja Sir Manindra Chandra Nandi, K.C.I.E., of Kasim Bazar.
" Mr. Abdur Rahim.
" Babu Bhupendra Nath Basu
Rai Bahadur Bishan Dutt Shukul.
" Sir Francis Hugh Stewart, *Kt.*, C.I.E.
" Raj Bahadur Krishna Sahay.
" Raja Rejendra Narayan Bhanja Deo of Kanika.

The Hon'ble Mr. Mazharul Huque.
" Sir John Stewart Donald, K.C.I.E., C.S.I.
" Mr. James Walker, C.I.E.
" Subadar Major and Honorary Captain Ajab Khan, Sardar Bahadur, I.O.M.
" Khan Bahadur Mian Muhammad Shafi, C.I.E.
" Khan Zulfikar Ali Khan, C.S.I., of Maler Kotla.
" Mr. Chimanlal Harilal Setalvad.
" Mr. Kamini Kumar Chanda.
" Mr. Alexander Phillips Muddiman, C.I.E.
" Sir Verney Lovett, K.C.S.I.
" Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya.
" Mr. Charles Henry Kesteven
" Mr. Reginald Arthur Gamble.
" Surgeon-General Sir Charles Pardey Lukis, K.C.S.I.
" Sardar Bahadur Sardar Sunder Singh, Majithia.
" Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru.
" Raja Sir Rampal Singh, K.C.I.E., of Kotra Sudauli.
" Mr. Godfrey Butler Hunter Fell, C.I.E.
" Sir William Maxwell, K.C.I.E., M.V.O.
" Mr. Alfred Hamilton Grant, C.S.I., C.I.E.
" Mr. John Barry Wood, C.S.I., C.I.E.
" Sir Robert Woodburn Gillan, K.C.S.I.
" Mr. Frederick Campbell Ross
" Mr. Charles Ernest Low, C.I.E.
" Mr. Henry Sharp, C.S.I., C.I.E.
" Mr. Henry Fraser Howard, C.I.E.
" Mr. Sidney Robert Hignell
" Major-General Alfred Horsford Bingley, C.B., C.I.E.

HIS EXCELLENCY THE PRESIDENT:—"I regard it as a privilege to be able to welcome here to-day the third Imperial Legislative Council since the reform of the Council under Lord Minto. I, as a new Viceroy, meet a new Council, and I have every hope and confidence that in the days before us we shall work together for the good of India in a spirit of co-operation and good-will. For my part, I can assure you that it is my earnest desire to maintain unimpaired those harmonious relations which have always existed between the Council and my predecessors, and I lay great store on enlisting your help, and I am emboldened to believe that that help will always be forthcoming.

"In welcoming you to-day, I should like to refer to the absence of one who has long assisted in your debates, being, I am informed, the most senior Member of the last Council. I refer to Sir Gangadhar Chitnavis, who has sat in this Council for a period of about 12½ years. We shall all, I am sure, regret that he has felt unable to embark on a further term of office amongst us.

"Under the present constitution of our Council, the number of unallotted seats which I can dispose of by nomination is very small, and the exercise of this power has given me much anxious thought and consideration. I have weighed with the utmost care the claims and needs of the important communities and classes who can only be provided for by this method. There seems to me, however, to be one class which at this juncture has pre-eminent claims to furnish a representative to this Council. Its gallant deeds on the battle-fields of the Empire, its loyalty under circumstances often of great strain, and its patience under climatic and other hardships, have earned a right to our gratitude and affection. I refer to the sword-arm of our Indian Empire, His Majesty's Indian Forces. It was, therefore, a great pleasure to me to be able to find a representative of the Army whom I could nominate to this Council in the person of that gallant soldier and distinguished officer, Subadar-Major and Honorary Captain Ajab Khan, Sardar Bahadur, I.O.M., who has taken his seat here for the first time to-day.

"I need hardly say that it is with great regret that I find myself in consequence of this nomination unable to secure representation on this Council of other communities. It is a question for consideration, I think, whether the Viceroy's powers of nomination should not be further enlarged.

"I should now like to give you a resumé of the more salient features of interest since the last meeting of Council. I have on two occasions exercised the powers conferred on me by section 72 of the Government of India Act, 1915, and legislated by Ordinance. Both of these Ordinance deal with urgent situations created by the war. The first, the Import and Export of Goods Ordinance, 1915, confers very wide, but necessary, power to check the machinations of our enemies in respect more particularly of their endeavours to trade through neutral countries. The second, the Enemy Trading Ordinance, 1916, amplifies our control of trading in this country by subjects of enemy countries, whether directly or by more subtle means, and confers upon us powers which, I hope, will enable us to eradicate the taint of German and Austrian influence in the commerce of this country. Both measures are in pursuance of the general trade policy laid down by the Imperial Government which emphasises the fixed determination of all our dominions not to allow the re-establishment after this terrible war of the dominating influence which our enemies had so astutely achieved for themselves in many parts of our commercial world. As you

are aware, Ordinances of this kind are limited in duration, and we are asking you at the very earliest opportunity to confirm my action by embodying as Acts of this Council the emergency measures taken in the period intervening between the last and the present session. As to the other legislation that will be presented for your consideration, it will be of the usual type dealt with in our September sessions. Such of it as we shall ask you to pass into law is, in our opinion, non-controversial and unimportant in character; and in so far as we deal with more important measures, we are taking the opportunity afforded us by this session of advancing them a stage, postponing their consideration for our fuller session at Delhi in the cold weather.

"I turn now to discuss briefly proposals for legislation, which for one reason or another cannot be undertaken immediately, but with which progress has been made since this Council last met. As you are aware, it was decided to postpone further consideration in Council of the Criminal Procedure Code Amendment Bill, which was introduced in March 1914, until after the war, but following the precedent taken with success in the case of the Bill for the revision of the Civil Procedure Code in 1907, and in order that the matter may be ripe for your consideration when the time arrives, I have decided to appoint a small Committee to settle definitely the shape in which the measure will eventually be brought before this Council. The Committee on which the legal representation will be particularly strong will be presided over by the Hon'ble Mr Lowndes, and will assemble in Simla about the middle of this month.

"Another measure which has come under consideration is the general revision and consolidation of the Court Fees Act of 1870, which experience has shown to be out of date and defective. A draft amending Bill has now been prepared and circulated for the views of Local Governments.

"The very difficult and important question of usury in this country and of appropriate remedies to control it is still under consideration by my Government. The Local Governments have given us their views on the various suggestions put forward to meet this crying evil, and I hope to be in a position shortly to announce the conclusions eventually reached.

"Those of you who were Members of the last Council will be interested to hear the action taken since it broke up, on Resolutions brought before it. We have consulted Local Governments and Administrations on the subject-matter of the Hon'ble Mr. Dadabhoy's Resolution for the amelioration of the depressed classes of this country. We have commended to the notice of the same authorities Dr. M. N. Banerji's Resolution suggesting the advisability of establishing institutions for the purpose of giving medical students a special course of training in the Vernacular so as to qualify them for ordinary medical practice in rural areas, and in accordance with the Resolution moved by the Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Mir Asad Ali, we are investigating, in consultation with Local Governments, the possibility of placing the ancient and indigenous systems of medicines on a scientific basis and of adding to their usefulness. In the latter connection, you will be interested to know that a site has been granted on favourable terms to the Anjuman-i-Tibia for the construction of the Unani-Tibia College at Delhi.

"Lastly, as a result of the discussion in this Council at its last session, we are arranging for experiments in the improvement of vital statistics and for the investigation of malaria problems in Bengal. I have corresponded with the Governor of Bengal on this latter question, and the Hon'ble Member in the Department discussed it with Lord Carmichael when he was in Dacca the other day. It is impossible to exaggerate the importance of this question, and I hope that we shall be able in due course to formulate measures to deal with it as a result of these experiments.

"The decision to appoint a Commission to examine the question of the expansion and development of Indian manufactures and industries was announced by Sir William Clark when speaking on Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola's Resolution in this Council on 21st March last. Since that date the Commission has been formally constituted under the Chairmanship of Sir Thomas Holland, and it will assemble in full strength next month. Sir Thomas Holland, who arrived in May last, has in the meantime been conducting the necessary preliminary inquiries, and he is at present touring in the different provinces to prepare the ground for the investigations of the Commission. The Government of India have every hope that the work of the Commission, which is a very strong one, will result in the stimulation of existing industries, the foundation of others, and the increase of the material prosperity of the people of India.

"The Government of India are giving their very careful consideration to the question of trade after the war. They are examining in detail such heads of the export trade as were before the war wholly or mainly controlled or directed by enemy interests, and are also paying attention to certain other items which might possibly become so in future. For imports and exports alike they are collecting the information necessary for the full and proper presentment of the case for India, which will at no distant date have to be laid before the Imperial Conference on trade after the war, and at this Conference we have the Prime Minister's and the Secretary of State's assurance that India will be represented and taken into consultation with all the other parts of the British Empire.

"One of the most important questions which is now occupying the attention of my Government and of Provincial Governments, whom we have addressed on the subject, is that of a scheme to be substituted for indentured emigration as it is sometimes described. This is perhaps hardly a correct way of putting it, as it implies that we are trying to work out a scheme for the purpose of supplying labour to the Colonies, whereas the

scheme we are contemplating relates to a very different matter, viz., the control of the operations of persons so engaged. Labourers have a right to emigrate if they wish, and it would be very unwise and very undesirable on our part to prevent them, and we are, therefore, trying to devise arrangements which will secure that recruitment in this country is conducted under decent conditions, that a proper sex ratio will be maintained, and that, on arrival in the country at their destination, they will be properly treated and allowed to engage themselves on terms at least as free as those obtaining at present in the Malay Peninsula, where a labourer can leave his employer by giving a month's notice. These are the conditions, which, in our letter to Local Governments, we explained are regarded by the Government of India as necessary for a satisfactory system of emigration. I think it will be clear to all who have studied the question that the Government of India would be departing gravely from its duty if it allowed emigrant labour to leave this country without proper protection and safeguards. There are a certain number of labourers, I believe a very small number, who emigrate as genuine free labourers, that is to say, unassisted by pecuniary help and uninvited by any interested agency. But if we confine ourselves to the abolition of our existing indentured emigration, a position will arise in which the parties interested in procuring Indian labour will be free to induce labour to emigrate by pecuniary help under any conditions they like, so long as the labourer does not go under indenture. The abuses likely to arise out of such a state of things would be very serious. I need only refer to the state of affairs which existed before the amendment of the Assam Labour and Emigration Act in connection with so-called 'free labour'; the consequence of this system was, as Sir Charles Rivaz put it in his speech before the Legislative Council in 1901, that 'a horde of unlicensed and uncontrolled labour-purveyors and recruiters sprang into existence who, under the guise of assisting free emigration, made large illicit gains by inducing under false pretences ignorant men and women to allow themselves to be conveyed to Assam'. These emigrants were, it is true, placed under labour contracts on arriving in that province, but the abuses complained of arose in connection with the recruitment, and not with the contract. Similarly, when the system of indentured emigration first arose in India, the only precaution required was that intending emigrants should appear before a Magistrate and satisfy him as to their freedom of choice and their knowledge of the conditions they were accepting. It was shown in a report submitted in 1840 that abuses undoubtedly did exist in connection with recruitment in India, abuses which the constantly increased safeguards provided by successive acts of the legislature were designed to correct. Uncontrolled recruitment cannot, it is clear, be permitted under any circumstances. Lord Hardinge promised—and I associate myself with him—to deal with certain points raised by my Hon'ble friend, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, during the last session of the Legislative Council. These points were the better supervision of Colonial recruiting in India, the insertion of information regarding the penal conditions attaching to labour contracts in the indentures signed by intending emigrants and the undesirability of labourers in the Colonies being compelled to do work repellent to their caste ideas and religious beliefs. Regarding the first matter, we have already consulted Local Governments very fully when asking their views as to the precautions which will be required after the abolition of indentured emigration. As to the second point, you are no doubt aware that Fiji has now abolished imprisonment for labour offences, and other Colonies are arranging to follow suit. But there will still be certain provisions remaining which, we think, should be brought to the notice of intending emigrants, and we have arranged to do this as soon as the various Colonial Legislatures concerned have passed the amendments to which I have alluded. We have also asked the Secretary of State to press the third point on the attention of the Colonial Governments concerned. I should like to say just one more word about the reference we are making to Local Governments. The conditions under which we are to allow labour to be recruited in India and under which it should be employed in the Colonies are peculiarly matters on which Indian public opinion has every right to be heard, and on which we desire its full expression as an aid to us in formulating our proposals. We have, therefore, asked the Local Governments to consult private persons and associations who are specially interested in, or have special knowledge of, this important question, and we hope that the case, which we shall be able to put forward for the discussion which will shortly take place on this subject in London, will represent not only the result of our own experience and judgment, but the views of the most intelligent sections of the Indian community.

"As was indicated in Sir William Meyer's speech (paragraph 88) introducing the last Financial Statement, the Government of India have for some time past had in view a clearer definition, and an enlargement, of the financial powers of the Local Governments and of authorities subordinate to these. There was general agreement as to the desirability of an advance in this direction, but considerable difficulty was found in determining the manner in which the general principle of decentralisation should be applied. The practical impossibility of defining the powers of every authority in India, and of compiling an exhaustive statement of such powers, will be readily appreciated. On the other hand, the Secretary of State was unwilling to concede to us any general powers of delegation and re-delegation. I am glad, however, to say that we have made substantial progress. In the case of Provincial Governments, the Secretary of State has assented to the principle that their financial powers of sanction and control of Provincial expenditure can properly be placed in a position of substantial equality with the powers of the Government of India

in respect of Imperial expenditure. The extended powers with which Local Governments have been invested in pursuance of this policy have been defined in a Resolution recently issued. We hope that, as a result, there will be a considerable diminution in the occasions on which it will be necessary for Local Governments to refer to the Government of India in regard to matters that may, with advantage, be settled locally.

"In the case of the further delegation of powers to other authorities subordinate to the Government of India, as well as to Local Governments, no such simple solution offered itself, but we have obtained the Secretary of State's general approval to the following arrangement. Broad fundamental rules will be laid down specifying for each class of authority the limits within which powers may be delegated to them. The precise degree of delegation will then be settled by the Government of India for Imperial Departments, and by the Local Governments for Provincial, on the merits of each case. It will, for example, be optional for a Local Government in any particular case to delegate or not to delegate, and if it does delegate a given power, it can impose such conditions as it may consider necessary. The detailed rules to give effect to these arrangements are now before the Secretary of State, and we hope that they will soon be sanctioned.

"I ought perhaps to refer to the legislation which has been undertaken in Parliament to amend the provisions of the recent Government of India Act. With regard to one of the clauses of the Bill that was introduced for the purpose, some feeling has been evoked in this country; but as I have no desire to enter into the controversial aspect of the case, I will content myself with saying that the clause has now been definitely held over for further consideration after the war.

"The need for economy and the shortage of officers owing to the war have necessarily restricted the activities of those Departments of Government to which we look for material progress. You will, however, I think, agree with me that the thanks of the whole community are due in these days to the Agents of our railways for their energy and resource in coping with the very difficult task that has been set them. An increase of traffic has taken place due in the main to the diversion to railways of the whole of the coal-traffic between Bengal and the Western ports through the shortage of sea-freight. In normal times many additional facilities could have been provided rapidly to deal with the new situation. In present circumstances not only have our activities been restricted by financial considerations, but owing to the war difficulties in obtaining materials have been well-nigh insuperable. Thus additions to rolling-stock have been out of the question, and we have had much to do, even to keep existing stock in good order. Again the attention of railway administrations has not been devoted solely to railway work. Besides the manufacture of shell, a great deal of military work of a miscellaneous character has devolved upon the railways. The staff, too, has been depleted by the war, the railways having given up 350 officers and 1,500 subordinates for military duty or employment on railway work overseas under military control. Notwithstanding these manifold difficulties, there has been no serious breakdown of internal or external trade. This has been due, chiefly, to the whole-hearted endeavour of each railway administration to co-operate with others for the public good, and to the valuable assistance which has been given to railways by the commercial public.

"We are not unmindful of the future. The danger is still with us. We have taken counsel with the representatives of trade interests, and a Conference was convened in July, under the presidency of the Hon'ble Member in the Railway Department, to discuss the whole situation and make sure that no method of alleviating congestion was overlooked. Still the prospects at present are not altogether favourable. The outstanding need is that advantage should be taken of the slack season to increase stocks of coal throughout the country. But the difficulty unfortunately arises that conditions in the coal-fields preclude large raisings at this time of the year, owing to harvest operations, and this may interfere with the building up of stocks. We are all alive, however, to the needs of the situation. The raisings of coal will no doubt presently increase; before the pressure comes on us again, the capacity of our lines will have improved, and it is not unreasonable to hope that with the hearty co-operation between railways and the commercial public, evidence of which was a pleasing feature at the Conference I have mentioned, we shall be able to deal with the traffic during next cold weather.

"The activities of the departments administered by the Department of Revenue and Agriculture have also been restricted both by the need for economy and by the shortage of officers. Not only have the services of a considerable number of officers been placed at the disposal of the military authorities, but it is at present difficult to obtain suitable recruits, especially for the Forest and Agricultural Departments. We have lately, however, been able to secure the services of two experts from home to conduct special investigations. One of these is studying the problem of reviving the trade in natural indigo. If he can devise a means of standardising the natural product in a form which will enable it to compete with the German synthetic dye, it is to be hoped that the planters will adopt some co-operative system of manufacture and marketing, and thus place this once profitable industry on a sound basis for the future.

"A tannin expert has also recently arrived with a small extract plant, and is engaged on an investigation of the tanning materials yielded by various forests in India with a view to preparing tannin extracts for trial on a commercial basis. If his researches are successful, not only will the Forest Department obtain a new source of income, but the

tannin industry may be expected to develop on a large scale, and to produce good leather from the enormous quantities of hides which are at present exported from India in a raw condition.

"Mr. Lefroy's inquiries into the silk industry were interrupted by a visit to Mesopotamia, where he did valuable work in organising measures for the destruction of flies and vermin, but he has now returned and resumed his investigations. It is hoped that they will result in a considerable revival of this historic industry. Without forestalling his report, I think I may say that he will show that large parts of the country, especially the sub-mountane tracts, are suitable for the production of the silkworm, which cannot thrive in the arid heat of the plains. It is equally important to know the areas which are unsuitable, so that efforts to develop the industry may be concentrated in those tracts which offer the best prospect of success.

"The Hon'ble Mr. Hill explained at the discussion of the Financial Statement last March that the present period of comparative inactivity is being utilised for the preparation of schemes, especially in connection with agriculture, for development when more favourable conditions recur. It is my hope that these schemes will bear bountiful fruit during my term of office. The success of the researches at Pusa in selecting improved varieties of various crops, especially of wheat, has demonstrated the possibility of getting a vastly increased yield from indigenous species. There is room for many more workers in this field, and in course of time every large province should have a competent staff to work out local problems. There is equal room for expansion in the work of demonstrating the results of these researches. The Indian cultivator has shown himself quite ready to adopt improved methods as soon as he is convinced of their utility, and I look forward to a time when Demonstration Farms will be spread all over the country, bringing the practical results of scientific research within the reach of the agricultural masses.

"The improvement of agriculture, besides bringing prosperity and content to the majority of the population of India, will provide a worthy career for the young educated Indian who desires to serve his country, but does not always find the best way of doing it. The recommendations of the Conference on Agricultural Education, over which the Hon'ble Mr. Hill presided last February, have been considered by Government, and have recently been referred for the opinions of Local Governments. The Conference dealt, among other matters, with the question of reforming the system of education in our agricultural colleges. One of the chief needs of those colleges is to attract suitable students. The development of agricultural farms should tend to effect this object, but more farms can only be opened as men become available to manage them, and agricultural education and development are thus interdependent. I should like from my personal experience in Australia to lay stress on this. Agricultural colleges and Demonstration Farms have played a great part in the development of the agricultural industry in that country, and though the farming community is notoriously conservative, it has through these means been awakened to the possibilities opened out by science. I should like to impress this further fact on Indian parents. When they are planning the future of their sons, they might well pause to consider whether, instead of sending them to join the over-stocked market of the legal and literary professions, it would not be better to turn their attention to the possibilities of employment in scientific agriculture. As the department expands, it will afford greater opportunities of advancement, and the man who elects for this service may do well for himself and at the same time contribute to the prosperity of his country.

"I think it will interest the Council to hear that we have under consideration at present the question whether it is not possible and desirable, with due regard to economy and efficiency, to make certain radical alterations in the organisation of our Public Works Department on the Roads and Buildings side. As the Council is aware, the great bulk of the construction and repair work of public buildings of all classes, however unimportant, is at present done through the official agency of the Public Works Department. It seems to us not unreasonable to suppose that a good deal of the work of this character could be developed upon an agency, other than the Government Public Works agency, under the control of local bodies, while side by side with delegation to local agency, a stimulus might be given to private enterprise on a larger scale in connection with contracts for works. If this be found feasible it will, of course, follow that the Buildings and Roads Branch of our Public Works Department will eventually be susceptible of considerable reduction in establishment, since its functions, apart from the larger public buildings, will be in the main inspectorial. It is not merely on the score of economy that this change is under consideration. We feel that there is scope for very considerable improvement in our Engineering Colleges; and that if highly competent engineers were turned out by these institutions, there is no inherent reason why the graduates of those Colleges should not be able to enter upon private practice, either as architects or civil engineers, thus gradually building up—what at present is almost absent from India—a body of qualified engineering experts whose knowledge would be available on a much larger scale for private contracting firms. It will be realised that this question is one of great intricacy and importance, and requires very careful examination. I do not, therefore, propose to discuss the matter now in greater detail. Indeed, at the present moment, it would be undesirable, as we have proposed, for the Secretary of State's approval, that the whole question be examined by a Committee specially appointed for the purpose

who will investigate conditions throughout India and report to us upon the possibilities of change in the directions I have indicated. Here, again, I would suggest the possibility of outlets for the youth of India other than those found in the legal and literary professions.

"In the sphere of education the influence of the war has been very apparent. The Provincial Governments have, as the Council is aware, been forced by the financial situation to restrict their educational programmes, and the Government of India have for the same reason been unable to assist them with increased grants. We have, however, brought under their consideration three classes of educational effort in which some progress may suitably be made when better times recur. We have, in the first place, consulted Local Governments and the public on the lines, which should be followed in the important matter of the development of female education, especially in its primary phases—one of the most important and most difficult of the problems which have to be faced in the near future, and one which I could wish that we were better prepared to meet. We have also drawn attention to the claims on Government assistance possessed by institutions for the instruction of the blind and the deaf and dumb. And lastly, we have placed before the Provincial Governments the necessity of maintaining more systematic arrangements than at present for securing an adequate supply of properly-trained teachers—perhaps the most vital requirement in our educational system to-day. Since we last met, moreover, two new Universities have come into existence, one at Benares and one at Mysore, and much consideration has been given to the pending proposals for the institution of new Universities at certain other centres. The rules for the grant of scholarships in England have at the same time been consolidated and improved, and we have had correspondence with the Secretary of State on certain aspects of the complaints which have from time to time been made regarding the facilities for Indian students in England. I was glad in connection with his question to be able lately to announce the contribution of a special Delegation at Oxford and an inter-Collegiate Committee at Cambridge for the express purposes of meeting the needs of Indian students, whose numbers at these two Universities are said to have trebled in the last ten years.

"In matters connected with local self-government, I may note that, in view of the position assumed of recent years by aliens in certain of our towns, we have found it necessary to ask Local Governments to ensure that in future aliens shall have no right to vote for election to, or to sit upon, municipal or district councils in this country. In several provinces there are measures of importance relating to municipalities and district boards which have been for some time under discussion. To one of these—the United Provinces Municipal Act—I have recently given my assent, and this measure—quite apart from the special provisions regarding communal representation which have attracted so much public attention—may be said to mark a very real and important step in the direction of self-government in local affairs.

"Turning to foreign affairs, I am happy to be able to state that the relations between His Majesty the Amir of Afghanistan and the Government of India continue to be of the most cordial and friendly character. His Majesty, I need hardly tell you, is scrupulously observing the neutral attitude which he guaranteed at the beginning of the war and has since re-affirmed.

"On the North-West Frontier, the tranquillity to which my predecessor alluded in his last speech in this Council has happily been maintained. This almost unprecedented calm on this usually restless border is due partly to the attitude of His Majesty the Amir, partly to the punishment inflicted last year on the few aggressive sections, but chiefly to the innate good sense and loyalty of the tribes as a whole, who have now realised that this war involves no menace to their religion, as they were at first falsely led to believe by enemy agents and interested schemers. Not that our enemies have entirely abandoned their campaign of religious misrepresentation, but I have every confidence that false promises of these mischief-makers will now fall on deaf ears, and that our tribesmen will not again be tempted to turn in mistrust against a Government, whose unswerving policy has been to respect and safeguard the religion of its peoples and uphold the standard of religious freedom.

"The relations between His Majesty's Government and the Government of Persia have never been more harmonious. In realisation of the unity of purpose which animates both, the Persian Government have invited and welcomed our assistance in the raising and training of a Persian force to purge the south of the last traces of German intrigue, and to police the main trade routes leading to the sea. And with this assistance, which we on our part were glad to be able to afford them, the Persian Government, I am confidently assured, will shortly be enabled to bring back the blessings of order and prosperity to the southern provinces, and thereby to draw still closer those bonds of remotest we which from time immemorial have knit India and Persia together.

"I now turn to consider the situation in this country. In spite of the machinations and intrigues of our enemies, India's loyalty remains as steadfast as in 1914, when the outbreak of hostilities led to that conspicuous and ever-memorable wave of enthusiasm for the cause of the Empire and its Allies, which swept from one end of the country to the other.

"In Bengal, where political dacoities and dastardly murders of Indian police officers still continue, the position has given, and is giving, us all cause for anxious thought. We are, in consultation with the Local Government, closely considering the situation,

and in particular we are endeavouring to elucidate the causes of this sinister development in what was at one time a most peaceful province. As a measure of immediate and practical relief, we have taken important steps to strengthen and protect the police force which is engaged in maintaining law and order, but we are not unmindful of the necessity for finding remedies which will go to the root-cause of the evil.

"I do not intend to enter into further details to-day, and will leave the subject with the remark that I feel sure that you will all agree that it is impossible for Government to tolerate the indefinite continuance of dangerous activities which strike at the foundations of all constituted authority.

"It is in pleasant contrast that I turn to the situation in the Punjab, where a peace, which was momentarily disturbed by a handful of returned emigrants who found themselves after their absence entirely out of sympathy with their own countrymen, has been satisfactorily restored. While speaking on the subject of the Punjab, I would like to say with what gratification I received—as I am sure its officers and people did—the sanction of the Secretary of State to the creation of a High Court at Lahore as soon as the termination of the present war makes this possible.

"The last subject with which I shall deal to-day is the war. You must all of you be conscious that since the last Session of this Council a great change has come over the military situation in the main theatres of conflict. The chief features of that change I shall presently attempt to describe. But first I wish to deal with events in a minor theatre of war—Mesopotamia—in which India is very closely interested and where, owing to difficulties of country and climate, our forces have been subject to great hardships.

"The gallant garrison of Kut, reduced to the last extremity, had perforce to surrender before relief could be afforded, but the stubborn resistance offered under adverse circumstances, and the fine spirit displayed by both the Commander and his men—British and Indian—will ever be memorable. During the hot weather months active operations in Mesopotamia have not been undertaken, but our occupation of enemy territory has been further consolidated and experience gained which will assist our Commanders' when the campaign again develops.

"Hon'ble Members will doubtless have noted that the conduct of the campaign in Mesopotamia has lately been the subject of criticism in Parliament and the Press, and that the Government of India and its Army Department have been blamed for certain failures in administration which are alleged to have occurred in that country. As the whole question is about to be investigated by a Royal Commission, the present time is not opportune for a discussion of the case. I would, however, suggest that there is another side to the picture. We have in fairness to ourselves the right to ask our critics to survey the situation as a whole, and I shall endeavour to place before you in studiously considered outline a summary of what India has done during the past two years.

"The winter of 1914-15 was one of the most critical periods of the war, for it was evident that the troops then available on the Continent and in the United Kingdom were inadequate for the defensive rôle allotted to them, and that the only way, pending the raising and training of the new armies, in which the position could be saved, was by replacing the regulars serving in the Mediterranean and colonial garrisons with territorials, and by drawing upon India for troops to the fullest possible extent. The demands then made on us were honoured in full and with the utmost promptitude. Two cavalry and two infantry divisions, completely equipped in every respect, with staffs, guns, horses, transport, ambulances and all requisite auxiliary services, were despatched to France. Of the endurance and gallantry displayed by the Indian Corps while serving in the trenches during the trying winter of 1914-15 and again in the severe fighting that took place in the following spring, I need hardly speak, for its details are known to you all. Despite a wastage in *personnel* of over 150 per cent per annum, and a considerable loss in animals, the Indian Corps were always kept up to strength and liberally provided with clothing, munitions and equipment from India.

"At the same time as the despatch of troops to France, nearly the equivalent of a division was sent to East Africa, while one cavalry and six infantry brigades were despatched to Egypt. Very soon after, a division, complete in every respect, was sent to Mesopotamia, where it has since been largely reinforced, while smaller forces were employed at Muskat, in the Persian Gulf and at Aden. All these forces, were based on India, which provided the drafts of men and animals and the food, forage and material required for their maintenance.

"Besides the heavy burden of having to meet the needs of four expeditionary forces at the same time, India had to maintain the troops on her frontiers and to conduct operations which attracted little attention at the time, but which were nevertheless on a considerable scale.

"The Army in India has thus proved a great Imperial asset, and in weighing the value of India's contribution to the war, it should be remembered that India's forces were no hasty improvisation, but were an army in being, fully equipped and supplied, which had previously cost India annually a large sum to maintain.

"I wish that time would permit of my giving you an account in greater detail of the assistance in men and material which India has furnished and is furnishing to the cause of the Empire. It would show the strain that is still imposed upon us by the maintenance of these large forces overseas. It would not however be justifiable at this stage of my

speech to inflict on you a full recital of these facts and figures. Still I cannot refrain from mentioning a few salient points.

"On the outbreak of war, of the 4,598 British officers on the Indian establishment, 630 who were at home on leave, were detained by the War Office for service in Europe. 2,600 combatant officers have been withdrawn from India since the beginning of the war, excluding those who proceeded on service with their batteries or regiments. In order to make good these deficiencies and provide for war wastage, the Indian Army Reserve of Officers was expanded from a total of 49, at which it stood on the 1st August 1914, to one of 2,000.

"The establishments of Indian units have not only been kept up to strength, but have been considerably increased. There has been an augmentation of 20 per cent in the cavalry and of 40 per cent in the infantry, while the number of recruits enlisted since the beginning of the war is greater than the entire strength of the Indian Army as it existed on the 1st August 1914. These remarkable results may be attributed to the confidence inspired by the British officers of the Indian Army, the cordial co-operation of the civil authorities, and the loyal response of the people of India.

"Recruiting has been opened to several classes to whom military service was previously closed. Considerable public interest has been aroused by the sanction given for the formation of a Bengali double company which will be trained on the frontier and sent on active service. The Bengal Stationary Hospital, recently broken up, rendered admirable service in Mesopotamia, and its record there was one of which the promoters of the scheme may well be proud.

"The despatch of so many expeditionary forces from India has necessitated a great expansion in military transport. Four Camel Transport Corps and twenty-seven Mule Corps have been despatched on service, representing a total of over 13,000 men and 17,000 animals. To replace these units and provide for wastage, some sixteen new Transport Corps and cadres have been formed.

"Six labour corps have been sent to the front and some 1,500 overseers, draftsmen, clerks, store-keepers, carpenters, smiths, mechanics, etc., have been despatched to Mesopotamia for duty on military works, and India has supplied large stocks of military material.

"In respect of medical *personnel* and equipment—and this is a matter in regard to which the Government of India have come in for special criticism—India's contributions towards overseas expeditions have been on a very big scale. Forty field ambulances, 6 clearing hospitals, 35 stationary hospitals, 18 general hospitals, 9 X-Ray sections, 8 sanitary sections, 7 advanced depôts and 1 general medical store depot are now serving overseas. The *personnel* provided for these units and other services amounts to 258 officers of the R.A.M.C., 704 I.M.S. officers, 40 lady nurses, 475 assistant surgeons, 854 sub-assistant surgeons, 724 British nursing orderlies, 2,843 Indian ranks and nearly 20,000 Indian followers. In order to meet the heavy demands on the Indian Medical Service, 344 officers have been withdrawn from civil employment, and some 200 private practitioners and civil assistant surgeons have been given temporary commissions. In the subordinate branches, 205 assistant surgeons and 560 sub-assistant surgeons in various kinds of civil employment have been released for military duty. The strain which has been caused to the Civil Medical Department by these changes and withdrawals has been very great. In the medical sphere, in fact, it must be patent to all that in responding to the demands made upon us, we have gone as far as it was possible to go.

"The efficient working of the Indian Ordnance Department is shown in the enormous increase in the output from our factories and arsenals since the outbreak of war. To name one item only, I note that we have supplied the War Office with stores to the value of 2 millions sterling, including some 265,000 high explosive empty shell manufactured by the Munitions Branch. The Indian Ordnance was only organised to supply the requirements of military operations on the North-West Frontier, and it is, therefore, no small tribute to its power of expansion that it has been able to deal so successfully with such vastly increased demands.

"The work of the Royal Indian Marine in connection with the war has been of great importance. 171 vessels have been chartered and fitted up as transports, and since the beginning of the war the sailings of transports from Bombay alone had, up to the end of July, numbered 926, and the arrivals 1,044. These figures give some idea of the shipping and transport work which has to be dealt with by the Marine and Embarkation staffs at Bombay. Moreover, 78 steamers, 120 launches and 207 lighters and barges have been purchased and prepared for service in Mesopotamia. 192 officers and 7,000 Indian seamen and stokers are now serving in the Government flotilla on the rivers of Mesopotamia. Work has been carried on under high pressure in the Royal Indian Marine dockyards at Bombay and Kidderpore, and several dockyards and repair shops for river craft have been established in Mesopotamia.

"The Railway Board, besides controlling the manufacture of munitions outside Ordnance factories, has provided the material and *personnel* required for the construction and working of military railways in East Africa, Mesopotamia and at Aden.

"In addition to all the material, rolling-stock and engines required for these railways, the Board has equipped and staffed a number of workshops overseas, and constructed on behalf of the military authorities various descriptions of vehicles and equipment, such as armoured motor cars, motor lorry bodies, water tanks, as also eleven complete armoured trains, and 7 hospital trains.

"Hon'ble Members will, I think, agree that the account of what India has contributed towards the war is a record of loyal achievement of which, as the Secretary of State recently stated in Parliament, she may indeed be proud.

"The Ruling Princes and Chiefs of India have continued to give invaluable assistance towards the prosecution of the war and the relief of sick and wounded soldiers. Among recent contributions have been the Rajputana gift of over 4½ lakhs for aircraft, machine guns and motor ambulances, the gift of Rs. 45,000 by His Highness the Maharaja of Rewa and the Solānki Rajputs Chiefs for the purchase of aeroplanes; the gift of one lakh of rupees by His Highness the Maharaja Rolkar of Indore, and of 2½ lakhs by His Highness the Maharaja of Bikaner from his privy purse. Hospital accommodation has been provided or offered by Their Highnesses the Maharajas of Patiala, Bikaner, Datia, Benares, Jind and Kapurthala, the Maharao of Sirohi, the Nawab of Maler Kotla and the Raja of Sukēt, and substantial contributions have been received from the Rulers of Cutch, Limbdi, Dasāda, Sonpur, Bahawalpur, Faridkot, Manipur, Dhār, Jaora, Barwani, Ali Rajpur, Raghugarh and Shahpura.

"The Imperial Service Troops are still doing very valuable work on the various fronts, notably the Mysore Lancers and the Bikaner Camel Corps in Egypt, the Kashmir Rifles, Jind Infantry and Faridkot Sappers in East Africa, and the Maler Kotla Sappers in Mesopotamia, and I am glad to hear that the Kashmir and Jind Durbars have recently received a special message of congratulation from General Smuts on the efficiency of their troops. The Sirmur Sappers had the distinction of assisting in the gallant defence of Kut.

"The veteran warrior, His Highness Sir Pratap Singh, after a brief visit to India, has returned to France, where, with His Highness the Raja of Rutlām, he continues to uphold the name of the Rajputs for patriotism and valour.

"To all these and to those other Rulers whose princely gifts and loyal services have been acknowledged on previous occasions, I should like to offer, on behalf of myself and my colleagues in this Council, our warmest and most sincere thanks.

"And now, in conclusion, I will briefly pass in review the present military aspects of the great battle fronts where not only the destiny of the belligerent nations but the future course of civilisation is being decided.

"During the interval that has elapsed since the closing of our session in March last the great war has raged with increased intensity in all its main theatres. The outstanding feature of this period is the fact that the initiative has been wrested from our enemies, and that the improved position of Great Britain and her Allies in the matter of men and munitions has enabled a general and forcible offensive to be undertaken.

"The prodigious efforts and enormous sacrifices made by the Germans against Verdun have so far proved abortive, and the valiant French army has not only more than held its own, but has achieved conspicuous success in the recent stirring operations on the Somme. Our own successes in this latter area, which had been prepared and strengthened by the enemy for some two years by every modern device, are very significant and bear testimony to the completeness of our preparations and technical equipment and to the fine spirit and bravery of the troops.

"In the Eastern theatre, the Russians commenced their great offensive movement early in June, and the subsequent operations have proceeded with almost uninterrupted success on a wide front, resulting in the recovery of much lost ground, the re-occupation of a large tract of enemy country, and the capture of some 300,000 Austrian and German prisoners and vast quantities of war material.

"In the Southern theatre, the Austrian offensive initiated in the spring was quickly checked, and our Italian Ally seizing her opportunity assumed a vigorous offensive on both the Trentino and Isonzo fronts, and is now in occupation of important strategical points in the enemy's country.

"In the Balkans, developments have been slow, as the allied forces entrenched before Salonika were obviously awaiting the psychological moment. With the adherence of Roumania to our cause, I think we may say that that moment has now arrived. The action of Roumania at this juncture has a peculiar significance which Hon'ble Members must have correctly appreciated without needing elaboration from me.

"In Asia Minor, our Russian Ally is making steady progress notwithstanding the great physical difficulties of the country, and is now in occupation of the greater part of Armenia.

"At the beginning of last month a signal success was gained by our forces in Egypt resulting in the complete defeat and dispersion of the enemy.

"In German East Africa, our troops are gradually overcoming all the great physical difficulties and driving the enemy before them. The successful issue of these operations can scarcely be much longer delayed, and the loss of this Protectorate, her last remaining colonial possession, will be a staggering blow to the pride and prestige of Germany.

"Our Navy still exercises command of the sea. The one serious attempt made by the enemy to challenge our supremacy ended in failure and flight. Losses on both sides were considerable, but the fact remains that the German fleet was driven from the seas, and that the grip of our blockade is firmer than ever.

"I cannot let this occasion pass without alluding to the irreparable loss which our Empire has suffered in the untimely death of Field-Marshal Lord Kitchener, seven years of whose valuable and strenuous life were spent in the services of this country. He lived to see the great work he had accomplished in connection with the war producing the results for which he had striven, and in the day of victory the great part he played will not be forgotten.

"Against a loss such as we have suffered by his death against checks, disappointments and delays inevitable in a war waged on so vast a scale, we must continue steadfastly to steel our hearts, relying on the justice of the cause for which we fight, firmly trusting that the grievous sacrifices required of us will not have been offered up in vain, and confident that the tide of battle, now at last setting strongly against our enemies, will finally sweep away all political ideals which are based on militarism and aggression, and leave peace once more firmly established among the nations of the earth

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

The Hon'ble Mr M. B DADABHOY asked:—

Refund of money deducted on account of income-tax from interest on Government paper, etc.

1. "(*a*) Is it a fact that large numbers of applications for the refund of money deducted on account of income-tax at the maximum rate of one anna per rupee from the interest due upon Government paper, debentures and other securities are now lying in all important centres and cannot be disposed of immediately owing to the delay on the part of the Government of India in issuing instructions to the Local Governments in that behalf?

(*b*) If so, will Government be pleased to issue prompt orders on the subject?"

The Hon'ble Sir WILLIAM MEYER replied:—

"I am glad to take the opportunity which the Hon'ble Member's question affords me of explaining the exact position with regard to refunds of income-tax on the interests on securities taxable under Part III of the second Schedule. As I pointed out last March, when introducing the Income-tax Amendment Bill, the extension of the principle of graduation must result in a considerable increase in the number of persons entitled to claim abatement in respect of income-tax paid on interest on securities; and, under the new procedure prescribed in the Act, a consequent increase in the number of applications for refunds is inevitable. The actual administration of the Act rests with Local Governments and Administrations, and a notification was issued last May under section 38 of the Act delegating to them the power to make rules prescribing the procedure for dealing with refund applications. But in view of the greater importance now attached to the system of refunds, and the need for devising as simple a procedure as possible, the rules may take time to elaborate, and, in the meanwhile, it is within the competence of Local Governments to dispose of refund application, in the exercise of their ordinary administrative powers. The Hon'ble Member will no doubt recognise that some delay is inseparable from the introduction of a new procedure, involving a considerable amount of work; but no information has been received which suggests that large numbers of applications for refunds are now awaiting disposal, or that any general return, beyond that already taken by the Government of India, is necessary to prevent inconvenience during the period which must elapse before the form of the rules can be settled. As I have explained the specific working of the Act is in the hands of Local Governments."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. B. DADABHOY asked:—

Government of India (Amendment) Bill.

2. "(*a*) Were the Government of India consulted by the Government of the United Kingdom about the provisions of the Government of India (Amendment) Bill lately introduced in Parliament?

(*b*) Will the correspondence on the subject, if any, between this Government and the Secretary of State in Council be laid on the table?"

The Hon'ble Sir REGINALD CRADDOCK replied:—

"The Government of India were consulted in regard to the provisions of the Government of India (Amendment) Bill, which has now been passed by Parliament. It is not intended to lay on the table the correspondence which passed on the subject between the Government of India and the Secretary of State in Council."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. B. DADABHOY asked:—

Appointment of Boards of Scientists for the development of India's industries.

3. "(*a*) Is it a fact that the industrial development of modern Germany has been in a large measure due to the researches of permanent Boards of Scientists devoted to the work of finding out the best means for the utilisation of by-products and waste vegetable and animal matter, and of simplifying processes of manufacture?

(*b*) If the answer to (*a*) is in the affirmative, do the Government propose to consider the question of appointing strong Boards of Scientists at the different Provincial headquarters for research work on the German model with the object of providing proper facilities for the development of Indian industries?"

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES replied:—

"The Government of India believe that the industrial development of Germany has been due in part to the researches by Scientists employed by the owners of German industrial establishments. So far as they are aware these Scientists were in all cases paid by the owners of the industries concerned, and not by the State. They have no information with regard to the institution of Boards of Scientists such as are suggested in the first part of the question.

With reference to the second part of the question, the Government of India propose to await the report of the Indian Industrial Commission."

Continuance of the Punjab as a Non-regulation Province.

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur MIAN MUHAMMAD SHAFI asked:—

4. "Will the Government be pleased to state the reasons for which the Punjab continues to be a Non-regulation Province?"

The Hon'ble Sir REGINALD CRADDOCK replied:—

"The Hon'ble Member is referred to paragraph 30 (Volume I) of the Report of the Royal Commission upon Decentralization in India, 1909. The distinction between Regulation and Non-regulation Provinces is passing away, and the system of administration in the Punjab is rapidly approximating to that prevailing in provinces to which the term 'Regulation' is applied."

Punjab share of its revenues.

The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur MIAN MUHAMMAD SHAFI asked:—

5. (1) Has the attention of the Government been invited to a leading article on 'The Punjab share of the Punjab Revenues' published in the Civil and Military Gazette of 30th July 1916?

(2) Is it a fact—

(a) that in 1913-14, the Punjab Government received for its own use 53 per cent of its revenues as compared with 62 per cent in the United Provinces and 72 per cent in Bihar and Orissa;

(b) that the Government of India takes half the Punjab land-revenue without contributing anything towards the cost of the revenue staff amounting to 50 lakhs;

(c) that the Government of India pays 4¼ lakhs out of 17¾ lakhs towards the general administration of the Punjab;

(d) that the Government of India takes 18 lakhs out of the revenue derived from Court-fee stamps in the Punjab without contributing anything towards the cost of Law and Justice in the Province;

(e) that the major portion of the earnings of the North-Western Railway is derived from the territories administered by the Punjab Government; and

(f) that the North-Western Railway does not contribute towards the cost of the Punjab administration?

(3) Will the Government be pleased to state if it is considering, or proposes to consider, the question of granting to the Punjab a greater share of its revenues, and a reasonable share of the earnings of the North-Western Railway?"

The Hon'ble Sir WILLIAM MEYER replied:—

"(1) The Government of India have seen the article referred to.

(2) The Hon'ble Member does not appear to have studied the fundamental principles underlying the settlements with Local Governments. These were explained in paragraphs 2, 3 and 7 of the Resolution in the Finance Department No. 27-F., dated the 18th May 1912, which was published in the *Gazette of India* of the same date, and their objects are to give Provincial Governments an interest in the cost of services controlled by them and adequate powers in regard to the administration of those services. In accordance with these principles, the bulk of the cost of the ordinary administration of the provinces is borne by the Provincial Governments. In order to meet this, they are allotted adequate revenues under various growing heads, the elasticity of which is sufficient to provide for due development with its accompanying growth of expenditure. The arrangements referred to by the Hon'ble Member by which the Imperial Government takes half of the revenue from land and Court-fees, while the Provincial Government bears the entire cost of the revenue and judicial staff and the bulk of the cost of general administration, are thus not peculiar to the Punjab. Railways, again, are an entirely Imperial asset. Generally speaking, the revenues placed at the disposal of Provincial Governments have no specific relation to the total revenues collected in the areas under their administration. Were this not the case, the maritime provinces (for example) would have a great advantage by reason of the customs revenues received there.

The facts put in part 2 of the Question are generally as stated. They are not, however, relevant in respect of a revision of a Provincial settlement in view of the considerations which I have already explained. I may observe in this connection that the payment of Rs. 4½ lakhs by the Government of India mentioned in part 2 (c) of the Question relates to accounts establishments, which are an Imperial charge, though they are largely concerned with the audit of Provincial revenues and expenditure.

(3) The Government of India have no reason to think that the resources, at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, are insufficient for their needs. In fact, the Provincial

balances of that province had become so large under the present scheme that an arrangement was recently sanctioned, at the instance of the Local Government, by which a sum of one crore of rupees out of those balances was surrendered to the Government of India in return for a permanent recurring grant. In these circumstances, the Government of India have no intention of placing the Punjab in a specially favoured position by provincialising railway receipts there or by otherwise varying the existing distribution of revenues and expenditure between the Provincial and Imperial Governments. Nor has such a course been suggested by the Local Government."

The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir MANINDRA CHANDRA NANDI asked:—

Agricultural Demonstration Farms.

8. "What is the total number of agricultural Demonstration Farms, province by province, in India?"

The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. A. HILL replied:—

"A statement is laid on the table showing the numbers of the Experimental and Demonstration Farms in the various provinces on 1st January 1915. Later statistics are not as yet available.

Statement showing the numbers of Experimental and Demonstration Farms on 1st January 1915.

Provinces	Number of farms
Madras	11
Central Provinces	14
United Provinces	21
Punjab	6
Burma	11
Assam	5
Bengal	8
Bombay	34
Bihar and Orissa	7
Total ..	117"

The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir MANINDRA CHANDRA NANDI asked:—

Grant of subsidies to Indian Industries.

7. "Will the Indian Industrial Commission inquire into the desirability of granting any bonus, subsidy or guarantee of any kind to any Indian industry?"

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES replied:—

"The attention of the Hon'ble Member is drawn to paragraph 3 (*b*) (iii) of the Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 3403, dated the 19th May 1916, announcing the appointment of, and the terms of reference to, the Commission. For the Hon'ble Member's convenience I am sending to him a print of the Resolution."

The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir MANINDRA CHANDRA NANDI asked:—

Agricultural and fishing resources of India.

8. "Will the Government be pleased to state if a thorough examination of the agricultural and fishing resources of India lies within the purview of the Indian Industrial Commission?"

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES replied:—

"The work of the Commission will be in connection with manufacturing industries, and a thorough examination of the agricultural and fishing resources of the country, a purpose for which separate departments already exist, will not therefore fall within its purview. In so far, however, as agriculture and fisheries are interwoven with industries, the Commission will doubtless deal with those subjects."

The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur KRISHNA SAHAY asked:—

Separate University for Bihar and Orissa.

9. "(*a*) Is it a fact that there is a strong public desire in the Province of Bihar and Orissa for a separate University?

(*b*) Will the Government be pleased to state when the Patna University Bill is likely to be introduced into this Council?"

The Hon'ble Sir C. SANKARAN NAIR replied:—

"(*a*) The answer is in the affirmative.

(*b*) The Government hope to introduce the Bill shortly, but are unable to say, at present, when it is likely to be introduced."

STATEMENT LAID ON THE TABLE.

The Hon'ble Sir REGINALD CRADDOCK:—I beg to lay on the table a * statement showing by provinces the total strength and cost of the Criminal Investigation Department for each of the years 1904-05, 1911-12, 1912-13, and 1913-14, which was promised in reply to a question asked by the Hon'ble Mir Asad Ali Khan Bahadur, on the 21st March 1916."

* Vide Appendix A to these Proceedings.

THE ENEMY TRADING BILL.

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES:—"I beg to move for leave to introduce a Bill to prohibit or control trading by hostile foreigners and hostile firms and for other purposes."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES:—"I beg to introduce the Bill. The principles embodied in it mark the change of feeling and change of opinion which have taken place throughout the British Empire. Generally speaking, the policy throughout the British Empire at the beginning of the war was to control hostile firms and enemy concerns, and to allow their trading to continue subject to supervision—the principal object of the supervision being to prevent goods or money reaching hostile countries. In the United Kingdom, this end was effected by the appointment of Inspectors, Supervisors, and Controllers, and, I think, very much the same line was taken throughout the Dominions. In India, a stronger policy was adopted, a policy of licenses to trade and licenses to liquidate, the result of this policy being the suspended animation, and not the complete extinction of, the firms concerned. In the United Kingdom, at the beginning of this year, a new Trading with the Enemy Act was passed which provided that enemy concerns should, in the absence of special reasons to the contrary, be completely wound up, and this policy has been followed, or is in process of being followed, by the Dominions also. The object of this Bill is similarly one of complete extinction of the hostile firms dealt with. I will not say that the proposal is that India should follow the Dominions or the United Kingdom; for I believe that in India we have arrived at the same conclusion quite independently. In these circumstances, and pressed with the urgency of the case, His Excellency passed the Ordinance which is known as the Enemy Trading Ordinance, 1916, and by his directions I have taken the earliest opportunity of bringing the Ordinance in the form of a Bill for the consideration of the Council. The policy of complete elimination of German trading interests which the Home Government and the Governments of the Dominions have each individually thought necessary for their protection seems to the Government of India to be doubly necessary in this country, for enemy trading companies and associations, which are not of a trading character, have often been here used for political ends. The Ordinance has been before the public since June last, and so far as I am aware, there has not been one single word of criticism against it, and the Bill follows the Ordinance word for word with one or two comparatively small exceptions. The Statement of Objects and Reasons, which has been submitted to you, gives you clause by clause the contents of the Bill, and I do not think that I ought to take up your time by going through the clauses in detail. The principal clauses of the Bill are clauses 4 and 5, and these two clauses are the back-bone of the Bill. They contain the policy of the Bill, viz., the complete winding up of enemy firms and companies. Clause 6, you will also see, is of importance. Under clause 6 the Governor General in Council has power to cancel contracts, and indeed, I ought to point out to you that this clause differs slightly from the Ordinance which it follows generally, in that the power is extended to cancel sub-contracts and sub transfers when they are contrary to the public interest, or made with the object of evading any provision of the law. Then clause 7 gives power to the Governor General in Council to vest the property of hostile and enemy firms in a Custodian, and, under rules which have been made, the proceeds of the liquidation of hostile and enemy firms will likewise be vested in this officer, and the money and property will be retained until the end of the war, when it will be dealt with in accordance with the policy which may then be determined on. These clauses, I think, are the principal part of the Bill. The Bill, I believe, has the wholehearted support of the commercial community in this country, and I hope that it will be passed as an emergency measure as it now stands. I beg, My Lord, to introduce the Bill."

The Hon'ble Mr. M. B DADABHOY:—"My Lord, I crave Your Excellency's permission to make one observation in connection with the Government practice of introducing emergent legislations. This Bill was placed in the hands of Members of this Council only this morning. It is true, as the Hon'ble Member has rightly remarked, that the Bill only embodies what was previously promulgated by way of Ordinance, and that there have been no criticisms in regard to it. I have nothing to say against this particular measure; but I think the time has now arrived to make an alteration in the existing practice. I submit Your Lordship will be pleased to consider the advisability of placing all emergent Bills in the hands of members at least 24 hours before the Bills are introduced. I am quite sure that many of my Hon'ble Colleagues have not even given a glance to the Bill, and certainly had no opportunity of going through it. I have no doubt that the Bill is excellently drafted; I entertain great respect for the forensic and drafting ability of the Legislative Department; but the non-official assistance would be always useful, and I trust Government will be pleased to order that, in future, all emergent Bills are placed in the hands of Hon'ble Members at least a reasonable time before they are formally introduced in Council."

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES:—"My Lord, I can only say that the point which the Hon'ble Member has made will be most carefully considered. It seems to me that there is a great deal of force in what he said.

I now move that the Rules of Business be suspended."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—"I suspend the Rules of Business."

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES.—" My Lord, I move that the Bill be taken into consideration."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES.—" My Lord, I move that the Bill be passed."

The motion was put and agreed to.

THE IMPORT AND EXPORT OF GOODS BILL.

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES:—" I beg to move for leave to introduce a Bill to provide further power to prohibit or restrict the import and export of goods to and from British India:—This Bill, like the Bill which the Council have just passed, is an urgent war measure. The economic pressure which the British Empire is bringing to bear on Germany and Austria has already played an important part in the war, and in order that it may continue to be effectively employed, it is absolutely necessary that all overseas traffic in every part of the Empire should be brought under control. With this aim the Bill follows the legislation on the subject in the United Kingdom, and gives power to prohibit imports and exports not only from or to various countries, but from or to various individuals. As is well-known, there are a number of traders in neutral countries who are either enemy subjects, or are at any rate working in enemy interests. It is these persons—persons on what we call the commercial black list—that we have primarily in view. It is against them in particular that the powers in the Bill are intended to be used. It is, I am sure every member of this Council will agree, necessary to effectually and indirect as well as direct trading with the enemy. The Government of India, on the other hand, fully agree and fully recognise that all restrictions on trade are undesirable, except where necessity is imperative, and we have taken steps to secure that the minimum of inconvenience shall be caused to the commercial community. With this end in view, Collectors of Customs, acting of course on general lines laid down for them by Government, have been empowered to issue licenses permitting articles to go to certain destinations under certain conditions, and they are thus able to take bonds in cases where arrangements for the proper supervision of the disposal of consignments in neutral countries have not been completed, or where the necessary information about consignments is lacking and exporters are anxious to send away goods in a hurry.

" I do not think I need go through the clauses in detail, but clause 4 follows closely the English legislation in throwing the burden of proof in respect of prohibited or restricted goods on the importer or exporter, as the case may be.

" Clause 6.—Perhaps I ought to call attention to this clause. It validates past action and is a necessary provision, although, thanks to the loyal co-operation of importers and exporters in this country, instances where difficulty has occurred are extremely rare. This Bill, like the last Bill, follows the Ordinance which has been before the public since the month of June. I quite appreciate what the Hon'ble Member said with regard to the last Bill,—it applies to this also. I beg, My Lord, for leave to introduce the Bill."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES:—" I beg to move Your Excellency to suspend the Rules of Business to admit of the Bill being taken into consideration."

His Excellency the PRESIDENT:—" I suspend the Rules of Business."

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES:—" I beg to move that the Bill be taken into consideration."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES:—" I beg to move that the Bill be passed."

The motion was put and agreed to.

THE INDIAN BILLS OF EXCHANGE BILL.

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES:—" I beg for leave to introduce a Bill to make provision in connection with the present war with respect to Bills of Exchange payable outside British India. I really think, My Lord, I can add very little to what has been set out with great clearness in the Statement of Objects and Reasons in connection with this Bill. The position is that the Exchange Banks in this country are holders of Bills of Exchange which they discounted at the beginning of the war, and they are not able, owing to Bills having been sent for acceptance to enemy countries, to get payment at the present time. Sections 64 and 66 of the Negotiable Instruments Act provide that Bills of Exchange made payable at a specified period after date or sight must be presented for payment at maturity, and that if not so presented, the drawers are discharged from liability to the holders. The object of this Bill is to enlarge the time, and to keep alive the liability of the drawers. The Banks have parted with their money to the shippers and traders—that is to the drawers; the Banks are holders of the Bills, but have not got their money from the drawees or the acceptors. I do not feel that I ought to ask Your Excellency to suspend the Rules of Business in this case; this, it is true, is a war measure, it is in some degree an urgent measure, but it is not urgent to the same degree as the last two measures. Consequently, I only ask Your Excellency for leave to introduce the Bill."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Sir GEORGE BARNES:—"I beg to introduce the Bill(and to move that the Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons relating thereto, be published in the *Gazette of India* in English."

The motion was put and agreed to.

THE INDIAN LUNACY (AMENDMENT) BILL.

The Hon'ble Sir REGINALD CRADDOCK:—"My Lord, I move for leave to introduce a Bill to amend the Indian Lunacy Act, 1912 Under the existing Act there is no legal power for the admission of lunatics into lunatic asylums in British India from foreign territory in India, unless in compliance with an order of a tribunal which derives its jurisdiction from His Majesty, or from the Governor-General in Council. It might be thought that the simplest way of effecting the desired object would have been by giving authority to the officer in charge of lunatic asylums in British India to recognize the order of a foreign tribunal committing the lunatic to his custody. But such a recognition of foreign tribunals would not be in accordance with the general principles of English law.

"The Bill, therefore, proposes to meet the difficulty by allowing the application for a reception order to be made by an officer or agent of the Foreign State, who may be approved by the Local Government, instead of by the husband or wife or a relative of the alleged lunatic, and enables the Magistrate to give recognition to the certificates of medical officers or medical practitioners belonging to the Foreign State

"It enables the prescribed interval between the date of the medical examination and the application for a reception order to be extended at the discretion of the Magistrate, and it provides for any other modifications, restrictions or adaptations of the law required to facilitate the making of reception orders as the Governor-General in Council may by notification direct.

"The new sections will only apply when an arrangement has been made with a Foreign State, and it is drawn in general terms, although the occasion has only arisen in connection with the French Settlements in India. Foreign Governments will of course by the arrangement made defray the cost of the maintenance of the lunatics thus committed to our lunatic asylums, so that no charge is entailed by this new procedure upon the revenues of British India.

"I feel sure that an Honourable Member will be disposed to object to, or cavil at, the introduction of this simple measure which will have the effect of affording a small convenience to our gallant Allies, the French.

"I therefore move for leave to introduce the Bill."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Sir REGINALD CRADDOCK:—"My Lord, I beg leave to introduce the Bill, and to move that the Bill, together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons relating thereto, be published in the *Gazette of India* in English."

The motion was put and agreed to.

THE INDIAN REGISTRATION (AMENDMENT) BILL.

The Hon'ble Pandit MADAN MOHAN MALAVIYA:—"My Lord, I beg to move that the Hon'ble Mr. J. Walker, the Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma Garu, and the Hon'ble Mr. Mazharul Haque be added to the Select Committee appointed to report on the Bill further to amend the Indian Registration Act, 1908, vice Mr H Wheeler, Mr. Acharjar and Mr. Qamrul Huda."

The motion was put and agreed to.

THE TRANSFER OF PROPERTY (AMENDMENT) BILL.

The Hon'ble Pandit MADAN MOHAN MALAVIYA:—"My Lord, I beg to move that the Hon'ble Mr. J. Walker, the Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. Sarma Garu, and the Hon'ble Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru be added to the Select Committee appointed to report on the bill further to amend the Transfer of Property Act, 1882, vice Mr. H. Wheeler, Mr. Acharjar and Mr. Qamrul Huda."

The motion was put and agreed to

THE HINDU AND MUSSALMAN DISPOSITION OF PROPERTY BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr C. H. SETALVAD:—"My Lord, when I introduced the present Bill in February last at Delhi, I explained to the Council, at some length, the reasons which prompted me in bringing it forward I then shewed how the Hindus and Mussalmans were inconvenienced owing to certain disabilities with regard to the disposition of property under which they laboured owing to the law as at present administered. I illustrated that by pointing out how a Hindu or Mussalman, who had only a daughter, and wanted to put his property in trust, so as to give the life estate to his daughter and then give the property to her children, sons or daughters, was precluded from giving effect to his desire under the law as it stood at present; while the other communities in this country were under no such disabilities, and my Hon'ble friend Mr Lowndes, who spoke on that occasion, gave further illustrations of the manner in which both Hindus and Mussalmans were inconvenienced with regard to this matter. It is not necessary, Your Excellency, to repeat what was then said, as Hon'ble Members are perfectly well aware of it. I then pointed out that the anomaly that existed, with regard to these two communities in respect of

the disposition of their property in favour of unborn persons, had originated in the rigid application of the rule of Hindu and Muhammadan Law, that any gift, in order to be valid, must be accompanied by possession, from which it followed that an unborn person being not capable of taking possession was incapable of taking a gift. With regard to the Hindus, this was laid down by the Privy Council in what is known as the Tagore case But it may well be said that the Hindus have never accepted the situation that the law as laid down by the Privy Council in the Tagore case with regard to unborn persons was correct Hindu law. It was then contended, and it has been contended since by some learned writers and eminent Judges, that the texts from which this conclusion was drawn were not correctly construed by the Privy Council. I am only saying this for the purpose of showing that, when it is proposed to alter by this Bill the law as laid down by the Courts, it need not be taken for granted that the real Hindu Law is what the Courts have held it to be. As already stated, a number of people still hold the opinion that the Hindu Law really allows gifts to unborn persons, and does not prohibit it in the manner decided by the Courts. And, Your Excellency, it is instructive in this connection to study the debates that took place when the Transfer of Property Act was passed in the year 1882. On that occasion, in the Bill that was originally drafted and brought in by Government, power to dispose of property in favour of unborn persons exactly under the limitations and conditions which now appear in the present Bill, was proposed to be given to all, including Hindus and Mussalmans. When the Bill went to the Select Committee, the Hindu Members, and particularly Sir Jotindra Mohan Tagore, who was then a member of this Council and also of the Select Committee appointed to consider the Bill, opposed these provisions And if you read the debates, it will appear that he objected to those provisions being made applicable to Hindus not on the ground that the Hindu Law did not allow dispositions in favour of unborn persons, but he contended that the Hindu Law allowed such dispositions without any limitations at all, and that therefore, inasmuch as the Transfer of Property Act made it possible for Hindus to make a gift in favour of unborn persons only subject to the limitations and conditions therein laid down, it was not in consonance with the Hindu Law, and that was why he insisted on the insertion of a proviso in section 2 that nothing contained in chapter II shall affect any rule of Hindu or Muhammadan law. He also hoped that, in course of time, the wrong interpretation of the texts on which the Privy Council had proceeded would be corrected some day. It was therefore that he did not want to become a party to anything which would restrict the right of Hindus to dispose of property in favour of unborn persons without any limitations and conditions.

"Then, with regard to the Mussalmans, Your Excellency, as I pointed out on the last occasion, so far as the Shias are concerned, the Muhammadan law allows successive life estates to be given, and certain texts have been relied on by authors like Sir Amir Ali and others, to show that even gifts to unborn persons are allowable with regard to Shias In the case of Sunnis, no doubt the position is different. But whatever that may be, I submitted that the time had arrived when the Mussalmans, along with Hindus, should have their present disability removed. It was under these circumstances that I ventured to introduce this Bill at the Delhi session. Since then, the Bill was referred for opinions to various bodies and individuals. I would here, with Your Excellency's permission, emphasise what I said at Delhi when I introduced the Bill, that one must not lose sight of the two main features of this Bill. First, that it is merely a permissive piece of legislation, it does not compel any person, either Hindu or Mussalman, to will away or gift away property in favour of an unborn person if he does not choose to do so, and what the Bill proposes to do, is to enable Hindus and Mussalmans to will away or gift away property in that manner only if they wish to do so And secondly, the Bill does not profess and does not want to enlarge in any manner the testamentary or disposing power of any Hindu or Mussalman. Your Excellency, I wish to emphasise this again, because one finds from the opinions that have been circulated, that there is still a great deal of misapprehension on that point. The Bill does not alter the law with regard to what property a person may dispose of, but, with regard to the person in whose favour the disposition can be made, to enlarge the disposing power of a Hindu or Mussalman. For instance, with regard to Hindus, a person who is a co-parcener of a joint family and as such has an indefinite share in what is known as joint ancestral property, this Bill will not empower him to deal with that property over which he has no disposing power. It only empowers a person who has full disposing power over some property to dispose of that property, if he chooses to do so, in favour of an unborn person. Similarly, with regard to Mussalmans, the Bill does not propose to extend, as some apprehend it does, the testamentary power of a Mussalman which is restricted at present to one-third of his property The Bill does not propose to do that at all It only seeks, as I submitted on the last occasion, to remove the particular disability under which Hindus and Mussalmans labour, and not in any manner to enlarge their power of disposal over the properties they possess. And in that view one should have thought, Your Excellency, that there would be no objection raised with regard to the passing of the Bill into law either by Hindus or Mussalmans. But the opinions that have been gathered from various bodies and individuals, undoubtedly reveal that, so far as the Mussalmans are concerned, the opinion is very much divided, although, as I have pointed out, some of the objections raised are based on a misapprehension as to the real nature of the Bill.

"But however that may be, if the Mussalmans as a body are not unanimous or practically unanimous in favour of this Bill, I quite recognise, Your Excellency, that it is

not possible, it will not be desirable for this Council, to proceed with this legislation so far as the Mussalmans are concerned.

"So far as the Hindus are concerned, the opinions show a practical unanimity in favour of the Bill. Therefore, I beg to suggest that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee and proceeded with so far as Hindus are concerned. It should not be extended to Mussalmans inasmuch as they do not want it at present. Hereafter, if they think it desirable to have it, it will certainly be open to them to demand legislation on the same lines. But, when I say this, Your Excellency, about Mussalmans, there are particularly, in the Bombay Presidency, certain sects of Mussalmans who stand on quite a different footing; for instance, those known as *Khojahs* in Bombay. They are, so far as inheritance and succession are concerned, absolutely governed by Hindu law; although Muhammadans by religion, are not governed by Muhammadan law in inheritance and succession, but are absolutely by all the rules of the Hindus in this respect. Then, again, with regard to the extent of their disposing power by wills, they are governed by Hindu law, inasmuch as they are not restricted to the disposal only of one-third of their property. The extent of their testamentary power has been held to be absolutely co-extensive with that of Hindus. Therefore *Khojahs*, as I have pointed out, stand on a very different footing from the other Mussalmans in this country, inasmuch as a considerable part of the law is administered with regard to them is Hindu law. And so far as I am able to ascertain their wishes in the matter, I understand that they would very much like to have this power, which is proposed to be given under this Bill, to be extended to them. That again, I quite recognise, is a matter which requires careful consideration, and will be and ought to be considered in Select Committee.

"There are various other points also which would require further consideration in the Select Committee. For instance, as I have pointed out, the apprehension that is entertained that the Bill will have the effect of extending the disposing power of Hindus or Mussalmans as the case may be. That matter will be made clear by some re-drafting in the Select Committee.

"Then again, there is the difference of opinion with regard to clause 6 of the Bill, and that again is a matter which will require careful consideration in the Select Committee.

"I need not detain the Council, Your Excellency, any further on this motion, and I will move that the Bill to enable Hindus and Mussalmans to make dispositions of property by transfer *inter vivos* or by will for the benefit of unborn persons be referred to a Select Committee, consisting of the Hon'ble Sir Reginald Craddock, the Hon'ble Mr. G. R. Lowndes, the Hon'ble Dr. Tej Bahadur Sapru, the Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, the Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Kesteven, the Hon'ble Mr. M. A. Jinnah, the Hon'ble Mr. A. P. Muddiman, the Hon'ble Mr. J. G. Cumming, the Hon'ble Mr. J. Walker, the Hon'ble Babu Bhupendranath Basu and the mover, with instructions to confine the operation of the Bill to Hindus, subject, however, to a discretion in the Committee to consider whether powers should be reserved to the Governor-General in Council to apply, by notification, the provisions of the Bill to *Khojah* Mussalmans, and to report on or before the 19th of September 1916."

The Hon'ble Mr. BHUPENDRANATH BASU:—"My Lord, I wish to make a few observations on this motion of my friend, the Hon'ble Mr. Setalvad. The proposition which he has introduced is doubly necessary in the Province of Bengal from where I come. There, My Lord, Hindu Law as interpreted by Jimutavahana has practically done away with the safeguards which the old system of joint family provided for Hindu families. Under the Hindu law as interpreted in Bengal, every member of the joint family has a definite share in the estate, and is able to alienate it during his lifetime or by will. Consequently the protection which the joint family elsewhere in India under the Hindu system of jurisprudence enjoys, namely, that there is no definite share vested in any member of it, and therefore it is not capable of alienation, except in certain circumstances, does not exist in Bengal. And, therefore, it has happened in many cases that improvident members of the joint family have frittered away their ancestral estates to the great detriment of their descendants or other members of the family. Further, My Lord, when the power of disposition by will was recognised amongst us, Hindus, it was also necessary that there should be some recognition of the power of disposition in favour of persons who were not born at the time of a testator's death. As my friend, the Hon'ble Mr. Setalvad, said, that question arises with great urgency in the case of a person dying and leaving only a female heir. According to us, My Lord, a female heir is only entitled to a life estate, and if there were no male issue, at the time of the death of the testator, it often became a question of great difficulty as to how the future disposition of the property was to be made. Further, My Lord, as times advanced, trade progressed, and as individual property came more and more into evidence, people desired that they should be able to make provision for their children or their grand-children on particular occasions. Especially in a big commercial place like Calcutta, it was felt that on occasions of marriages where settlements had to be made, some provision should be made following the English precedent of settling property upon the issue of the marriage. And that a desire like that was felt was not altogether because people wanted to keep property from the creditors, but because in some cases it was felt that the young man on whom property was going to be settled was too inexperienced to resist a certain class of creditors who were bound to come down upon him as soon as it was discovered that he had some property at his disposal. But we have had great difficulties in this direction. Ever since the decision in the Tagore

case, we have had no means of settling property so as to vest it upon the immediate holder, and then, upon his decease upon his unborn issue. At the time when the Transfer of Property Act was passed, Maharaja Sir Jotindra Mohan Tagore, in reference to whose uncle's will this dictum was pronounced by the Privy Council, was unwilling to accept the extension of the principle which the Government of the day was willing to extend to us, Hindus, on the ground that that principle, so far as it applied to non-Hindus, was hedged in by limitations which were unknown to Hindu law, and that it would probably be a mistake to accept that extension with the limitations that then existed.

"Well, My Lord, subsequent experience has shown that the expectations, entertained by Sir Jotindra Mohan Tagore at that time of a modification of the Hindu law on the lines he wanted have not been realized, and we are still unable, in cases of the nature that I have indicated, to make any suitable or safe provision for a man's family and children or grand-children. I have personally had much experience in these matters both amongst Hindus and Mussalmans, and I have found that Mussalman parents and guardians are quite as anxious as Hindus to effect some settlement which would insure for the benefit of the unborn children of the beneficiaries, not that it would mean a deviation from the Mussalman law as understood, for a Muhammadan holder of property may, by *Hiba*, give away his property. Nor would it entail any deviation from the power of testamentary disposition that Muhammadans enjoy. But I see in the opinions that have been placed before us that there is a considerable divergence of opinion amongst Muhammadans in accepting the proposal of my friend, the Hon'ble Mr. Setalvad. I agree with him that it would be expedient for the present to leave the Mussalman community alone, and leave them at liberty, at some future time, to come forward and adopt the principle of this legislation if they should be so advised.

"With these few observations, I have much pleasure in supporting the motion of my friend."

The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur B. N. SARMA:—"Your Excellency, the Bill is now proposed to be confined to Hindus. Madras Act I of 1914 covers substantially the same ground as that proposed to be covered by the present Bill. The reason why I rise now to make a few observations is, that no provision is sought to be made under this Bill for retrospective effect being given to dispositions made prior to the passing of this measure, where the dispositions come into effect after the date on which the proposed Bill may become law. In Madras, the question was considered and provision was made by section 2, clause 2, of Act I of 1914, on the footing that the Hindu law always recognised the validity of dispositions in favour of unborn persons. Provision had to be made for cases where the Courts have held the contrary view, and estates and property passed from one hand to another, on the footing of such decisions. The Madras legislature recognised the justice of the validity of dispositions made prior to the passing of that Act, if those dispositions should come into operation after the passing of the Act. For example, if a testator executed a will before the date fixed, say—1914, here it may be 1916—and possibly later before the date of the coming into force of this Act, and the disposition in favour of an unborn person should come into effect after the passing of the Act, that disposition would still be valid, notwithstanding the execution of the will and the death of the testator prior to the date of the passing of the Act. But clause 3 of this Bill provides that the disposition should be valid only from and after the date when this Act comes into force. There have been cases decided in Madras in the past on the strength of this retrospective provision in the Madras Act, and dispositions which were made have, by the passing of that Act, been held to be valid, notwithstanding the fact that those dispositions were made prior to the passing of the Act. I hope, therefore, that the Select Committee will not consider it a contravention of the principles of this Bill to make a similar provison, at any rate in the case of Madras, if they are not able to see eye to eye with the Madras legislature in this respect. The Madras Government have suggested to the Government of India in their last despatch that this point should be borne in mind, and that the feeling of Madras is that the Bill should be given retrospective effect by including a provision similar to section 2 (2) of Madras Act I of 1914. I hope, therefore, My Lord, that the Select Committee will take into consideration this expression of opinion from Madras, and exclude Madras from the purview of the Bill, or, if Madras should be included in this Bill, provision should be made as regards Madras in the case of wills and gifts made prior to the passing of this Act."

The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir MANINDRA CHANDRA NANDI of Kasimbazar:—"My Lord, as the representative of the Bengal landholders and the spokesman of the orthodox community of my province, I have great pleasure in according my whole-hearted support to the principle underlying the Hon'ble Mr. Setalvad's Bill. There can be no doubt that the absence of such a provision in the Hindu Law of succession has been very often attended with great difficulty and inconvenience, and the removal of the existing restriction will be hailed as a great relief by the bulk of the people of the Hindu community.

"With these few words, I beg to support the motion for the reference of my Hon'ble friend's Bill to a Select Committee."

The Hon'ble Rai SITA NATH RAY BAHADUR:—"My Lord, as a member of the Hindu community, governed by the Dayabhaga school of law, I beg to give my whole-hearted support to the Bill.

"Since the decision of their Lordships of the Judicial Committee in the well-known Tagore case, it has always been a great grievance with the Hindu community that they have been debarred, by a wrong interpretation of the law, from making dispositions of their property in favour of unborn persons. I do not like to go into the details of this Bill. The only objection that I have to make is to clause 6, which, as recommended by the Government of Bengal, should be omitted.

"With these few words, I beg to support the Bill."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Council adjourned to Tuesday the 19th September 1916.

SIMLA,
The 14th September 1916.

A. P. MUDDIMAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India, Legislative Dept.

APPENDIX A.

STATEMENTS showing by provinces the total strength and cost of the Criminal Investigation Department (officers and men, excluding the Finger Print Bureau) for each of the years 1904–05, 1911–12, 1912–13 and 1913–14.

Madras.

Years.	Deputy Inspector-General.	Assistant to Deputy Inspector-General.	Deputy Superintendents.	Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Head Constables.	Constables.	Clerks.	Total. Officers.	Total. Men.	Total cost
											Rs.
1904-05 *	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1911-12	..	..	1	1	8	31	31 (a)	16	12	23	20	61	1,12,633
1912-13	..	..	1	1	8	31	31 (a)	16	12	23	27	61	1,16,367
1913-14	..	..	1	1	9	34	31 (a)	16	12	24 (b)	27	62 (b)	1,16,170

(a) Two sergeants. (b) One temporary.

* No figures are available for this year as the Criminal Investigation Department in Madras was formed in 1906.

NOTE.—Besides criminal investigation work the Deputy Inspector-General and his office are in charge of railway police work. A proportion of their salaries, based on an estimate of the proportion of railway police to criminal investigation work, has been deducted from the figures in the column of total cost.

Bombay.

1904-05	..	..	..	..	2 (a)	..	5	12 (b)	13	31	1	19	46	48,435
1911-12	..	..	..	1	3 (c)	1	30	36 (d)	45	83	..	61	128	2,09,134
1912-13	..	..	..	1	3 (c)	1	29	32 (d)	44	81	..	61	126	2,05,122
1913-14	..	..	..	1	3 (c)	1	31 (e)	32 (d)	48 (e)	92 (e)	..	62	340	2,33,030

(a) One Assistant to Inspector-General of Police and one Superintendent for Bombay city.
(b) Includes eight Jamadars for Bombay city.
(c) Includes one Deputy Commissioner of Police and one Superintendent of Police for Bombay city.
(d) Includes two Jamadars for Bombay city. (e) One temporary for Bombay city.

Bengal.

1904-05	..	..	..	..	2 (a)	..	22	3	8	37	8	18	23	57,677
1911-12	..	..	..	3 (c)	4 (a)	5 (c)	49 (f)	42 (g)	46 (h)	160 (i)	42 (j)	109	847	4,32,068
1912-13	..	..	..	3 (k)	7 (l)	5 (m)	41 (n)	34 (o)	32 (p)	224 (q)	45 (r)	130	331	5,14,888
1913-14	..	..	..	2 (s)	8 (t)	5 (u)	48 (v)	45 (w)	40 (x)	236 (y)	38 (z)	117	324	4,50,251

(a) 1 Superintendent of Calcutta Police.
(b) Indian Sergeants of Do.
(c) 3 temporary.
(d) 2 temporary Superintendents of Police.
(e) 4 temporary.
(f) 14 do.
(g) 31 do.
(h) 12 do.
(i) 85 do.
(j) 6 do.
(k) 1 do.
(l) 1 Deputy Commissioner of Calcutta Police and 3 temporary Superintendents of Police.
(m) 4 temporary.
(n) 28 do.
(o) 24 do.
(p) 36 temporary (5 abolished from 1st July 1912).
(q) 132 do.
(r) 6 do.
(s) 1 do.
(t) { 1 Deputy Commissioner, Calcutta Police, and 7 temporary Superintendents of Police. 1 permanent Superintendentship kept vacant from 1st December 1913.
(u) 3 temporary.
(v) 14 do.
(w) { 28 do. 1 permanent post abolished.
(x) 11 temporary.
(y) 98 do.
(z) 5 do.

NOTE.—The expenditure shown above is that on the "sanctioned cost" of the provincial police and the actual cost of the city police and the special establishment of both provincial and city police.

Besides criminal investigation work the Deputy Inspector-General and his office are in charge of railway police work.

United Provinces.

1904-05	..	..	..	1 (a)	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	..	14,720
1911-12	..	..	..	1	3	3	17	15	9	58	..	32	66	1,21,044
1912-13	..	..	..	1	3	3	17	14	9	55	..	34	63	1,22,804
1913-14	..	..	..	1	3	3	17	13	9	56	..	33	63	1,20,040

(a) Superintendent of Police.

NOTE.—Besides criminal investigation work the Deputy Inspector-General and his office are in charge of railway police work. A proportion of their salaries, based on an estimate of the proportion of railway police to criminal investigation work, has been deducted from the figures in the column of total cost.

APPENDIX A—*cont.*

Statements showing by provinces the total strength and cost of the Criminal Investigation Department (officers and men, excluding the Finger Print Bureau) for each of the years 1904–05, 1911–12, 1912–13 and 1913–14—*cont.*

Years.	Inspector-General.	Deputy Inspector-General.	Assistant to Deputy Inspector-General.	Superintendents.	Deputy Superintendents.	Inspectors.	Sub-Inspectors.	Head Constables.	Constables.	Clerks.	Total. Officers.	Total. Men.	Total cost.
Punjab													Rs
1904–05	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	1	..	9,600
1911–12	..	..	..	1	1	1	9	9	14	19	..	21	38	92,282
1912–13	..	..	..	1	2	1	8	8	14	13	..	21	33	84,858
1913–14	..	..	..	1	2	1	9	9	14	19	..	22	33	1,13,783

Note.—Besides criminal investigation work the Deputy Inspector-General and his office are in charge of railway police work.

Burma.

1904–05	..	..	..	1(a)	..	..	5	7	..	2	..	1	2	35,250
1911–12	..	..	..	1	1	..	9	7	11	10	..	18	21	94,130
1912–13	..	..	..	1	1	..	8	7	11	10	..	18	23	97,634
1913–14	..	..	..	1	..	..	8	7	11	10	..	17	21	630

(a) Superintendent of Police

Note.—Besides criminal investigation work the Deputy Inspector-General and his office are in charge of railway police work.

Bihar and Orissa.

1904–05 *	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1911–12 *	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1912–13	..	..	..	1	1	2	7	8	4	18	..	19	22	70,926
1913–14	..	..	..	1	1	2	8 (a)	8 (b)	4	28 (c)	..	20	32	77,487

(a) One for six months. (b) Six temporary. (c) Ten temporary.

* Figures for these years are not available as Bihar and Orissa was formed into a separate province in April 1912.

Note.—Besides criminal investigation work the Deputy Inspector-General and his office are in charge of railway police work.

Central Provinces.

1904–05 *	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1911–12	..	..	..	1 (a)	..	1	6	10	12	9	..	18	20	50,895
1912–13	..	..	..	1 (a)	..	1	9	13	10	8	..	21	18	49,604
1913–14	..	..	..	1 (a)	1 (b)	2	8	11	10	7	..	20	17	47,484

(a) Superintendent as Assistant to Inspector-General of Police

(b) Second Assistant to Inspector-General of Police for two months only.

* There was no separate Criminal Investigation Department in the province in 1904–05

Assam.

1904–05 *	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1911–12 *	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1912–13	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	2	3	..	2	3	7,832
1913–14	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	4	3	30	..	3	13	18,118

* Figures for these years not available as Assam was formed into a separate province in April 1912.

Delhi

1904–05 *	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1911–12 *	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1912–13	..	..	..	..	1 (a)	1 (b)	1 (c)	3 (d)	3 (e)	1 (f)	45 (g)	1	3	52	7,832
1913–14	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	5 (h)	3 (i)	3 (j)	44 (k)	1	3	54	17,213

(a) For two months.
(b) For four months.
(c) One for six months and two for three months
(d) The number varied from 2 to 7 during the year
(e) The number varied from 2 to 7 during the year.
(f) One for six months.
(g) The number varied from 26 to 45 during the year.
(h) " " 5 to 9 "
(i) " " 3 to 6 "
(j) " " 1 to 45 "
(k) " " 1 to 45 "

* There was no separate province of Delhi in these years.

(Republished by order of His Excellency the Governor in Council)

C. G. TODHUNTER,
Acting Secretary to Government, Legislative Dept

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART III
OF
THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 10.] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 3, 1916. [Price, 6 pies.

Acts of the Indian Legislative Council assented to by the Governor General.

ഇന്ത്യൻ നിയമനിർമ്മാണ സഭയുടെ താഴെ പറയുന്ന ആക്ടിന്നു 1916 സപ്തംബർ 5 - ാം തീയതി ഗവർണർ ജനറലുടെ സമ്മതം സിദ്ധിക്കുകയും ആയതു എല്ലാവരും അറിവാനായി ഇതിനാൽ പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുകയും ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നു :—

ACT No. X of 1916.
1916 ലെ 10 - ാം നമ്പർ ആക്ട്.

AN ACT TO PROHIBIT OR CONTROL TRADING BY HOSTILE FOREIGNERS AND HOSTILE FIRMS AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന അന്യദേശക്കാരും ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്നവരുടെ കച്ചവട യോഗങ്ങളും കച്ചവടം ചെയ്യുന്നതിനെ വിലക്കുകയോ നിയന്ത്രിക്കുകയോ ചെയ്യുന്നതിന്നും മറ്റു കാര്യങ്ങൾക്കുള്ള ഒരു ആക്ട്.

ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന അന്യദേശക്കാരും ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന കച്ചവട യോഗങ്ങളും കച്ചവടം ചെയ്യുന്നതിനെ വിലക്കുകയോ നിയന്ത്രിക്കുകയോ ചെയ്യുന്നതിന്നും മറ്റു കാര്യങ്ങൾക്കും ഇന്നിയും അധികാരം ലഭിക്കുന്നതു യുക്തമായിരിക്കയാൽ, ഇതിനാൽ താഴെ പറയും പ്രകാരം നിയമിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു :—

ശത്രുക്കളുടെ പ്രവൃത്തികൾ നിരോധിക്കുവാൻ കഴിയും.

1. (1) ഈ ആക്ടിന്നു ശത്രുക്കളുമായി കച്ചവടം ചെയ്യുന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റിയ 1916 ലെ ആക്ടെന്നു പേർ പറയാം.

(2) ഇതു ഇപ്പോഴത്തെ യുദ്ധം നിലനിന്നുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്ന കാലത്തേക്കും അതിന്നുശേഷം ആറു മാസത്തേക്കും പ്രബലപ്പെട്ടിരിക്കുന്നതാണ്.

അർത്ഥവിശദീകരണം.

2. ഈ നിയമത്തിൽ—

"കച്ചവട സംഘം" എന്നതിന്നു ഏകാംഗയോഗമായിരുന്നാലും അല്ലെങ്കിലും വല്ല കച്ചവട സംഘമോ കച്ചവട യോഗമോ സംഘമോ ജനങ്ങൾ തമ്മിലുള്ള യോഗമോ എന്നർത്ഥമാകുന്നു.

"ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന അന്യദേശക്കാരൻ" എന്നതിന്നു ചക്രവർത്തി മഹാരാജാവുമായി തൽക്കാലം യുദ്ധംചെയ്തുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്ന ഒരു രാജ്യത്തെ ഒരു പ്രജ എന്നർത്ഥമാകുകയും

അതിൽ ആവക രാജ്യത്തെ നിയമത്തെ അനുസരിച്ച് ഏർപ്പെടുത്തിട്ടുള്ള വല്ല കച്ചവട സംഘടനയും ആവക വല്ല രാജ്യവും ഭരിക്കുന്ന ആളും അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ആവക വല്ല രാജ്യത്തെയും ഗവർമ്മെണ്ടും ഉൾപ്പെട്ടുകയും ചെയ്യും.

"ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്നവരുടെ കച്ചവടം യോഗം" എന്നതിനു താഴെ പറയുന്നതിൽ എന്തെങ്കിലും എന്നർത്ഥമാകുന്നു, അതാവിതു :—

(a) ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽ ഒരു ആഡിസ്സോ ഏജൻസിയോ വ്യാപാര സ്ഥലമോ ഉള്ളവനെ 1914 ആഗസ്റ്റു 3 - ാം തീയതിക്കുശേഷം വല്ല തീയതിയും ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽ താമസിക്കയോ ഉണ്ടായിരുന്നവനെ ആയ ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന വല്ല അന്യദേശക്കാരനും ;

(b) വല്ല അംഗമോ ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥനോ ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന ഒരു അന്യദേശക്കാരനായിരിക്കയാകട്ടെ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന ഒരു അന്യദേശക്കാരൻ 1914 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 3 - ാം തീയതി ഒരു അംഗമോ ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥനോ ആയിരിക്കുകയും ആ തീയതിക്കുശേഷം ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽ ഒരു ആഡിസ്സോ ഏജൻസിയോ വ്യാപാര സ്ഥലമോ ഉണ്ടാകയും അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കുകയും ചെയ്യുകയാകട്ടെ ചെയ്യുന്ന വല്ല കച്ചവട സംഘവും ;

(c) 1914 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 3 - ാം തീയതിക്കുശേഷം വല്ലപ്പോഴും ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽ വ്യാപാരം നടത്തിവരുന്നതും വ്യാപാരത്തിന്റെ സ്വഭാവം ഹേതുവാലൊ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ അതു നടത്തുന്നവരെ നടത്തിയിരിന്നവരെ ആയ ആളുകൾ മൊഖാന്തരമൊ മറ്റു ഏതെങ്കിലും വല്ല കാരണത്തായൊ ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണ്ണർ ജനറലുടെ അഭിപ്രായത്തിൽ ആ വ്യാപാരം ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന വല്ല അന്യരാജ്യക്കാരന്റെയും നേരിട്ടൊ ഉന്നരിട്ടല്ലാതേയൊ ഉള്ള മേൽവിചാരണയിൻകീഴിൽ നടത്തുകയൊ നടത്തിയിരിക്കുകയൊ എങ്കിലും ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന അന്യദേശക്കാരുടെ പൊതുവായ ഗ്രൗണ്ടിന്മേലൊ അല്ലാതെയൊ ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന വല്ല തരം അന്യദേശക്കാരുടെയൊ ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന വല്ലാത്ത അന്യദേശക്കാരന്റെയൊ ഗ്രൗണ്ടിന്മേൽ വേണ്ടിയൊ ഉപചരണമൊ മിക്കതുമൊ നടത്തുകയൊ നടത്തിയിരിക്കുകയൊ എങ്കിലും ചെയ്യുന്നതുമായ വല്ല ആളും അല്ലെങ്കിൽ വല്ല കച്ചവട സംഘവും.

ഇൻസ്പെക്ടറെ നിയമിപ്പാനുള്ള അധികാരം.

3. (1) വല്ല വ്യാപാരവും ഈ ആക്ടിന്റെ അർത്ഥപ്രകാരം ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന ഒരു കച്ചവടയോഗം നടത്തുന്നതൊ നടത്തിയിരിന്നതൊ എന്നു തിട്ടപ്പെടുത്തേണ്ട ആവശ്യത്തിനു ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണ്ണർ ജനറൽ സാധാരണമായൊ പ്രത്യേകമായൊ ഉള്ള വല്ല ആളെയും ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ ആയി നിയമിക്കാം.

(2) ആവക വ്യാപാര സംബന്ധമായ വർത്തമാനത്തെയൊ പ്രവൃത്തിയേയൊ കുറിച്ചോ അതിനേയൊ കുറിച്ചിനേയൊപറ്റി അറിവു കൊടുക്കുകയും ആ പ്രവൃത്തി നടത്തുകയൊ മേൽവിചാരം ചെയ്കയൊ ചെയ്യുന്നവരുടേയൊ ചെയ്തിരുന്നവരുടേയൊ പുസ്തകരിതുതേയും അവർ ഉണ്ട രാജ്യാഭരണത്തിനേയും പറയുകയും ചെയ്യാൻ കഴിയുന്നവനെന്നു താൻ വിശ്വസിക്കുന്ന വല്ല ആൾക്കും ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ തന്റെ മുമ്പാകെ വരുവാൻ സമൻസ് അയക്കാം.

(3) ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ ആ ആളെ സത്യംചെയ്യിച്ചു ആ കാര്യത്തെപ്പറ്റി വിസ്തരിക്കുന്നതും ആയാളുടെ ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ എഴുതിയെടുത്തതിൽ ഒപ്പിടുവാൻ അയാളോടു ആവശ്യപ്പെടുന്നതും ആകാം.

(4) ആ വ്യാപാരത്തേയൊ അതു നടത്തുകയൊ മേൽവിചാരം ചെയ്കയൊ ചെയ്യുന്നവരേയൊ ചെയ്തിരുന്നവരേയൊ വല്ല വിധത്തിലും സംബന്ധിച്ചുള്ളതായി

തന്റെ ബന്ധപ്പെട്ടിലോ അധികാരത്തിലോ ഉള്ള വല്ല രേഖകളും ഹാജരാക്കുവാൻ ആവശ്യപ്പെടുകയോ ചെയ്യാവുന്നതാകുന്നു.

(5) അതിനെ സംബന്ധിച്ചിടത്തോളം വല്ല കാര്യവും നിർണ്ണയിക്കപ്പെടേണ്ടതായുള്ള ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ ഉദ്ദേശിക്കുന്ന വല്ല കാര്യവും ഇൻസ്പെക്ടർ ആയാളെ ബോധിപ്പിക്കുന്നതിനായി തന്റെ മുമ്പാകെ കൊണ്ടുവരുവിപ്പിക്കാം.

(6) വല്ല ചോദ്യവും ചോദിപ്പാനോ വല്ല രേഖയും ഹാജരാക്കുവാൻ ആവശ്യപ്പെടുവാനോ ഒരു വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം ഇൻസ്പെക്ടരെ അധികാരപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കെ വല്ല ചോദ്യത്തിനും ഉത്തരം പറയുവാനോ വല്ല രേഖയും ഹാജരാക്കുവാനോ വല്ല കാര്യവും ചെയ്യാതെ ഇരുന്നാൽ ആയാൾ ആറുമാസത്തോളം വരാവുന്ന തടവുശിക്ഷയ്ക്കോ 1,000 രൂപയോളം വരാവുന്ന പിഴയ്ക്കോ രണ്ടിനുംകൂടിയോ അർഹനായിരിക്കുന്നതും ആകുന്നു.

ആളുകളിൽനിന്നുണ്ടാകുന്ന കച്ചവട യോഗങ്ങളെ വിലയിടുന്നതും ഇപ്പറഞ്ഞപ്രകാരമുള്ള ആളുകളെ അപ്പീൽ കേൾപ്പിക്കുന്നതും ഉള്ള അധികാരം.

4. (1) ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറൽ കല്പന ചെയ്യുന്നതു—

(a) ആ കല്പനയിൽ വിവരിക്കപ്പെട്ട കയ്യേൽക്കുക എന്നതിനെ വിവരിക്കപ്പെട്ട വല്ല നിയമങ്ങളുടെയെങ്കിൽ അവയെ അനുസരിച്ചും അല്ലാതെ ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്നവരുടെ വല്ല കച്ചവട യോഗത്തെയും വ്യാപാരം നടത്തുന്നതിൽനിന്നും വിലക്കുകയാകട്ടെ, അല്ലെങ്കിൽ

(b) ആവക കച്ചവട യോഗത്തിന്റെ വ്യാപാരം അവസാനിപ്പിക്കണമെന്നോ വല്ല ഉടമ്പടിയോ കരാറോ ചെയ്യുന്നതായി കല്പിക്കുന്നതും; വ്യാപാരം നടത്തുന്നതിനെ വിലക്കുകയോ കല്പിച്ചുകൊണ്ടോ ചെയ്യുന്നതായ ഒരു കല്പന അദ്ദേഹം കല്പിച്ചിരിക്കുന്ന വല്ല സംഗതിയിലും ആ കല്പനയുടെ പകരം വ്യാപാരം അവസാനിപ്പിക്കണമെന്നു ആവശ്യപ്പെടുന്നതായ ഒരു കല്പന അദ്ദേഹം ചെയ്തതെന്നു വിചാരിക്കുന്നപക്ഷം വല്ലപ്പോഴുംകല്പിക്കാവുന്നതും ആകുന്നു.

(2) (1) - ാം ഉപവകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം കല്പിക്കപ്പെടുന്ന എല്ലാ കല്പനയും ഇന്ത്യാ ഗസറ്റിൽ പരസ്യമായി പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തേണ്ടതാകുന്നു.

(3) ഒരു വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം കല്പിക്കപ്പെട്ട വല്ല കല്പനയിലോ നിയമങ്ങളിലോ വല്ല ആളും ലംഘിക്കുന്നതായാൽ ആയാൾ ഒരു കൊല്ലത്തോളം വരാവുന്ന തടവുശിക്ഷയ്ക്കോ നായ്ത്തിരുന്നതിനു പുറമെ പിഴക്കുകൂടി ബാദ്ധ്യസ്ഥനായിവരികയും ചെയ്യും.

(4) ഒരു വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം കല്പിക്കപ്പെട്ട ഒരു കല്പന ഇപ്പോഴത്തെ യുദ്ധം അവസാനിച്ചുവെങ്കിൽകൂടി ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറലുടെ കല്പനയാൽ ഭേദഗതിപ്പെടുത്തുവരെ പ്രബലപ്പെട്ടുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്നതാകുന്നു.

അവസാനിപ്പിക്കേണ്ട കല്പന.

5. (1) ഒരു വ്യാപാരം അവസാനിപ്പിക്കേണമെന്നു ആവശ്യപ്പെടുന്നതായി ഒരു ആളുപ്രകാരമുള്ള ഒരു കല്പന ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറൽ കല്പിക്കുന്ന സന്ദർഭത്തിയിൽ ആ കല്പന ഇന്ത്യാ ഗസറ്റിൽ പരസ്യപ്പെടുത്തിയാൽ 1913 ലെ ഇന്ത്യൻ കച്ചവട സംഘ ആക്ടു പ്രകാരം ഒരു കോട്ട് കല്പിക്കുന്നതായ അവസാനിപ്പിക്കാനുള്ള ഒരു കല്പനയായിരുന്നാൽ എതുപ്രകാരമോ അപ്രകാരം അതിനു പ്രാബല്യം ഉണ്ടായിരിക്കുന്നതും കോട്ട് അവസാനിപ്പിക്കുന്നതിനെ സംബന്ധിച്ചുള്ള ആ ആക്ടിലെ നിയമങ്ങളും ആലോചനാ സംഘത്തിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറൽ സാധാരണയായോ പ്രത്യേകമായോ ഉള്ള കല്പനയാൽ നിർണ്ണയിക്കപ്പെടുന്ന വ്യത്യസ്തങ്ങളോടും കൂട്ടിച്ചേർക്കലുകളോടും കാലപരിധികളോടും ദേശങ്ങളോടും സംഗതികളോടും

1913 ലെ 7.

കയ്യേറ്റം അനധികൃതമായി ഒരു ആക്രമപ്രകാരം ഉണ്ടാകുന്ന ചുമത്തലുകളോ അവിടെ നിന്നുയിക്കുന്ന വേറെ ചുമത്തലുകളോ ഇവയും വ്യാപാരം അവസാനിപ്പിക്കുന്നതിനു സംബന്ധിക്കുന്നുള്ള ഏതുകാര്യം :

എന്നാൽ മേപ്പടി ഇന്ത്യൻ കച്ചവട സംഘ ആക്രമപ്രകാരം കോട്ട് നടത്താവുന്ന എല്ലാ 1918 ലെ 1
അധികാരങ്ങളും തന്നെ ആക്രമപ്രകാരം അവസാനിപ്പിപ്പാനുള്ള വല്ല കല്പനയുടേയും ആവശ്യാർത്ഥം ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറലോ അദ്ദേഹം തന്നെ കാര്യത്തിനായി സാധാരണമായോ പ്രത്യേകമായോ നിശ്ചയിക്കുന്ന മറെറാരധികാരസ്ഥനോ നടത്താവുന്നതുമാകുന്നു :

എന്നുമാത്രമല്ല ആ വ്യാപാര സംബന്ധമായ ഉത്തരവുകളും അതിന്റെ വല്ല ഭാഗവും വസ്തുത ചെയ്യുന്നതിനുണ്ടായ കിട്ടിയ വല്ല പണവും ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറൽ ആ കാര്യത്തിനായി ഉണ്ടാക്കുന്ന ചട്ടങ്ങളെ അനുസരിച്ചു പൊതുമാറാം ചെയ്യപ്പെടേണ്ടതാകുന്നു.

(2) ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്നവരുടെ ഒരു കച്ചവട യോഗത്തിന്റെ വ്യാപാരം അവസാനിപ്പിക്കാൻ ആജ്ഞാപിക്കുന്നതായി ഈ നിയമപ്രകാരം തന്നെ കല്പന കല്പിച്ചിരിക്കുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ ആ കല്പന പ്രബലപ്പെട്ടുപോരിക്കുമ്പോൾ അതേ സ്വഭാവത്തിലുള്ള താതാ ആ കല്പന നടത്തുന്നതിനു വല്ല വിധത്തിലും തടസ്ഥമായിത്തീരുവാൻ ഇടയുള്ള താതാ അതിനു വേറെ വല്ല നടപടി പ്രവൃത്തികളും ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന കച്ചവട യോഗത്തിനോ വേറെ യാതൊരു ആളോ കൂടെ ചെയ്കയോ ഇടയാകയോ ചെയ്കൂടുന്നതല്ല.

പൊതുജന ക്ഷേമത്തിനു വിരോധമായ കരാറുകളോ മറെറ അനുഷ്ഠാനങ്ങളും.

6. (1) ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന ഒരു അന്യദേശക്കാരനായോ അശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്നവരുടെ ഒരു കച്ചവട യോഗവുമായോ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന ഒരു അന്യദേശക്കാരനോ ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്നവരുടെ ഒരു കച്ചവട യോഗമോ യുദ്ധത്തിനു മുമ്പായോ യുദ്ധകാലത്തോ ചെയ്തിട്ടുള്ള ഒരു കരാറിനിലും യുദ്ധകാലത്തു ചെയ്തിട്ടുള്ള ഇതുകണക്കോ ഇതുകൂടാതുള്ളതോ ആയ വല്ല ഉത്തൽ കൈമാറങ്ങളിലും പൊതുജന ക്ഷേമത്തിനു വിരോധകരമായിട്ടുള്ളതാണെന്നോ നിയമത്തിനു വല്ല നിബന്ധനയും അനുസരിക്കാതെ തള്ളിക്കളയേണമെന്നുള്ള ഉദ്ദേശത്തോടുകൂടി ചെയ്തതാണെന്നോ ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറലിനു തോന്നുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ അദ്ദേഹം ആവക കരാറ് കൃത്രിമരഹിതമായോ അദ്ദേഹത്തിനു യുക്തമെന്നു തോന്നുന്ന നിശ്ചയങ്ങൾപ്രകാരമോ കല്പനയാലുണ്ടായിട്ടുള്ള കയോ അനുഷ്ഠിപ്പിക്കുകയോ ആകട്ടെ ആവക കൈമാറം മുഴുവനായോ എതാനുമോ സാധുവായിട്ടുള്ളതല്ലെന്നു അറിയിക്കയാകട്ടെ കൈമാറം കിട്ടിയ ആളുടെമേൽ അദ്ദേഹത്തിനു യുക്തമെന്നു തോന്നുന്ന നിശ്ചയങ്ങൾ ചുമത്തുകയാകട്ടെ ചെയ്യാവുന്നതാകുന്നു.

(2) (1) - ാം ഉപവകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം ഉത്തൽ കൈമാറങ്ങളുടെ സംഗതിയിൽ നടപ്പിലിരിക്കുന്ന അധികാരങ്ങൾ ഗവർണർ ജനറലുടെ അഭിപ്രായത്തിൽ പൊതുജന ക്ഷേമത്തിനു വിരോധകരമാണെന്നോ നിയമത്തെ അനുസരിക്കാതെ ഇണ്ടു കളയേണമെന്നുള്ള ഉദ്ദേശത്തോടുകൂടി ചെയ്തതാണെന്നോ തോന്നുന്ന പിന്നീടുണ്ടായ വല്ല കൈമാറത്തിന്റെയൊ കീഴ് കൈമാറത്തിന്റെയൊ സംഗതിയിലുംകൂടി നടത്തുകയായിരിക്കും.

(3) വല്ല കൈമാറവും പിന്നീടുള്ള കൈമാറമൊ കീഴ്കൈമാറമൊ സാധുവായിട്ടുള്ളതല്ലെന്നു ഈ പ്രകരണപ്രകാരം തന്നെ കല്പന കല്പിക്കുമ്പോൾ ആ കല്പനയാൽ എതു ഉത്തലിന്റെ സംഗതിയിൽ കൈമാറം സാധുവായിട്ടുള്ളതല്ലെന്നു അറിയിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നുവൊ ആ ഉത്തലല്ലാം ആ കല്പനയ്ക്കു മുമ്പിൽ ആദ്യം കൈമാറം ചെയ്ത ആളുടെയൊ 4 (1) (b) പ്രകരണപ്രകാരം അവസാനിപ്പിക്കുവാനുള്ള വല്ല കല്പന കല്പിച്ചിട്ടുണ്ടെങ്കിൽ ഇടവട്ട തീർക്കുന്നവനെയൊ വീണ്ടും എല്പിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നതായി കരുതേണ്ടതാകുന്നു.

ശത്രുക്കളുമായി കച്ചവടം ചെയ്യുന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റിയ 1915 ലെ ഓർഡ്രക്കാരം പരിപാലകനെ ഇതിൽ എഴുപ്പിച്ചുള്ള ഓർഡ്രക്കാരം നടപടിയിൽ വരാൻ ഇതിനുള്ള അധികാരം.

7. (1) ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന ഒരു രാജ്യം മേശക്കാരനോ ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്നവരുടെ ഒരു കച്ചവട യോഗത്തിനോ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ശത്രുത്തിൽ ഏർപ്പെട്ടിരിക്കുന്ന ഒരു രാജ്യത്തിൽ വസിക്കുകയോ അങ്ങിനെ യുദ്ധം ചെയ്യുന്ന ഒരു "സർക്കാരിന്റെ രാജ്യത്തിൽ വ്യാപാരം നടത്തുകയോ ചെയ്യുന്ന വല്ല ആൾക്കോ കച്ചവട സംഘത്തിനോ ഇതുകൂടെ ഉള്ളതോ അവരെ എഴുപ്പിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നതായി കണ്ടതിയിരിക്കുന്നതോ ആയിട്ടോ ഗവർമെന്റുകാരോ അവർക്ക് വേണ്ടിയിലും അവർക്ക് വകയായിലും കൈകൊണ്ടും നടത്തിവരികയോ കൈവശം വെക്കുകയോ ചെയ്യുന്ന ഇതുകണ്ടതോ ഇതുകാത്തതോ ആയ വല്ല ഭൂമിയിലും ഒരു ഭൂമി കൈമാറാം ചെയ്യാനുള്ള അധികാരത്തിലും ശത്രുക്കളായി കച്ചവടം ചെയ്യുന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റിയ 1915 ലെ ഓർഡ്രക്കാരം നിശ്ചയിക്കപ്പെട്ട വല്ല പരിപാലകനും എഴുപ്പിച്ചു കൊടുക്കുന്നതു യുക്തമാണെന്ന് ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവണ്മെന്റ് ജനറൽക്ക് തോന്നുന്ന വല്ല സംഗതിയിലും അദ്ദേഹം കല്പനയിലും അങ്ങിനെ ചെയ്യാവുന്നതും ആ ഭൂമി വിൽക്കുകയും ഈടിന്റെ കൈക്കൊണ്ടും നടത്തുകയും അതുകൊണ്ടു വേറൊരുകാരം പ്രവൃത്തിക്കുകയും ചെയ്യാൻ ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവണ്മെന്റ് ജനറൽക്ക് യുക്തമെന്നു തോന്നുന്ന അധികാരങ്ങൾ ആ വക വല്ല കല്പനയിലും പിന്നെ കല്പിക്കുന്ന വല്ല കല്പനയിലും പരിപാലകനു നല്കുവാനും ആകുന്നതും.

1915 ലെ 4.

(2) വിപരീതമായി മറ്റു വല്ല നിയമത്തിലെയും നിബന്ധനകൾ ഉണ്ടായിരുന്നാലും ഓരോ വകപ്പുപ്രകാരം എഴുപ്പിച്ചു കൊടുപ്പാനുള്ള ഒരു കല്പന പിന്നെയും വല്ല ഭൂമിയും വേണ്ടിവരാതെ വല്ല ഭൂമിയും വല്ല ഭൂമിയും കൈമാറാം ചെയ്യാനുള്ള അധികാരമോ ആ കല്പനയാൽ നിയമിക്കപ്പെട്ടപ്രകാരം പരിപാലകനു എഴുപ്പിച്ചുകൊടുപ്പാൻ മതിയായിട്ടുള്ളതാകുന്നതു.

(3) വല്ല കച്ചവട സംഘത്തിനെയും അസ്സൽ മുതലിന്റെ ഭാഗമായിരിക്കുന്ന വല്ല ഓഹരികളുടെയോ സ്റ്റോക്കിന്റെയോ കാര്യത്തിലും അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ആ സംഘം പുറപ്പെടീച്ചിരിക്കുന്ന വല്ല ഉറപ്പു പത്രങ്ങളുടെയും കാര്യത്തിലും ഓരോ ആജ്ഞാപ്രകാരം എഴുപ്പിച്ചു കൊടുപ്പാനുള്ള ഒരു കല്പന കൂടിച്ചിരിക്കുമ്പോൾ ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവണ്മെന്റ് ജനറൽ തനിക്കു നല്കിട്ടുള്ള അധികാരപ്രകാരം പരിപാലകൻ അവയെ വില്പാനായോ അങ്ങിനെ സംഗതിയിൽ വല്ല നിയമത്തിലോ സംഘത്തിന്റെ വല്ല മെമ്മോറാണ്ടത്തിലോ വിപരീതമായി എന്തുതന്നെയുണ്ടായിരുന്നാലും ആ സംഘം ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവണ്മെന്റ് ജനറലുടെ സമ്മതത്തോടുകൂടി ആ ഓഹരികളോ സ്റ്റോക്കോ ഉറപ്പുപത്രങ്ങളോ വാങ്ങുവാനുള്ള അങ്ങിനെ വാങ്ങിട്ടുള്ള വല്ല ഓഹരികളോ സ്റ്റോക്കോ ഉറപ്പുപത്രങ്ങളോ ആ സംഘം അപ്പോൾ വിറ്റും പുറപ്പെടീക്കാവുന്നതും ആകുന്നു.

(4) പരിപാലകൻ വല്ല ഭൂമിയും കൈമാറം ചെയ്തിട്ടുള്ള ഓരോ വകപ്പിലെ ആവശ്യങ്ങൾ ഒന്നൊഴിച്ചു നടന്നിരിക്കുന്നു എന്നതിനു കൈമാറം സിദ്ധിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നതും പരിപാലകനും അനുകൂലമായ വാക്കാറം തെളിവായിരിക്കുന്നതാകുന്നു.

(5) ഓരോ വകപ്പുപ്രകാരം പരിപാലകനെഴുപ്പിക്കപ്പെട്ട എല്ലാ ഭൂമിയും കൊണ്ടും ഓരോ വക വല്ല ഭൂമിയും വിറ്റുകിട്ടിയ പണമൊ ആവക വല്ല ഭൂമിയിന്നിന്നും കിട്ടിട്ടുള്ള പണമൊ ഇതുകൊണ്ടും ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവണ്മെന്റ് ജനറൽ കൊടുക്കുന്ന ആജ്ഞകളെ അനുസരിച്ചു മുറയാം പ്രവൃത്തിക്കേണ്ടതും ആവക യാതൊരു ഭൂമിയൊ പണമൊ വിധി നടത്തുന്നതിൽ കൂടി ചെയ്യുകയോ പോരെ പ്രകാരം എടുക്കുകയൊ ചെയ്വാൻ പാടില്ലാത്തതും ആകുന്നു.

എഴുപ്പിക്കപ്പെടുന്നതു കല്പനകളുടെ സംഗതി.

8. 7 - ാം വകപ്പിലെ നിബന്ധനകൾ സംബന്ധിക്കുന്ന കൊള്ളരുതെന്നു ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവണ്മെന്റ് ജനറൽക്ക് തോന്നുന്ന ഒരാൾക്കുള്ളതായ മുഴുവൻ ഭൂമിയെയിലും മുഴുവൻ ഭൂമിയിലും മുഴുവൻ വകയായിലും കൈവശം വെച്ചിരിക്കുന്നതോ കൈകൊണ്ടും നടത്തിവരുന്നതായ

ആയ വല്ല ഉടമ്പടിയുടെയും കീഴ്ത്തിൽ ഒരു ആക്ടുപ്രകാരം എടുപ്പിച്ചുകൊടുപ്പാനുള്ള ഒരു കല്പന കല്പിച്ചിരിക്കുമ്പോൾ അതായതു സംഗതിപോലെ ആയാൾ ആ കല്പനയുടെ നിയന്ത്രിക്കുമായി മരിക്കുകയോ വേറൊരു നിബന്ധനകൾ സംബന്ധിക്കുന്ന മറ്റൊരായിരിക്കുന്നതു നിന്നുപോകുകയോ ആ നിയന്ത്രിക്കുക്കോ മരിക്കുകയോ അങ്ങിനെ മറ്റൊരായിരിക്കുന്നതു നിന്നുപോകുകയോ ചെയ്യിരിക്കുന്ന കാരണത്താൽ മാത്രമാകട്ടെ ആയാൾ അങ്ങിനെയുള്ള മറ്റൊരുവായിരുന്നുവെന്നു പിന്നെ നിശ്ചയപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്ന എന്നുള്ള കാരണത്താലാകട്ടെ ആ കല്പനയെ അനുസരിക്കാതെയോ അതു നിർവ്വഹിക്കാതെയോ ഉള്ള വല്ല നടപടിപ്രവൃത്തിയെയും അസാധുവായിത്തീരുകയാകട്ടെ അതിനു ദോഷം വരികയാകട്ടെ ചെയ്യുന്നതല്ല.

സർട്ടിഫിക്കറ്റുകളും മറ്റും ബാങ്കുകാരെ കൈമാറം ചെയ്യിക്കുന്നതു.

9. ഒരു ആക്ടുപ്രകാരം കല്പിക്കപ്പെട്ട എടുപ്പിച്ചു കൊടുപ്പാനുള്ള ഒരു കല്പനയാൽ എടുപ്പാൻ ഓഹരികളോ സ്റ്റോക്കോ ഉറപ്പു പത്രങ്ങളോ കൈമാറം ചെയ്യുവാൻ തന്നെ അധികാരപ്പെടുത്തിയിരിക്കുന്നുവെന്നു അങ്ങിനെയുള്ള വല്ലവരെയും പ്രിപാലകൻ കൈമാറം ചെയ്യിരിക്കുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ ഓഹരികളോ സ്റ്റോക്കോ ഉറപ്പുപത്രങ്ങളോ എടുപ്പു സംഘത്തിന്റെ പൂട്ടുകളിൽ രജിസ്റ്റു ചെയ്യിരിക്കുമ്പോൾ ആ സംഘം തന്നിന്റെ വല്ല രാഷ്ട്രീയേകനോ നിശ്ചയമോ ഉണ്ടായിരുന്നാലും കൈമാറം ചെയ്യപ്പെട്ട ഓഹരികളെയോ സ്റ്റോക്കിനെയോ ഉറപ്പുപത്രങ്ങളെയോ സംബന്ധിച്ചുള്ള അവകാശത്തെപ്പറ്റി സർട്ടിഫിക്കറ്റോ സംഘ്യാപനമോ മറ്റു രേഖയോ പരിപാലകന്റെ കൈവശത്തിൽ ഉണ്ടായിരുന്നില്ലെങ്കിലുംകൂടി പരിപാലകൻ അപ്രകാരം ചെയ്ത കൈമാറത്തെപ്പറ്റിയ വിവരം കിട്ടിയശേഷവും അപ്രകാരം ചെയ്യണമെന്നു അയാൾ ആവശ്യപ്പെട്ടശേഷവും പരിപാലകൻ കൈമാറം കിട്ടിയ മറ്റു ആളുടെയോ പേരിൽ ഓഹരികളോ സ്റ്റോക്കോ ഉറപ്പുപത്രങ്ങളോ രജിസ്റ്റു ചെയ്യേണ്ടതും എന്നാൽ അങ്ങിനെ രജിസ്റ്റു ചെയ്യുന്നതു സംഘത്തിനുള്ള വല്ല അവകാശത്തിനോ ഉത്തരവാദത്തിനോ ആകട്ടെ പരിപാലകനു പ്രയോജനമായി അറിവു കിട്ടീട്ടുള്ളതായ മറ്റു വല്ല അവകാശത്തിനോ ഉത്തരവാദത്തിനോ ആകട്ടെ ദോഷമേല്ക്കുമാറായിരിക്കുന്നതും ആകുന്നു.

ചട്ടങ്ങളുണ്ടാക്കുവാനുള്ള അധികാരം.

10. (1) മുമ്പറഞ്ഞിരിക്കുന്ന ആവശ്യങ്ങളിൽ എല്ലാറിനുമൊ വല്ലതിനുമൊ ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറൽ ചട്ടങ്ങളുണ്ടാക്കാം; അതാവിതു:—

(a) ഒരു ആക്ടുപ്രകാരം അവസാനിപ്പിക്കുന്നതിനുള്ള ഒരു കല്പന കല്പിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതായ വല്ല വ്യാപാരത്തെയും സംബന്ധിച്ചുള്ള വല്ല ഉടമ്പടികളുടെയും അതിന്റെ വല്ല ഭാഗവും വസൂൽചെയ്യുവാൻ കിട്ടുന്ന വല്ല പണമൊ വിട്ടുകൊടുക്കുകയൊ കൊടുത്തുകൂടുകയൊ ചെയ്യുന്നതിനു നിയമിക്കുക.

(b) ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന രാജ്യദേശക്കാരും ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്നവരുടെ കച്ചവട ജോലികളും അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന രാജ്യദേശക്കാരുടെയൊ ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്നവരുടെ കച്ചവട യോഗങ്ങളുടെയൊ വല്ല തരവും അവരുടെ കൈവശത്തിലുള്ളതൊ നേരിട്ടോ അല്ലാതെയൊ ആയ മുതൽ എല്ലാറിനെയും വല്ലതിനെയും പറ്റി തനിക്കു ആവശ്യമായ വിവരങ്ങൾ കൊടുപ്പാൻ പരിപാലകൻ ആവശ്യപ്പെടുമ്പോൾ അവയെ അയാൾക്കു കൊടുക്കേണമെന്നു നിയമിക്കുക.

(c) 7-ാം വകുപ്പിലെ നിബന്ധനകൾ സംബന്ധിക്കുന്നതൊ സംബന്ധിക്കാവുന്നതൊ ആയ വല്ല കാര്യത്തെ ക്രമീകരിപ്പാൻ ഇന്ത്യയിലുള്ള ആളുകൾ കൊടുപ്പാനുള്ള എല്ലാ കടങ്ങളുടെയൊ വല്ലതരം കടങ്ങളുടെയൊ മറ്റു ഉടമ്പടിയെയൊപറ്റി പരിപാലകൻ ആവശ്യപ്പെടുന്ന വിവരങ്ങൾ അയാൾക്കു കൊടുപ്പാൻ അവരോടു ആവശ്യപ്പെടുക.

(ശ) ഒരു ആക്ടപ്രകാരമുള്ള പരിപാലകന്റെ പ്രവൃത്തികളുടെ കാര്യത്തിൽ അയാൾക്കു കൊടുക്കേണ്ടുന്ന പ്രതിഫലമോ അതു കൊടുക്കേണ്ടുന്ന ഏതു ഘട്ടങ്ങൾ നിന്നോ ആ ഘട്ടത്തിനായും അതു വസൂൽ ചെയ്യേണ്ടുന്ന വിധത്തെയും പറ്റി നടപ്പിലാക്കേണ്ടുന്ന നിയമങ്ങൾ.

(ഉ) സാധാരണയായി ഒരു ആക്ടിന്റെ ആവശ്യങ്ങൾ നിറവേറ്റുവാൻ വേണ്ടി.

(2) ഒരു വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരമുണ്ടാക്കുന്ന വല്ല ചട്ടവും ലംഘിക്കുന്ന തരം ആറുമാസത്തിൽ കവിയാത്ത ഒരു പ്രകാരത്തിലും വരാവുന്ന തടവുശിക്ഷയൊ ആയിരം രൂപയിലും വരാവുന്ന ഒരു പിഴയൊ രണ്ടിനും കൂടിയൊ അഹ്നായിരിക്കുമെന്നു വരുത്തുവാൻ പോരുന്നതായ ശിക്ഷകൾ ഗവർണർ ജനറൽ കല്പിക്കാം.

ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന അന്യദേശക്കാർ (കച്ചവടം ചെയ്യുന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റിയുള്ള) കല്പനകൾ.

11. ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന അന്യദേശക്കാർ (കച്ചവടം ചെയ്യുന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റിയുള്ള) കല്പനകൾക്കു നടപ്പിലുള്ള നിയമങ്ങളുടെ പുറമെയായിട്ടു ഈ ആക്ടിനു കീഴിൽ ഉണ്ടാക്കുന്ന ഏതു കല്പനയും ഈ ആക്ടിന്റെ ഏതു ഭാഗത്തിനും അനുവിരുദ്ധമായിരിക്കുന്നിടത്തോളം അതു അനുവിരുദ്ധമായ ഭാഗത്തിനു ബാധകമായിരിക്കുന്നതുമായിട്ടു മാത്രമേ പ്രാബല്യമുള്ളതായിരിക്കുന്നതും ആകുന്നു. 4 (1) (ഉ) വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം കൊടുത്ത കല്പനകളുടെ വിചാരിക്കപ്പെടേണ്ടതിനെ പറ്റിയും ഈ വകുപ്പു ബാധകമാകുന്നതാണ്.

കച്ചവടം നടത്തുന്ന സ്ഥലങ്ങളുടെ കാര്യത്തിൽ പ്രവൃത്തിപ്പാൻ അധികാരം.

12. (1) ആലോചന സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറൽ ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവൺമെന്റിന് പരസ്യമായി 7 - ാം വകുപ്പിൽ പറഞ്ഞ ആളുകളുടെ ഇളകുന്നതൊ ഇളകാത്തതൊ ആയ ഏതു മുതലിനെപ്പറ്റിയും ആ വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം നല്കപ്പെട്ടിട്ടുള്ള അധികാരങ്ങൾ ആ പരസ്യത്തിൽ വിവരിക്കപ്പെട്ടിട്ടും വല്ല മൊത്തം ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന ഒരു അന്യദേശക്കാരനായിരിക്കുകയൊ അല്ലെങ്കിൽ ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന ഒരു അന്യദേശക്കാരൻ 1914 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 3 - ാം തീയതി ഒരു മൊത്തമൊ ഉല്ലാഗസ്ഥനൊ ആയിരിക്കുകയൊ ചെയ്യുന്നതുമായ വല്ല കച്ചവട സംഘത്തിനും ആ കച്ചവട സംഘം ബ്രിട്ടിഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽ നടത്തുവാൻ ഉദ്ദേശിക്കുന്ന ഒരു സംഘമല്ലാതിരുന്നാലും ബ്രിട്ടിഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിലുള്ള ഇളകുന്നതൊ ഇളകാത്തതുമായ മുതലിനു സംബന്ധിക്കുന്നതായാലും ആ ഉത്തരവു ബാധിക്കാം.

(2) (1) - ാം ഉപവകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം ഒരു പരസ്യം പ്രസിദ്ധപ്പെടുത്തിയാൽ ആ കച്ചവട സംഘമൊ ഏതു ആളുകൾ 7 - ാം വകുപ്പിൽ പറഞ്ഞ ആളുകളാണെന്നു വിചാരിക്കപ്പെടേണ്ടതും ഒരു ആളിനു അപ്രകാരം ഫലമുണ്ടായിരിക്കുന്നതും ആകുന്നു.

ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്ന വല്ല അന്യദേശക്കാരന്റെയൊ ശത്രുതയിലിരിക്കുന്നവരുടെ കച്ചവട യോഗത്തിന്റെയൊ ഇളകുന്നതൊ ഇളകാത്തതൊ ആയ മുതലിന്റെ കാര്യത്തിൽ വല്ല ഗവൺമെന്റുദ്യോഗസ്ഥനൊ ആ ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥന്റെ കല്പനപ്രകാരമൊ 1914 ആഗസ്റ്റ് 3 - ാം തീയതിക്കുശേഷം ചെയ്ത വല്ല ക്രിയയും ആയ്ക്കൊള്ളട്ടെ ആക്ട് നടപ്പായിട്ടുണ്ടായിരുന്നപക്ഷം അതിനാൽ നല്കപ്പെട്ടതൊ ഭരിപ്പിക്കുവാൻ കഴിയുമായിരുന്നതൊ ആയ അധികാരങ്ങൾപ്രകാരം സാധുവായി ചെയ്വാൻ കഴിയുമായിരുന്നതുകൊണ്ടു ഇതിനാൽ സാധുവാക്കിയിരിക്കുന്നു.

ഉത്തരവു ചില അധികാരങ്ങൾക്കു.

1910 ലെ 5 - ാം നമ്പർ ഓർഡിനൻസ് റദ്ദാക്കൽ.

14. ശത്രുക്കളുമായി കച്ചവടം ചെയ്യുന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റിയുള്ള 1910 ലെ ഓർഡിനൻസ്സ് ഇതിനാൽ റദ്ദാക്കിയിരിക്കുന്നു.

14 of 5

എ. ചി. മ്യൂട്ടിമാൻ,
ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവൺമെന്റ് സെക്രട്ടറി,
നിയമനിർമ്മാണ വിഭാഗത്തിലെ.

(A true translation.)

KERALA VARMA,
Malayalam Translator to Government.

ഇന്ത്യൻ നിയമനിർമ്മാണ സഭയുടെ താഴെ പറയുന്ന ആക്ടിനെ 1916 സെപ്തംബർ 5 - ാം തീയതി ഗവർണർ ജനറലുടെ സമ്മതം സിദ്ധിക്കുകയും ആയത് എല്ലാവരും അനിവാര്യമായി ഇതിനാൽ ശ്രദ്ധിച്ചുകൊള്ളുകയും ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നു :—

ACT No. XI of 1916.
1916 ലെ 11 - ാം നമ്പർ ആക്ട്.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FURTHER POWER TO PROHIBIT OR RESTRICT THE IMPORT AND EXPORT OF GOODS TO AND FROM BRITISH INDIA.

ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിലേക്കും ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽനിന്നും ചരക്കുകൾ ഇറക്കിക്കൊണ്ടുവരികയും കയറ്റി അയക്കുകയും ചെയ്യുന്നതു വിലക്കുകയോ ക്ലിപ്തപ്പെടുത്തുകയോ ചെയ്യുന്നതിനു പുതിയ അധികാരം കൈക്കൊള്ളുവാനുള്ള ഒരു ആക്ട്.

ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിലേക്കും ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിൽനിന്നും ചരക്കുകൾ ഇറക്കിക്കൊണ്ടുവരികയും കയറ്റി അയക്കുകയും ചെയ്യുന്നതു വിലക്കുകയോ ക്ലിപ്തപ്പെടുത്തുകയോ ചെയ്യുവാൻ ഇനിയും അധികാരം കൈക്കൊള്ളുന്നതു യുക്തമായിരിക്കയാൽ, ഇതിനാൽ താഴെ പറയുന്ന പ്രകാരം നിയമിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു :—

ചരക്കുകളുടെ ഇറക്കുമതിയും കയറ്റുമതിയും നിരോധിക്കുന്നതിനുള്ള അധികാരം.

1. (1) ഈ ആക്ടിനു ചരക്കുകൾ ഇറക്കിക്കൊണ്ടുവരികയും കയറ്റി അയക്കുകയും ചെയ്യുന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റിയ 1918 ലെ ആക്ടെന്നു പേർ പറയാം.

(2) ഇതു ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യ മുഴുക്കെ വ്യാപിക്കും.

(3) ഇതു ഇപ്പോഴത്തെ യുദ്ധം നിലനിന്നുകൊണ്ടിരിക്കുന്ന കാലത്തേക്കും അതിനു ശേഷം തൽസമയകാലത്തേക്കും പ്രബലമായിരിക്കുന്നതാകുന്നു.

അർത്ഥവിവരണങ്ങൾ.

2. ഈ ആക്ടിൽ—

"കയറ്റി അയക്കുക" എന്നതിനു കടൽവഴിയായോ കരവഴിയായോ ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യക്കു പുറത്തു കൊണ്ടുപോകുക എന്നർത്ഥമാകുന്നു ;

"ഇറക്കിക്കൊണ്ടുവരിക" എന്നതിനു കടൽ വഴിയായോ കരവഴിയായോ ബ്രിട്ടീഷ് ഇന്ത്യയിലേക്കു കൊണ്ടുവരിക എന്നു അർത്ഥമാകുന്നു.

വല്ല രാജ്യത്തിനോടും സമ്പർക്കത്തിലുള്ള വല്ല രാജ്യത്തിനോ വല്ല രാജ്യത്തേക്കോ സ്ഥലത്തേക്കോ ആകട്ടെ വല്ല തരം ചരക്കുകളും വല്ല തരം ചരക്കുകളിൽനിന്നോ വല്ല തരം ചരക്കുകളുടെ ഭാഗങ്ങളിൽനിന്നോ വല്ല ആളുകൾക്കോ വല്ല തരം ആളുകൾക്കോ വേണ്ടി ആകട്ടെ ഇറക്കിക്കൊണ്ടുവരികയോ കയറ്റി അയക്കുകയോ ചെയ്യുന്നതു നിരോധിക്കുന്നതിനും ക്ലിപ്തപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിനും ഉള്ള അധികാരം.

3. എല്ലാ ചരക്കുകളുടെയോ വല്ല ചരക്കുകളുടെയും വല്ല തരം ചരക്കുകളുടെയും വല്ല രാജ്യത്തിന്റെയോ സ്ഥലത്തിന്റെയോ വല്ല രാജ്യത്തേക്കോ സ്ഥലത്തേക്കോ ആകട്ടെ വല്ല തരം ആളുകളിൽനിന്നോ വല്ല തരം ആളുകളിൽനിന്നോ വല്ല ആളുകൾക്കോ വല്ല തരം ആളുകൾക്കോ വേണ്ടി ആകട്ടെ ഇറക്കിക്കൊണ്ടുവരികയോ കയറ്റി അയക്കുകയോ ചെയ്യുന്നതു കൈകാര്യം ചെയ്യുന്നതിനുള്ള അധികാരം.

ആലോചനാ സഭയിൽ ഗവർണർ ജനറൽ ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവൺമെന്റിൽ പരസ്യമായി അറിയിച്ചു പരസ്യപ്പെടുത്തുന്ന ഉത്തരവിൽ പരസ്യമായി വിവരിക്കുന്ന വല്ലവിധത്തിലും വിലക്കുകയോ ക്ലിപ്തപ്പെടുത്തുകയോ ചെയ്യാം.

4. വല്ല ചരക്കുകളും ഇറക്കിക്കൊണ്ടുവരികയോ കയറ്റി അയക്കുകയോ ചെയ്യുന്നതു 3 - ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം പുറപ്പെടുവിച്ച ഒരു പരസ്യത്താൽ വിലക്കുകയോ ക്ലിപ്തപ്പെടുത്തുകയോ ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ ആ വക ചരക്കുകൾ 1878 ലെ കടൽ ചരക്കു ആക്ട് 19 - ാം വകുപ്പു പ്രകാരം ഏതു ചരക്കും ഇറക്കിക്കൊണ്ടുവരികയോ കയറ്റി

1878 ലെ 8-ാം നമ്പർ ആക്ടിലെ നിയമങ്ങൾ ബാധകമാക്കുന്നു.

1878 ലെ 8.

അയക്കുകയോ ചെയ്യുന്നതു വിലക്കുകയോ ക്ലസ്റ്റർപ്പെടുത്തുകയോ ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നതോ ആയി തന്നെയുള്ള ചരക്കുകളായി വിചാരിക്കപ്പെടേണ്ടതും മേൽപ്പറഞ്ഞ നിയമങ്ങൾ അപ്രകാരം പ്രാബല്യമായിവരുന്നതും ആകുന്നു :

എന്നാൽ ഈ ആക്ടപ്രകാരമുള്ള വല്ല പരസ്യത്തിലേയും നിബന്ധനകൾ സംബന്ധിക്കുന്നതായി പറയുന്ന വല്ല ചരക്കുകളും അടക്കിയെടുക്കുന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റി വിചാരണ ചെയ്തുതീർപ്പുവരുത്തുന്ന വല്ല നടവടി ക്രമത്തിലായിരിക്കുമ്പോൾ ആ ചരക്കുകൾ ഇറക്കിക്കൊണ്ടുപോകയോ കയറ്റി അയക്കുകയോ ചെയ്യുന്നതു താൽക്കാലികമായി നിറുത്തിവെപ്പാൻ അപ്രകാരം വിലക്കുകയോ ക്ലസ്റ്റർപ്പെടുത്തുകയോ ചെയ്തിരിക്കുന്നതോ അതിനെയുള്ള മാർഗ്ഗങ്ങളായി വിപരീതം തെളിയിക്കാത്തപക്ഷം വിചാരിക്കപ്പെടേണ്ടതാകുന്നു.

കൂടിയ പ്രകാരമുള്ള വിധികൾ ചെയ്യുന്നതിനുള്ള പൂർണ്ണ അധികാരം.

5. (1) 3-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരം നല്കപ്പെട്ട ക്ലസ്റ്റർപ്പെടുത്തുന്നതിനുള്ള അധികാരം നടത്തുന്നതിലോ അധികാരപ്രകാരമോ മുമ്പത്തെപ്പറ്റി വല്ല നിബന്ധനയും ക്രമമായി അനുസരിക്കുന്നതിനു വല്ല കച്ചീട്ടു എഴുതിക്കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്ന സംഗതിയിൽ ആ കച്ചീട്ടു എഴുതിക്കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്നതോ ആ ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥനോ ആ ഉദ്യോഗത്തിൽ അയാളുടെ പിന്തുടർച്ചക്കാരനോ ആ കച്ചീട്ടു പിഴയായിപ്പിടിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നു എന്നു തനിക്കു ബോദ്ധ്യമായാൽ അപ്രകാരം പിഴകൊടുപ്പാൻ ബാദ്ധ്യസ്ഥനായ ആളോടു ഈ ആയാം എന്തുകൊണ്ടു കൊടുക്കേണ്ടതില്ലെന്നുള്ള കാരണം കാണിപ്പാൻ ആവശ്യപ്പെടാവുന്നതാകുന്നു.

(2) മതിയായ കാരണം കാണിച്ചിട്ടില്ലെന്നും പിഴ അടച്ചിട്ടില്ലെന്നും ആ ഉദ്യോഗസ്ഥന്റെ അഭിപ്രായത്തിൽ തോന്നുന്നപക്ഷം ആയാൾ മറെറാരു ന്യായാസ്ഥന നിന്നു ഞ്ഞിക്കേൾക്കും പൂർവ്വം ആ ഉത്തരവിലെ നിലനിൽക്കുന്ന ബാക്കിയായിരുന്നാൽ എപ്രകാരമെങ്കിലും അപ്രകാരം ആയതു വസൂൽചെയ്വാൻ പുറപ്പെടുവിക്കുന്നതും ആ കച്ചീട്ടു എഴുതിക്കൊടുത്തിരിക്കുന്നതോ ആ സ്ഥാനത്തിന്റെ വല്ല കാര്യത്തും നിലനിൽക്കുന്നതോ ആയ സംബന്ധിച്ചു തൽക്കാലം നടപ്പുള്ള വല്ല നിബന്ധനയാലും കലശൽ നല്കപ്പെട്ടതിനു പുറമെ അധികാരത്തോടുകൂടിയിരിക്കുന്നതും ആകുന്നു.

1878 ലെ കടത്തുകൂലി ആക്ട് 10-ാം വകുപ്പുപ്രകാരമുള്ള 1914 ആഗസ്തു 3-ാം തീയതിക്കുശേഷം പുറപ്പെടുവിച്ചിട്ടുള്ളതും ഈ ആക്ടു നടപ്പായിവരുമ്പോൾ പ്രാബല്യപ്പെട്ടിരിക്കുന്നതും ആയ എല്ലാ പരസ്യങ്ങളും 3-ാം വകുപ്പിലെ നിയമങ്ങൾപ്രകാരം പുറപ്പെടുവിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നതായി വിചാരിക്കപ്പെടേണ്ടതാകുന്നു. എന്നതന്നെയല്ല മേൽപറഞ്ഞ തീയതിക്കുശേഷം നടത്തിയ വല്ല നടവടിയും ഈ ആക്ടനുസരിച്ചായിവന്നിട്ടുള്ളതായിരുന്നപക്ഷം സാധുവായി നടത്തുവാൻ കഴിയുമായിരുന്നതുകൊണ്ടു ഈ ഇതിനാൽ സാധുവാക്കിയിരിക്കുന്നു.

1878 ലെ 8-ാം നമ്പർ ആക്ടിലെ ചില വകുപ്പുകൾ ഇതുപ്രകാരം പുറപ്പെടുവിച്ചിരിക്കുന്നതായി വിചാരിക്കപ്പെടേണ്ടതാണെന്നു.

1914 ലെ 6-ാം നമ്പർ ആർഡിനൻസ് റദ്ദാക്കൽ.

7. ചരക്കുകൾ ഇറക്കിക്കൊണ്ടുപോകയും കയറ്റി അയക്കുകയും ചെയ്യുന്നതിനെപ്പറ്റിയുള്ള 1916 ലെ ഓർഡിനൻസ് ഇതിനാൽ റദ്ദാക്കിയിരിക്കുന്നു. 1916 ലെ 4

എ. പി. ഗ്ലഡ്സ്റ്റൊൻ,
ഇന്ത്യാ ഗവർമെണ്ട് മെമ്പറുടെ,
നിയമനിർമ്മാണ വിഭാഗത്തിലെ സെക്രട്ടറി.

(A true translation.)

KERALA VARMA,
Malayalam Translator to Government.

Kalimas : PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.